



## **Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 3; Protocols and Data Models; Specification of common aspects for RESTful NFV MANO APIs**

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## Foreword

This Group Specification (GS) has been produced by ETSI Industry Specification Group (ISG) Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV).

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## Modal verbs terminology

In the present document **"shall"**, **"shall not"**, **"should"**, **"should not"**, **"may"**, **"need not"**, **"will"**, **"will not"**, **"can"** and **"cannot"** are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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# 1 Scope

The present document specifies common aspects of RESTful protocols and data models for ETSI NFV management and orchestration (MANO) interfaces.

## 2 References

### 2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

[1] Void.

[2] IETF RFC 3339: "Date and Time on the Internet: Timestamps".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3339>.

[3] IETF RFC 3986: "Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3986>.  
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/5b7cb90f-582e-4694-815c-333333333333/etsi-gs-nfv-sol-013-v3-5-1-2021-07>

[4] IETF RFC 4918: "HTTP Extensions for Web Distributed Authoring and Versioning (WebDAV)".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4918>.

[5] IETF RFC 5246: "The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.2".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246>.

[6] IETF RFC 6585: "Additional HTTP Status Codes".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6585>.

[7] IETF RFC 6749: "The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework".

NOTE: Available from <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6749>.

[8] IETF RFC 6750: "The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework: Bearer Token Usage".

NOTE: Available from <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6750>.

[9] IETF RFC 8259: "The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc8259>.

[10] IETF RFC 7231: "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP/1.1): Semantics and Content".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7231>.

[11] IETF RFC 7232: "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP/1.1): Conditional Requests".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7232>.

[12] IETF RFC 7233: "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP/1.1): Range Requests".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7233>.

[13] IETF RFC 7235: "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP/1.1): Authentication".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7235>.

[14] IETF RFC 7617: "The 'Basic' HTTP Authentication Scheme".

NOTE: Available from <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7617>.

[15] IETF RFC 7807: "Problem Details for HTTP APIs".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7807>.

[16] IETF RFC 6901: "JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Pointer".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6901>.

[17] IETF RFC 8288: "Web Linking".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc8288>.

[18] Semantic Versioning 2.0.0.

NOTE: Available at <https://semver.org/>.

[19] IETF RFC 4229: "HTTP Header Field Registrations".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4229>.

[20] ETSI GS NFV-SEC 022: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV) Release 2; Security; Access Token Specification for API Access".

[21] ETSI TS 133 210: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; 5G; Network Domain Security (NDS); IP network layer security (3GPP TS 33.210)".

[22] IETF RFC 8446: "The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.3".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc8446>.

[23] IETF RFC 7515: "JSON Web Signature (JWS)".

NOTE: Available at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7515>.

## 2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

[i.1] ETSI GS NFV 003: "Network Functions Virtualisation (NFV); Terminology for Main Concepts in NFV".

[i.2] Void.

[i.3] IANA: "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Status Code Registry".

NOTE: Available at <http://www.iana.org/assignments/http-status-codes>.

[i.4] ETSI NFV OpenAPI repository.

NOTE: Available at <https://forge.etsi.org/rep/nfv/>.

[i.5] JSON Schema Validation: A Vocabulary for Structural Validation of JSON.

NOTE: JSON schema is documented at <http://json-schema.org/>.

[i.6] OpenAPI™ Specification.

NOTE: Available at <https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification>.

[i.7] IANA registry for Hash Function Textual Names.

NOTE: Available at <https://www.iana.org/assignments/hash-function-text-names/hash-function-text-names.xhtml>.

## 3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in ETSI GS NFV 003 [i.1] apply.

### 3.2 Symbols

Void.

### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

|         |                                                 |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------|
| API     | Application Programming Interface               |
| EM      | Element Manager                                 |
| ETSI    | European Telecommunications Standards Institute |
| GMT     | Greenwich Mean Time                             |
| GS      | Group Specification                             |
| HATEOAS | Hypermedia As The Engine Of Application State   |
| HTML    | HyperText Markup Language                       |
| HTTP    | HyperText Transfer Protocol                     |
| HTTPS   | HTTP Secure                                     |
| IANA    | Internet Assigned Numbers Authority             |
| IETF    | Internet Engineering Task Force                 |
| JSON    | JavaScript Object Notation                      |
| MAC     | Medium Access Control                           |
| MANO    | Management and Orchestration                    |
| MIME    | Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions           |
| NFV     | Network Functions Virtualisation                |
| NFVO    | NFV Orchestrator                                |
| REST    | REpresentational State Transfer                 |
| RFC     | Request For Comments                            |
| TLS     | Transport Layer Security                        |
| URI     | Uniform Resource Identifier                     |
| VIM     | Virtualised Infrastructure Manager              |
| VNF     | Virtualised Network Function                    |
| VNFM    | VNF Manager                                     |

## 4 HTTP usage

### 4.1 URI structure and supported content formats

This clause specifies the URI prefix and the supported formats applicable to the RESTful NFV-MANO APIs.

All resource URIs of the APIs shall have the following prefix, except the "API versions" resource which shall follow the rules specified in clause 9.3:

`{apiRoot}/{apiName}/{apiMajorVersion}/`

where:

`{apiRoot}` indicates the scheme ("https"), the host name and optional port, and an optional sequence of path segments that together represent a prefix path.

EXAMPLE: `http://orchestrator.example.com/nfv_apis/abc`

`{apiName}` indicates the interface name in an abbreviated form. The `{apiName}` of each interface is defined in the clause specifying the corresponding interface.

`{apiMajorVersion}` indicates the current major version (see clause 9.1) of the API and is defined in the clause specifying the corresponding interface.

For HTTP requests and responses that have a body, the content format JSON (see IETF RFC 8259 [9]) shall be supported. The JSON format shall be signalled by the content type "application/json".

HTTP shall be run as an application protocol over TLS, a combination that is known as HTTPS. All APIs shall use TLS version 1.2 as defined by IETF RFC 5246 [5] or later. Versions of TLS earlier than 1.2 shall neither be supported nor used.

NOTE 1: The HTTP protocol elements mentioned in the RESTful NFV-MANO API specifications originate from the HTTP specification; HTTPS runs the HTTP protocol on top of a TLS layer. The RESTful NFV-MANO specifications therefore use the statement above to mention "HTTP request", "HTTP header", etc., without explicitly calling out whether or not these are run over TLS.

TLS implementations shall meet or exceed the security algorithm, key length and strength requirements specified in clause 6.2.3 (if TLS version 1.2 as defined by IETF RFC 5246 [5] is used) or clause 6.2.2 (if TLS version 1.3 as defined by IETF RFC 8446 [22] is used) of ETSI TS 133 210 [21] (3GPP Release 16 or later).

All resource URIs of the API shall comply with the URI syntax as defined in IETF RFC 3986 [3]. An implementation that dynamically generates resource URI parts (individual path segments, sequences of path segments that are separated by "/", query parameter values) shall ensure that these parts only use the character set that is allowed by IETF RFC 3986 [3] for these parts.

NOTE 2: This means that characters not part of this allowed set are escaped using percent-encoding as defined by IETF RFC 3986 [3].

Unless otherwise specified explicitly, all request URI parameters that are part of the path of the resource URI shall be individual path segments, i.e. shall not contain the "/" character.

NOTE 3: A request URI parameter is denoted by a string in curly brackets, e.g. {subscriptionId}.

## 4.2 Usage of HTTP header fields

### 4.2.1 Introduction

HTTP headers are components of the header section of the HTTP request and response messages. They contain the information about the server/client and metadata of the transaction. The use of HTTP header fields shall comply with the provisions defined for those header fields in the specifications referenced from tables 4.2.2-1 and 4.2.3-1. The following clauses describe more details related to selected HTTP header fields.

### 4.2.2 Request header fields

This clause describes the usage of selected HTTP header fields of the request messages in the RESTful NFV-MANO APIs. The HTTP header fields used in the request messages are specified in table 4.2.2-1.

**Table 4.2.2-1: Header fields supported in the request message**

| Header field name | Reference          | Example                            | Descriptions                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Accept            | IETF RFC 7231 [10] | application/json                   | Content-Types that are acceptable for the response.<br>This header field shall be present if the response is expected to have a non-empty message body. |
| Content-Type      | IETF RFC 7231 [10] | application/json                   | The MIME type of the body of the request.<br>This header field shall be present if the request has a non-empty message body.                            |
| Authorization     | IETF RFC 7235 [13] | Bearer mF_9.B5f-4.1JqM             | The authorization token for the request. Details are specified in clause 8.3.                                                                           |
| Range             | IETF RFC 7233 [12] | 1 000-2 000                        | Requested range of bytes from a file.                                                                                                                   |
| Version           | IETF RFC 4229 [19] | 1.2.0-impl:example.com:myProduct:4 | Version of the API requested to use when responding to this request.                                                                                    |

### 4.2.3 Response header fields

This clause describes the usage of selected HTTP header fields of the response messages in the RESTful NFV-MANO APIs. The HTTP header fields used in the response messages are specified in table 4.2.3-1.

**Table 4.2.3-1: Header fields supported in the response message**

| Header field name | Reference          | Example                                            | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Content-Type      | IETF RFC 7231 [10] | application/json                                   | The MIME type of the body of the response.<br>This header field shall be present if the response has a non-empty message body.                                                                                                                                                   |
| Location          | IETF RFC 7231 [10] | http://www.example.com/vnflcm/v1/vnf_instances/123 | Used in redirection, or when a new resource has been created.<br>This header field shall be present if the response status code is 201 or 3xx.<br>In the RESTful NFV-MANO APIs this header field is also used if the response status code is 202 and a new resource was created. |

| Header field name | Reference          | Example                                                                     | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| WWW-Authenticate  | IETF RFC 7235 [13] | Bearer realm="example"                                                      | Challenge if the corresponding HTTP request has not provided authorization, or error details if the corresponding HTTP request has provided an invalid authorization token.                                                                 |
| Accept-Ranges     | IETF RFC 7233 [12] | bytes                                                                       | Used by the server to signal whether or not it supports ranges for certain resources.                                                                                                                                                       |
| Content-Range     | IETF RFC 7233 [12] | bytes 21 010 - 47 021/47 022                                                | Signals the byte range that is contained in the response, and the total length of the file.                                                                                                                                                 |
| Retry-After       | IETF RFC 7231 [10] | Fri, 31 Dec 1999 23:59:59 GMT<br>or<br>120                                  | Used to indicate how long the user agent ought to wait before making a follow-up request.<br>It can be used with 503 responses. The value of this field can be an HTTP-date or a number of seconds to delay after the response is received. |
| Link              | IETF RFC 8288 [17] | <http://example.com/resources?nextpage_opaque_marker=abc123>;<br>rel="next" | Reference to other resources. Used for paging in the present document, see clause 5.4.2.1.                                                                                                                                                  |
| Version           | IETF RFC 4229 [19] | 1.2.0<br>or<br>1.2.0-impl:example.com:myProduct:4                           | Version of the API requested to use when responding to this request.                                                                                                                                                                        |

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## 5 Result set control

[ETSI GS NFV-SOL 013 V3.5.1 \(2021-07\)](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/5b7cb90f-582e-4694-815c-1111e60ea60e/etsi-gs-nfv-sol-013-v3-5-1-2021-07)

### 5.1 Introduction

This clause specifies procedures that allow to control the size of the result set of GET requests w.r.t. the number of entries in a response list (using attribute-based filtering) or w.r.t. the number of attributes returned in a response (using attribute selection).

## 5.2 Attribute-based filtering

### 5.2.1 Overview and example (informative)

Attribute-based filtering allows to reduce the number of objects returned by a query operation. Typically, attribute-based filtering is applied to a GET request that reads a resource which represents a list of objects (e.g. child resources). Only those objects that match the filter are returned as part of the resource representation in the payload body of the GET response.

Attribute-based filtering can test a simple (scalar) attribute of the resource representation against a constant value, for instance for equality, inequality, greater or smaller than, etc. Attribute-based filtering is requested by adding a set of URI query parameters, the "attribute-based filtering parameters" or "filter" for short, to a resource URI.

The following example illustrates the principle. Assume a resource "container" with the following objects:

EXAMPLE 1: Objects:

```
obj1: {"id":123, "weight":100, "parts":[{"id":1, "color":"red"}, {"id":2, "color":"green"}]}
obj2: {"id":456, "weight":500, "parts":[{"id":3, "color":"green"}, {"id":4, "color":"blue"}]}
```

A GET request on the "container" resource would deliver the following response:

**EXAMPLE 2: Unfiltered GET:**

```
Request:
GET .../container
Response:
[
  {"id":123, "weight":100, "parts":[{"id":1, "color":"red"}, {"id":2, "color":"green"}]},
  {"id":456, "weight":500, "parts":[{"id":3, "color":"green"}, {"id":4, "color":"blue"}]}
]
```

A GET request with a filter on the "container" resource would deliver the following response:

**EXAMPLE 3: GET with filter:**

```
Request:
GET .../container?filter=(eq,weight,100)
Response:
[
  {"id":123, "weight":100, "parts":[{"id":1, "color":"red"}, {"id":2, "color":"green"}]}
]
```

For hierarchically-structured data, filters can also be applied to attributes deeper in the hierarchy. In case of arrays, a filter matches if any of the elements of the array matches. In other words, when applying the filter "(eq,parts/color,green)" to the objects in Example 1, the filter matches obj1 when evaluating the second entry in the "parts" array of obj1 and matches obj2 already when evaluating the first entry in the "parts" array of obj2. As the result, both obj1 and obj2 match the filter.

If a filter contains multiple sub-parts that only differ in the leaf attribute (i.e. they share the same attribute prefix), they are evaluated together per array entry when traversing an array. As an example, the two expressions in the filter "(eq,parts/color,green);(eq,parts/id,3)" would be evaluated together for each entry in the array "parts". As the result, obj2 matches the filter.

## 5.2.2 Specification ETSI GS NFV-SOL 013 V3.5.1 (2021-07)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/5b7cb90f-582e-4694-815c-14d96c36fb-URI/query-parameter/filter>

An attribute-based filter shall be represented by a URI query parameter named "filter". The value of this parameter shall consist of one or more strings formatted according to "simpleFilterExpr", concatenated using the ";" character:

```
simpleFilterExprOne      := <opOne>,"<attrName>["/<attrName>]*","<value>
simpleFilterExprMulti    := <opMulti>,"<attrName>["/<attrName>]*","<value>["<value>]*
simpleFilterExpr         := "("<simpleFilterExprOne>)" | "("<simpleFilterExprMulti>)"
filterExpr              := <simpleFilterExpr>[";"<simpleFilterExpr>]*
filter                  := "filter"=<filterExpr>
opOne                    := "eq" | "neq" | "gt" | "lt" | "gte" | "lte"
opMulti                 := "in" | "nin" | "cont" | "ncont"
attrName                 := string
value                    := string
```

where:

```
*      zero or more occurrences
[]     grouping of expressions to be used with *
""     quotation marks for marking string constants
<>    name separator
|     separator of alternatives
```

"AttrName" is the name of one attribute in the data type that defines the representation of the resource. The slash ("/") character in "simpleFilterExprOne" and "simpleFilterExprMulti" allows concatenation of <attrName> entries to filter by attributes deeper in the hierarchy of a structured document. The special attribute name "@key" refers to the key of a map.

**EXAMPLE:** Referencing the key of a map

```
GET .../resource?filter=(eq,mymap/@key,abc123)
```