

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN ISO 11616:2016

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Zdravstvena informatika - Identifikacija medicinskih izdelkov - Elementi in zgradba podatkov za enotno identifikacijo in izmenjavo predpisanih informacij o farmacevtskih izdelkih (ISO/DIS 11616:2016)

Health informatics - Identification of medicinal products - Data elements and structures for the Unique Identification and Exchange of regulated Pharmaceutical Product Information (ISO/DIS 11616:2016)

Medizinische Informatik - Identifikation von Arzneimitteln - Datenelemente und strukturen zur Identifikation und zum Austausch von pharmazeutischen Produktkennzeichen (ISO/DIS 11616:2016)

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Informatique de santé - Identification des médicaments - Éléments de données et structures pour l'identification unique et l'échange d'informations réglementées sur les produits pharmaceutiques (ISO/DIS 11616:2016)

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35.240.80 Uporabniške rešitve IT v zdravstveni tehniki

IT applications in health care technology

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Health informatics — Identification of Medicinal Products — Data elements and structures for unique identification and exchange of regulated pharmaceutical product information

Informatique de santé — Identification des médicaments — Éléments de données et structures pour l'identification unique et l'échange d'informations réglementées sur les produits pharmaceutiques

ICS: 35.240.80

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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. <u>www.iso.org/directives</u>

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 215, Health informatics.

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Introduction

This International Standard was developed in response to a worldwide demand for internationally harmonised specifications for medicinal products. It is one of five standards which together provide the basis for the unique identification of medicinal products. The group of standards and corresponding Technical Specification comprises:

- ISO 11615, Health informatics Identification of medicinal products Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated medicinal product information;
- ISO/TS 20443, Health informatics Identification of Medicinal Products Implementation Guide for EN ISO 11615 Data Elements, Structures and Message Specifications for Unique Identification and Exchange of Regulated Medicinal Product Information;
- ISO 11616, Health informatics Identification of medicinal products Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated pharmaceutical product information;
- ISO/TS 20451, Health informatics Identification of Medicinal Products Implementation Guide for EN ISO 11616 Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated pharmaceutical product information;
- ISO 11238, Health informatics Identification of medicinal products Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated information on substances;
- ISO/TS 19844, Health informatics Identification of Medicinal Products Implementation Guide of EN ISO 11238 Data Elements and Structures for the Unique Identification and Exchange of Regulated information on Substances;
- ISO 11239, Health informatics Identification of medicinal products Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated information on pharmaceutical dose forms, units of presentation, routes of administration and packaging;
- ISO/TS 20440, Health informatics Identification of Medicinal Products Implementation Guide for EN ISO 11239 Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated information on pharmaceutical dose forms, units of presentation, routes of administration and packaging;
- ISO 11240, Health informatics Identification of medicinal products Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of units of measurement.

The purpose of this International Standard is to present data elements, structures and their relationships in order to uniquely identify and exchange regulated pharmaceutical product information. This International Standard provides an accurate and consistent mechanism to fully represent the relationship of Pharmaceutical Product Identifier(s) (PhPID) with the following:

- Medicinal Product Identifier(s) (MPIDs);
- Package Component Identifier(s) (PCIDs);
- Investigational Medicinal Product Identifier(s) (IMPIDs);
- Investigational Package Component Identifier(s) (IPCIDs).

These standards for the Identification of Medicinal Products (IDMP) support the activities of medicines regulatory agencies worldwide by region. These include a variety of regulatory activities related to development, registration and product life cycle management of medicinal products, as well as pharmacovigilance, compliance, and risk management.

To meet the primary objectives of the regulation of medicines and pharmacovigilance, it is necessary to reliably exchange medicinal product information in a robust and reliable manner. The IDMP standards therefore support the following interactions:

- Regulatory Medicines Authority to Regulatory Medicines Authority;
- pharmaceutical company to Regulatory Medicines Authority;
- sponsor of a clinical trial to Regulatory Medicines Authority;
- Regulatory Medicines Authority to other stakeholders (as applicable);
- Regulatory Medicines Authority to worldwide-maintained data sources.

Unique identifiers produced in conformance with the IDMP standards are intended to support applications where it is necessary to reliably identify, track and trace the use of medicinal and pharmaceutical products

Messaging specifications are included as an integral part of the IDMP standards. This is critical to describing and protecting the integrity of the interactions listed above for the submission of regulated medicinal product information in the context of unique product identification and acknowledgement of receipt (which includes the validation of transmitted information).

There are many terms in use to describe basic concepts in the regulatory and pharmaceutical standards development domain for different purposes and in different contexts. The terms and definitions described in this International Standard are to be applied for the concepts required to uniquely identify, characterise and exchange regulated medicinal products and associated information.

The terms and definitions adopted in this International Standard are intended to facilitate the interpretation and application of legal and regulatory requirements but they are without prejudice to any legally binding document. In case of doubt or potential conflict, the terms and definitions contained in legally binding documents prevail.

This International Standard has been developed in conjunction with the Common Product Model (CPM) and Structured Product Labeling (SPL) in HL7. Implementation shall use HL7 V3 messaging to transmit information between stakeholders.

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Health informatics — Identification of Medicinal Products — Data elements and structures for unique identification and exchange of regulated pharmaceutical product information

1 Scope

This International Standard is intended to provide specific levels of information relevant to the identification of a medicinal product or group of medicinal products. It defines the data elements, structures and relationships between data elements that are required for the exchange of regulated information, in order to uniquely identify pharmaceutical products. This identification is to be applied throughout the product lifecycle to support pharmacovigilance, regulatory and other activities worldwide. In addition, this International Standard is essential to ensure that pharmaceutical product information is assembled in a structured format with transmission between a diverse set of stakeholders for both regulatory and clinical (e.g., e-prescribing, clinical decision support) purposes. This ensures interoperability and compatibility for both the sender and the recipient.

This International Standard is not intended to be a scientific classification for pharmaceutical products. Rather, it is a formal association of particular data elements categorized in prescribed combinations and uniquely identified when levelling degrees of information are incomplete. This allows for medicinal products to be unequivocally identified on a global level.

References to other normative IDMP and messaging standards for pharmaceutical product information are included in <u>Clause 2</u>, to be applied in the context of this International Standard.

Medicinal products for veterinary use are out of scope of this International Standard.

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2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3166-1, Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions — Part 1: Country codes

ISO 11615, Health informatics — Identification of medicinal products — Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated medicinal product information

ISO 11238, Health informatics — Identification of medicinal products — Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated information on substances

ISO 11239, Health informatics — Identification of medicinal products — Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated information on pharmaceutical dose forms, units of presentation, routes of administration and packaging

ISO 11240, Health informatics — Identification of medicinal products — Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of units of measurement

ISO/TS 20443, Health informatics — Identification of Medicinal Products — Implementation Guide for EN ISO 11615 Data Elements, Structures and Message Specifications for Unique Identification and Exchange of Regulated Medicinal Product Information;

ISO/TS 20451, Health informatics– Identification of Medicinal Products – Implementation Guide for EN ISO 11616 Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated pharmaceutical product information;

ISO/TS 19844, Health informatics — Identification of medicinal products — Implementation guidelines for data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated information on substances

ISO/TS 20440, Health informatics — Identification of medicinal products — Implementation guide for ISO 11239 data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated information on pharmaceutical dose forms, units of presentation, routes of administration and packaging

HL7 Version 3 Standard, Common Clinical Product Model

HL7 Version 3 Standard, Common Product Model CMETS

HL7 Version 3 Standard, Regulated Product Submission

HL7 Version 3 Standard, Structured Product Labeling

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1.1

administrable dose form

pharmaceutical dose form as administered to the patient, after any necessary transformation of the packaged pharmaceutical dose form has been carried out

EXAMPLE Solution for injection, tablet for oral use, hard-capsule powder for inhalation. 2-b886

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3.1.2

clinical trial research investigation involvi

research investigation involving human subjects that is designed to answer specific questions about the safety and efficacy of a biomedical intervention (drug, treatment, device) or new ways of using a known drug, treatment, or device

[SOURCE: ICH E6 Glossary, Directive 2001/20/EC:2002, Version: 1-2009/04/19]

3.1.3

controlled vocabulary

finite set of values that represent the only allowed values for a data item

Note 1 to entry: These values may be codes, text, or numeric.

[SOURCE: CDISC Clinical Research Glossary V8.0, 2009]

3.1.4 TermID

TermID

controlled vocabulary term identifier

concept identifier intended to be used as the preferred unique identifier for that concept in that code system and which is published by the author of a code system

Note 1 to entry: The TermID remains constant over time, independent of the particular version of the knowledge resource.

Note 2 to entry: Adapted from HL7 Core Principles.

3.1.5 designation

symbolic representation of a concept

Note 1 to entry: Adapted from ISO 1087-1:2000.

3.1.6 dose form pharmaceutical dose form

physical manifestation of a product that contains the active ingredient(s) and/or inactive ingredient(s) that are intended to be delivered to the patient

Note 1 to entry: Pharmaceutical dose form may refer to the administered dose form or the packaged dose form, depending on the product it is describing.

3.1.7

globally unique identifier

identifier that is different from any other such identifier in any domain namespace

3.1.8

healthcare professional

person entrusted with the direct or indirect provision of defined healthcare services to a subject of care or a population of subjects of care

EXAMPLE Qualified medical practitioner, pharmacist, nurse, social worker, radiographer, medical secretary or clerk.

[SOURCE: ENV 1613:1995]

3.1.9

identifier

description that is sufficient to differentiate objects in a given environment

[SOURCE: ENV 12610] dards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/78b04e28-991d-4512-b88f-

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Note 1 to entry: In the context of this International Standard, this is a list of identifying characteristics that together unambiguously identify a medicinal product, pharmaceutical product, substance, detailed substance description, excipient, route of administration, dose form and any other element that requires to be uniquely identified.

3.1.10

investigational code

sponsor code

code assigned by a regulatory authority to a sponsor's investigational new drug application prior to the initiation of a clinical trial

3.1.11

investigational medicinal product

pharmaceutical form of an active substance or placebo being tested or used as a reference in a clinical trial, including products already with a marketing authorization but used or assembled (formulated or packaged) in a way different from the authorized form, or when used for an unauthorized indication, or when used to gain further information about the authorized form

3.1.12

Investigational Medicinal Product Identifier IMPID

unique identifier allocated to an Investigational Medicinal Product supplementary to any existing identifier as ascribed by a Medicines Regulatory Agency in a jurisdiction or a sponsor of a clinical trial

Note 1 to entry: This is for indexing purposes and to contribute to improving patient safety by allowing for the unique Identification of Medicinal Products worldwide.