

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 1708-2:2017

01-september-2017

Varjenje - Opis zvarnih spojev na jeklu - 2. del: Deli tlačnih posod brez tlačne obremenitve

Welding - Basic weld joint details in steel - Part 2: Non internal pressurized components

Schweißen - Verbindungselemente beim Schweißen von Stahl - Teil 2: Nicht innendruckbeanspruchte Bauteile

Soudage - Descriptif de base des assemblages soudés en acier - Partie 2 : Composants non soumis à une pression interne

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN 1708-2

ICS:

25.160.40 Varjeni spoji in vari Welded joints and welds

oSIST prEN 1708-2:2017 en,fr,de

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SIST EN 1708-2:2019

## EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

# DRAFT prEN 1708-2

July 2017

ICS 25.160.40

Will supersede EN 1708-2:2000

#### **English Version**

## Welding - Basic weld joint details in steel - Part 2: Non internal pressurized components

Soudage - Descriptif de base des assemblages soudés en acier - Partie 2 : Composants non soumis à une pression interne Schweißen - Verbindungselemente beim Schweißen von Stahl - Teil 2: Nicht innendruckbeanspruchte Bauteile

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 121.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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#### **European foreword**

This document (prEN 1708-2:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 121 "Welding and allied processes", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

This document will supersede EN 1708-2:2000.

In comparison to EN 1708-2:2000, the following technical changes have been made:

- a) normative references and bibliography were updated;
- b) welding process numbers according to EN ISO 4063 were updated;
- c) reference to EN ISO 9692-2 was deleted in Tables 2, 3, 4 and 5.

This standard is composed of the following parts:

- Part 1: Pressurized components;
- Part 2: Non internal pressurized components.

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#### 1 Scope

The purpose of this European Standard is to exemplify sound and accepted welded connections applicable to welded not internal pressurized steel components. It does not promote the standardization of connections that may be regarded as mandatory or restrict development in any way. The requirements of carrying capacity, fitness for purposes, fatigue and corrosion stress are to be considered if necessary.

This standard contains examples of connections welded by the following processes (process numbers according to EN ISO 4063):

- Manual metal arc welding (111);
- Self-shielded tubular-cored arc welding (114);
- Submerged arc welding (12);
- MIG welding; Metal inert gas welding with solid wire electrode (131);
- MAG welding; Metal active gas welding with solid wire electrode (135);
- Tubular cored metal arc welding with active gas shield (136);
- MAG welding; Metal active gas welding with metal cored electrode (138):
- MIG welding; Metal inert gas welding with flux cored electrode (132);
- MIG welding; Metal inert gas welding with metal cored electrode (133);
- TIG welding; Tungsten inert gas arc welding (14).

Other processes by agreement.

Further requirements should be considered in accordance with existing application standards.

#### 2 Mormative references g/standards/sist/4049b8ba-721c-4417-aa9d-6dea5b17ee15/sist-en-1708-2-2019

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN ISO 15614-1, Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials - Welding procedure test - Part 1: Arc and gas welding of steels and arc welding of nickel and nickel alloys (ISO 15614-1)

EN 1792, Welding - Multilingual list of terms for welding and related processes

EN ISO 4063, Welding and allied processes - Nomenclature of processes and reference numbers (ISO 4063)

EN ISO 17659, Welding - Multilingual terms for welded joints with illustrations (ISO 17659)

EN ISO 2553, Welding and allied processes - Symbolic representation on drawings - Welded joints (ISO 2553)

EN ISO 9692-1, Welding and allied processes - Types of joint preparation - Part 1: Manual metal arc welding, gas-shielded metal arc welding, gas welding, TIG welding and beam welding of steels (ISO 9692-1)

EN ISO 9692-2, Welding and allied processes - Joint preparation - Part 2: Submerged arc welding of steels (ISO 9692-2)

#### 3 Symbols and abbreviations

For the purposes of this document, the following symbols and abbreviations apply.

WPQR = Welding procedure qualification record

*a* = weld design throat thickness

b = root gap

*B* = width of profile or plate

*c* = distance to auxiliary attachment

*d* = size of bevel or diameter

*D* = distance of the stiffener and size of opening

F = load strength

*g* = width of weld in two flange plate

*h* = difference of thickness

*i* = distance of the opening and weld to the web

k = penetration depth and corner distance

l = length

*m* = size of mechanical beveling

R = radius

s t standar = s.iplate thickness tandards/sist/4049b8ba-721c-4417-aa9d-6dea5b17ee15/sist-en-1708-2-2019

 $t_{\rm R}$  = thickness of stacked flange end

z = leg length of the weld

 $\alpha$  = included angle (i.e. angle of the slope)

 $\delta$  = angle of T-joint

NOTE All dimensions in the following tables are guide values.

#### 4 Requirements

#### 4.1 Selection for detail

The connections recommended are not considered to be equally suitable for all service conditions, nor is the order in which they are shown indicative of their relative characteristics. In selecting the appropriate detail to use from the several alternatives shown for each type of connection, consideration shall be given to the existing fabrication and service conditions that pertain.

#### 4.2 Joint preparation

#### 4.2.1 General

The limitations quoted in weld profiles and sizes are based on commonly accepted sound practice, but they can be subjected to modifications if required by special welding techniques or design conditions.

The terminology and symbolization used in this standard follow EN 1792, EN ISO 17659 and EN ISO 2553.

#### 4.2.2 Joint preparation geometry

The recommended joint preparation geometry (e.g. included angles, root gaps, root radius and depth of root faces) are given in EN ISO 9692-1 and in EN ISO 9692-2.

In cases where full penetration butt joints are indicated, it is intended that they shall be back chipped or gouged and back welded, or alternatively that the welding procedure shall be such as to ensure sound and effective root penetration.

#### 4.2.3 Butt joints with significant difference of thickness

Depending on the type of load (type of action effect) and the difference of thickness, adjustment with the weld or bevelling is necessary (see Table 1 and Figure 1) when the direction of strength is perpendicular to the weld.

Table 1 — Guidelines for weld preparation on butt joints with significant difference of thickness

Type of load (type of action effect)	Difference of thickness, <i>h</i> ,			Angle of the slope <sup>a</sup>	Figures	
(1	nttps://s	suggested	not permitted	ı.ai)		
members with	≤ 10	mant	Preview	<b>y</b> –	1a and 1b	
predominantly static loads	> 10	-	X	$20^{\circ} \le \alpha \le 45^{\circ}$	1c and 1d	
members significantly	≤3 <u>S</u>	ST FXI 170	8-2:201 <u>9</u>	<u></u>	1b	2 2010
risk of brittle fracture	> 3	74047060a- -	X	10° ≤ α ≤ 30° b	1c and 1d	8-2-2019

Key: X = permitted; - = not permitted or not necessary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The angle of the slope depends on the actual acceptable notch case.

b In case of low loaded components, α can be raised up to 45°.

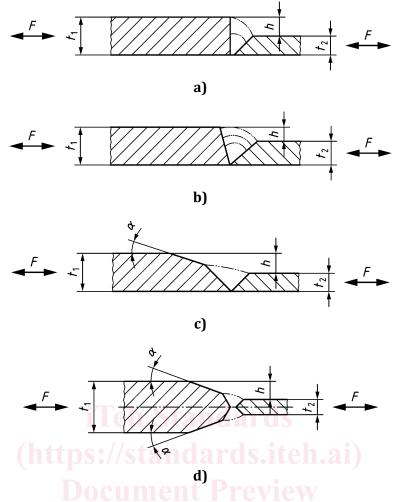


Figure 1 — Sketches of adjustment on difference of thickness

#### 4.2.4 Weld size

The thickness of welds (in particular of fillet welds), which are not determined by their profile, are based on the assumption that the joint need not to be stronger than the connected parts.

Fillet welds for T-joints (see Figure 2) should respect the following condition (see Formulae (1) and (2)):

$$3 mm \le a \le 0.7 \times t_2 \tag{1}$$

NOTE 1 In special cases, the above limit of 0,7 x  $t_2$  can be exceeded.

$$a \ge \sqrt{t_{max.}} - 0.5 \, mm \tag{2}$$

NOTE 2 Only up to 30 mm plate thickness except for process 12 (submerged arc welding).

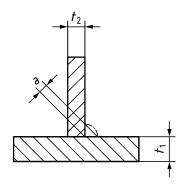


Figure 2 — Sketch of a T-joint

#### 4.3 Typical connections

Typical connections are given in Table 2. For connections that not are mentioned (e.g. full penetration joint) reference shall be made to EN ISO 9692-1 and EN ISO 9692-2.

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