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Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); iTeh STANDATED PREVIEW

Web Real-Time Communications (WebRTC) access to the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN)

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Protocol specification (3GPP TS 24.371 version 15.3.0 Release 15)



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1 Scope

The present document provides the details for allowing Web Real-Time Communication (WebRTC) IMS Clients (WIC) to access the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem.

The present document is applicable to WebRTC IMS client (WIC), eP-CSCF, eIMS-AGW, WebRTC Web Server Function (WWSF) and WebRTC Authorization Function (WAF).

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
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- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1]	3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
[2]	IETF RFC 7118: "The WebSocket Protocol as a Transport for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)". ITEM STANDARD PREVIE
[3]	3GPP TS 24.229: "IP multimedia call control protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3".
[4]	3GPP TS 23.228: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS); Stage 2".
[5]	https://standards.itch.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7c149162-29ee-40fb-82ec- IETF RFC 57634*/Eramework-for Establishing a Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP) Security Context Using Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS)*.
[6]	IETF RFC 5764: "Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) Extension to Establish Keys for the Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP)".
[7]	3GPP TS 22.173: "IP Multimedia Core Network Subsystem (IMS) Multimedia Telephony Service and supplementary services; Stage 1".
[8]	3GPP TS 24.173: "IMS multimedia telephony communication service and supplementary services; Stage 3".
[9]	3GPP TS 33.203: "Access security for IP based services".
[10]	RFC 6750 (October 2012): "The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework: Bearer Token Usage".
[11]	3GPP TS 23.292: "IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) Centralized Services; Stage 2".
[12]	RFC 5009 (September 2007): "Private Header (P-Header) Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Authorization of Early Media".
[13]	3GPP TS 23.334: "IMS Application Level Gateway (IMS-ALG) – IMS Access Gateway (IMS-AGW) interface".
[14]	RFC 4145 (September 2005): "TCP-Based Media Transport in the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".
[15]	RFC 8122 (March 2017): "Connection-Oriented Media Transport over the Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol in the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".
[16]	draft-ietf-rtcweb-data-channel-13 (January 2015): "WebRTC Data Channels".

Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[17] draft-ietf-rtcweb-data-protocol-09 (January 2015): "WebRTC Data Channel Establishment Protocol".

Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[18] draft-ietf-mmusic-sctp-sdp-25 (March 2017): "Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP)-Based Media Transport in the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".

Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[19] RFC 3261 (June 2002): "SIP: Session Initiation Protocol".

[20] RFC 3264 (June 2002): "An Offer/Answer Model with the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".

[21] RFC 7675 (October 2015): "STUN Usage for Consent Freshness".

[22] RFC 5245 (April 2010): "Interactive Connectivity Establishment (ICE): A Protocol for Network

Address Translator (NAT) Traversal for Offer/Answer Protocols".

[23] RFC 8261 (November 2017): "Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) Encapsulation of

SCTP Packets".

[24] RFC 6455 (December 2011): "The WebSocket Protocol".

[25] draft-ietf-mmusic-sdp-bundle-negotiation-29 (April 2016): "Negotiating Media Multiplexing

Using the Session Description Protocol (SDP)".

Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[26] RFC 3581 (August 2003): "An Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Symmetric

Response Routing".

[27] RFC 8898 (September 2020): "Third-Party Token-Based Authentication and Authorization for

Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) standards/sist/7c149162-29ee-40fb-82ec-

476f3eb2605c/etsi-ts-124-371-v15-3-0-2021-01

[28] RFC 6544 (March 2012): "TCP Candidates with Interactive Connectivity Establishment (ICE)".

[29] Void.

[30] draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview-18 (March 2017): "Overview: Real Time Protocols for Brower-based

Applications".

Editor's note: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[31] Void.

[32] RFC 3310 (September 2002): "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Digest Authentication Using

Authentication and Key Agreement (AKA)".

[33] RFC 4169 (November 2005): "Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Digest Authentication Using

Authentication and Key Agreement (AKA) Version-2".

[34] 3GPP TS 26.114: "IP multimedia subsystem (IMS); Multimedia telephony, Media handling and

interaction".

[35] RFC 7519 (May 2015): "JSON Web Token (JWT)".

[36] draft-ietf-mmusic-data-channel-sdpneg-28 (May 2019): "SDP-based Data Channel Negotiation".

Editor's note [WI: eWebRTCi_CT, CR#0044]: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[37] draft-ietf-mmusic-msrp-usage-data-channel-24 (August 2020): "MSRP over Data Channels".

Editor's note [WI: eWebRTCi_CT, CR#0043]: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[38] RFC 5761 (April 2010): "Multiplexing RTP Data and Control Packets on a Single Port".

[39] draft-ietf-mmusic-mux-exclusive-12 (May 2017): "Indicating Exclusive Support of RTP/RTCP

Multiplexing using SDP".

Editor's note [WI: TEI14, CR#0050]: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[40] draft-ietf-mmusic-t140-usage-data-channel-14 (April 2020): "T.140 Real-time Text Conversation over WebRTC Data Channels".

Editor's note [WI: TEI14, CR#0051]: The above document cannot be formally referenced until it is published as an RFC.

[41] Void.

[42] RFC 8035 (November 2016): "Session Description Protocol (SDP) Offer/Answer Clarifications

 $for \ RTP/RTCP \ Multiplexing".$

[43] draft-ietf-ice-trickle-09 (April 2017): "Trickle ICE: Incremental Provisioning of Candidates for the

Interactive Connectivity Establishment (ICE) Protocol".

[44] RFC 5766 (April 2010): "Traversal Using Relays around NAT (TURN): Relay Extensions to

Session Traversal Utilities for NAT (STUN)".

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3 Definitions and abbreviations ai

3.1 Definitions

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For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.228 [4] annex U apply:

P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC (eP-CSCF) WebRTC Authorization Function (WAF) WebRTC IMS Client (WIC) WebRTC Web Server Function (WWSF)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in RFC 5245 [22] apply:

ICE Lite Full ICE Host ICE candidates

Editor's note: Terminology from draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview needs to be endorsed as part of the terminology of this document. This document uses the terms "WebRTC device" which it is understood will be changed to "non-WebRTC browser".

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

CN Core Network

CSCF Call Session Control Function
DCEP Data Channel Establishment Protocol

eP-CSCF enhanced Proxy CSCF IM IP Multimedia IP Internet Protocol

WAF WebRTC Authorization Function
WebRTC Web Real-Time Communication
WWSF WebRTC Web Server Function

4 Overview of WebRTC access to IMS

4.1 General

The relationship between functional entities for the interface at the W1 reference point, between the WWSF and the UE, the interface at the W2 reference point, between the eP-CSCF and the UE, the interface at the W3 reference point, between the UE and the eIMS-AGW, and the interface at the W4 reference point, between the WWSF and the WAF, are defined in annex U of 3GPP TS 23.228 [4].

The relationship between the functional entities for interface at the Mw reference point, between the eP-CSCF and the remainder of the IP multimedia core network subsystem, is defined in 3GPP TS 23.228 [4].

A number of appropriate mechanisms exist for signalling communication between the WIC and the eP-CSCF. Successful use of a mechanism other than those specified in this document will require some form of prior agreement between the operator of the WWSF and the operator of the eP-CSCF, as to the nature of the signalling mechanism that is to be adopted, and therefore the interworking required at the eP-CSCF. The mechanism of prior agreement and the nature of such agreement is not defined in this document.

A signalling transport mechanism for SIP is standardised in this release of this document, i.e. SIP over websockets (see RFC 7118 [2]), but this is not a mechanism that has to be supported by all eP-CSCFs.

When SIP over websockets is used, it can be appropriate for the SIP used to conform to the definitions for SIP on the Gm reference point as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [3]. Such a requirement is not mandatory, but where other SIP mechanisms are used:

- a) the usage will require some form of prior agreement with the operator of the eP-CSCF, as to the nature of the signalling mechanism that is to be adopted; and
- b) the SIP mechanisms will have to enable the eP-CSCF to conform to the SIP requirements over the Mw reference point to the remainder of the IP multimedia core network subsystem as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [3].

SDP is used for the signalling session information between the WIC and the eP-CSCF. Such SDP conforms to requirements for SDP on the Gm reference point.

5 Functional entities

5.1 General

5.2 WIC (WebRTC IMS Client)

A WebRTC IMS Client (WIC) establishing the service control signalling path over W2 interface, that is compliant with this specification shall implement the role of WIC capabilities defined in subclause 6.2, subclause 7.2 and subclause 8.2.

Where SIP over websockets is used, as specified in RFC 7118 [2], and no alternative SIP profiles have been agreed between the operator of the eP-CSCF and the operator of the WWSF, then the SIP used by the WIC over the W2 reference point shall conform to the requirements for UE over the Gm reference point as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [3].

When the WebSocket protocol is used, the WIC shall act as a WebSocket Client, as defined in RFC 6455 [24].

The SDP used shall conform to the requirements for UE over the Gm reference point as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [3] and further specified in the present document.

5.3 WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function)

The WebRTC Web Server Function (WWSF) is the initial point of contact in the Web that controls access to the IMS communications services for the WIC as specified in 3GPP TS 23.228 [4].

5.4 WAF (WebRTC Authorisation Function)

The WebRTC Authorisation Function (WAF) issues authorization tokens that are provided to the WIC via the WWSF as specified in 3GPP TS 23.228 [4] and 3GPP TS 33.203 [9].

NOTE: The WWSF and the WAF realisations can be physically co-located or physically separate.

5.5 eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC)

For the Mw reference point, the eP-CSCF shall conform to the requirements for the P-CSCF as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [3].

Where SIP over websockets is used, as specified in RFC 7118 [2], and no alternative SIP profile have been agreed between the operator of the eP-CSCF and the operator of the WWSF, then the SIP used by the eP-CSCF over the W2 reference point shall conform to the requirements for P-CSCF over the Gm reference point as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [3].

The SDP used by the eP-CSCF over the W2 reference point shall conform to the requirements for UE over the Gm reference point as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [3] and further specified in the present document.

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5.6 eIMS-AGW (IMS-Access Gateway enhanced for WebRTC)

The functionality of the eIMS-AGW is specified in 3GPP TS 23.228 [4] and in 3GPP TS 23.334 [13].

5A Data transport

5A.1 General

Data transport is the support of TCP, UDP and the means to securely set up connections between entities, as well as the functions for deciding when to send data: Congestion management, bandwidth estimation and so on.

5A.2 UE

A UE supporting WebRTC shall support the WebRTC device functionality as specified in draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview [30] clause 4, excluding requirements, if any, relating to specific audio and video codecs that are indirectly referenced within the draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview [30] clause 4.

Editor's note: This clause references draft-ietf-rtcweb-transports-06 which uses the terminology "WebRTC browser", "WebRTC endpoint" and "WebRTC device" for both ends of the transport. STUN and TURN introduce further "server" and "client" terminology that has to be allowed for.

5A.3 WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function)

There are no data transport requirements for the WWSF.

NOTE: Any application downloaded from the WWSF that requires data transport is expected to use it in accordance with WebRTC device support of data transport.

5A.4 eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC)

The eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction shall support the WebRTC gateway functionality as specified in draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview [30] clause 4, excluding requirements, if any, relating to specific audio and video codecs that are indirectly referenced within the draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview [30] clause 4.

The eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction which is expected to be deployed where it can be reached with a static IP address (as seen from the client) do not need to support full ICE; and therefore the eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction may implement ICE-Lite only (specified in RFC 5245 [22]). ICE-Lite implementations do not send consent checks, so the eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction may choose not to send consent checks too, but shall respond to the received consent checks. The eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction with a static IP address is expected to not need to hide its location, so the eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction do not need to support functionality for operating only via a TURN server (specified in RFC 5766 [44]); instead the eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction may choose to produce Host ICE candidates only.

If the eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction serve as a media relay into another RTP domain, the eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW may choose to support only features available in that network. The eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction do not need to support Trickle Ice (specified in draft-ietf-ice-trickle [43]). However, the eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction shall support DTLS-SRTP (specified in RFC 5764 [6]), since this is required for interworking with WebRTC endpoints.

5B Data framing and securing PREVIEW

5B.1 General (standards.iteh.ai)

Data framing RTP and other data formats that serve as containers, and their functions for data confidentiality and integrity. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7c149162-29ee-40fb-82ec-

476f3eb2605c/etsi-ts-124-371-v15-3-0-2021-01

5B.2 UE

A UE supporting WebRTC shall support the WebRTC endpoint functionality as specified in draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview [30] clause 5, excluding requirements, if any, relating to specific audio and video codecs that are indirectly referenced within the draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview [30] clause 5.

Editor's note: This clause references RFC 3550 which uses the terminology "RTP implementation" for both ends of the RTP. This clause references draft-ietf-rtcweb-rtp-usage which uses the terminology "WebRTC endpoint" for both ends of the RTP, but also uses other terms e.g. "RTP endpoint".

5B.3 WWSF (WebRTC Web Server Function)

There are no data framing requirements for the WWSF.

NOTE: Any application downloaded from the WWSF that requires data framing is expected to use it in accordance with WebRTC device support of data framing.

5B.4 eP-CSCF (P-CSCF enhanced for WebRTC)

The eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction shall support the WebRTC gateway functionality as specified in draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview [30] clause 5 excluding requirements, if any, relating to specific audio and video codecs that are indirectly referenced within the draft-ietf-rtcweb-overview [30] clause 5.

The eP-CSCF and eIMS-AGW in conjunction do not need to not support Bundle (specified in draft-ietf-mmusic-sdp-bundle-negotiation [25]) and RTCP multiplexing (specified in RFC 5761 [38]) and any of the related RTP/RTCP extensions.