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# Standard Specification for Corrugated High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) Grease Interceptor Tanks<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 2649; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

#### 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers material, design, structural performance, and manufacturing practice requirements for monolithic or sectional corrugated polyethylene grease interceptor tanks with volumes equal to or greater than 333 gallonsgal (1,260 liters). L).

1.2 The corrugated high density polyethylene (HDPE) grease interceptor tanks are placed between commercial food service (kitchen) drains and sanitary sewer interceptors to minimize the impact of commercial food service effluent containing grease, oils, soap scum and other typical commercial food service wastes on the sanitary sewer system. Typical sources of commercial kitchen effluent are scullery sinks, pot and pan sinks, dishwashers, soup kettles and floor drains where grease containing materials may exist.

1.3

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.4 This specification covers pipe and fittings for horizontally laid corrugated HDPE grease interceptor tanks as illustrated in Fig. 1.

1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards: <sup>2</sup>

D 543 Practices for Evaluating the Resistance of Plastics to Chemical Reagents

D 1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics

D 3212 Specification for Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals

D 3350 Specification for Polyethylene Plastics Pipe and Fittings Materials

F 412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems

F 477 Specification for Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipe

F 667 Specification for Large Diameter Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe and Fittings

F 714 Specification for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR) Based on Outside Diameter

F 2306/F 2306M Specification for 12 to 60 in. [300 to 1500 mm] Annular Corrugated Profile-Wall Polyethylene (PE) Pipe and Fittings for Gravity-Flow Storm Sewer and Subsurface Drainage Applications

2.2 IAPMO Document:<sup>3</sup>

Uniform Plumbing Code-\_

IAPMO/ANSI Z1001 Prefabricated Gravity Grease Interceptors

2.3 *Plastic Pipe Institute*<u>American Society of Civil Engineers</u><sup>4</sup>

ASCE No.60 Gravity Sanitary Sewer Design and Construction

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.26 on Olefin Based Pipe.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials, 5001 E. Philadelphia St., Ontario, CA 91761, http://www.iapmo.org. <sup>4</sup> Available from Plastics Pipe Institute (PPI), 105 Decker Court, Suite 825, Irving, TX 75062, http://www.plasticpipe.org.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Available from American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE), 1801 Alexander Bell Dr., Reston, VA 20191, http://www.asce.org.

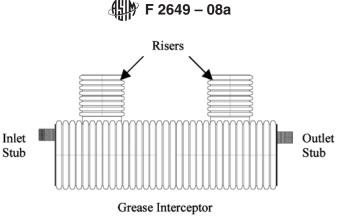


FIG. 1 Standard Corrugated HDPE Grease Interceptor

2.4 Plastic Pipe Institute<sup>5</sup> PPI TR-4 PE3408 2.4 2.5 AASHTO Document<sup>6</sup>: AASHTO LRFD Bridge Specifications

#### 3. Terminology

3.1 For definitions of terms relating to plastics, see Terminology F 412 and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D 1600, unless otherwise specified.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.3 access opening, n—a hole in the top or crown of the tank used to gain access to the inside of the tank for the purpose of cleaning and removing grease, floating scum and sludge without a person actually having to enter the tank.

3.4 *air scum volume*, *n*—the number of cubic inches (centimeters)in. (cm) in the space between the liquid surface and the underside of the top slab.

3.5 *baffle*, *n*—a partition across the width of the tank that extends partially between the top and bottom intended to deflect influent downward and increase the length of the flow path of the liquid as it travels through the tank.

3.6 grease interceptor tank system, n— a single tank or series of tanks in which wastes from a kitchen or food service industry containing no sanitary discharges is received and retained, and from which the liquid effluent, which is comparatively free from settleable and floating solids, is then discharged to a public sewer, septic system, or approved treatment system.

3.7 *inspection opening*, n—a hole in the top or crown of the tank used for the purpose of observing conditions inside the tank. 3.8 *joint*, n—a physical separation where two pieces of the tank or pipe-tank interface are in contact.

3.9 *monolithic corrugated high density polyethylene grease interceptor tank*, *n*—a single extruded piece of pipe with no internal joints other that end caps that serves as the principal tank structure.

3.10 non-sealed joint, n—a joint where a machined fit will minimize the movement of liquid from one side of a wall to the opposite side.

3.11 *owner*, *n*—is by definition end user, customer, or purchaser.

3.12 sealed joint, n—a joint that is sealed to prevent liquid passing from one side of a wall to the opposite side.

3.13 sectional corrugated high density polyethylene grease interceptor tank, n—a group or two or more extruded pieces of pipe connected with joints that when combined serve as the principal tank structure.

## 4. Ordering Information

4.1 The owner shall include the following information in bidding documents and on the purchase order, as applicable to the units being ordered:

- 4.1.1 Reference to this specification, and date of issue,
- 4.1.2 Quantity or number of units ordered,
- 4.1.3 Capacity of tank in gallonsgal or liters, L,
- 4.1.4 Application conditions such as effluent and temperature of discharge,
- 4.1.5 Acceptance will be based on a review of the calculations or on proof tests,

<sup>5</sup> Available from Plastics Pipe Institute (PPI), 105 Decker Court, Suite 825, Irving, TX 75062, http://www.plasticpipe.org.

<sup>6</sup> Available from American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), 444 N. Capitol St., NW, Suite 249, Washington, DC 20001, http://www.transportation.org.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Available from American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), 444 N. Capitol St., NW, Suite 249, Washington, DC 20001, http://www.transportation.org.