

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 17137:2017

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# Tekstilije - Določevanje spojin na osnovi klorobenzenov in klorotoluenov

Textiles - Determination of the content of compounds based on chlorobenzenes and chlorotoluenes

Textilien - Bestimmung des Gehaltes von Verbindungen auf der Basis von Chlorbenzol und Chlortoluol

Textiles - Détermination de la teneur de composés à base de chlorobenzènes et chlorotoluènes

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# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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# **English Version**

# Textiles - Determination of the content of compounds based on chlorobenzenes and chlorotoluenes

Textiles - Détermination de la teneur de composés à base de chlorobenzènes et chlorotoluènes

Textilien - Bestimmung des Gehaltes von Verbindungen auf der Basis von Chlorbenzol und Chlortoluol

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 248.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Page

Euro	pean foreword	3
1	Scope	4
2	Normative references	4
3	Terms and definitions	4
4	Principle	4
5	Apparatus	4
6	Reagents	5
7	Procedure	5
7.1	Sampling and test specimen preparation	
7.2	Extraction	
7.3	Filtration	
7.4	Gas chromatographic determination	
7.5	Calibration	
7.6	Calculation and expression of the results	
8	Reliability of the methodStandards itch. 91	7
9	Test report	7
Anne	ex A (informative) Chromatographic analyses	8
<b>A.1</b>	Capillary gas chromatography/mass selective detector (GC-MS)	8
Anne	ex B (informative) Reliability of the method	11
B.1	General	11
<b>B.2</b>	Accuracy	11
<b>B.3</b>	Detection Limit (LOD) and Quantification Limit (LOQ)	12
<b>B.4</b>	Repeatability	14
B.5	Reproducibility	15
<b>B.6</b>	Robustness	16
B.7	Selectivity	17
<b>B.8</b>	Extraction Efficiency	18
Bibli	ography	19

# **European foreword**

This document (prEN 17137:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This document is currently submitted to the Enquiry.

This document is based on DIN 54 232, which was created by the Working Committee NA 062-05-12 AA "Textiles chemical test methods and fibre separation" of the Standard Committee Testing (NMP) in the DIN Deutsches Institut for Standardization.

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#### Scope 1

This European Standard specifies a method of analysis for determining the content of chlorobenzenes and chlorotoluenes in textile products made of components such as outer fabric, interlining, lining, plastic slide fasteners, plastic buttons, labels, threads and appliques.

The method applies to a mass fraction of 0,1 mg/kg to 10 mg/kg per single isomer. Both higher and lower concentrations can be determined if the mass of the sample is selected accordingly or if appropriate dilutions are made during the analysis.

#### 2 **Normative references**

Not applicable.

#### Terms and definitions 3

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

### 3.1

## component

individual part (one material) of the textile product sample

### 3.2

composite test specimen
test specimen composed from various sub-test specimens of components

#### **Principle** 4

The cut test specimen is extracted via ultrasonication in a closed vessel using dichloromethane. Interfering particles and fibres are removed by filtering through membrane filters. Without additional purification, the extract is analysed to determine the content of chlorobenzenes and chlorotoluenes by GC-MS with selected ion mode, using an internal standard for quantification.

#### 5 **Apparatus**

#### 5.1 Standard laboratory equipment

5.2 Glass vials with tight closure

NOTE Vial volumes of 40 ml to 100 ml have been found suitable.

#### Ultrasonic bath for extraction 5.3

- **Analytical balance**, resolution of at least 0,000 1 g 5.4
- Syringes with Luer Lock, 2 ml, with disposable syringe filters, made of polytetrafluoroethylene 5.5 (PTFE) membrane

NOTE Pore size of 0,45 µm has been found suitable.

**Gas chromatograph** with mass selective detector (MSD) 5.6

# 6 Reagents

# 6.1 Dichloromethane for residue analysis (analytical grade)

## 6.2 Reference substances

Reference substances are listed in Table 1.

Table 1 — Reference substances

Substance	CAS-Number <sup>a</sup>
2-Chlorotoluene	95-49-8
3-Chlorotoluene	108-41-8
4-Chlorotoluene	106-43-4
2,3-Dichlorotoluene	32768-54-0
2,4-Dichlorotoluene	95-73-8
2,5-Dichlorotoluene	19398-61-9
2,6-Dichlorotoluene	118-69-4
3,4-Dichlorotoluene	95-75-0
2,3,6-Trichlorotoluene	2077-46-5
2,4,5-Trichlorotoluene	6639-30-1
Pentachlorotoluene Pentachlorotoluene	877-11-2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	471000 204 87-61-6
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 16d1f42d74b0/sist-en-1713	7-2019 120-82-1
1,3,5-Trichlorobenzene	108-70-3
1,2,3,4-Tetrachlorobenzene	634-66-2
1,2,3,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	634-90-2
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1
2,4,5,6-Tetrachloro-m-Xylene (internal standard)	877-09-8
a Chemical Abstracts Service Number	

# 7 Procedure

# 7.1 Sampling and test specimen preparation

The test specimen is usually a composite test specimen of sub-test specimens of different components. Attention has to be paid to take equivalent masses of the different selected components. For multicoloured and differently coloured products all available colours shall be selected and be tested.

Up to four colours may be tested together.

In order to gather four colours, the following rules shall be applied. The rules have been listed in order of preference:

- Select the four colours from the same part of the textile article;
- If the four colours do not come from the same part of the textile article, select these four colours from textile parts from textile parts made of the same type of textile fibre;

Each colour shall have approximately the same mass in order to obtain the total mass of 2 g.

If the rules cannot be applied (e.g. due to a complex printed pattern, plastic buttons), the sampling description of the selected test specimens shall be reported.

The test specimens are cut into pieces (approx. 5 mm wide) and stored in sealed glass vials until further processing.

### 7.2 Extraction

 $(2,0\pm0,1)$  g of the cut test specimen are weighed in a vial, and overlaid with 20 ml dichloromethane. After adding 200 µl internal standard solution, the test specimen is extracted for  $(30\pm1)$  min in an ultrasonic bath (starting at laboratory ambient temperature).

### 7.3 Filtration

1 ml of the extract is taken with a disposable syringe and cleaned of interfering particles and fibres with the help of membrane filters. After filtration, the extract is transferred into a vial.

# 7.4 Gas chromatographic determination

The substances of the extract are separated on a capillary column, and analysed using a mass-selective detector in selected ion mode (SIM).

Examples of instrumental parameters are shown in Annex A.

## 7.5 Calibration

Individual stock solutions are prepared for calibration of the reference substances (e.g. 10 mg to 10 ml of dichloromethane, mass concentration  $\beta$  = 1 mg/ml). Then a mixed standard is prepared (e.g. 1 ml of each stock solution to 100 ml of dichloromethane, mass concentration  $\beta$  = 10 µg/ml). This mixed calibration standard is used to prepare calibration solutions of various concentrations (e.g. 10, 50, 100, 200, 400, 600, 800, 1 000 ng/ml). Finally 1 ml of each individual calibration solution is mixed with 10 µl of the internal standard solution (e.g. at concentration of  $10\mu$ g/ml) and analysed.

# 7.6 Calculation and expression of the results

The concentrations of chlorobenzenes or chlorotoluenes arise as a mass fraction in  $\mu g/ml$  of the following equation:

$$\frac{F_{\text{sample}}}{F_{\text{ISTD}}} = m \times \frac{\beta_{\text{sample}}}{\beta_{\text{ISTD}}}$$
 (1)

where

 $F_{\text{sample}}$  is the measured value of the analyte (area value);

F<sub>ISTD</sub> is the measured value of the internal standard (area value);

 $\beta_{sample}$  is the mass concentration of the analyte in the extract ( $\mu g/ml$ );

 $\beta_{ISTD}$  is the mass concentration of the internal standard in the extract ( $\mu g/ml$ );

m is the slope of the calibration;

The concentrations of the analytes are calculated as mass fraction w in mg/kg using the following equation:

$$w = \frac{\left(\beta_{\text{sample}} \times V\right)}{E} \tag{2}$$

where

w is the mass fraction (mg/kg);

V is the extraction volume (ml);

E is the initial mass (g).

# 8 Reliability of the method

For the reliability of the method, see Annex B.

# 9 Test report

The test report shall include at least the following particulars:

- a) reference to this document;
- b) identification of the submitted sample;
- c) description of the sampling of individual components;
- d) date of analysis;
- e) content of the particular compound, the nature and content as a mass fraction in mg/kg of product;
- f) any deviation from the given procedure.

# **Annex A** (informative)

# **Chromatographic analyses**

# A.1 Capillary gas chromatography/mass selective detector (GC-MS)

- gas supply for carrier and purge gas (helium 5,0 i.e. purity ≥ 99,999 % by volume);
- capillary column with 5 % Diphenyldimethylpolysiloxan (e.g.  $30 \text{ m} \times 0.25 \text{ mm} \times 0.25 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$ ).

Table A.1 — Example of gas chromatographic conditions

Carrier gas	Helium
Injection mode	split/splitless
Injection volume	1 μl
Injector temperature	250 °C
Flow rate	1 ml/min
Oven program	35 °C (2 min)
(sta	35 °C to 150 °C (3 °C/min)
(Sta	150 °C to 250 °C (20 °C/min)
	250 °C (5 min)

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Table A.2 — Retention times

Substance	Retention times		
	min		
2-Chlorotoluene	11,67		
3-Chlorotoluene	11,80		
4-Chlorotoluene	11,94		
2,3-Dichlorotoluene <sup>a</sup>	20,98		
2,4-Dichlorotoluene	19,58		
2,5-Dichlorotoluene	19,68		
2,6-Dichlorotoluene	19,77		
3,4-Dichlorotoluene <sup>a</sup>	20,98		
2,3,6-Trichlorotoluene	28,19		
2,4,5-Trichlorotoluene	27,71		
Pentachlorotoluene	42,04		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	15,53 R V R V		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	14,16		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	14,49		
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	23,98		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene atalog/stan	ards/sis <b>22,35</b> 10aa-2cd5-4a8b-bd3b-		
1,3,5-Trichlorobenzene	st-en-1720,21 <sup>019</sup>		
1,2,3,4-Tetrachlorobenzene	31,29		
1,2,3,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	29,13		
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	29,22		
Pentachlorobenzene	37,07		
Hexachlorobenzene	42,58		
Tetrachloro-m-Xylene (ISTD)	40,74		
The isomers 2,3- and 3,4-Dichlorotoluene do not get separated.			