

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD

## SIST EN 60749-6:2017

01-september-2017

Nadomešča:  
SIST EN 60749-6:2004

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### Polprevodniški elementii - Mehanske in klimatske preskusne metode - 6. del: Shranjevanje pri visoki temperaturi (IEC 60749-6:2017)

Semiconductor devices - Mechanical and climatic test methods - Part 6: Storage at high temperature (IEC 60749-6:2017)

Halbleiterbauelemente - Mechanische und klimatische Prüfverfahren - Teil 6: Lagerung bei hoher Temperatur (IEC 60749-6:2017)

Dispositifs à semiconducteurs - Méthodes d'essais mécaniques et climatiques - Partie 6: Stockage à haute température (IEC 60749-6:2017)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: **EN 60749-6:2017**

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#### **ICS:**

31.080.01	Polprevodniški elementi (naprave) na splošno	Semiconductor devices in general
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**SIST EN 60749-6:2017**

**en**

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EUROPEAN STANDARD  
NORME EUROPÉENNE  
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN 60749-6**

June 2017

ICS 31.080.01

Supersedes EN 60749-6:2002

English Version

**Semiconductor devices - Mechanical and climatic test methods -  
Part 6: Storage at high temperature  
(IEC 60749-6:2017)**

Dispositifs à semiconducteurs - Méthodes d'essais  
mécaniques et climatiques - Partie 6: Stockage à haute  
température  
(IEC 60749-6:2017)

Halbleiterbauelemente - Mechanische und klimatische  
Prüfverfahren - Teil 6: Lagerung bei hoher Temperatur  
(IEC 60749-6:2017)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2017-04-07. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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SIST EN 60749-6:2017

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization  
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique  
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels**

**EN 60749-6:2017****European foreword**

The text of document 47/2347/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 60749-6, prepared by IEC/TC 47 "Semiconductor devices" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 60749-6:2017.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2018-01-07
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2020-04-07

This document supersedes EN 60749-6:2002.

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SIST EN 60749-6:2017

The text of the International Standard IEC 60749-6:2017 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60749-20	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60749-20.
IEC 60749-43	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60749-43 <sup>1)</sup> .

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1) At draft stage.



IEC 60749-6

Edition 2.0 2017-03

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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**Semiconductor devices – Mechanical and climatic test methods –  
Part 6: Storage at high temperature**

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

# SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES – MECHANICAL AND CLIMATIC TEST METHODS –

## Part 6: Storage at high temperature

### FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60749-6 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 47: Semiconductor devices.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2002. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) additional test conditions;
- b) clarification of the applicability of test conditions.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
47/2347/FDIS	47/2372/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60749 series, published under the general title *Semiconductor devices – Mechanical and climatic test methods*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

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## SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES – MECHANICAL AND CLIMATIC TEST METHODS –

### Part 6: Storage at high temperature

#### 1 Scope

The purpose of this part of IEC 60749 is to test and determine the effect on all solid state electronic devices of storage at elevated temperature without electrical stress applied. This test is typically used to determine the effects of time and temperature, under storage conditions, for thermally activated failure methods and time-to-failure of solid state electronic devices, including non-volatile memory devices (data-retention failure mechanisms). This test is considered non-destructive but should preferably be used for device qualification. If such devices are used for delivery, the effects of this highly accelerated stress test will need to be evaluated.

Thermally activated failure mechanisms are modelled using the Arrhenius equation for acceleration, and guidance on the selection of test temperatures and durations can be found in IEC 60749-43.

#### 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

#### 3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

#### 4 Test apparatus

The controlled temperature chamber required for this test shall be capable of maintaining the test temperature within the tolerances specified in Table 1. Electrical equipment shall be capable of performing the appropriate measurements for the devices being tested, including writing and verifying the required data retention pattern(s) for nonvolatile memories.

#### 5 Procedure

##### 5.1 Test conditions

The devices under test (DUT) shall be subject to continuous storage (except when there is a requirement in the applicable procurement document to return the DUTs to room ambient for interim electrical measurements) at one of the temperatures specified in Table 1. Qualification and reliability monitoring test conditions typically require a test duration of 1 000 °C<sub>0</sub><sup>+24</sup> at test temperature B of Table 1. Other test conditions can be used as appropriate.