

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN IEC 60034-4-1:2019

01-marec-2019

Nadomešča:

SIST EN 60034-4:2008

Električni rotacijski stroji - 4-1. del: Metode za določanje parametrov sinhronskih strojev s preskusi (IEC 60034-4-1:2018)

Rotating electrical machines - Part 4-1: Methods for determining synchronous machine quantities from tests (IEC 60034-4-1:2018)

Drehende elektrische Maschinen - Teil 4-1: Verfahren zur Ermittlung der Kenngrößen von Synchronmaschinen durch Messungen (IEC 60034-4-1:2018)

Machines électriques tournantes - <u>Rartie 4-1 Méthodes</u> pour la détermination, à partir d'essais, des grandeurs des machines synchrones (4EC 60034-4-1:2018) b90b769c4929/sist-en-iec-60034-4-1-2019

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN IEC 60034-4-1:2018

ICS:

29.160.01 Rotacijski stroji na splošno Rotating machinery in

general

SIST EN IEC 60034-4-1:2019 en,fr,de

SIST EN IEC 60034-4-1:2019

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN IEC 60034-4-1:2019</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bae23e67-45d4-482e-9683-b90b769c4929/sist-en-iec-60034-4-1-2019 EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN IEC 60034-4-1

August 2018

ICS 29.160

Supersedes EN 60034-4:2008

English Version

Rotating electrical machines - Part 4-1: Methods for determining electrically excited synchronous machine quantities from tests (IEC 60034-4-1:2018)

Machines électriques tournantes - Partie 4-1: Méthodes pour la détermination, à partir d'essais, des grandeurs des machines synchrones à excitation électrique (IEC 60034-4-1:2018) Drehende elektrische Maschinen - Teil 4-1: Verfahren zur Ermittlung der Kenngrößen von Synchronmaschinen durch Messungen (IEC 60034-4-1:2018)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2018-06-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

SIST EN IEC 60034-4-1:2019

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav, Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

EN IEC 60034-4-1:2018 (E)

European foreword

The text of document 2/1829/CDV, future edition 1 of IEC 60034-4-1, prepared by IEC/TC 2 "Rotating machinery" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 60034-4-1:2018.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2021-06-01

This document supersedes EN 60034-4:2008

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Endorsement notice

SIST EN IEC 60034-4-1:2019

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bae23e67-45d4-482e-9683-

The text of the International Standard IEC 60034-4-1:2018 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

EN IEC 60034-4-1:2018 (E)

Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60034-1	2017 iT	Rotating electrical machines - I		-
IEC 60034-2-1	-	Rotating electrical machines - Pa Standard methods for determining and efficiency from tests (ex machines for traction vehicles)2019	losses cluding	-
IEC 60051	https://sta	n Direct acting lindicating analogue e measuring 492 instruments 0034 and accessories	lectrical 60051	series

SIST EN IEC 60034-4-1:2019

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN IEC 60034-4-1:2019</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bae23e67-45d4-482e-9683-b90b769c4929/sist-en-iec-60034-4-1-2019



IEC 60034-4-1

Edition 1.0 2018-04

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



Rotating electrical machines ANDARD PREVIEW

Part 4-1: Methods for determining electrically excited synchronous in

Part 4-1: Methods for determining electrically excited synchronous machine quantities from tests

SIST EN IEC 60034-4-1:2019

Machines électriques tournantes log/standards/sist/bae23e67-45d4-482e-9683-

Partie 4-1: Méthodes pour la détermination, à partir d'essais, des grandeurs des machines synchrones à excitation électrique

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

ICS 29.160.01 ISBN 978-2-8322-5634-3

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

Attention! Veuillez vous assurer que vous avez obtenu cette publication via un distributeur agréé.

CONTENTS

FC	REWO	RD	6
1	Scop	e	8
2	Norm	native references	8
3	Term	s and definitions	8
4	Symb	ools and units	14
5	Over	view of tests	15
6		procedures	
•	6.1	General	
	6.1.1		
	6.1.2	•	
	6.1.3	·	
	6.1.4		
	6.1.5	·	
	6.1.6	·	
	6.2	Direct measurements of excitation current at rated load	
	6.3	Direct-current winding resistance measurements	21
	6.4	No-load saturation test	
	6.4.1	Test procedure Grown and D.D. D.D. D.D. W.	21
	6.4.2	Test procedure com. A. D.	22
	6.5	Sustained three-phase short-circuit (est. iteh.ai)	
	6.5.1	Test procedure	22
	6.5.2	Three-phase sustained short-circuit characteristic	22
	6.6	Motor no litos/standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bae23e67-45d4-482e-9683- b90b769c4929/sist-en-iec-60034-4-1-2019 Over-excitation test at zero power-factor	23
	6.7		
	6.8	Negative excitation test	
	6.9	On-load test measuring the load angle	23
	6.10	Low slip test	
	6.11	Sudden three-phase short-circuit test	
	6.12	Voltage recovery test	
	6.13	Suddenly applied short-circuit test following disconnection from line	
	6.14	Direct current decay test in the armature winding at standstill	
	6.15	Applied voltage test with the rotor in direct and quadrature axis positions	
	6.16	Applied voltage test with the rotor in arbitrary position	
	6.17	Single phase voltage test applied to the three phases	
	6.18	Line-to-line sustained short-circuit test	
	6.19	Line-to-line and to neutral sustained short-circuit test	
	6.20	Negative-phase sequence test	
	6.21	Field current decay test, with the armature winding open-circuited	
	6.21.	•	
	6.21.		
	6.22 6.23	Applied voltage test with rotor removed	
	6.24	Locked rotor test	
	6.25	Asynchronous operation during the low-voltage test	
	6.26	Over-excitation test at zero power factor and variable armature voltage	
	6.27	Applied variable frequency voltage test at standstill	
	0.21	Applied variable frequency voltage test at standstill	52

/	Determi	nation of quantities	34
	7.1 An	alysis of recorded data	34
	7.1.1	No-load saturation and three-phase, sustained short-circuit curves	34
	7.1.2	Sudden three-phase short-circuit test	35
	7.1.3	Voltage recovery test	38
	7.1.4	Direct current decay in the armature winding at standstill	
	7.1.5	Suddenly applied excitation test with armature winding open-circuited	
	7.2 Dir	ect-axis synchronous reactance	
	7.2.1	From no-load saturation and three-phase sustained short-circuit test	
	7.2.2	From motor no-load test	
	7.2.3	From on-load test measuring the load angle	42
	7.3 Dir	ect-axis transient reactance	
	7.3.1	From sudden three-phase short-circuit test	
	7.3.2	From voltage recovery test	
	7.3.3	From DC decay test in the armature winding at standstill	
	7.3.4	Calculation from test values	
		ect-axis sub-transient reactance	
	7.4.1	From sudden three-phase short-circuit test	
	7.4.2	From voltage recovery test	
	7.4.3	From applied voltage test with the rotor in direct and quadrature axis	
	7.4.4	From applied voltage test with the rotor in arbitrary position	
	7.5.1	adrature-axis synchronous reactance	44
	7.5.2		
	7.5.3	From low slip test <u>SIST EN TEC 60034-4-1:2019</u> From on-load test measuring the load angle67-45d4-482e-9683	46
		adrature-axis transiènt reactancen-icc-60034-4-1-2019	
	7.6.1	From direct current decay test in the armature winding at standstill	
	7.6.2	Calculation from test values	
		adrature-axis sub-transient reactance	
	7.7.1	From applied voltage test with the rotor in direct and quadrature	
		position	47
	7.7.2	From applied voltage test with the rotor in arbitrary position	47
	7.8 Ze	ro-sequence reactance	48
	7.8.1	From single-phase voltage application to the three phases	48
	7.8.2	From line-to-line and to neutral sustained short-circuit test	48
	7.9 Ne	gative-sequence reactance	48
	7.9.1	From line-to-line sustained short-circuit test	48
	7.9.2	From negative-phase sequence test	49
	7.9.3	Calculation from test values	49
	7.9.4	From direct-current decay test at standstill	49
	7.10 Arr	mature leakage reactance	50
	7.11 Po	tier reactance	50
	7.12 Ze	ro-sequence resistance	51
	7.12.1	From single-phase voltage test applied to the three phases	
	7.12.2	From line-to-line and to neutral sustained short-circuit test	
	7.13 Po	sitive-sequence armature winding resistance	
		gative-sequence resistance	
	7.14.1	From line-to-line sustained short-circuit test	
	7.14.2	From negative-phase sequence test	

_	4	_

7.15 Armature	e and excitation winding resistance	52
7.16 Direct-ax	kis transient short-circuit time constant	53
7.16.1 From	m sudden three-phase short-circuit test	53
7.16.2 From	m direct current decay test at standstill	53
7.17 Direct-ax	kis transient open-circuit time constant	53
7.17.1 Fro	m field current decay at rated speed with armature winding open	53
7.17.2 Fro	m field current decay test at standstill with armature winding open	53
	m voltage recovery test	
	m direct-current decay test at standstill	
	kis sub-transient short-circuit time constant	
	kis sub-transient open-circuit time constant	
	m voltage recovery test	
	m direct-current decay test at standstill	
	ure-axis transient short-circuit time constant	
	culation from test values	
	m direct-current decay test at standstill	
	ure-axis transient open-circuit time constant	
	ure-axis sub-transient short-circuit time constant	
	culation from test values	
	ermination from direct-current decay test at standstill	
	ure-axis sub-transient open-circuit time constant	
7.24 Amatan	m sudden three-phase short-circuit test	55
7.25 Rated at	culation from test values	55
7.26 Rated at	https://standards.lich.al/catalog/standards/ss//bac2se67-45d4-482e-9683- ccitation curgent769e4929/sist-en-icc-60034-4-1-2019	55
	m direct measurement	
	er diagram	
	A diagramedish diagram	
	•	
	n current referred to rated armature sustained short-circuit current	
	m sustained three-phase short-circuit test	
	m over-excitation test at zero power factor	
•	cy response characteristics	
	neral	
	m asynchronous operation at reduced voltage	
	m applied variable frequency voltage test at standstill	
	m direct current decay test in the armature winding at standstill	
	cuit ratio	
	bltage regulation	
	m direct measurement	63
	m no-load saturation characteristic and known field current at rated	63
	arting impedance of synchronous motors	
	ve) Testing cross-reference	
	ve) Calculation scheme for frequency response characteristics	
•		
	er calculation	
	ve) Conventional electrical machine model	
ox o (iinoimati	7.5, SS. FORMONIA GISSATSAI MASSIMO MOAST	7 0

Bibliography	72
Figure 1 – Schematic for DC decay test at standstill	26
Figure 2 – Circuit diagram for line-to-line short-circuit test	28
Figure 3 – Circuit diagram for line-to-line and to neutral sustained short-circuit test	29
Figure 4 – Search coil installation with rotor removed	30
Figure 5 – Power and current versus slip (example)	32
Figure 6 – Schematic for variable frequency test at standstill	33
Figure 7 – Recorded quantities from variable frequency test at standstill (example)	34
Figure 8 – Combined saturation and short-circuit curves	35
Figure 9 – Determination of intermediate points on the envelopes	35
Figure 10 – Determination of transient component of short-circuit current	37
Figure 11 – Determination of sub-transient component of short-circuit current	37
Figure 12 – Transient and sub-transient component of recovery voltage	39
Figure 13 – Semi-logarithmic plot of decay currents	40
Figure 14 – Suddenly applied excitation with armature winding open-circuited	41
Figure 15 – No-load e.m.f. and excitation current for one pole-pitch slip	45
Figure 16 – Current envelope from low-slip test	46
Figure 16 – Current envelope from low-slip test Figure 17 – Determination of Potier reactance	51
Figure 18 – Potier's diagram (standards.iteh.ai)	56
Figure 19 – ASA diagram	57
Figure 20 – Swedish diagram SIST EN IEC 60034-4-1:2019 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bae23e67-45d4-482e-9683-	58
Figure 21 – Excitation current from over excitation test 4at zero power factor	60
Figure 22 – Frequency response characteristics at low frequencies (example)	61
Figure C.1 – Equivalent circuit model of a salient pole machine	70
Table 1 – Test methods and cross-reference table	15
Table A.1. Tast gross reference	G E

- 6 **-**

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ROTATING ELECTRICAL MACHINES -

Part 4-1: Methods for determining electrically excited synchronous machine quantities from tests

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.

 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bae23e67-45d4-482e-9683-
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent pertification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60034-4-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 2: Rotating machinery.

IEC 60034-4-1 first edition cancels and replaces the third edition of IEC 60034-4 published in 2008. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This publication includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC 60034-4 edition 3:

- a) improvement of several procedures with respect to evaluation of quantities;
- b) deletion of uncommon procedures;
- c) applicability of procedures for permanent magnet machines.

IEC 60034-4-1:2018 © IEC 2018

-7-

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
2/1829/CDV	2/1869/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

NOTE A table of cross-references of all IEC TC 2 publications can be found on the IEC TC 2 dashboard on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

IMPORTANT - The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bae23e67-45d4-482e-9683-

b90b769c4929/sist-en-iec-60034-4-1-2019

Part 4-1: Methods for determining electrically excited synchronous machine quantities from tests

- 8 -

ROTATING ELECTRICAL MACHINES -

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60034 applies to three-phase synchronous machines of 1 kVA rating and larger.

Most of the methods are intended to be used for machines having an excitation winding with slip-rings and brushes for their supply. Synchronous machines with brushless excitation require special effort for some of the tests. For machines with permanent magnet excitation, there is a limited applicability of the described tests, and special precautions should be taken against irreversible demagnetization.

Excluded are axial-field machines and special synchronous machines such as inductor type machines, transversal flux machines and reluctance machines.

It is not intended that this document be interpreted as requiring any or all of the tests described therein on any given machine. The particular tests to be carried out are subject to agreement between manufacturer and customer.

2 Normative references

SIST EN IEC 60034-4-1:2019

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bae23e67-45d4-482e-9683-

The following documents are referred to in the textoin such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60034-1:2017, Rotating electrical machines – Part 1: Rating and performance

IEC 60034-2-1, Rotating electrical machines – Part 2-1: Standard methods for determining losses and efficiency from tests (excluding machines for traction vehicles)

IEC 60051 (all parts), Direct acting indicating analogue electrical measuring instruments and their accessories

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

<synchronous motors> initial starting impedance

quotient of the applied armature voltage and the sustained average armature current, the machine being at standstill

IEC 60034-4-1:2018 © IEC 2018

-9-

3.2

direct-axis synchronous reactance

quotient of the sustained value of that fundamental AC component of armature voltage, which is produced by the total direct-axis primary flux due to direct-axis armature current, and the value of the fundamental AC component of this current, the machine running at rated speed

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-50-07]

3.3

direct-axis transient reactance

quotient of the initial value of a sudden change in that fundamental AC component of armature voltage, which is produced by the total direct-axis primary flux, and the value of the simultaneous change in fundamental AC component of direct-axis armature current, the machine running at rated speed and the high decrement components during the first cycles being excluded

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-50-09]

3.4

direct-axis sub-transient reactance

quotient of the initial value of a sudden change in that fundamental AC component of armature voltage, which is produced by the total direct-axis armature flux, and the value of the simultaneous change in fundamental AC component of direct-axis armature current, the machine running at rated speed

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-419:1996, 441-50-114RD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

3.5

quadrature-axis synchronous reactance

quotient of the sustained value of that fundamental AC component of armature voltage, which is produced by the total quadrature axis primary flux due to quadrature axis armature current, and the value of the fundamental AC component of this current, the machine running at rated speed

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-50-08]

3.6

quadrature-axis transient reactance

quotient of the initial value of a sudden change in that fundamental AC component of armature voltage, which is produced by the total quadrature-axis armature winding flux, and the value of the simultaneous change in fundamental AC component of quadrature-axis armature current, the machine running at rated speed and the high decrement components during the first cycles being excluded

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-50-10]

3 7

quadrature-axis sub-transient reactance

quotient of the initial value of a sudden change in that fundamental AC component of armature voltage, which is produced by the total quadrature-axis primary flux and the value of the simultaneous change in fundamental AC component of quadrature-axis armature current, the machine running at rated speed

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-50-12]