
**Timekeeping instruments —
Watch external parts made of hard
materials — General requirements
and test methods**

*Instruments horaires — Habillages de montre en matériaux durs —
Exigences générales et méthodes d'essais*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 114, *Horology*.

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Introduction

In recent years, hard materials such as tungsten carbide, ceramics, etc., have found several applications in the horological industry, particularly for the external parts of watches, and more particularly in watchcases and some of their accessories such as bezels, crowns, wristbands and clasps.

Their properties in terms of hardness, of wear resistance or of finish quality (brightness) bring many undeniable advantages for this type of application.

This Technical Specification deals with constitutive components of external parts of watches. Given the variety of possibilities in the mounting of these elements, it is not possible to define and to specify “a complete watch made of hard material”.

Manufacturers of hard materials have developed know-how with the aim of satisfying the legal requirements and the criteria of horological standardization, without standards nor specifications that can serve as references. The aim of this Technical Specification is to clarify the general requirements and the test methods for the horological external parts made of hard material.

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Timekeeping instruments — Watch external parts made of hard materials — General requirements and test methods

1 Scope

This Technical Specification concerns whole watches, in which all or some of the components of the external parts are made of hard material, with the exception of watch glasses.

It applies to all elements made in massive material whose hardness is greater than or equal to 1 200 Vickers.

It describes the performance in terms of resistance to mechanical and thermal shocks, to corrosion, to scratches, to sunlight exposure and also to the wear of its components.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1413:—¹⁾, *Horology — Shock-resistant watches*

ISO 9227, *Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres — Salt spray tests*

ISO 23160:2011, *Watch cases and accessories — Tests of the resistance to wear, scratching and impacts*

SN 289 120:2013, *Definition of linear types shocks for the wristwatches components*

SN 289 650:2013, *Process to estimate the resistance to chemical and climatic agents of a horological external part*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

external part

<horological context> the watchcase, the bezel, the crown, the push buttons, the wristband and the clasp

3.2

hard material

material whose Vickers hardness is equal to or higher than 1 200 HV1

3.3

massive

<component> having a composition that is macroscopically homogeneous across its entire section

3.4

brittleness

<material or component> susceptibility to breaking, under the effect of a static or dynamic stress, without being significantly plastically deformed

1) To be published. Revises ISO 1413:1984.

4 Requirements, method of control and acceptance criteria

4.1 General

The requirements of this Technical Specification apply to the elements of external parts of watches made in hard and massive material, according to the definitions of [Clause 3](#).

It shall be noted that these materials may contain allergens or toxic materials such as Nickel or Cobalt. Their amounts and effects must imperatively stay within the specified limits of standards and regulations relative to consumers' protection.

The watch external parts made of hard material shall not present any shape which may be harmful for the user.

The control method and the acceptance criteria of these materials, constituting the prerequisites, are reported in [Annex A](#).

In the case of tests involving mechanical solicitations (see [4.2](#), [4.7](#) and [4.8](#)), the number of samples to be tested shall be sufficient to include the usually large dispersion of measurement inherent to this type of brittle materials. A statistical approach should be adopted.

It is possible to apply all the tests or a selection of them to assemblies or to certain individual components. The definition of which components are to be tested and the test conditions to be achieved shall be given special attention in advance in order to highlight those parts that are typically sensitive under conditions of ordinary use.

In the case of hard materials that are additionally coated, the surface-related tests should be interpreted differently (wear, scratches, hardness, etc.).

The existence of porosity is admitted as long as the requirements below are fulfilled.

4.2 Mechanical shock resistance

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4.2.1 Requirements and control method

The purpose of this test is to verify the mechanical behaviour of the tested elements or assemblies.

The external elements of watches made of hard material shall comply with the specific requirements of the following standards:

- ISO 1413:—, 5.3. However, the height to be used shall be 0,75 m because of the lower shock resistance of hard materials, of which the consumer should be made aware;
- SN 289 120:2013, Chapters 7 and 8. It is up to the producer to define the minimum requirements in terms of degree of severity, according to the table in Chapter 5 which refers exclusively to the complete product.

4.2.2 Acceptance criteria

The examination of the elements made of hard material shall not reveal any permanent deterioration affecting its functions, its performance or its appearance (flaws or broken components).

The examination of the wristband shall not reveal any failure and not present any loss of components.

The assembly of the watch head, the wristband and its functional elements (clasp, loop, etc.) shall stay functional.

4.3 Thermal shock resistance

4.3.1 Requirements and control method

The purpose of this test is to evaluate the behaviour of assemblies containing at least one element made of hard material.

The elements of external parts of watches made of hard material shall meet the specific requirements according to the methods described in SN 289 650:2013, Chapter 6.6

4.3.2 Acceptance criteria

No visible degradation shall be observed on the components or assembly tested.

4.4 Corrosion resistance

4.4.1 Requirements and control method

The purpose of this test is to evaluate hard material elements or assemblies against corrosive agents.

The elements of external parts of watches made of hard material shall meet the specific requirements of ISO 9227 and SN 289 650:2013, particularly concerning the following tests:

- ISO 9227, (*Neutral salt spray test*);
- SN 289 650:2013, Chapter 6.2, (*Synthetic sweat test*).

4.4.2 Acceptance criteria

No visible degradation shall be observed on the components or assembly tested.

4.5 Wear resistance

4.5.1 Requirements and control method

The purpose of this test is to evaluate the potential degradation of the element made of hard material due to random wear.

The elements of external parts of watches made of hard material shall meet the specific requirements of ISO 23160:2011, 4.1 (*Wear resistance*).

4.5.2 Acceptance criteria

According to ISO 23160:2011, 4.1.6 (*Evaluation of results*).

NOTE The wear resistance shall be high due to customer's expectations.

4.6 Scratch resistance

4.6.1 Requirements and control method

The purpose of this test is to evaluate the potential degradation of the element made of hard material. Due to customers' expectations, the abrasive load shall be adapted in order to provide more discriminating tests than those described in ISO 23160:2011, 5.3).

The elements of external parts of watches made of hard material shall meet the specific requirements of the ISO 23160:2011, 5.2, 5.3 and 5.4 (*Scratch resistance*), using sharp edge alumina abrasive (Corundum F70), see [Table 1](#).