# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# ISO/IEC 23000-11

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# Information technology — Multimedia application format (MPEG-A) —

Part 11:

Stereoscopic video application format

AMENDMENT 3: Support movie fragment iTeh STfor Stereoscopic Video AF

> (Strechnologies de l'information — Format pour application multimédia (MPEG-A) —

ISOFEC 23000 11:2009/And 3:2014 Partie 11: Format pour application vidéo stéréoscopique https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/dc2ad 148-2583-48b0-83a9-369712cffAMENDEMENT 3:-Prise en charge de fragments de film pour format d'application vidéo stéréoscopique



## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO/IEC 23000-11:2009/Amd 3:2014</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/dc2ad14e-25e3-48b0-83a9-369712cff879/iso-iec-23000-11-2009-amd-3-2014



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The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 29, *Coding of audio, picture, multimedia and hypermedia information*. https://standards.iteh.a/catalog/standards/sist/dc2ad14e-25e3-48b0-83a9-

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# Information technology — Multimedia application format (MPEG-A) —

## Part 11: Stereoscopic video application format

# AMENDMENT 3: Support movie fragment for Stereoscopic Video AF

In Clause 2, add the following normative reference:

ISO/IEC 23008-2, Information technology — High efficiency coding and media delivery in heterogeneous environments — Part 2: High efficiency video coding

In 3.8, replace definition with:

maximum disparity value within successive stereoscopic samples

In 3.9, replace definition with STANDARD PREVIEW

set of samples which represents only monoscopic sequence

in 3.10, replace definition with:

minimum disparity value within a group of successive stereoscopic samples

In 3.18, replace text with: 369712cff879/iso-iec-23000-11-2009-amd-3-2014

#### stereoscopic samples

In 3.19, replace text with:

#### stereoscopic left samples

*In 3.21, replace text with:* 

#### stereoscopic right samples

In Clause 4, add the following abbreviation:

HEVC High Efficiency Video Coding

In 6.1, replace text with:

Table 1 shows a brief summary of the supported components of the Stereoscopic Video AF which consists of the ISO/IEC Standards and non-ISO/IEC Standards.

The Stereoscopic Video AF includes ISO/IEC 14496-2 Simple Profile at Level 3, ISO/IEC 14496-10 Baseline Profile at Level 1.3, and ISO/IEC 23008-2 Main/Main10 Profile for visual, ISO/IEC 14496-3 AAC and HE-AAC Profile for audio, 3GPP TS 26.071 AMR and TIA/EIA/IS-127 EVRC for voice, ISO/IEC 14496-20 LASeR for scene description, and various kinds of image such as ISO/IEC 10918-1 JPEG and ISO/IEC 15948 PNG. For this specification, ISO/IEC 14496-12 ISO base media file format is used for a base file format structure.

#### ISO/IEC 23000-11:2009/Amd.3:2014(E)

Туре	Component Name	Specification	Standard	
File for- mat	ISO base media file format	ISO/IEC 14496-12	ISO/IEC Standards	
Visual		ISO/IEC 14496-2 Simple Profile Level 3,		
	MPEG-4 Video	ISO/IEC 14496-2 Advanced Simple Profile Level 5		
		ISO/IEC 14496-10 Baseline Profile Level 1.3,		
	MPEG-4 AVC	ISO/IEC 14496-10 High Profile Level 4.1		
		ISO/IEC 23008-2 Main Profile,		
	MPEG-H HEVC	ISO/IEC 23008-2 Main10 Profile,		
		ISO/IEC 23008-2 Main Still Picture Profile		
Audio	MPEG-4 Audio AAC	ISO/IEC 14496-3		
	MPEG-4 Audio HE-AAC	ISO/IEC 14496-3		
Data	MPEG-4 LASeR	ISO/IEC 14496-20		
	JPEG Image	ISO/IEC 10918-1		
	PNG Image	ISO/IEC 15948		
Voice	AMR	3GPP TS 26.071	Non-ISO/IEC	
	EVRC	Standrads		

#### Table 1 — Supported components of Stereoscopic Video AF

#### In 7.1, replace

## (standards.iteh.ai)

The 'mdia' box contains a 'svmi' box for the stereoscopic visual type and fragment information of the stereoscopic contents in the track. ISO/IEC 23000-11:2009/Amd 3:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/dc2ad14e-25e3-48b0-83a9-

The 'iloc' box describes the absolute offset in bytes (fextent\_dffset) and the size ('extent\_ length') of stereoscopic fragments. An item\_ID is assigned to each fragment of the stereoscopic sequence for resource referencing.

#### with:

The 'mdia' box contains a 'svmi' box for the stereoscopic visual type and sample information of the stereoscopic contents in the track.

The 'iloc' box describes the absolute offset in bytes ('extent\_offset') and the size ('extent\_length') of stereoscopic samples. An item\_ID is assigned to successive samples of the stereoscopic sequence for resource referencing.

#### In 7.2, add following text before 7.2.1:

In case of a stereoscopic content with Left/Right view sequence type, the 'stss' box which is in the track for the primary view sequence is used for random access.

#### In 7.2.2, replace text with:

This subclause describes the file structures for a stereo-monoscopic mixed content, which is a video sequence consisting of both stereoscopic and monoscopic samples in a single track. The stereoscopic and monoscopic samples should be stored sequentially.

Figure 9 shows an example of the file structure containing a single track for a stereo-monoscopic mixed content on the basis of the file format structure as shown in Figure 7. The item\_ID under 'iloc' box is assigned to each group of stereoscopic samples sequentially. For example, when a stereoscopic contents is composed as illistrated in the below figure (S-M-S), the item\_ID of the first group of samples in

the track, which is the first stereoscopic samples, is set to 1, and the *item\_ID* of the third one (second stereoscopic samples) in the track is set to 2.

#### Figure 9 — Example of a file structure for stereoscopic and monoscopic samples in a single stereoscopic track

Figure 10 describes the file structure of a stereoscopic contents specified in 5.3.4, the composition type for storing the left and the right view sequence of stereoscopic contents in two separate tracks. Stereoscopic samples of each track have one view sequence on the basis of the file format structure as shown in Figure 8. The *item\_ID* is assigned to each stereoscopic samples of only one track sequentially.

## Figure 10 — Example of a file structure for stereoscopic and monoscopic samples in Left/Right view sequence type

In case of stereo-monoscopic mixed contents being shown in Figure 10, it could cause the same time stamp for monoscopic samples in the individual tracks. This ambiguity of presentation can be figured out as follows:

- a) Check which track is indicating a primary view sequence by the 'reference\_type' and 'track\_ ID' of the 'tref' box in the track.
- b) Display each monoscopic samples of primary view sequence.

### Insert following clauses after 7.2.2: TANDARD PREVIEW

#### 7.3 File format brands

## 7.3.1 The 'ss01' and 'ss02' brand

The brand 'ss01' and 'ss02' shall be used to indicate that the file is conformant with the 'stereoscopic video application format' in subclauses 7.1, 7.2, and Clause 8. If all the samples in content are stereoscopic samples, 'ss01' is used. If the content is a mixture of stereoscopic samples and monoscopic samples, 'ss02' is used.

The 'ss01' and 'ss02' brand requires support of the boxes in Table 2.

#### 7.3.2 The 'ss03' brand

The brand 'ss03' shall be used if grouping\_types for stereoscopic composition type and camera display information in Clause 8 are used.

The 'ss03' brand requires support of the 'iso2' brand. In addition, support of the following boxes is required:

			sbgp	sample-to-group
			sgpd	sample group description

Remove text from 8.1.

Remove text from 8.2.

Remove text from 8.3.

In 8.4, replace whole clause with:

#### 8.1 Stereoscopic Video Media Information Box

#### ISO/IEC 23000-11:2009/Amd.3:2014(E)

#### 8.1.1 Definition

Box Type : 'svmi' Container: Sample Table Box ('stbl') Mandatory: Yes Quantity: Exactly one

The 'svmi' box provides stereoscopic video media information regarding the stereoscopic visual type and also, for the care of some mixed contents, stereoscopic or monoscopic samples information. The visual type information signals the composition type of the stereoscopic video sequence and the structure of samples. The stereoscopic samples or monoscopic samples information represents the number of successive samples, the number of consecutive samples, and whether the current sample is stereoscopic or not.

#### 8.1.2 Syntax

}

```
aligned(8) class StereoscopicVideoMediaInformationBox extends
FullBox('svmi', version = 0, 0){
    // stereoscopic visual type information
    unsigned int(8) stereoscopic_composition_type;
    unsigned int(7) reserved = 0;
    unsigned int(1) is_left_first;
    // stereo_mono_change information
    unsigned int(32) stereo_mono_change_count;
    for(i=0; i<=stereo_mono_change_count; i++){
        unsigned int(32) sample_count;
        unsigned int(32) sample_count;
        unsigned int(32) sample_count;
        unsigned int(7) reserved = 0;
        unsigned int(1) stereo_flag;(standards.iteh.ai)
```

#### ISO/IEC 23000-11:2009/Amd 3:2014

8.1.3 Semantics https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/dc2ad14e-25e3-48b0-83a9-369712cff879/iso-iec-23000-11-2009-amd-3-2014

stereoscopic\_composition\_type - the type of stereoscopic contents that are specified in Table 4.

Value	Stereoscopic_composition_type		
0x00	Side-by-side (half) type		
0x01	Vertical line interleaved type		
0x02	Frame sequential type		
0x03	Left/Right view sequence type		
0x04	Top-Bottom (half) type		
0x05	Side-by-side (full) type		
0x06	Top-Bottom (full) type		
0x07-0xFF	Reserved		

#### Table 4 — Stereoscopic composition type

is\_left\_first - represents positions of left and right view sequence for 3D mobile devices as being specified in <u>Table 5</u>. When is\_left\_first is '1' and current stereoscopic video is composed of sideby-side type, left side and right side of the image means left view and right view, respectively. When is\_left\_first is '0', left side and right side means right view and left view, respectively. When is\_left\_first is '1' and current stereoscopic video is composed of vertical line interleaved type, odd line and even line of the image means left view, respectively. When is\_left\_first is '1' and current stereoscopic video is composed of vertical line interleaved type, odd line and even line means right view and left view, respectively. When is\_left\_first is '1' and current stereoscopic video is composed of frame sequential type, odd frame and even frame of the sequence means left view and right view, respectively. When is\_left\_first is '0', odd frame and even frame of the sequence means right view and left view, respectively. When is '1' and current stereoscopic video is composed of frame sequential type, odd frame and even frame of the sequence means left view and right view, respectively. When is left\_first is '1' and current stereoscopic video is composed of frame sequential type, other is '1' and current stereoscopic video is '1' and curren is composed of Left/Right view sequence type, primary view sequence and secondary view sequence means left view and right view, respectively. When is \_left\_first is '0', primary view sequence and secondary view sequence means right view and left view, respectively.

Turne	is_left_	_first = 1	is_left_first = 0	
туре	Left view	<b>Right view</b>	Left view	<b>Right view</b>
Side-by-side (half/full)	Left side	Right side	Right side	Left side
Vertical line interleaved	Odd line	Even line	Even line	Odd line
Frame sequential	Odd frame	Even frame	Even frame	Odd frame
Left/Right view sequence	Primary view sequence	Secondary view sequence	Secondary view sequence	Primary view sequence
Top-Bottom (half/full)	Top side	Bottom side	Bottom side	Top side

Table 5 — The positions of stereoscopic Left/Right view according to the is\_left\_first value

stereo\_mono\_change\_count — is an integer that gives the number of group of successive samples
when stereoscopic to/from monoscopic sample changes. If all samples are stereoscopic, stereo\_mono\_
change\_count is set to 0.

sample count - is an integer that counts the number of consecutive samples.

stereo\_flag - represents whether the current sample is stereoscopic or not. If this value is 1, then the current sample is stereoscopic, and if this value is 0, then the current sample is monoscopic.

In 8.5, replace whole clause with:

## (standards.iteh.ai)

### 8.2 Stereoscopic Camera and Display Information Box

8.2.1 Definition ISO/IEC 23000-11:2009/Amd 3:2014 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/dc2ad14e-25e3-48b0-83a9-

369712cff879/iso-iec-23000-11-2009-amd-3-2014

Box Type: 'scdi' 36 Container: Meta Box ('meta') Mandatory: No Quantity: Zero or one

The 'scdi' box, an optional box, provides primary information of the stereoscopic camera, display, and visual safety. Stereoscopic camera and display information specified in this box can be described for stereoscopic samples. Each sample including 'scdi' has a unique item\_ID which is an identifier to be referenced by other samples.

#### 8.2.2 Syntax

```
aligned(8) class StereoscopicCameraAndDisplayInformationBox extends
   FullBox('scdi', version = 0, 0){
   unsigned int (16) item count;
   for( i=0; i<item_count; i++ ) {</pre>
       unsigned int(\overline{16})
                                item ID;
                                reserved = 0;
       unsigned int(7)
       unsigned int(1)
                                is item ID ref;
       if(is_item_ID_ref){
          unsigned int(16) ref item ID;
       3
       else{
          // stereoscopic display information
          unsigned int(4) reserved = 0;
          unsigned int(3)
                                3D diplay type;
          unsigned int(1)
                              is display safety info;
          if(is_display_safety_info) {
              unsigend int(16) expected_display_width;
unsigend int(16) expected_display_height;
unsigend int(16) expected_viewing_distance;
```