

SLOVENSKI STANDARD**SIST EN 61327:1999****01-april-1999**

**Helical-scan digital composite video cassette recording system using 12,65 mm
(0,5 in) magnetic tape - Format D-3 (IEC 61327:1995)**

Helical-scan digital composite video cassette recording system using 12,65 mm (0,5 in)
magnetic tape - Format D-3

Videokassettensystem mit Schrägsputraufzeichnung digitaler Composite-Signale auf
Magnetband 12,65 mm (0,5 in) - D3 Format

Helical STANDARD PREVIEW

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Système de magnétoscope numérique à chrominance composite à cassette à balayage
hélicoïdal utilisant la bande magnétique de 12,65 mm (0,5 in) - Format D-3

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 61327:1995

ICS:

33.160.40

Video sistemi

Video systems

SIST EN 61327:1999**en**

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
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Descriptors: Recording apparatus, digital recording, magnetoscopes, magnetic tapes, cassettes for magnetic tape, characteristics, mechanical properties, dimensions, interfaces, signal processing, video signals, acoustic signals, recording track

English version

**Helical-scan digital composite video cassette recording system
using 12,65 mm (0,5 in) magnetic tape**
Format D-3
(IEC 1327:1995)

Système de magnétoscope numérique à chrominance composite à cassette à balayage hélicoïdal utilisant la bande magnétique de 12,65 mm (0,5 in)
Format D-3
(CEI 1327:1995)

Videokassettensystem mit Schrägsputraufzeichnung digitaler Composite-Signale auf Magnetband 12,65 mm (0,5 in)
D3-Format
(IEC 1327:1995)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 1995-09-20. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

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CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 60B/255/DIS, future edition 1 of IEC 1327, prepared by SC 60B, Video recording, of IEC TC 60, Recording, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61327 on 1995-09-20.

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

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(dop) 1996-07-01
(dow) 1996-07-01

Annexes designated "normative" are part of the body of the standard.

Annexes designated "informative" are given for information only.

In this standard, annexes A, B and ZA are normative and annex C is informative.

Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 1327:1995 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

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Annex ZA (normative)

**Normative references to international publications
with their corresponding European publications**

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE: When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 461	1986	Time and control code for video tape recorders	HD 507 S1	1988
IEC 735	1991	Measuring methods for video tape properties	EN 60735	1991
IEC 958	1989	Digital audio interface	EN 60958	1990
IEC 1179	1993	Helical-scan digital composite video cassette recording system using 19 mm magnetic tape, format D2 (NTSC, PAL, PAL-M)	EN 61179	1993
ITU-R Report 624-4	1990	Characteristics of television systems (Vol. X1-1)	-	-
ITU-R Recommendation 647-1	1990	A digital audio interface for broadcasting studios (Fascicle X-1)	-	-
ITU-T Recommendation J.17	1972	Pre-emphasis used on sound-programme circuits (Fascicle III.4)	-	-

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NORME INTERNATIONALE INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Première édition
First edition
1995-07

Système de magnétoscope numérique
à chrominance composite à cassette
à balayage hélicoïdal utilisant la bande
magnétique de 12,65 mm (0,5 in) –
Format D-3

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12,65 mm (0,5 in) magnetic tape –
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Commission Electrotechnique Internationale
International Electrotechnical Commission
Международная Электротехническая Комиссия

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**HELICAL-SCAN DIGITAL COMPOSITE VIDEO CASSETTE
RECORDING SYSTEM USING 12,65 mm (0,5 in)
MAGNETIC TAPE – FORMAT D-3**

FOREWORD

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international cooperation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of the IEC on technical matters, prepared by technical committees on which all the National Committees having a special interest therein are represented, express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the subjects dealt with.
- 3) They have the form of recommendations for international use published in the form of standards, technical reports or guides and they are accepted by the National Committees in that sense.
- 4) In order to promote international unification, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC International Standards transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional standards. Any divergence between the IEC Standard and the corresponding national or regional standard shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) The IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with one of its standards.

International Standard IEC 1327 has been prepared by sub-committee 60B: Video recording, of IEC technical committee 60: Recording.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

DIS	Report on voting
60B/255/DIS	60B/272/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

Annexes A and B form an integral part of this standard.

Annex C is for information only.

INTRODUCTION

One video channel and four independent audio channels are recorded in digital form. Each of these channels is designed to be capable of independent editing. The video channel records and reproduces a composite television signal in the 525-line system with a frame frequency of 29,97 Hz and 625-line system with a frame frequency of 25,00 Hz.

The video signal may be input and output in either analogue or digital form. The audio signals may also be input and output in either analogue or digital form. In addition, a cue audio signal is recorded in analogue form.

Figures 1 and 2 provide block diagrams of the processes involved in the recorder.

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HELICAL-SCAN DIGITAL COMPOSITE VIDEO CASSETTE RECORDING SYSTEM USING 12,65 mm (0,5 in) MAGNETIC TAPE – FORMAT D-3

1 General

1.1 Scope and object

This International Standard defines the electrical and mechanical characteristics of equipment which permits the interchangeability of 12,65 mm cassettes containing digitally recorded composite video programmes.

This standard specifies the content, format and recording method of the data blocks forming the helical records on the tape containing video, audio and associated data using the 12,65 mm (0,5 in) type D-3 cassettes. In addition, this standard specifies the content, format and recording method of the longitudinal record containing tracking information for the scanning head associated with the helical records, as well as the longitudinal cue audio and time and control code tracks. The requirements given relate to 525-line composite television signals with a frame frequency of 29,97 Hz nominal (hereinafter referred to as "525/60 system") and to 625-line composite television signals with a frame frequency of 25,00 Hz (hereinafter referred to as "625/50 system").

THE STANDARD IS REVIEWED
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1.2 Normative references

[SIST EN 61327:1999](#)

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All normative documents are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

IEC 461: 1986, *Time and control code for video tape recorders*

IEC 735: 1991, *Measuring method for video tape properties*

IEC 958: 1989, *Digital audio interface*

IEC 1179: 1993, *Helical-scan digital composite video cassette recording system using 19 mm magnetic tape, format D-2 (NTSC, PAL, PAL-M)*

ITU-R Report 624-4: 1990, *Characteristics of television systems*

ITU-R Recommendation 647-1: 1990, *A digital audio interface for broadcasting studios*

UIT-T Recommendation J.17: 1972, *Pre-emphasis used on sound-programme circuits (Fascicle III.4)*

1.3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

For the purpose of this International Standard, the following definitions apply.

1.3.1 ECL: Emitter coupled logic, a family of digital logic integrated circuits. In this standard, ECL refers to the 10 000 series of logic integrated circuits.

1.3.2 GF Galois field: Mathematical field containing a finite number of elements in which algebraic operations may be performed. The number of field elements is generally written as an argument in parentheses, e.g. GF(256).

1.3.3 LSB

- 1) Least significant bit of a word of data.
- 2) Least significant byte of a data item consisting of two or more bytes.

1.3.4 MSB **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**

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- 1) Most significant bit of data.
- 2) Most significant byte of data item consisting of two or more bytes.

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1.3.5 ScH: Colour subcarrier to horizontal sync timing relationship.

1.3.6 ECC: Error correcting code.

2 Technical data

2.1 Environment and test conditions

Tests and measurements made on the system to check the requirements of this standard shall be carried out under the following conditions.

- temperature: $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$;
- relative humidity: $(50 \pm 2)\%$;
- barometric pressure: $(96 \pm 10)\text{ kPa}$;
- tape tension: $(0,31 \pm 0,05)\text{ N}$; *
- tape conditioning: not less than 24 h.

* The value measured with a tension monitor on the entrance side of the scanner may vary between manufacturers, but would typically be $0,30\text{ N} \pm 0,03\text{ N}$.