



Standard Classification System for Nylon Injection and Extrusion Materials (PA)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 4066; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This classification system covers nylon materials suitable for injection molding and extrusion. Some of these compositions are also suitable for compression molding and application from solution.

1.2 The properties included in this classification system are those required to identify the compositions covered. There may be other requirements necessary to identify particular characteristics important to specialized applications. These may be specified by using the suffixes as given in Section 5.

1.3 This classification system and subsequent line call-out (specification) are intended to provide a means of calling out plastic materials used in the fabrication of end items or parts. It is not intended for the selection of materials. Material selection should be made by those having expertise in the plastic field after careful consideration of the design and the performance required of the part, the environment to which it will be exposed, the fabrication process to be employed, the costs involved, and the inherent properties of the material other than those covered by this classification system.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard.

1.5 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 11, of this classification system. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

NOTE 1—This classification system is similar to ISO 1874-1/2 1993, although the technical content is significantly different.

NOTE 2—This classification system is being revised to include international 4-mm specimens and test procedures as the standard for compliance. The 3.2-mm specimens; test methods; and Tables PA, A, and B are included in Appendix X3 as a reference for those wishing to use them. It is recommended that the material manufacturer be consulted on all call-outs against this classification system.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

- D 149 Test Method for Dielectric Breakdown Voltage and Dielectric Strength of Solid Electrical Insulating Materials at Commercial Power Frequencies
- D 150 Test Methods for ~~A-CAC~~ Loss Characteristics and Permittivity (Dielectric Constant) of Solid Electrical Insulating Materials² Insulation
- D 256 Test Methods for Determining the Izod Pendulum Impact Resistance of Plastics
- D 257 Test Methods for ~~D-CDC~~ Resistance or Conductance of Insulating Materials
- D 618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials for Testing
- D 638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics
- D 648 Test Method for Deflection Temperature of Plastics Under Flexural Load in the Edgewise Position
- D 789 Test Methods for Determination of ~~Relative Viscosity, Melting Point, and Moisture Content~~ Solution Viscosities of Polyamide (PA)
- D 790 Test Methods for Flexural Properties of Unreinforced and Reinforced Plastics and Electrical Insulating Materials
- D 792 Test Methods for Density and Specific Gravity (Relative Density) of Plastics by Displacement
- D 883 Terminology Relating to Plastics
- D 1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics³

¹ This classification system is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D20 on Plastics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D20.15 on Thermoplastic Materials (Section D20.15.09).

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 10.01, volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

D1898 Practice for Sampling of Plastics³

D1999 Guide for Selection of Specimens and Test Parameters for International Commerce³

D3418 Test Method for Transition Temperatures of Polymers by Thermal Analysis Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics

D 3418 Test Method for Transition Temperatures and Enthalpies of Fusion and Crystallization of Polymers by Differential Scanning Calorimetry

D 3641 Practice for Injection Molding Test Specimens of Thermoplastic Molding and Extrusion Materials

D 3892 Practice for Packaging/Packing of Plastics

D 4000 Classification System for Specifying Plastic Materials

D 5630 Test Method for Ash Content in Thermoplastics Plastics

D 6260 Test Method for Gravimetric Determination of Carbon Black in Nylon Materials PA⁶-(PA)

E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

2.2 *Military and Federal Specifications and Standards:*³

L-P-410 Plastic, Polyamide (Nylon) Rigid: Rods, Tubes, Flats, Molded and Cast Parts

VV-I-530 Insulating Oil, Electrical (for Transformers, Switches, and Circuit Breakers)

2.3 *ISO Standards:*⁴

ISO 75-1:1993 Plastics—Determination of Temperature of Deflection Under Load—Part 1: General Test Methods

ISO 75-2:1993 Plastics—Determination of Temperature of Deflection Under Load—Part 2: Plastic and Ebonite

ISO 178:1993 Plastics—Determination of Flexural Properties

ISO 180:1993 Plastics—Determination of Izod Impact Strength

ISO/DIS 294-1:1995 Plastics—Injection Moulding of Test Specimens of Thermoplastic Materials—Part 1: General Principles, Multipurpose-Test Specimens (ISO Mould Type A) and Bars (ISO Mould Type B)

ISO 307 Determination of Viscosity Number of Polyamides In Dilute Solutions

ISO 527-1:1993 Plastics—Determination of Tensile Properties—Part 1: General Principles

ISO 527-2:1993 Plastics—Determination of Tensile Properties—Part 2: Testing Conditions

ISO 960:1969 Plastics—Determination of the Water Content in Polyamides

ISO 1183:1987 Plastics—Methods for Determining the Density and Relative Density of Non-Cellular Plastics

ISO 1874-1:1992 Plastics—Polyamide (PA) Homopolymers and Copolymers for Moulding and Extrusion Part 1: Designation

ISO/DIS 1874-2.2:1995 Plastics—Polyamide (PA) Homopolymers for Moulding and Extrusion—Part 2: Preparation of Test Specimens and Determination of Properties

ISO 3146: Plastics—Determination of Melting Behaviour (Melting Temperature or Melting Range) of Semi-Crystalline Polymers

ISO 3167 Plastics, Multipurpose Test Specimens

ISO 3451-4:1994 Plastics—Determination of Ash—Part 4: Polyamides

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c97da5bd-e691-4e43-b5c8-65e650cc6978/astm-d4066-01a2008>

3. Terminology

3.1 The terminology used in this classification system is in accordance with Terminologies D 883 and D 1600.

4. Classification

4.1 Nylon materials are classified into groups according to their composition. These groups are subdivided into classes and grades as shown in the Basic Property Table (Table PA).

NOTE 3—An example of this classification system for unreinforced nylon is given as follows: The designation PA0123 indicates the following:

PA = polyamide (nylon) as found in Terminology D 1600,

01 (group) = 66 nylon,

2 (class) = heat stabilized, and

3 (grade) = with a minimum viscosity number of 210 and the requirements given in Table PA.

NOTE 4—An example of this classification system for reinforced nylon is given as follows: The designation PA012G35 indicates the following:

PA = polyamide (nylon) as found in Terminology D 1600,

01 (group) = 66 nylon,

2 (class) = heat stabilized, and

G35 (grade) = nominal 35 % glass with the requirements given in Table PA.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.01.

³ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098, <http://www.dodssp.daps.mil>.

⁴ Discontinued; see 1997 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.01.

⁴ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.

4.1.1 Grades of reinforced or filled versions, or both, of the basic materials are identified by a single letter that indicates the reinforcement or filler used and two digits, in multiples of 5, that indicate the nominal quantity in percent by weight. Thus, a letter designation G for glass reinforced and 35 for percent or reinforcement, G35, specifies a material with a nominal glass level of 35 %. The reinforcement letter designations and associated tolerance levels are shown as follows:

Symbol	Material	Tolerance (Based on the Total Mass)
C	carbon- and graphite-fiber-reinforced	±2 %
G	glass-reinforced	±2 %
L	lubricants (such as PTFE, graphite, silicone, and molybdenum disulfide)	Depends upon material and process—to be specified.
M	mineral-reinforced	±2 %
R	combinations of reinforcements or fillers, or both	±3 %

NOTE 5—This part of the classification system uses percent of reinforcements or additives, or both, in the call-out of the modified basic material. The types and percentages of reinforcements and additives should be shown on the supplier's technical data sheet unless they are proprietary in nature. If necessary, additional control of these reinforcements and additives can be accomplished by use of the suffix part of the system (see Section 5).

NOTE 6—Materials containing reinforcements or fillers, or both, at nominal levels not in multiples of 5 are included in the nearest PA grade designation. For example, a material with a nominal material level of 28 % is included with Grade M30.

NOTE 7—An example of this classification system for a 33 % glass-reinforced nylon is given as follows. The designation PA011G35 indicates the following:

PA = polyamide (nylon) as found in Terminology D 1600,

01 (group) = 66 nylon,

1 (class) = general purpose, and

G35 (grade) = with requirements given in Table PA.

NOTE 8—Ash content of filled or reinforced materials may be determined using Test Method D 5630.

TABLE PA Requirements for Nylons Dry-as-Molded^{A,B}

Group	Description	Class	Description	Grade	Description ^C	Viscosity Number, ISO 307, min, mL/g	Density, ISO 1183, g/cm ³	Tensile Strength, ^D ISO 527-1 and ISO 527-2, min, MPa	Flexural Modulus, ISO 178, min, MPa	Izod Impact Resistance; ISO 180/1A, Izod Impact Resistance, ISO 180/1A, min, kJ/m ²	Deflection Temperature at 1.82 MPa, ^E ISO 75-1 and ISO 75-2 min, °C
01	66 Nylon	1	General-purpose	1		135	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.3	60
		2		2		165	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.3	60
		3		3		210	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.3	60
		4		4		270	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.3	60
		5	recycled	5	G15 15 % glass	115	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.3	60
		6	recycled	6	G20 20 % glass	135	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.3	60
		0	other	0	G25 25 % glass	...	1.20–1.26	100	4 000	3.0	215
					G30 30 % glass	...	1.25–1.33	115	5 000	4.0	220
					G35 35 % glass	...	1.29–1.37	140	6 000	5.0	225
					G40 40 % glass	...	1.35–1.45	170	8 000	7.0	235
					G45 45 % glass	...	1.42–1.52	175	9 000	8.0	235
					M40 40 % mineral	...	1.45–1.55	180	10 000	9.0	240
									5 000	2.0	150
		2	Heat-stabilized	1		135	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.0	60
		2		2		165	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.0	60
		3		3		210	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.0	60
		4		4		270	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.0	60
		5	recycled	5	G15 15 % glass	115	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.0	60
		6	recycled	6	G25 25 % glass	135	1.13–1.15	70	2 300	3.0	60
		0	other	0	G30 30 % glass	...	1.20–1.26	100	4 000	3.0	220
					G35 35 % glass	...	1.29–1.37	140	6 000	5.0	225
					G40 40 % glass	...	1.32–1.42	160	7 000	6.0	230
					G45 45 % glass	...	1.35–1.45	170	8 000	7.0	235
					M40 40 % mineral	...	1.43–1.53	175	9 000	8.0	235
					R20 20 % filler	...	1.45–1.55	180	10 000	9.0	240
					R40 40 % filler	...	1.23–1.31	80	5 000	2.0	150
									3 200	1.5	...
									5 500	2.5	200
		3	Nucleated	1		135	1.13–1.15	80	2 500	2.8	60
		2		2		165	1.13–1.15	80	2 500	2.8	60
		3		3		210	1.13–1.15	80	2 500	2.8	60
		4		4		270	1.13–1.15	80	2 500	2.8	60
		5	recycled	5	G15 15 % glass	115	1.13–1.15	80	2 500	2.8	60
		6	recycled	6	G20 20 % glass	135	1.13–1.15	80	2 500	2.8	60



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Group	Description	Class	Description	Grade	Description ^C	Viscosity Number, ISO 307, min, mL/g	Density, ISO 1183, g/cm ³	Tensile Strength, ^D ISO 527-1 and ISO 527-2, min, MPa	Flexural Modulus, ISO 178, Flexural Modulus, ISO 178, min, MPa	Izod Impact Resistance, ISO 180/1A; Izod Impact Resistance, ISO 180/1A, min, kJ/m ²	Deflection Temperature at 1.82 MPa, ^E ISO 75-1 and ISO 75-2 min, °C	
					0 other							
4	Nucleated, heat-stabilized			1								
				2								
				3								
				4								
				0 other								
5	Impact-modified			1		...	1.06–1.12	52	1 700	9.0	50	
				2 recycled		...	1.06–1.12	50	1 600	8.0	50	
				0 other								
				G15 15 % glass		...	1.15–1.23	85	3 000	6.0	210	
				G35 35 % glass		...	1.31–1.41	110	5 500	6.0	225	
6	Impact-modified, heat-stabilized			1		...	1.08–1.12	52	1 700	9.0	50	
				2 recycled		...	1.08–1.12	50	1 600	8.0	50	
				0 other								
				G15 15 % glass		...	1.15–1.23	85	3 000	6.0	210	
				G35 35 % glass		...	1.31–1.41	110	5 500	6.0	225	
				M40 40 % mineral		...	1.45–1.55	75	4 500	4.0	...	
				R35 35 % filler		...	1.38–1.48	80	5 500	3.0	200	
7	Toughened			1		...	1.06–1.10	42	1 500	40	45	
				2 recycled		...	1.05–1.11	40	1 300	35	45	
				0 other								
				G15 15 % glass		...	1.15–1.23	70	2 800	9.0	180	
				G35 35 % glass		...	1.28–1.38	110	5 500	11	220	
8	Toughened, heat-stabilized			1		...	1.06–1.10	42	1 500	40	45	
				2 recycled		...	1.05–1.11	40	1 300	35	45	
				0 other								
				G15 15 % glass		...	1.15–1.23	70	2 800	9.0	180	
				G35 35 % glass		...	1.28–1.38	110	5 500	11	220	
				G45 45 % glass		...	1.39–1.49	130	8 000	10	230	
				M35 35 % mineral		...	1.37–1.47	70	3 800	6.0	...	
9	Weather-stabilized ^F			1		135	1.13–1.17	80	2 400	2.5	60	
				2 recycled		115	1.13–1.17	65	2 200	2.0	60	
				0 other								
				0 Other		0 other						
02	6 Nylon	+	General-purpose	+		135	1.12–1.14	75	2 400	–4	–50	
02	6 Nylon	1	General-purpose	1		100	1.12–1.14	75	2 400	4	50	
		2		2		175	1.12–1.14	70	2 200	–3	–50	
		3		3		135	1.12–1.14	70	2 200	3	50	
		4		4		200	1.12–1.15	70	2 200	–3	–50	
		4		4		150	1.12–1.15	70	2 200	3	50	
		0	other	0		230	1.12–1.15	70	2 200	–3	–50	
				G15 15 % glass		1.20–1.28	110	4 500	–4.5	170		
				G15 15 % glass		1.20–1.28	110	4 200	4	170		
				G25 25 % glass		1.28–1.36	140	6 500	–6.5	180		
				G25 25 % glass		1.28–1.36	135	5 000	6.5	180		
				G30 30 % glass		1.32–1.40	150	7 000	7.5	180		
				G35 35 % glass		1.38–1.44	155	7 500	8	180		
				G00 other								
				M30 30 % mineral		1.30–1.40	70	3 200	–2.4	–50R40		
				M30 30 % mineral		1.30–1.40	70	3 200	2.4	50		
				M40 40 % mineral		1.44–1.52	75	4 500	–4	–70		
				M40 40 % mineral		1.44–1.52	75	4 500	4	70		
				M00 other								
				R40 40 % glass/mineral		1.42–1.50	100	6 000	3	180		
				R00 other								
2	Heat stabilized	+		+		135	1.12–1.14	75	2 400	–4	–50	

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2	Heat-Stabilized	1		100	1.12–1.14	75	2 400	4	50			
		2		175	1.12–1.14	70	2 200	3	50			
		2		135	1.12–1.14	70	2 200	3	50			
		3		200	1.12–1.15	70	2 200	3	50			
		3		150	1.12–1.15	70	2 200	3	50			
		4		230	1.12–1.15	70	2 200	3	50			
		4		200	1.12–1.15	70	2 200	3	50			
		7	recycled	135	1.12–1.14	70	2 000	3	50			
		0	other	135	1.12–1.14	70	2 000	3	50			
		G5	5 % glass		1.16–1.22	85	2 500	2.5	110			
		G15	15 % glass		1.20–1.28	110	4 500	4.5	180			
		G15	15 % glass		1.20–1.28	110	4 200	4	180			
		G25	25 % glass		1.28–1.36	140	6 500	6.5	190			
		G25	25 % glass		1.28–1.36	135	5 000	6.5	190			
		G30	30 % glass		1.32–1.40	150	7 000	7.5	190			
		G35	35 % glass		1.38–1.44	155	7 500	8	190			
		G35	35 % glass		1.36–1.44	155	7 500	8	190			
		G45	45 % glass		1.46–1.54	175	10 000	10	190			
		G50	50 % glass		1.52–1.60	175	10 000	10	190			
		G65	65 % glass		1.70–1.78	175	13 000	10	200			
		G00	other									
		M30	30 % mineral		1.30–1.40	70	3 200	2.4	50			
		M35	35 % mineral		1.39–1.47	70	3 500	3	60			
		M40	40 % mineral		1.44–1.52	75	4 500	4.5	70	R40		
		M40	40 % mineral		1.44–1.52	75	4 500	4	70			
		M00	ether									
40 % glass/mineral		M00	other									
		R20	20 % glass/mineral		1.25–1.33	80	3 200	2.5	120			
		R40	40 % glass/mineral		1.42–1.50	100	6 000	3100	180			
		R40	40 % glass/mineral		1.42–1.50	100	6 000	3	180			
		R00	other									
(http://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview												
ASTM D4066-01a(2008)												
3	Nucleated and lubricated	+		135	1.12–1.14	70	2 300	2.5	50			
3	Nucleated	1		100	1.12–1.14	70	2 300	2.5	50			
		2		175	1.12–1.14	70	2 300	2.5	50			
		2		135	1.12–1.14	70	2 300	2.5	50			
		3		200	1.12–1.15	75	2 300	2.5	50			
		3		150	1.12–1.15	75	2 300	2.5	50			
		4		230	1.12–1.15	80	2 300	2.5	50			
		4		200	1.12–1.15	80	2 300	2.5	50			
		0	other	135	1.12–1.14	70	2 300	2.5	50			
4	Nucleated and heat-stabilized	+		135						100	1.122	1300
4	Nucleated and Heat-Stabilized	1		135						100	1.122	1300
		2		175	1.12–1.14	70	2 300	2.5	55			
		2		135	1.12–1.14	70	2 300	2.5	50			
		3		200	1.12–1.15	75	2 300	2.5	55			
		3		150	1.12–1.15	75	2 300	2.5	50			
		4		230	1.12–1.15	80	2 300	2.5	55			
		4		200	1.12–1.15	80	2 300	2.5	50			
		7	recycled	200	1.12–1.15	80	2 300	2.5	50			
		0	other	135	1.12–1.14	70	2 100	2.5	50			
5	Impact-modified	+			1.05–1.12	45	1 700	30	45			
5	Impact-Modified	1			1.05–1.12	45	1 700	30	45			
		2			1.05–1.18	60	2 000	6	50			
		2			1.05–1.18	55	2 000	6	45			
		3			1.05–1.18	60	2 000	6	50			
		3			1.05–1.18	40	1 000	6	35			
		0	ether									
		0	other									
30 % glass	1.32–1.40			G15	15 % glass	1.15–1.24	75	3 300	9	130		

TABLE PA Requirements for Nylons Dry-as-Molded^{A,B}

Group	Description	Class	Description	Grade	Description ^C	Viscosity Number, ISO 307, min, mL/g	Density, ISO 1183, g/cm ³	Tensile Strength, ^D ISO 527-1 and ISO 527-2, min, MPa	Flexural Modulus, ISO 178, Flexural Modulus, ISO 178, min, MPa	Izod Impact Resistance, ISO 180/1A, Izod Impact Resistance, ISO 180/1A, min, kJ/m ²	Deflection Temperature at 1.82 MPa, ^E ISO 75-1 and ISO 75-2 min, °C	
					G15	15 % glass		1.15–1.24	75	3 300	9	130
					G30	30 % glass	1.30–1.40	135	6 500	15	180	
					G35	35 % glass	1.32–1.42	135	6 800	15	190	
					G40	40 % glass	1.39–1.47	135	8 000	10	200	
					G00	other						
		6	Impact-modified, heat-stabilized	+		1.05–1.12	—45	1 700	—30	—45		
		6	Impact-Modified, Heat-Stabilized	1		1.05–1.12	—45	1 700	—30	—45		
				2		1.05–1.18	—60	2 000	—6	—50		
				2		1.05–1.18	55	2 000	—6	45		
				3		1.05–1.18	—60	2 000	—6	—50		
				3		1.05–1.18	40	1 000	—6	35		
				4		1.05–1.18	25	1 000	30	30		
				0 ether								
				0 other								
		30 % glass	1.32–1.40	G15	15 % glass		1.15–1.24	75	3 300	9	130	
			1.32–1.40	G15	15 % glass		1.15–1.24	75	3 300	9	130	
				G30	30 % glass	1.30–1.40	135	6 500	15	180		
				G35	35 % glass	1.32–1.42	135	6 800	10	190		
				G40	40 % glass	1.39–1.47	135	8 000	10	200		
				G00	other							
				M35	35 % mineral	1.35–1.45	65	3 200	3	50		
				M40	40 % mineral	1.37–1.47	65	3 200	3	50		
				M00	other							
		8	Flexural-modified, heat-stabilized	2	injection molding	1.05–1.16	—55	2 375max	—10	—45		
		8	Flexurally-Modified, Heat-Stabilized	2	injection molding	1.05–1.16	—55	2 375max	—10	—45		
				3	extrusion	1.05–1.16	—30	2 000max	—70	—25		
				3	extrusion	1.05–1.16	30	2 000max	7	25		
				4	blends	1.05–1.10	35	1 700max	4.5	35		
				0 other								
		0	Other	0	other							
03 ^G	11 Nylon	1	General purpose	1		221	1.03–1.06					
				2		234	1.03–1.06	45	1000	4.0	35	
				3		252	1.03–1.06					
				4		291	1.03–1.06					
				5 hydrolysis-resistant			1.03–1.06					
				0 other								
		2	Heat-stabilized	1		234	1.03–1.06					
				2		252	1.03–1.06	45	900	2.0	35	
				3		291	1.03–1.06					
				4 hydrolysis-resistant			1.03–1.06					
				0 other								
			Highly plasticized	1			1.03–1.06					
				2			1.03–1.06					
				3			1.03–1.06					
				4			1.03–1.06					
				0 other								
		4	Highly plasticized, heat stabilized	1			1.03–1.06					
				2			1.03–1.06					
				3			1.03–1.06					
				4			1.03–1.06					
				0 other								
		5	Moderately plasticized	1			1.03–1.06					
				2			1.03–1.06					
				3			1.03–1.06					
				4			1.03–1.06					
				5			1.03–1.06					



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TABLE PA Requirements for Nylons Dry-as-Molded^{A,B}

Group	Description	Class	Description	Grade	Description ^C	Viscosity Number, ISO 307, min, mL/g	Density, ISO 1183, g/cm ³	Tensile Strength, ^D ISO 527-1 and ISO 527-2, min, MPa	Flexural Modulus, ISO 178, Flexural Modulus, ISO 178, min, MPa	Izod Impact Resistance; ISO 180/1A; Izod Impact Resistance, ISO 180/1A, min, kJ/m ²	Deflection Temperature at 1.82 MPa, ^E ISO 75-1 and ISO 75-2 min, °C	
					0 other							
6	Moderately plasticized, heat-stabilized			1				1.03–1.06				
				2				1.03–1.06				
				3				1.03–1.06				
				4				1.03–1.06				
				5				1.03–1.06				
				0 other								
04	12 Nylon		General purpose	1		100–210	1.00–1.06	30	800	2.5	35	
				2		100–210	1.00–1.06	35	1 000	2.5	35	
				3		211–270	1.00–1.06	35	1 000	2.5	35	
				4		271–340	1.00–1.06	35	1 000	2.5	35	
				0 other								
	2	Heat-stabilized		1		100–150	1.00–1.06	35	800	2.5	35	
				2		151–210	1.00–1.06	35	800	2.5	35	
				3		211–280	1.00–1.06	35	1 000	2.5	35	
				0 other								
	G15	15 % glass					1.10–1.20	75	3 000	10	160	
	G25	25 % glass					1.10–1.25	90	3 000	15	160	
	G30	30 % glass					1.15–1.30	95	4 000	15	160	
	G40	40 % glass					1.30–1.45	100	4 500	15	160	
	R30	30 % filler					1.22–1.28	55	3 500	5.0	100	
	3	Nucleated		1		100–180	1.00–1.06	35	800	1.0	35	
				2		181–250	1.00–1.06	35	800	1.0	35	
				0 other								
	4	Plasticized		1		100–280	1.00–1.06	30	300–550	15	...	
				2		100–280	1.00–1.06	30	450–750	10	...	
				0 other								
	5	Plasticized, heat-stabilized		1		100–280	1.00–1.06	20	200–350	20	...	
				2		100–280	1.00–1.06	30	300–550	15	...	
				3		100–280	1.00–1.06	30	450–750	10	...	
				0 other								
05	69 Nylon	1	General purpose	1				1.07–1.09				
				2				1.07–1.09				
				3				1.07–1.09				
				0 other								
	2	Heat-stabilized		1				1.07–1.09				
				2				1.07–1.09				
				3				1.07–1.09				
				0 other								
	0	Other		0 other								
06	612 Nylon	1	General purpose	1		100–139	1.05–1.07	50	1 800	2.0	45	
				2		140–199	1.05–1.07	50	1 800	2.5	45	
				3		200	1.05–1.07	50	1 800	3.0	45	
				0 other								
	G35	35 % glass				...	1.28–1.38	140	7 000	9.0	175	
	G45	45 % glass				...	1.38–1.48	150	8 500	11	180	
	2	Heat-stabilized		1		140	1.05–1.07	50	1 800	2.0	45	
				0 other								
	G30	30 % glass				...	1.25–1.33	120	5 500	5.0	170	
	G35	35 % glass				...	1.28–1.38	140	7 000	9.0	175	
	3	Weather-stabilized ^F		1		140	1.05–1.07	50	1 800	1.5	45	
				0 other								
07	610 Nylon	1	General purpose	1				1.05–1.09				
				2				1.05–1.09				



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TABLE PA Requirements for Nylons Dry-as-Molded^{A,B}

Group	Description	Class	Description	Grade	Description ^C	Viscosity Number, ISO 307, min, mL/g	Density, ISO 1183, g/cm ³	Tensile Strength, ^D ISO 527-1 and ISO 527-2, min, MPa	Flexural Modulus, ISO 178, Flexural Modulus, ISO 178, min, MPa	Izod Impact Resistance, ISO 180/1A; Izod Impact Resistance, ISO 180/1A, min, kJ/m ²	Deflection Temperature at 1.82 MPa, ^E ISO 75-1 and ISO 75-2 min, °C					
					3 0 other			1.05–1.09								
		2	Heat-stabilized		1 2 0 other			1.05–1.09 1.05–1.09								
		0	Other		0 other											
08	Special	1	n-alkoxy-alkyl 6:6		1 0 other			1.09–1.12								
09	46 Nylon	0 1	Other General-purpose		0 other 1 2 3 0 other		170 195	1.16–1.20 1.16–1.20	85 85	2 300 2 300	6.0 6.0	140 140				
		2	Heat-stabilized		1 2 3 0 other G15 15 % glass G30 30 % glass G40 40 % glass G50 50 % glass R50 50 % filler		165 195	1.16–1.20 1.16–1.20	85 85	2 300 2 300	6.0 6.0	140 140				
		3	Flame-retardant, ^G heat-stabilized		1 2 0 other G15 15 % glass G30 30 % glass G40 40 % glass G45 45 % glass		...	1.25–1.31 1.38–1.42 1.48–1.53 1.58–1.63 1.60–1.67	125 175 195 210 140	5 000 8 000 10 000 12 000 9 000	3.6 7.5 10.0 12.0 4.0	240 280 280 280 280				
		4	Impact-modified, heat-stabilized		1 2 0 other		...	1.32–1.36 1.08–1.12	45 40	2 250 1 500	4.0 5.0	140 70				
		5	Wear-resistant heat-stabilized		1 2 0 other		...	1.16–1.20	75	2 200	3.0	140				
		0	Other		0 other											
10	6T/MPMDT nylon	1	General-purpose		0 other											
		2	Heat-stabilized		G35 35 % glass G45 45 % glass		...	1.42–1.52 1.53–1.63	200 210	10 000 12 000	8.0 8.0	250 250				
		0	Other		0 other											
11	66 nylon copolymers + blends	1	66/6		G15 15 % glass		...	1.20–1.26	90	3 500	3.0	180				
			General-purpose		G35 35 % glass G45 45 % glass		...	1.35–1.45 1.45–1.55	160 180	7 500 8 500	8.0 10	190 200				
		2	66/6 Heat-stabilized		G15 15 % glass G25 25 % glass G35 35 % glass G45 45 % glass M20 20 % mineral M30 30 % mineral M40 40 % mineral		...	1.20–1.26 1.29–1.37 1.35–1.45 1.45–1.55 1.25–1.33 1.35–1.45 1.45–1.55	90 115 160 180 70 75 75	3 500 4 500 7 500 8 500 3 000 4 000 4 000	3.0 6.5 8.0 10 4.0 3.0 3.0	180 190 190 200				
		3	66 + 6 General purpose		G15 15 % glass G35 35 % glass G45 45 % glass		...	1.20–1.26 1.35–1.45 1.45–1.55	100 170 190	4 000 8 000 10 000	3.0 9.0 10	200 210 220				

TABLE PA Requirements for Nylons Dry-as-Molded^{A,B}

Group	Description	Class	Description	Grade	Description ^C	Viscosity Number, ISO 307, min, mL/g	Density, ISO 1183, g/cm ³	Tensile Strength, ^D ISO 527-1 and ISO 527-2, min, MPa	Flexural Modulus, ^D ISO 178, min, MPa	Flexural Modulus, ^D ISO 178, min, MPa	Izod Impact Resistance, ISO 180/1A, min, kJ/m ²	Izod Impact Resistance, ISO 180/1A, min, kJ/m ²	Deflection Temperature at 1.82 MPa, ^E ISO 75-1 and ISO 75-2 min, °C
		4	66 + 6 Heat-stabilized	M20	20 % mineral	...	1.25–1.33	70	3 000	3.0
				M40	40 % mineral	...	1.45–1.55	75	4 500	3.0
		0	Other	0	other								
12	6 nylon co-polymer + blends	1	6 + polypropylene blend	1		...	1.00–1.05	50	2 000	7.0	50		
				0	other								
				Heat-stabilized	G35	35 % glass	...	1.23–1.33	150	8 500	9.0	200	
					R35	35 % filler	...	1.28–1.38	53	6 000	2.0	135	
		0	Other	0	other								
13	6T/66 nylon	1	General-purpose	0	other								
		2	Heat-stabilized	G35	0 other	...	1.41–1.51	175	9 000	6.0	270		
14	PA MXD6 + filters	1	General Purpose	G50	50 % glass	...	1.64–1.66	255	18 000	10	230		
				G60	60 % glass	...	1.76–1.78	280	21 000	8	230		
		0	Other	0	other								
00	Other	0	Other	0	other								

^AData on 4-mm test specimens may be limited, and the minimum values may be changed in a later revision after a statistical data base of sufficient size is generated.

^BRefer to 9.1 for source of test pieces.

^CNo descriptions are listed unless needed to describe a special grade under the class. All other grades are listed by requirements.

^DCrosshead speed shall be 50 mm/min ± 10 % unless the specimen exhibits brittle failure (no yield point) and strain at break of <10 % in which case crosshead speed shall be 5 mm/min ± 25 %.

^EDeflection temperature shall be determined with the specimen in the flatwise position (Method A₁).

^FWeatherable nylon typically contains 1.90 to 2.25 % carbon black as determined in accordance with methods found in Test Method D 6260. It is possible that materials incorporating other pigments or soluble stabilizers, or both may prove adequate for particular applications.

^GRelative Viscosities for Group 03 were generated from a correlation with Test Method D 789, utilizing an Ubbelohde viscometer, and m-Cresol as the solvent. Refer to Table X3.1, Note B for more specific information.

4.2 Variations of nylon materials that are not in Table PA are classified in accordance with Tables PA and A or B. Table PA is used to specify the group of nylon and Table A or B is used to specify property requirements.

4.2.1 Specific requirements for variations of nylon materials shall be shown by a six-character designator. The designation will consist of the letter "A" or "B" and the five digits comprising the cell numbers for the property requirements in the order as they appear in Tables A and B.

4.2.1.1 Although the values listed are necessary to include the range of properties available in existing material, users should not infer that every possible combination of the properties exists or can be obtained.

4.2.2 When the grade of the basic material is not known or is not important, the use of "0" grade classification shall be used for reinforced materials in this classification system.

NOTE 9—An example of this classification system for a reinforced nylon material is given as follows. The designation PA0110G30A22450 would indicate the following material requirements:

PA0110 = 66 nylon, from Table PA,
 G30 = glass reinforced at 30 % nominal,
 A = Table A property requirements,
 2 = 70-MPa tensile strength, min,
 2 = 4 500-MPa flexural modulus, min,
 4 = 10.0-kJ/m² Izod impact, min,
 5 = 160°C deflection temperature at 1.82 MPa, min, and
 0 = unspecified.

If no properties are specified, the designation would be PA0110G30A00000.

NOTE 10—When a grade of polyamide is not fully identified by a standard callout, it is possible to specify all table properties by the use of an addition of Classification D 4000 suffixes. Suffix values will override the PA table values.

An example of an unreinforced nylon material is given as follows: PA0212UM023. This example is a general purpose, low viscosity nylon 6 material where U denotes flexural modulus. M denotes ISO 178as the test method, and 023 denotes a value of 2300 MPa. This value for flexural modulus overrides the normal table value.

This example can be applied to replace all table values, that is, tensile stress, notched Izod impact, and heat deflection temperature.

4.3 To facilitate the specification of special materials where the basic property table does not reflect the properties required,

Table B has been incorporated into this classification system. This table will be used in a manner similar to Table A.

NOTE 11—Pigmented or colored nylons can differ significantly from the natural polymers in mechanical properties depending on the choice of colorants and concentrations. The main property affected is ductility, as illustrated by a reduction in Izod impact and elongation values. In a typical white pigmented nylon, elongation losses of up to 50 % and Izod impact losses of up to 30 % are common. If specific properties of pigmented materials are necessary, Table B may be employed to specify property requirements.

NOTE 12—An example of a special material using this classification system is as follows: The designation PA0220B54220 would indicate the following material requirements from Table B:

PA0220 = 6 nylon, heat stabilized, from Table PA,
B = Table B property requirements,
5 = 70-MPa tensile strength, min,
4 = 2400-MPa flexural modulus, min,
2 = 4.0-kJ/m² Izod impact, min,
2 = 55°C deflection temperature at 1.82 MPa, min, and
0 = unspecified.

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