

Draft **ETSI EN 300 468** V1.17.1 (2022-07)



**Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB);
Specification for Service Information (SI) in DVB systems**
(standards.iteh.ai)

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EBU DVB[®]

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Foreword

This draft European Standard (EN) has been produced by Joint Technical Committee (JTC) Broadcast of the European Broadcasting Union (EBU), Comité Européen de Normalisation ELECTrotechnique (CENELEC) and the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI standards EN Approval Procedure.

NOTE: The EBU/ETSI JTC Broadcast was established in 1990 to co-ordinate the drafting of standards in the specific field of broadcasting and related fields. Since 1995 the JTC Broadcast became a tripartite body by including in the Memorandum of Understanding also CENELEC, which is responsible for the standardization of radio and television receivers. The EBU is a professional association of broadcasting organizations whose work includes the co-ordination of its members' activities in the technical, legal, programme-making and programme-exchange domains. The EBU has active members in about 60 countries in the European broadcasting area; its headquarters is in Geneva.

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The DVB Project is an industry-led consortium of broadcasters, manufacturers, network operators, software developers, regulators and others from around the world committed to designing open, interoperable technical specifications for the global delivery of digital media and broadcast services. DVB specifications cover all aspects of digital television from transmission through interfacing, conditional access and interactivity for digital video, audio and data. The consortium came together in 1993.

Proposed national transposition dates	
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	3 months after ETSI publication
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	6 months after doa
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Modal verbs terminology

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1 Scope

The present document specifies the Service Information (SI) data which forms a part of Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) bitstreams, in order that the user can be provided with information to assist in selection of services and/or events within the bitstream, and so that the Integrated Receiver Decoder (IRD) can automatically configure itself for the selected service. SI data for automatic configuration is mostly specified within ISO/IEC 13818-1 [1] as Program Specific Information (PSI).

The present document specifies additional data which complements the PSI by providing data to aid automatic tuning of IRDs, and additional information intended for display to the user. The manner of presentation of the information is not specified in the present document, and IRD manufacturers have freedom to choose appropriate presentation methods.

It is expected that Electronic Programme Guide (EPG) will be a feature of Digital TeleVision (TV) transmissions.

The definition of an EPG is outside the scope of the present document (i.e. the SI specification), but the data contained within the SI specified in the present document may be used as the basis for an EPG.

Rules of operation for the implementation of the present document are specified in ETSI TS 101 211 [i.1].

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/>.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ISO/IEC 13818-1: "Information technology - Generic coding of moving pictures and associated audio information - Part 1: Systems".
- [2] ETSI EN 300 743: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Subtitling systems".
- [3] ETSI EN 301 192: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); DVB specification for data broadcasting".
- [4] ETSI EN 301 210: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Framing structure, channel coding and modulation for Digital Satellite News Gathering (DSNG) and other contribution applications by satellite".
- [5] ETSI EN 301 775: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Specification for the carriage of Vertical Blanking Information (VBI) data in DVB bitstreams".
- [6] ETSI EN 301 790: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Interaction channel for satellite distribution systems".
- [7] ETSI EN 302 307-1: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Second generation framing structure, channel coding and modulation systems for Broadcasting, Interactive Services, News Gathering and other broadband satellite applications; Part 1: DVB-S2".
- [8] ETSI EN 302 307-2: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Second generation framing structure, channel coding and modulation systems for Broadcasting, Interactive Services, News Gathering and other broadband satellite applications; Part 2: DVB-S2 Extensions (DVB-S2X)".

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- [12] ETSI EN 303 560: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); TTML subtitling systems".
- [13] ETSI ES 201 812: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Multimedia Home Platform (MHP) Specification 1.0.3".
- [14] ETSI TS 101 154: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Specification for the use of Video and Audio Coding in Broadcast and Broadband Applications".
- [15] ETSI TS 101 162: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Allocation of identifiers and codes for Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) systems".
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- [17] ETSI TS 101 547-3: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Plano-stereoscopic 3DTV; Part 3: HDTV Service Compatible Plano-stereoscopic 3DTV".
- [18] ETSI TS 101 547-4: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Plano-stereoscopic 3DTV; Part 4: Service frame compatible Plano-stereoscopic 3DTV for HEVC coded services".
- [19] ETSI TS 102 005: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Specification for the use of Video and Audio Coding in DVB services delivered directly over IP protocols".
- [20] ETSI TS 102 006: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Specification for System Software Update in DVB Systems".
- [21] ETSI TS 102 323: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Carriage and signalling of TV-Anytime information in DVB transport streams".
- [22] ETSI TS 102 770: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); System Renewability Messages (SRM) in DVB Systems".
- [23] ETSI TS 102 772: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Specification of Multi-Protocol Encapsulation - inter-burst Forward Error Correction (MPE-iFEC)".
- [24] ETSI TS 102 773: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Modulator Interface (T2-MI) for a second generation digital terrestrial television broadcasting system (DVB-T2)".
- [25] ETSI TS 102 809: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Signalling and carriage of interactive applications and services in Hybrid Broadcast/Broadband environments".
- [26] ETSI TS 102 812: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Multimedia Home Platform (MHP) Specification 1.1.3".
- [27] ETSI TS 102 825 (parts 1 to 5, 7, 9 and 10): "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Content Protection and Copy Management (DVB-CPCM)".
- [28] ETSI EN 300 231: "Television systems; Specification of the domestic video Programme Delivery Control system (PDC)".
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- [32] IETF RFC 2045: "Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part One: Format of Internet Message Bodies".
- [33] IETF RFC 3986: "Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax".
- [34] ISO 3166 (all parts): "Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions".
- [35] ISO 639-2: "Codes for the representation of names of languages - Part 2: Alpha-3 code".
- [36] ISO 8601: "Data elements and interchange formats - Information interchange - Representation of dates and times".
- [37] ISO/IEC 6937: "Information technology - Coded graphic character set for text communication - Latin alphabet".
- [38] ISO/IEC 8859-1: "Information technology - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 1: Latin alphabet No. 1".
- [39] ISO/IEC 8859-2: "Information technology - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 2: Latin alphabet No. 2".
- [40] ISO/IEC 8859-3: "Information technology - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 3: Latin alphabet No. 3".
- [41] ISO/IEC 8859-4: "Information technology - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 4: Latin alphabet No. 4".
- [42] ISO/IEC 8859-5: "Information technology - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 5: Latin/Cyrillic alphabet".
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- [45] ISO/IEC 8859-8: "Information technology - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 8: Latin/Hebrew alphabet".
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- [54] KS X 1001-2014: "Code for Information Interchange (Hangeul and Hanja)", Korean Agency for Technology and Standards, 2014.

NOTE: Available at <https://kssn.net/en/search/std/detail.do?itemNo=K001010102764>. Also see <https://standard.go.kr/KSCI/standardIntro/getStandardSearchView.do?ksNo=KSX1001>. This document has been published in Korean only.

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] ETSI TS 101 211: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Implementation and usage of Service Information (SI)".
- [i.2] ETSI TS 102 727: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Multimedia Home Platform (MHP) Specification 1.2.2".
- [i.3] ETSI TS 103 205: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Extensions to the CI Plus™ Specification".
- [i.4] ETSI TS 103 286-2: "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Companion Screens and Streams; Part 2: Content Identification and Media Synchronization".
- [i.5] ETSI TR 102 825 (parts 6, 8, 11 to 13): "Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Content Protection and Copy Management (DVB-CPCM)".
- [i.6] ATIS 0800006: "IIF Default Scrambling Algorithm (IDSA) IPTV Interoperability Specification".
- [i.7] IEC 61883 (parts 1 and 4): "Consumer audio/video equipment - Digital interface".
- [i.8] IEEE™ 1394.1: "IEEE Standard for High Performance Serial Bus Bridges".

3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms apply:

AC-3: coding of audio using the Dolby AC-3 audio compression method as defined in ETSI TS 101 154 [14], clause 6.2

NOTE: The service information requirements for AC-3 streams carried in DVB systems are described in annex D. The carriage of AC-3 elementary streams as private data within MPEG systems is described in ETSI TS 101 154 [14], clause 6.2.

AC-4: coding of audio using the Dolby AC-4 audio compression method as defined in clause 6.6 and clause 6.7 of ETSI TS 101 154 [14]

NOTE: The Service Information requirements for AC-4 streams carried in DVB systems are described in annex D. The carriage of AC-4 elementary streams as private data within MPEG systems is described in clause 6.6 and clause 6.7 of ETSI TS 101 154 [14].

audio preselection: set of audio programme components representing a version of the audio programme that may be selected by a user for simultaneous decoding

NOTE: An audio preselection is a sub-selection from all available audio programme components of one audio programme. An audio preselection can be considered the NGA equivalent of audio services in predecessor systems, which each utilized complete mixes.

audio programme: complete collection of all audio programme components and a set of accompanying audio preselections

NOTE: Not all audio programme components of an audio programme are necessarily meant to be presented at the same time. An audio programme may contain audio programme components that are always presented, and it may include optional audio programme components.

audio programme component: the smallest addressable unit of an audio programme

auxiliary NGA stream: NGA stream delivered using NGA multi-stream delivery, and containing additional audio programme components not contained in the main NGA stream

bouquet: collection of services marketed as a single entity

broadcaster: organization which assembles a sequence of events or data streams to be delivered to the viewer; the delivery can be based upon a schedule

cell: geographical area that is covered with DVB signals delivering one or more particular transport or other DVB streams throughout the area by means of one or more transmitters

NOTE: The cell may in addition contain repeaters. Two neighbouring cells may be intersecting, or fully overlapping. The *cell_id* that is used to uniquely identify a cell is unique within each *original_network_id*. For hand-over purposes it is more convenient if the transport streams associated with the cell cover exactly the same area, or only one transport stream per cell is used.

component: one or more entities which together make up an event

EXAMPLE: Video, audio, teletext.

conditional access system: system to control subscriber access to services, data streams and events

EXAMPLE: Videoguard, Eurocrypt.

delivery system: physical medium by which one or more DVB transport streams are transmitted

EXAMPLE: Satellite system, wide-band coaxial cable, fibre optics, terrestrial channel of one emitting point.

dependent stream: stream or component which relies on another stream or component in order to be rendered as intended

EXAMPLE: A dependent view of a 3D video, or a receiver-mix audio description stream.

DTS: coding of audio using the DTS audio compression method as defined in ETSI TS 101 154 [14], clause 6.3

NOTE: The service information requirements for DTS are found in annex G.

DTS-HD: coding of audio using the DTS-HD audio compression method as defined in ETSI TS 101 154 [14], clause 6.3

NOTE: The service information requirements for DTS-HD are found in annex G. Note that DTS-HD is a superset of DTS.

DTS-UHD: coding of audio using the DTS-UHD audio compression method as defined in ETSI TS 101 154 [14], clause 6.9

NOTE: The service information requirements for DTS-UHD are found in annex G.

DVB transport stream: MPEG-2 transport stream (ISO/IEC 13818-1 [1]) containing the mandatory service information signalling as defined in the present document

NOTE: It is recommended that the service information implementation specification ETSI TS 101 211 [i.1] is additionally followed. It defines further requirements for the signalling to help improve the quality of experience for viewers.

event: grouping of elementary broadcast data streams with a defined start time and duration belonging to a common service

EXAMPLE: First half of a football match, News Flash, first part of an entertainment show.

HEVC_UHDTV_IRD: initial ultra high definition IRD profile defined in ETSI TS 101 154 [14]

main NGA stream: NGA stream delivered using NGA multi-stream delivery, and containing at least all the audio programme components corresponding to at least one audio preselection

MPEG-2: ISO/IEC 13818 set of standards

NOTE: Systems coding is defined in part 1, video coding is defined in part 2, and audio coding is defined in part 3 of ISO/IEC 13818.

MPEG-4: coding of video using the H.264/AVC video compression method as defined in clause 5.6 and clause 5.7 of ETSI TS 101 154 [14], or coding of audio using the AAC, HE-AAC, and HE-AAC v2 audio compression methods as defined in clause 6.4 and clause 6.5 of ETSI TS 101 154 [14]

NOTE: The service information requirements for MPEG-4 streams carried in DVB systems are described in annex H.

MPEG-H: coding of audio using the audio compression method as defined in clause 6.8 of ETSI TS 101 154 [14]

multi-stream delivery: method for carrying audio programme components in several NGA streams

NOTE: E.g. when audio programme components offering additional languages are carried in separate elementary streams to facilitate remultiplexing or service aggregation.

network: managed and navigable collection of DVB transport streams transmitted on one or more delivery systems generally based on the same physical medium

NOTE 1: It is possible to operate both, first and second generation delivery systems in the same network (e.g. DVB-T and DVB-T2).

NOTE 2: A network is identified by its *network_id*. It might be composed of one or more emitting sites.

NGA stream: audio elementary stream containing one or more audio programme components of one audio programme

original_network_id: unique identifier of a broadcast platform operator

NOTE: This value is assigned by DVB.

repeater: special type of transmitter which receives a terrestrial DVB signal and re-transmits it unchanged

NOTE: Hence it does not support changing of the *cell_id*.

reserved: When used in the clause defining the coded bit stream, indicates that the value may be used in the future for ISO defined extensions. Unless otherwise specified within the present document all reserved bits are set to 0b1.

reserved_future_use: When used in the clause defining the coded bit stream, indicates that the value may be used in the future for ETSI defined extensions. Unless otherwise specified within the present document all reserved_future_use bits are set to 0b1.

reserved_zero_future_use: When used in the clause defining the coded bit stream, indicates that the value may be used in the future for ETSI defined extensions. All reserved_zero_future_use bits are set to 0b0.

section: syntactic structure used for mapping all service information defined in ETSI EN 300 468 into ISO/IEC 13818-1 DVB Transport Stream packets

service: sequence of programmes under the control of a broadcaster which can be broadcast as part of a schedule

service_id: unique identifier of a service within a DVB transport stream

NOTE: In areas where ETSI TS 101 211 [i.1] is applicable in addition to the present document, a *service_id* is also unique within the scope of an *original_network_id*.