

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 13403:2004

01-februar-2004

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Ventilation for buildings - Non-metallic ducts - Ductwork made from insulation ductboards

Lüftung von Gebäuden - Nichtmetallische Luftleitungen - Luftleitungen aus Dämmplatten

Ventilation des bâtiments - Conduits non métalliques - Réseau de conduits en panneaux isolants de conduits

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 13403:2003

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5b79dc9335e9/sist-en-13403-2004

ICS:

91.140.30 Ú¦^: ¦æ^çæ} ãÁş Á |ã ææ \ ã Ventilation and air-

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 13403

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

April 2003

ICS 91.140.30

English version

Ventilation for buildings - Non-metallic ducts - Ductwork made from insulation ductboards

Ventilation des bâtiments - Conduits non métalliques - Réseau de conduits en panneaux isolants de conduits

Lüftung von Gebäuden - Nichtmetallische Luftleitungen - Luftleitungen aus Dämmplatten

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 17 January 2003.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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EN 13403:2003 (E)

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Foreword

This document (EN 13403:2003) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 156, "Ventilation for buildings" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2003, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2003.

This standard is a part of a series of standards for ductwork used in ventilation and air conditioning of buildings for human occupancy.

The position of this standard in the field of mechanical building services is shown in Figure 1.

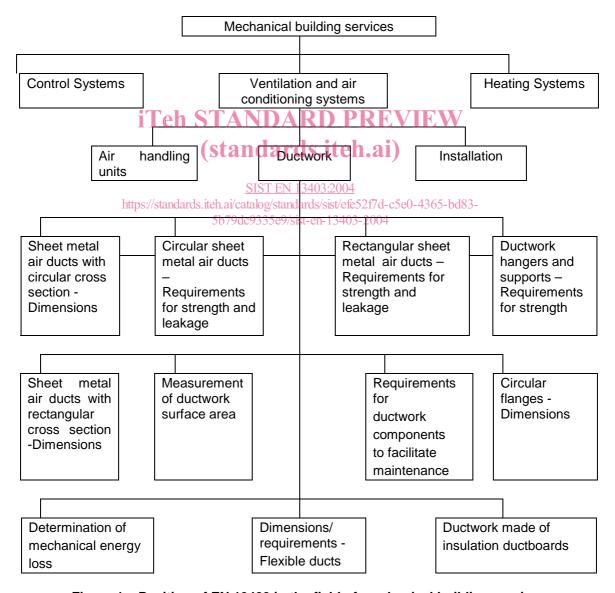


Figure 1 – Position of EN 13403 in the field of mechanical building services

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

EN 13403:2003 (E)

1 Scope

This European Standard contains the basic requirements and characteristics for ductwork made of insulation ductboards, and used in ventilation and air conditioning systems of buildings, subject to human occupancy.

2 Normative references

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text, and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

EN 822	Thermal insulating products for building applications – Determination of length and width.
EN 823	Thermal insulating products for building applications – Determination of thickness.
EN 12086	Thermal insulating products for building applications - Determination of water vapour transmission properties. TANDARD PREVIEW
ENV 12097	Ventilation for buildings Ductwork Requirements for ductwork components to facilitate maintenance of ductwork systems.
EN 12236	Ventilation for buildings – Ductwork hangers and supports – Requirements for strength. https://standards.iteh.a/catalog/standards/sist/ete5217d-c5e0-4365-bd83-
EN 12667	Thermal performance of building materials and products - Determination of thermal resistance by means of guarded hot plate and heat flow meter methods - Products of high and medium thermal resistance.
EN 12939	Thermal performance of building materials and products - Determination of thermal resistance by means of guarded hot plate and heat flow meter methods - Thick products of high and medium thermal resistance.
EN 13162	Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made mineral wool (MW) products - Specification.
EN 13165	Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made rigid polyurethane foam (PUR) products - Specification.
EN 13166	Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made products of phenolic foam (PF) - Specification.
EN 13501-1	Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using test data from reaction to fire tests.
EN ISO 11654:1997	Acoustics - Sound absorbers for use in buildings - Rating of sound absorption (ISO 11654:1997).
CR 12792:1997	Ventilation for buildings - Symbols and terminology.

3 Terms and definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this European Standard, the terms and definitions given in CR 12792:1997 and the following apply.

3.1.1

ductboard

rigid board composed of insulation material body with both sides faced: the outer facing comprising a duct vapour barrier, which makes the duct tight

NOTE Ductboards are fabricated into rectangular or multisided duct sections.

3.2 Symbols and abbreviations

The symbols and abbreviations are given in Table 1.

Symbol Description Unit MW ---Mineral wool Phenolic foam PF PIR Polvisocianurate Polyurethane and Polyisocianurate **PUR Thickness** e mm SIST EN 13403:2004 Air leakage factor/standards/sist/efe52f7d-c5e0-4365-bd8 https:/ $I/(sm^2)$ f_{max} Ε Young's modulus N/mm² 1 Moment of inertia mm⁴ I_{U} Moment of inertia referred to 1 mm width. mm^4 ΕI Flexural rigidity N mm² EI_{IJ} Flexural rigidity referred to 1 mm width. Nmm² Pa P_{S} Pressure R Thermal resistance (m² K)/WΖv m².h.Pa/mg Water vapour resistance Specific mass kg/m³ ρ Acoustical absorption α f Frequency Hz λ Thermal conductivity W/(m K)

Table 1 - Symbols and abbreviations

4 Requirements

4.1 Erosion and emission of particles

When tested in accordance with 7.2, at 2,5 times the maximum air speed recommended by the manufacturer of the ductboard, material from the inside surface of the ductwork shall not break away, flake off, or show evidence of delamination or erosion.

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Emission of particles shall be less than 60 $\mu g/m^3$ for particles bigger than 0,5 μm , and no more than 4 $\mu g/m^3$ for particles bigger than 5,0 μm .

4.2 Resistance against pressure (without reinforcements)

When tested in accordance with 7.3, air ducts and connector sections with joints, assembled in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, shall withstand without rupture an internal air pressure of 2,5 times the manufacturer's rated positive pressure, but not less than 200 Pa.

For this test rupture is considered as evidenced by breaks, tears, rips or other openings greater than 4 mm.

NOTE Plastic deformation is not considered to be a rupture

Any joining material shall remain intact to the extent that materials such as tapes do not become displaced more than a total for both edges of 4 mm from their initial position. There shall not be evidence of other damage, which would cause the sample to become unusable.

4.3 Air leakage factor and air tightness class

The air leakage factor is given in Table 2 and the air leakage rates in Table 3 when tested in accordance with prEN 1507.

Air Tightness class Air leakage factor (f_{max}) (standards.itel/(sm²))

SIST EN 13403-20,027 × Ps 0,65
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B 0,009 × Ps 0,65

C 0,003 × Ps 0,65

Table 2 – Air tightness classification and air leakage factor

Table 3 - Air leakage rates

Static pressure	Maximum leakage,		
differential	l/(s·m²) (surface area)		
Pa	Ductwork class		
	Class A	Class B	Class C
400	1,32	0,44	0,14
800	-	0,69	0,23
1000	-	0,80	0,27
1200	-	0,90	0,30
1500	-	1,1	0,36

4.4 Bulging and/or caving, air leakage

No wall of the duct shall bulge and/or cave by more than 3 % of its width or 30 mm, whichever is the greater value.

The maximum air leakage is defined at the relevant test pressure given in Table 3 based on relevant parts of the test method described in prEN 1507.

4.5 Supports and hangers

The ductwork shall fulfil the requirements specified in EN 12236.

4.6 Facilities for cleaning

The ductwork shall conform to the requirements specified in ENV 12097. Different cleaning systems can be used such as contact sucking, air pressure cleaning, or brushing and air pressure cleaning.

When brushing is used brushes shall be non metallic (acrylic, nylon, etc.)

The ductboard shall resist the cleaning operations equivalent to a life span of 20 years of use (one cleaning operation per year) without any damage. When tested in accordance with 7.2, after 20 cleaning simulations have been performed, material from the inside surface of the ductwork shall not break away, flake off, or show evidence of delamination or erosion.

Emission of particles shall be less than 60 $\mu g/m^3$ for particles bigger than 0,5 μm and no more than 4 $\mu g/m^3$ for particles bigger than 5 μm .

4.7 Requirements for ductboards standards.iteh.ai)

4.7.1 Health and safety

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The insulation materials used in the ductboards shall not be listed in the Directive 67/548/EEC Annex 1.

MW products covered by this standard, shall be classified as non carcinogenic fulfilling the requirements specified in Article 1 of Directive 97/69/EC.

4.7.2 Microbial growth

Materials used shall not facilitate (or being nutrient to) microbial growth following test method 7.4. All types of materials used as insulation ductboards shall withstand the test requirements specified in 7.4, after first having been exposed to 20 cleaning simulations.

4.7.3 Board stiffness

The minimum rigidity for different classes, as specified in Table 4, shall be determined in accordance with the test method specified in 7.1. The classes are referred to a width of 1 mm.

 Stiffness class
 Flexural rigidity [EI]

 N mm²

 R 1
 $\geq 55,000$

 R 2
 $\geq 90,000$

 R 3
 $\geq 160,000$

 R4
 $\geq 200,000$

 R 5
 $\geq 300,000$

Table 4 - Classification for board stiffness