



Designation: ~~A 453/A 453M-04~~ Designation: ~~A453/A453M - 08~~

## Standard Specification for High-Temperature Bolting Materials, with Expansion Coefficients Comparable to Austenitic Stainless Steels<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A453/A453M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.*

### 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification<sup>2</sup> covers four grades of bolting materials with ten classes of yield strength ranging from 50 to 120 ksi [345 to 827 MPa] for use in high-temperature service such as fasteners for pressure vessel and valve flanges. The material requires special processing and is not intended for general purpose applications. The term “bolting material,” as used in this specification, covers rolled, forged, or hot-extruded bars; bolts, nuts, screws, washers, studs, and stud bolts. Headed bolts and rolled threads may be supplied.

NOTE 1—Other bolting materials are covered by Specification ~~A 193/A 193M~~A193/A193M and Specification ~~A 437/A 437M~~A437/A437M.

1.2 Supplementary Requirement S 1 of an optional nature is provided. This shall apply only when specified by the purchaser in the order.

1.3 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and in SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable “M” specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.

1.4 The values stated in either ~~inch-pound units~~ SI or ~~SI~~ inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system ~~are~~ may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the ~~specification~~ standard.

### 2. Referenced Documents

#### 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>3</sup>

A193/A193M ~~Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High-Temperature Service~~ Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting for High Temperature or High Pressure Service and Other Special Purpose Applications

A437/A437M ~~Specification for Stainless and Alloy-Steel Turbine-Type Bolting Material Specially Heat Treated for High-Temperature Service~~

A962/A962M ~~Specification for Common Requirements for Steel Fasteners or Fastener Materials, or Both, Bolting Intended for Use at Any Temperature from Cryogenic to the Creep Range~~

E139 ~~Test Methods~~ for Conducting Creep, Creep-Rupture, and Stress-Rupture Tests of Metallic Materials

F1470 ~~Guide~~ Practice for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection

### 3. Terminology

#### 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *bolting material*—this covers rolled, forged, or hot-extruded bars; bolts, nuts, screws, washers, studs, and stud bolts; and also includes those manufactured by upset heading or roll threading techniques.

3.1.2 *heat-treatment charge*—one heat of material heat treated in one batch. If a continuous operation is used, the weight processed as a heat-treatment charge shall not exceed the weights in Table 1.

3.1.3 *lot*—a lot shall consist of the quantities shown in Table 2.

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel, and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

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<sup>2</sup> For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code Applications see related Specification SA-453 in Section II of that Code.

<sup>3</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard’s Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.



- 4.1.9 Test method for surface quality, if any,  
 4.1.10 Test location option, if any,  
 4.1.11 Rejection option, if any, and  
 4.1.12 If stress-rupture testing is not required, except for Grade 660 Class D (see 7.2.1).

## 5. Common Requirements

5.1 Material and fasteners supplied to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A-962/A-962M. These requirements include test methods, finish, thread dimensions, marking, certification, optional supplementary requirements, and others. Failure to comply with the requirements of Specification A-962/A-962M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between the requirements of this specification and Specification A-962/A-962M, this specification shall prevail.

## 6. Materials and Manufacture

### 6.1 Finishing Process:

6.1.1 Threads may be performed by machining or rolling. For Type 1 bolting, threading shall be performed after precipitation heat treatment. Types M1 and M2 bolting shall have machine cut threads. For Types 2 R1 and R2, bolting shall have rolled threads. Types R1 and M1 bolting, threading shall be performed after precipitation heat treatment. Types R2 and M2 bolting shall be threaded after solution heat treatment but prior to precipitation heat treatment. When not specified by the purchaser, the type supplied shall be the option of the manufacturer.

6.2 Heat Treatment—Each grade and class shall be heat treated as prescribed in Table 4.

## 7. Mechanical Properties

### 7.1 Tension Test:

7.1.1 Requirements—The material in each heat-treatment charge shall conform to the room-temperature tensile requirements in Table 5.

### 7.1.2 Number of Specimens:

7.1.2.1 Heat-Treated Bars—When not more than two sizes of bars are heat treated in the same load, one tension test shall be made from each size in each heat of material in the heat-treatment charge (see 3.1.2). When more than two sizes of bars are treated in the same charge, one tension test shall be made from one bar of each of the two largest diameters from each heat of material in the heat-treating charge.

7.1.2.2 Finished Parts—One tension test shall be made if the lot consists of parts of the same nominal diameter. If the lot consists of parts of more than one nominal diameter, one tension test shall be made from each nominal diameter of each heat involved in the lot (see Section 3).

7.1.2.3 The diameter range shall be in increments of ½ in. [12.5 mm].

### 7.2 Stress-Rupture Test:

7.2.1 Requirements—The material shall conform to the stress-rupture requirements prescribed in Table 6 for design temperatures above 800 °F [427 °C]. Material not stress-rupture tested shall be permanently stamped NR. Grade 660 Class D does

**TABLE 4 Heat Treatment Requirements<sup>A</sup>**

Grade	Class	Solution Treatment	Hardening Treatment
660	A	1650 ± 25 °F [900 ± 14 °C], hold 2 h, min, and liquid quench	1325 ± 25 °F [720 ± 14 °C], hold 16 h, air cool
	B	1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 1 h, min, and liquid quench	1325 ± 25 °F [720 ± 14 °C], hold 16 h, air cool
	C	1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 1 h min, and oil quench	1425 ± 25 °F [775 ± 14 °C] hold 16 h, air cool 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C] hold 16 h, air cool
	C	1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 1 h min, and oil quench	1425 ± 25 °F [775 ± 14 °C] hold 16 h, air cool, followed by 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C] hold 16 h, air cool
	D	1650 ± 25 °F [900 ± 14 °C], hold 2 h min, and liquid quench or 1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 1 h min, and liquid quench	1325 ± 25 °F [720 ± 14 °C], hold 16 h, air cool If necessary to achieve properties, second age: 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C] hold 16 h, air cool
651	A		hot-cold worked at 1200 °F [650 °C] min with 15 % min reduction in cross-sectional area, stress-relief anneal at 1200 °F [650 °C] min or 4 h, min
	B		hot-cold worked at 1200 °F [650 °C] min with 15 % min reduction of cross-sectional area, stress-relief anneal at 1350 °F [730 °C] min for 4 h, min
662	A	1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 2 h, liquid quench	1350 to 1400 °F [730 to 760 °C], hold 20 h, furnace cool to 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C], hold 20 h, air cool
	B	1950 ± 25 °F [1065 ± 14 °C], hold 2 h, liquid quench	1350 to 1400 °F [730 to 760 °C], hold 20 h, furnace cool to 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C], hold 20 h, air cool
665	A	1800 ± 25 °F [980 ± 14 °C], hold 3 h, liquid quench	1350 to 1400 °F [730 to 760 °C], hold 20 h, furnace cool to 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C], hold 20 h, air cool
	B	2000 ± 25 °F [1095 ± 14 °C], hold 3 h, liquid quench	1350 to 1400 °F [730 to 760 °C], hold 20 h, furnace cool to 1200 ± 25 °F [650 ± 14 °C], hold 20 h, air cool

<sup>A</sup> Times refer to the minimum time material is required to be at temperature.