



SLOVENSKI STANDARD

SIST EN 17038-4:2024

01-februar-2024

Črpalke - Metode za opredelitev indeksa energijske učinkovitosti centrifugalnih črpalke - 4. del: Preskušanje in računanje indeksa energijske učinkovitosti (IEE)

Pumps - Methods of qualification of the Energy Efficiency Index for rotodynamic pump units - Part 4: Testing and calculation of energy efficiency index (EEI) of submersible multistage pump units

Pumpen - Methoden zur Qualifikation des Energieeffizienzindex für Kreiselpumpen - Teil 4: Prüfung und Berechnung des Energieeffizienzindex (EEI) mehrstufiger Tauchmotorpumpenaggregate

Pompes - Méthodes de qualification de l'indice de rendement des groupes motopompes rotodynamiques - Partie 4 : Essais et calcul de l'indice de rendement énergétique (EEI) pour les unités de pompage submersibles des forages

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c32b74df-af1b-46cd-8610-e95fa3487e35/sist-en-17038-4-2024>

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 17038-4:2023

ICS:

23.080	Črpalke	Pumps
27.015	Energijska učinkovitost. Ohranjanje energije na splošno	Energy efficiency. Energy conservation in general

SIST EN 17038-4:2024

en,fr,de

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 17038-4

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

December 2023

ICS 23.080

English Version

Pumps - Methods of qualification of the Energy Efficiency Index for rotodynamic pump units - Part 4: Testing and calculation of energy efficiency index (EEI) of submersible multistage pump units

Pompes - Méthodes de qualification de l'indice de rendement des groupes motopompes rotodynamiques
- Partie 4 : Essais et calcul de l'indice de rendement énergétique (EEI) pour les unités de pompage submersibles des forages

Pumpen - Methoden zur Qualifikation des Energieeffizienzindex für Kreiselpumpen - Teil 4: Prüfung und Berechnung des Energieeffizienzindex (EEI) mehrstufiger Tauchmotorpumpenaggregate

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 29 October 2023.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

Contents	Page
European foreword	4
Introduction	5
1 Scope.....	6
2 Normative references.....	6
3 Terms and definitions	7
4 Symbols and abbreviations	10
5 General conditions for the operation of submersible multistage pump units	12
6 Reference flow-time profiles and reference pressure control curve.....	12
6.1 General.....	12
6.2 Reference flow-time profiles	13
6.3 Reference pressure control curves	14
7 Determination of average electric power input $P_{1,avg}$ by test.....	14
7.1 General.....	14
7.1.1 Introduction.....	14
7.1.2 Test conditions	14
7.1.3 Measuring instrumentation	15
7.1.4 Uncertainties of measured quantities.....	16
7.2 Measurement procedure.....	16
7.2.1 Measurement steps	16
7.2.2 Determination of Q_{100} % and H_{100} %	16
7.2.3 Determination of reference load points	16
7.2.4 Adjustment tolerances.....	17
7.2.5 Corrections for deviations in flow and head.....	17
7.3 Calculation of $P_{1,avg}$	17
8 Determination of average electric power input $P_{1,avg}$ by the means of a Semi-Analytical Model.....	18
8.1 General.....	18
8.2 The semi-analytical model of submersible rotodynamic pumps	18
8.3 Pump units in fixed speed operation.....	19
8.3.1 General.....	19
8.3.2 Model of the electric motor	20
8.3.3 Interaction of pump and motor	20
8.3.4 Determination of Q_{100} % and H_{100} %	20
8.3.5 Determination of the $P_{1,avg,c}$ -value.....	21
8.4 Pump units with a Power Drive System (PDS)	22
8.4.1 General.....	22
8.4.2 Model of the Power Drive System (PDS).....	24
8.4.3 Interaction of pump and PDS.....	26
8.4.4 Determination of Q_{100} % and H_{100} %	27
8.4.5 Determination of $P_{1,avg}$ for pump units with PDS.....	27
9 Determination of reference electric power input $P_{1,ref}$	28

10	Calculation of Energy Efficiency Index (EEI).....	31
Annex A (informative)	Generation of input data for the models of components of a submersible multistage pump unit.....	32
A.1	General	32
A.2	Input data for the model of a submersible rotodynamic pump.....	32
A.3	Input data for the model of a submersible grid fed motor	33
A.4	Input data for the model of a PDS consisting of submersible motor and CDM.....	33
Annex B (informative)	Experimental Determination of thrust bearing friction losses	35
Annex C (informative)	Determination of EEI values using data for RCDMs	36
Bibliography	37

iTeh Standards
(<https://standards.iteh.ai>)
Document Preview

[SIST EN 17038-4:2024](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c32b74df-af1b-46cd-8610-e95fa3487e35/sist-en-17038-4-2024)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c32b74df-af1b-46cd-8610-e95fa3487e35/sist-en-17038-4-2024>

EN 17038-4:2023(E)**European foreword**

This document (EN 17038-4:2023) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 197 “Pumps”, the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2024, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2024.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users’ national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

iTeh Standards
(<https://standards.iteh.ai>)
Document Preview

[SIST EN 17038-4:2024](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c32b74df-af1b-46cd-8610-e95fa3487e35/sist-en-17038-4-2024)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c32b74df-af1b-46cd-8610-e95fa3487e35/sist-en-17038-4-2024>

Introduction

This document is the fourth part of a series of standards describing a methodology to evaluate energy efficiency performance of submersible multistage pump units, comprising a rotodynamic pump part and a submersible motor which is either directly fed from the grid or combined with a frequency converter (CDM) to form a Power Drive System (PDS). For consistency purposes with other referred standards, CDM is used in this document. VSD, for variable speed drive, is the term used in Ecodesign regulations. Rotodynamic pump and motor are designed with outer diameters and special design features that enable to install them in boreholes and operate them completely surrounded by the pumped liquid. The methodology is based on a non-dimensional numerical value called Energy Efficiency Index (*EEI*). An *EEI* value allows the comparison of different configurations by one common indicator. Physical influences such as size and stage number of the incorporated rotodynamic pump, unit part-load operation, motor-efficiency characteristic and frequency converter influence are implemented into this metric.

Specific requirements for testing and a calculation method for *EEI*, the so called semi-analytical model (SAM) of submersible multistage pump units, specific flow-time profiles and reference pressure control curves are given in this document.

EEI is an index to rate submersible multistage pump units according to their energy efficiency but does not replace the need to do a life-time cost analysis regarding energy consumption over the lifetime of the submersible multistage pump unit.

iTeh Standards (<https://standards.iteh.ai>) Document Preview

[SIST EN 17038-4:2024](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c32b74df-af1b-46cd-8610-e95fa3487e35/sist-en-17038-4-2024)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c32b74df-af1b-46cd-8610-e95fa3487e35/sist-en-17038-4-2024>

EN 17038-4:2023(E)**1 Scope**

This document specifies methods and procedures for testing, calculating, and determining the Energy Efficiency Index (EEI) of submersible multistage pump units.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 16480:2021, *Pumps — Rotodynamic pumps — Minimum required efficiency of rotodynamic water pumps and determination of Minimum Efficiency Index (MEI)*

EN 17038-1:2019, *Pumps - Methods of qualification and verification of the Energy Efficiency Index for rotodynamic pump units - Part 1: General requirements and procedures for testing and calculation of Energy Efficiency Index (EEI)*

EN 17038-2:2019,¹ *Pumps — Methods of qualification and verification of the energy efficiency index for rotodynamic pump units — Part 2: Testing and calculation of energy efficiency index (EEI) of single pump units*

EN ISO 9906:2012, *Rotodynamic pumps - Hydraulic performance acceptance tests - Grades 1, 2 and 3 (ISO 9906:2012)*

EN ISO 17769-1:2012, *Liquid pumps and installation - General terms, definitions, quantities, letter symbols and units - Part 1: Liquid pumps (ISO 17769-1:2012)*

EN 60034-1:2017, *Rotating electrical machines — Part 1: Rating and performance (IEC 60034-1:2010)*

EN 60034-2-1:2014, *Rotating electrical machines - Part 2-1: Standard methods for determining losses and efficiency from tests (excluding machines for traction vehicles) (IEC 60034 2 1:2014)*

EN IEC 60034-2-3:2020, *Rotating electrical machines - Part 2-3: Specific test methods for determining losses and efficiency of converter-fed AC motors (IEC 60034 2020)*

EN IEC 60038:2011/prA1:2020, {fragment 1}, *Standard voltages for LVDC supply and LVDC equipment (Proposed horizontal standard)*

EN IEC 60038:2011/prA1:2020, {fragment 2}, *Standard voltages for AC supply and AC equipment (Proposed horizontal standard)*

EN IEC 60038:2011/prA1:2020, {fragment 3}, *Standard voltages for DC and AC traction systems (Proposed horizontal standard)*

EN 61800-9-2:2017, *Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 9-2: Ecodesign for power drive systems, motor starters, power electronics and their driven applications - Energy efficiency indicators for power drive systems and motor starters (IEC 61800 9 2:2017)*

¹ As impacted by EN 17038-2:2019/AC:2020.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN ISO 17769-1:2012 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp/>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

submersible multistage water pump unit

submersible multistage water pump unit is composition of submersible multistage pump and submersible borehole motor with or without Variable Speed Drive (VSD)

3.2

submersible borehole motor

electric motor designed to be operated submersed at operating temperatures not below 0 °C and not above 40 °C

3.3

submersible multistage pump

MSS

multistage ($i > 1$) rotodynamic water pump with a nominal outer diameter from 2,5" (63,5 mm) up to 6" (152,4 mm) designed to be operated submersed, at operating temperatures within a range of 0 °C and 90 °C, with a nominal flow rate $> 1,75 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$

3.4

clean water

water with a maximum non-absorbent free solid content of $0,25 \text{ kg}/\text{m}^3$, and with a maximum dissolved solid content of $50 \text{ kg}/\text{m}^3$, provided that the total gas content of the water does not exceed the saturation volume

SIST EN 17038-4:2024

<https://standards.iteh.ai/> Note 1 to entry: Any additives that are needed to avoid water freezing down to -10 °C shall not be considered.

3.5

clean cold water

clean water to be used for pump testing, with a maximum kinematic viscosity of $1,5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$, a maximum density of $1\,050 \text{ kg}/\text{m}^3$ and a maximum temperature of 40 °C

3.6

fixed-speed pump unit

pump unit without a variable speed drive (VSD)

3.7

variable-speed pump unit

pump unit equipped with an VSD

EN 17038-4:2023(E)

3.8
complete drive module
CDM
variable speed drive
VSD

electronic power converter connected between the electric supply and a motor as well as extensions such as protection devices, transformers and auxiliaries (according to EN 61800-2)

Note 1 to entry: This term is defined in EN 61800-2.

3.9
power drive system
PDS
 combination of CDM and motor

3.10
check-valve
 non-return valve

Note 1 to entry: Such a valve is often integrated in submersible multistage pump units.

3.11
constant flow
 slight variation of the flow rate around the nominal value

Note 1 to entry: Caused by secondary influences from the process as, for example, the (moderately) varying level of liquid in reservoirs, etc. The variation of flow rate occurs typically within the range which is covered by the definition and determination of the Minimum Efficiency Index (*MEI*) of the pump (see EN 16480), and which is from 0,75 Q_{100} % to 1,1 Q_{100} %.

3.12
variable flow
 widely varying flow rate

Note 1 to entry: Typically, at considerable fractions of the total operating time, the actual demand for pump flow rate Q and pump head H is much lower than the values at the operating point of maximum flow rate which is demanded by the application.

3.13
suction pressure
 pressure at the inlet of a submersible multistage pump

Note 1 to entry: All pressures are gauge pressures (relative to the ambient pressure).

3.14
discharge pressure
 pressure at the outlet of a submersible multistage pump

3.15**total head**

overall energy in any section

Note 1 to entry: The total head is given by:

$$H_x = z_x + \frac{p_x}{\rho \times g} + \frac{U_x^2}{2 \times g} \quad (1)$$

where

z is the height of the centre of the cross-section above the reference plane;

p is the gauge pressure related to the centre of the cross-section;

U is the flow velocity.

Note 2 to entry: The absolute total head in any section is given by:

$$H_{x(\text{abs})} = z_x + \frac{p_x}{\rho \times g} + \frac{p_{\text{amb}}}{\rho \times g} + \frac{U_x^2}{2g}$$

3.16**hydraulic power**

arithmetic product of the flow Q and the head H , and a constant a per Formula (2):

$$P_{\text{hyd}} = \rho \cdot Q \cdot g \cdot H \quad (2)$$

where

P_{hyd} is the hydraulic power [W];

Q is the flow [m³/s];

H is the total head [m];

g gravitational constant 9,81 m/s²;

ρ is the density of fluid [kg/m³].

3.17**electric power input P_1**

electric power supplied:

- to the motor in the case of a (grid fed) fixed speed pump unit;
- to the CDM in the case of a variable speed pump unit

3.18**pump unit efficiency**

ratio of hydraulic power P_{hyd} and electric power input P_1