

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 17480:2018

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Nadomešča: SIST-TS CEN/TS 15945:2011

#### Embalaža - Dostopno načrtovanje - Enostavnost odpiranja (ISO 17480:2015)

Packaging - Accessible design - Ease of opening (ISO 17480:2015)

Verpackung - Leichte Handhabbarkeit - Leichtes Öffnen (ISO 17480:2015)

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW** Emballages - Conception accessible - Facilité d'ouverture (ISO 17480:2015) (standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istovetemizi EN ISEN7ISO(17480:2018 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a84fc222-6829-47c0-bd0a-

#### <u>ICS:</u>

55.020 Pakiranje in distribucija blaga Packaging and distribution of na splošno goods in general

SIST EN ISO 17480:2018

en,fr,de



#### **SIST EN ISO 17480:2018**

# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

## EN ISO 17480

September 2018

ICS 55.020

**English Version** 

# Packaging - Accessible design - Ease of opening (ISO 17480:2015)

Emballages - Conception accessible - Facilité d'ouverture (ISO 17480:2015)

Verpackung - Leichte Handhabbarkeit - Leichtes Öffnen (ISO 17480:2015)

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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#### EN ISO 17480:2018 (E)

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#### **European foreword**

The text of ISO 17480:2015 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 122 "Packaging" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 17480:2018 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 261 "Packaging" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2019.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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#### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW Endorsement notice (standards.iteh.ai)

The text of ISO 17480:2015 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 17480:2018 without any modification.



## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 17480

First edition 2015-03-01

# Packaging — Accessible design — Ease of opening

Emballages — Conception accessible — Facilité d'ouverture

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#### ISO 17480:2015(E)

### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: Foreword — Supplementary information.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 122, Packaging.

## Introduction

In our ageing world, there has been increasing awareness of full and effective participation of older persons and persons with disabilities in society on an equal basis. A common challenge facing the packaging industry in the world is to develop packages which are easy to open for more people, including older persons and persons with disabilities.

Ease of opening in packaging adds more value to the usability of packaged products. In addition to sealing performance, greater consideration needs to be given to ease-of-opening function when designing packaging.

While degrees of ease of opening and satisfaction of opening can vary widely in ages, sex, physical ability, and features, etc., this International Standard addresses essential points to enhance ease of opening in packaging from accessible design viewpoints.

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)



## Packaging — Accessible design — Ease of opening

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements and recommendations for the accessible design for packaging with a focus on ease of opening. It applies to reclosable and non-reclosable consumer packaging without using any other mechanical means. This International Standard covers the design aspects addressing openability including opening location, opening methods, as well as evaluation techniques, both instrumented and user-based. This International Standard is primarily for designers, developers, and evaluators of packaging and will also be useful for other disciplines.

For products regulated for safety or other reasons (e.g. toxic or dangerous goods and substances, medicinal products, and medical devices), those regulations take precedence.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 21067, Packaging **Wochbulary** ANDARD PREVIEW

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#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 21067 and the following apply.

#### 3.1

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#### consumer packaging

packaging, constituting, with its contents, a sales unit to the final user or consumer at the point of retail

#### [SOURCE: ISO 21067]

#### 3.2

#### openability

extent to which package contents can be accessed easily with regards to human factors (e.g. strength, dexterity, and cognition)

Note 1 to entry: Packaging with poor openability means that the contents are perceived as difficult to access.

#### 3.3

#### strength

amount of force needed to achieve an intended task

#### 3.4

#### dexterity

extent to which a user can manipulate and handle an object

#### 3.5

#### cognition

extent to which a user can understand the appropriate information as it is intended

#### 3.6

#### instrument-based evaluation

evaluation that uses measurement instruments to obtain quantified data, such as force and torque levels in physical testing

#### 3.7

#### user-based evaluation

evaluation that uses a method involving users with or without the use of measurement instruments and provides insight into the user's sensory, physical, and cognitive aspects

#### 3.8

#### reclosable package

package which, after it has been initially opened, is capable of being reclosed with a similar degree of security and is capable of being used a sufficient number of times to dispense the total contents without loss of security

[SOURCE: ISO 8317:2003]

#### 3.9

#### pull-tab package

package that can be opened by pulling the ring installed on the upper or side part of the package

Note 1 to entry: It is the general term for full-open tab package, stay-on tab package, and any other tabattached package.

#### 3.10

#### full-open tab package

package whose lid can be fully opened by pulling the tab

#### 3.11

4

#### stay-on tab package

package that can be opened by pulling the tab which will not be detached after the package is opened

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### Accessible design of ease of opening

4.1 General

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#### 4.1.1 **Context of use**

The packaging design shall encompass the context of use for the package. This should be achieved by considering the following:

- identification of the main goals (e.g. access to the contents);
- identification of the tasks needed to achieve intended goals (e.g. gripping, lifting, pulling, etc.);
- specify intended users, taking into consideration the variety of physical, psychological, and cultural characteristics;
- specify the environments in which the package is (or is intended to be) used. Those attributes of the physical or social environment are likely to have impacts on achieving the goals.

#### 4.1.2 **Opening strength**

The nominal force to open the package shall be achievable by the intended users. This force should be as low as possible without compromising the packaging integrity. Information on aspects of opening strength is shown in <u>Annex C</u>.

#### 4.1.3 **Dexterity**

The packaging opening mechanism shall be designed so that it is easily manipulated by the users with the widest range of characteristics and capabilities. Information on aspects of dexterity is shown in Annex C.

#### 4.1.4 Cognition

Opening of the packaging shall be designed so that it is easily understood by the user. Consideration should be given to a user's sense of touch, sight, etc. Information on human cognitive, visual and tactile aspects is shown in <u>Annex E</u>.

#### 4.2 Specific considerations

#### 4.2.1 **Opening location**

The opening location shall be readily found and its use easily understood. This can be achieved by applying the following design considerations.

- The opening location is differentiated by visual markings using characters and/or imagery, such as pictograms.
- Visual markings are designed by appropriate combinations of colour, font size, font type, etc.
- The opening location is differentiated by tactile markings using shape, notches, embossing, texture, etc.

NOTE Supporting data for human cognitive, visual and tactile aspects is in <u>Annex E</u>.

#### 4.2.2 Methods and mechanisms of opening the package

The opening method and mechanism shall be easily identifiable and intuitively understandable. This can be achieved by applying the following design considerations.

- The opening methods and mechanisms (turn, tear, peel, pull, push, etc.) are clearly shown if not evident.
- The package is designed so that it can be opened smoothly, irrespective of the size or power of the users' hands.
  https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a84fc222-6829-47c0-bd0a-
- The package is designed in such a way that spillage is prevented and that there is no risk of injury for the user.

#### 4.2.3 Force and handling aspects

The forces and handling aspects of the opening shall result in favourable openability.

The nominal force to open the package shall accommodate the large variety of the opening strength by the intended user (e.g. children, people with disabilities, and older people) and the packaging integrity.

The package and its opening mechanisms shall be easily manipulated, taking into account the large variety of-users' dexterities (e.g. children, people with disabilities, older people, etc.).

NOTE Supporting data for strength and dexterity is in <u>Annex C</u>.

#### 4.2.4 Reclosing of the package

Reclosing of the package (if applicable) shall be easy. This can be achieved by applying the following design considerations:

- reclosing method is easily understood if not clear immediately;
- reclosing method and procedure are made clear by using characters/imagery, such as pictograms with appropriate combinations of their size, font, contrast, and colour;
- reclosable packages are designed so that they can be re-opened smoothly.

EXAMPLE A touch or auditory (e.g. click) mechanism is used for reclosable packages to affirm that the package has been reclosed.