

Designation: C 90 - 08

# Standard Specification for Loadbearing Concrete Masonry Units<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C 90; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\varepsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

# 1. Scope\*

- 1.1 This specification covers hollow and solid (see 5.3 and 5.4) concrete masonry units made from hydraulic cement, water, and mineral aggregates with or without the inclusion of other materials. There are three classes of concrete masonry units: (1) normal weight, (2) medium weight, and (3) lightweight. These units are suitable for both loadbearing and nonloadbearing applications.
- 1.2 Concrete masonry units covered by this specification are made from lightweight or normal weight aggregates, or both.
- 1.3 The text of this specification references notes and footnotes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the standard.
- 1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

Note 1—When particular features are desired such as surface textures for appearance or bond, finish, color, or particular properties such as density classification, higher compressive strength, fire resistance, thermal performance or acoustical performance, these features should be specified separately by the purchaser. Suppliers should be consulted as to the availability of units having the desired features.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>
- C 33 Specification for Concrete Aggregates
- C 140 Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units
- C 150 Specification for Portland Cement
- C 331 Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Concrete Masonry Units

- C 426 Test Method for Linear Drying Shrinkage of Concrete Masonry Units
- C 595 Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements
- C 618 Specification for Coal Fly Ash and Raw or Calcined Natural Pozzolan for Use in Concrete
- C 989 Specification for Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag for Use in Concrete and Mortars
- C 1157 Performance Specification for Hydraulic Cement
- C 1209 Terminology of Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units
- C 1232 Terminology of Masonry
- C 1314 Test Method for Compressive Strength of Masonry Prisms
- E 519 Test Method for Diagonal Tension (Shear) in Masonry Assemblages
- E 72 Test Methods of Conducting Strength Tests of Panels for Building Construction

# 3. Terminology

3.1 Terminology defined in Terminology C 1209 and Terminology C 1232 shall apply for this specification.

# **4.5 Materials** 9699-a2aa4fb64f55/astm-c90-08

- 4.1 *Cementitious Materials*—Materials shall conform to the following applicable specifications:
  - 4.1.1 *Portland Cement*—Specification C 150.
- 4.1.2 *Modified Portland Cement*—Portland cement conforming to Specification C 150, modified as follows:
- (1) Limestone—If calcium carbonate is added to the cement, the  $CaCO_3$  content shall not be less than 85 %.
  - (2) Limitation on Insoluble Residue—1.5 %.
- (3) Limitation on Air Content of Mortar—Volume percent, 22 % max.
  - (4) Limitation on Loss on Ignition—7 %.
  - 4.1.3 Blended Hydraulic Cements—Specification C 595.
  - 4.1.4 Hydraulic Cement—Specification C 1157.
  - 4.1.5 *Pozzolans*—Specification C 618.
  - 4.1.6 Blast Furnace Slag Cement—Specification C 989.
- 4.2 Aggregates—Aggregates shall conform to the following specifications, except that grading requirements shall not necessarily apply:
  - 4.2.1 *Normal Weight Aggregates*—Specification C 33.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C15 on Manufactured Masonry Units and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C15.03 on Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

4.2.2 *Lightweight Aggregates*—Specification C 331.

4.3 Other Constituents—Air-entraining agents, coloring pigments, integral water repellents, finely ground silica, and other constituents shall be previously established as suitable for use in concrete masonry units and shall conform to applicable ASTM standards or shall be shown by test or experience not to be detrimental to the durability of the concrete masonry units or any material customarily used in masonry construction.

#### 5. Physical Requirements

5.1 At the time of delivery to the purchaser, units shall conform to the physical requirements prescribed in Table 1 and Table 2.

Note 2—Higher compressive strengths than those listed in Table 2 may be specified where required by design. Consult with suppliers to determine availability of units of higher compressive strength.

- 5.1.1 When higher compressive strengths than those listed in Table 2 are specified, the tested average net area compressive strength of three units shall equal or exceed the specified compressive strength, and the tested individual unit net area compressive strength of all three units shall exceed 90 % of the specified compressive strength.
- 5.2 At the time of delivery to the purchaser, the linear shrinkage of units shall not exceed 0.065 %.

Note 3—The purchaser is the public body or authority, association, corporation, partnership, or individual entering into a contract or agreement to purchase or install, or both, concrete masonry units. The time of delivery to the purchaser is FOB plant when the purchaser or the purchaser's agent transports the concrete masonry units, or at the time unloaded at the worksite if the manufacturer or the manufacturer's agent transports the concrete masonry units.

### 5.3 Hollow Units:

5.3.1 Face shell thickness  $(t_{fs})$  and web thickness  $(t_{w})$  shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

Note 4—Web thickness  $(t_w)$  not conforming to the requirements prescribed in Table 1 may be approved, provided equivalent structural capability has been established when tested in accordance with the

TABLE 1 Minimum Thickness of Face Shells and Webs<sup>A</sup>

| Nominal Width (W) of<br>Units, in. (mm) | Face Shell Thickness $(t_{fs})$ , min, in. $(mm)^{\mathcal{B},\mathcal{C}}$ | Web Thickness (t <sub>w</sub> )     |   |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|---|
|   |   | Webs <sup>B,D,C</sup> min, in. (mm) | Equivalent Web<br>Thickness, min,<br>in./linear ft <sup>E</sup> (mm/<br>linear m) |
| 3 (76.2) and 4 (102)                    | 3/4 (19)  | 3/4 (19)                            | 15/8 (136)  |
| 6 (152)                                 | 1 (25)  | 1 (25)                              | 21/4 (188)  |
| 8 (203)                                 | 11/4 (32)   | 1 (25)                              | 21/4 (188)  |
| 10 (254) and greater                    | 11/4 (32)   | 11/8 (29)                           | 2½ (209)  |

 $<sup>^{\</sup>it A}$  Average of measurements on a minimum of 3 units when measured as described in Test Methods C 140.

applicable provisions of Test Methods E 72, C 1314, E 519, or other applicable tests and the appropriate design criteria developed is in accordance with applicable building codes.

# 5.4 Solid Units:

- 5.4.1 The net cross-sectional area of solid units in every plane parallel to the bearing surface shall be not less than 75 % of the gross cross-sectional area measured in the same plane.
  - 5.5 End Flanges:
- 5.5.1 For units having end flanges, the thickness of each flange shall not be less than the minimum face shell thickness.

Note 5—Flanges beveled at the ends for mortarless head joint applications that will be filled with grout are exempt from this requirement. Flanges which are specially shaped for mortarless head joint applications which have been shown by testing or field experience to provide equivalent performance are exempt from this requirement.

#### 6. Permissible Variations in Dimensions

- 6.1 Standard Units—For standard units, no overall dimension (width, height, and length) shall differ by more than  $\pm \frac{1}{8}$  in. (3.2 mm) from the specified dimensions.
- 6.2 *Particular Feature Units*—For particular feature units, dimensions shall be in accordance with the following:
- 6.2.1 For molded face units, no overall dimension (width, height, and length) shall differ by more than  $\pm \frac{1}{8}$  in. (3.2 mm) from the specified standard dimension. Dimensions of molded features shall be within  $\pm \frac{1}{16}$  in. (1.6 mm) of the specified standard dimensions and shall be within  $\pm \frac{1}{16}$  in. (1.6 mm) of the specified placement of the molded feature.

Note 6—Molded features include, but are not limited to: ribs, scores, hex-shapes, and patterns.

- 6.2.2 For split-faced units, all non-split overall dimensions shall differ by not more than  $\pm \frac{1}{8}$  in. (3.2 mm) from the specified standard dimensions.
- 6.2.3 For slump units, no overall height dimension shall differ by more than  $\pm \frac{1}{8}$  in. (3.2 mm) from the specified standard dimension.

Note 7—On faces that are split or slumped, overall dimensions will vary. Consult with suppliers to determine achievable dimensional tolerances for products including these features.

# 7. Finish and Appearance

- 7.1 All units shall be sound and free of cracks or other defects that interfere with the proper placement of the unit or significantly impair the strength or permanence of the construction. Minor cracks, incidental to the usual method of manufacture or minor chipping resulting from customary methods of handling in shipment and delivery, are not grounds for rejection.
- 7.2 Where units are to be used in exposed wall construction, the face or faces that are to be exposed shall not show chips or cracks, not otherwise permitted, or other imperfections when viewed from a distance of not less than 20 ft (6.1 m) under diffused lighting.
- 7.2.1 Five percent of a shipment containing chips, not larger than 1 in. (25.4 mm) in any dimension, or cracks not wider than 0.02 in. (0.5 mm) and not longer than 25 % of the nominal height of the unit, is permitted.

 $<sup>^</sup>B$  When this standard is used for units having split surfaces, a maximum of 10 % of the split surface is permitted to have thickness less than those shown, but not less than % in. (19.1 mm). When the units are to be solid grouted, the 10 % limit does not apply and Footnote C establishes a thickness requirement for the entire faceshell.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> When the units are to be solid grouted, minimum face shell and web thickness shall be not less than <sup>5</sup>% in. (16 mm).

 $<sup>^{</sup>D}\!$  The minimum web thickness for units with webs closer than 1 in. (25.4 mm) apart shall be  $^{3}\!\!/\!\!\!/$  in. (19.1 mm).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Equivalent web thickness does not apply to the portion of the unit to be filled with grout. The length of that portion shall be deducted from the overall length of the unit for the calculation of the equivalent web thickness.