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Safety devices for protection against excessive pressure —

Part 2: **Bursting disc safety devices**

Dispositifs de sécurité pour protection contre les pressions excessives —

Partie 2: Dispositifs de sûreté à disque de rupture

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Con	tents		Page		
Forev	vord		V		
Intro	duction	1	v i		
1	Scope	·	1		
2	Norm	ative references	1		
3	Term	s and definitions	1		
4	Materials				
	4.1	Selection of materials	4		
	4.2	Material specifications			
_	4.3 Protection from corrosion				
5	Types of bursting discs. 5.1 Conventional domed bursting discs (Forward acting)				
	5.2	Reverse domed bursting discs (Reverse acting)			
	5.3	Flat bursting discs	6		
	5.4	Other types and designs			
6		ing disc holders			
	6.1	Design 6.1.1 Pressure-containing capability			
		6.1.2 Other design requirements	8		
	6.2	Types 11eh Standards			
	6.3	Connections			
7	Back 7.1	pressure supports Standards.item.ai			
	7.1 7.2 7.3	Opening back pressure supports	11		
		Non-opening back pressure supports	11		
8	Temp	erature shields	11		
9/star		ning rings			
10		ets/seals			
11	Assembly of bursting disc safety devices				
11		General	11		
	11.2	Bursting disc safety devices with replaceable bursting disc assemblies	12		
	11.3	Bursting disc safety devices with non-replaceable bursting disc assemblies			
12		fied bursting pressure requirements			
13	Inspe	ction by the manufacturer	13		
14	Test procedures				
	14.1 14.2 14.3	General Pressure testing			
		Burst testing			
		14.3.1 General	14		
		14.3.2 Coincident temperature in the range 15 °C to 30 °C.			
		14.3.3 Coincident temperature above or below the range 15 °C to 30 °C			
	14.4	Leak testing			
		14.4.1 General			
	14.5	14.4.2 Selection of acceptable leakage rate			
15		ication			
16					
10	F1001	ICL UESIZHAUOH	17		

ISO 4126-2:2018(E)

17	Marki	ng	17	
	17.1	General		
	17.2	Bursting discs or bursting disc assemblies	17	
	17.3	Bursting disc holders	18	
	17.4	Bursting disc safety devices with non-replaceable bursting disc assemblies	18	
	17.5	Ancillary components	19	
	17.6	Omission of markings	19	
18	Packaging and storage			
Annex A (informative) Packaging: marking, assembly instructions and documentation				

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ISO 4126-2:2018

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/975286cf-536b-4d1d-9960-1e6e031b0372/iso-4126-2-2018

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 185, *Safety devices for protection against excessive pressure*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 4126-2:2003), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- non-applicable references have been removed;
- material references (old <u>Annexes A</u> and B) have been removed;
- new Annex A has been added.

A list of all parts in the ISO 4126 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

A bursting disc safety device is a non-reclosing pressure relief device used to protect pressure equipment such as pressure vessels, piping, gas cylinders or other enclosures from excessive pressure and/or excessive vacuum.

A bursting disc safety device typically comprises an assembly of components including a bursting disc, a bursting disc holder and, where necessary, other components such as back pressure supports, stiffening rings, etc.

The bursting disc is the pressure-sensitive part of the bursting disc safety device and is designed to open by bursting at a specified pressure. There are many different types of bursting disc safety devices manufactured in corrosion resistant materials, both metallic and non-metallic, to cover a wide range of nominal sizes, burst pressures and temperatures.

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Safety devices for protection against excessive pressure —

Part 2:

Bursting disc safety devices

1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements for bursting disc safety devices.

It includes the requirements for the design, manufacture, inspection, testing, certification, marking, and packaging.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

bursting disc safety device

non-reclosing pressure relief device actuated by differential pressure and designed to function by the bursting of the $bursting\ disc(s)\ (3.3)$, and which is the complete assembly of installed components including, where appropriate, the $bursting\ disc\ holder\ (3.4)$

3.2

bursting disc assembly

complete assembly of components which are installed in the *bursting disc holder* (3.4) to perform the desired function

3.3

bursting disc

pressure-sensitive component(s) of a bursting disc safety device (3.1), designed to open by bursting at a specified bursting pressure (3.11)

Note 1 to entry: It is not considered a pressure-containing part with respect to 4.2.

3.4

bursting disc holder

part of a bursting disc safety device (3.1) which retains the bursting disc assembly (3.2) in position

Note 1 to entry: It is considered a pressure-containing part with respect to 4.2.

3.5

conventional domed bursting disc

bursting disc (3.3) which is domed in the direction of the bursting pressure (3.10)

Note 1 to entry: I.e. where the bursting pressure is applied to the concave side of the bursting disc, see Figure 1.

Note 2 to entry: Also referred to as forward-acting bursting disc.

3.6

slotted lined bursting disc

bursting disc (3.3) made up of two or more layers, at least one of which is slit or slotted to control the bursting pressure (3.10) of the bursting disc

3.7

reverse domed bursting disc

bursting disc (3.3) which is domed against the direction of the bursting pressure (3.10)

Note 1 to entry: I.e. where the bursting pressure is applied to the convex side of the bursting disc, see Figure 2.

Note 2 to entry: Also referred to as reverse-acting bursting disc.

3.8

flat bursting disc

bursting disc (3.3) having one or more layers, which is flat when installed and can be made of a ductile or brittle material

3.9

graphite bursting disc

bursting disc (3.3) manufactured from graphite, impregnated graphite, flexible graphite or graphite composite and designed to burst due to bending or shearing forces

Note 1 to entry: The following definitions apply: Ment Preview

- a) Graphite: A crystalline form of the element carbon.
- b) Impregnated graphite: Graphite in which the open porosity is impregnated with a filler material.
- c) Flexible graphite: A graphite structure formed by the compression of thermally exfoliated graphite intercalation compounds.
- d) Graphite composite: Made up of two or more distinct materials and having different properties to those of the separate materials and in which the proportion of graphite is over 50 per cent by weight.

3.10

bursting pressure

value of the differential pressure between the upstream side and the downstream side of the *bursting disc* (3.3) when it bursts

3.11

specified bursting pressure

bursting pressure (3.10) quoted with a coincident temperature (3.14) when defining the bursting disc (3.3) requirements

Note 1 to entry: Used in conjunction with a *performance tolerance* (3.15).

3.12

specified maximum bursting pressure

maximum bursting pressure (3.10) quoted with a coincident temperature (3.14) when defining the bursting disc (3.3) requirements

Note 1 to entry: Used in conjunction with *specified minimum bursting pressure* (3.13).

3.13

specified minimum bursting pressure

minimum bursting pressure (3.10) quoted with a coincident temperature (3.14) when defining the *bursting disc* (3.3) requirements

Note 1 to entry: Used in conjunction with *specified maximum bursting pressure* (3.12).

3.14

coincident temperature

temperature of the bursting disc (3.3) associated with a bursting pressure (3.10) and which is the expected temperature of the bursting disc when it is required to burst

3.15

performance tolerance

range of pressure between the specified minimum bursting pressure (3.13) and the specified maximum bursting pressure (3.12), or the range of pressure in positive and negative percentages or quantities which is related to the *specified bursting pressure* (3.11)

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 9.

3.16

operating pressure

pressure existing at normal operating conditions within the system being protected

3.17

differential back pressure

differential pressure across a bursting disc (3.3) in the opposite direction to the direction of the bursting pressure (3.10), which is the result of pressure in the discharge system from other sources and/or a result of vacuum on the upstream side of the bursting disc

3.18

vent area

cross-section area available for discharge of fluid as calculated by the manufacturer

3.19

batch dards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/975286cf-536b-4d1d-9960-1e6e031b0372/iso-4126-2-2018

quantity of bursting discs (3.3) or bursting disc safety devices (3.1) made as a single group of the same type, size, materials and specified bursting pressure (3.11) requirements where the bursting discs (3.3) are manufactured from the same *lot of material* (3.20)

3.20

lot of material

definite quantity of material produced by a single manufacturer under conditions that are presumed uniform

Note 1 to entry: Lots of the following materials used to manufacture bursting discs are defined as:

- Metal: Material of the same specification coming from the same heat number, heat treatment batch and specified thickness with tolerances to an appropriate standard;
- **Graphite and flexible graphite**: Material of the same specification grade and quality coming from the same graphite manufacturer and the same manufacturing process;
- c) **Impregnated graphite**: Graphite of the same lot impregnated with a specific grade of filler material by the same manufacturing process;
- **Graphite composite**: Graphite and specific grades of other constituents coming from the same mix of raw materials.

3.21

back pressure support

component of a bursting disc safety device (3.1) which prevents damage to the bursting disc (3.3) due to differential back pressure (3.17)

Note 1 to entry: A back pressure support which is intended to prevent damage to the bursting disc when the system pressure falls below atmospheric pressure is sometimes referred to as a vacuum support.

3.22

stiffening ring

component of a *bursting disc assembly* (3.2) used primarily for reinforcing fragile *bursting discs* (3.3), so as to prevent damage

3.23

coating

layer of metallic or non-metallic material applied to components of a *bursting disc safety device* (3.1) by a coating process

3.24

lining

additional sheet or sheets of metallic or non-metallic material forming part of a *bursting disc assembly* (3.2) or *bursting disc holder* (3.4)

3.25

plating

metal layer applied to a bursting disc (3.3) or bursting disc holder (3.4) by a plating process

3.26

muffled outlet

component of a *bursting disc safety device* (3.1) which disperses the discharge

3.27

temperature shield

device which protects a bursting disc (3.3) from excessive temperature

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pressure-containing part

part, whose failure to function as intended results in a release of contained fluid into the environment

4 Materials

4.1 Selection of materials

The selection of materials used for the components of bursting disc safety devices shall take into account:

- a) suitability with regard to manufacture;
- b) compatibility with the process fluid, the adjoining components and the chemical and physical conditions to which the bursting disc safety device will be subjected when in service.

NOTE For example, the use of corrosion-resistant materials for the downstream side of the bursting disc device may be selected because corrosion of these parts can cause damage which can impair the performance of the bursting disc safety device.

4.2 Material specifications

4.2.1 The material specifications of the bursting disc assembly component(s) shall be defined by the manufacturer of the bursting disc safety device to provide control of the applicable properties.