

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 50678:2019

01-april-2019

Splošni postopek preverjanja učinkovitosti zaščitnih ukrepov za električno opremo po popravilu

General procedure for verifying the effectiveness of the protective measures of electrical equipment after repair

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN 50678:2019

<u>SIST EN 50678:2020</u> http://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c5bbbc79-2de9-42f5-b7e4-e86c5c480706/sist-en-50678-2020

17.220.20 Merjenje električnih in magnetnih veličin

Measurement of electrical and magnetic quantities

oSIST prEN 50678:2019

en,fr,de



iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

<u>SIST EN 50678:2020</u>



EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

DRAFT prEN 50678

February 2019

ICS 17.220.20

English Version

General procedure for verifying the effectiveness of the protective measures of electrical equipment after repair

To be completed

To be completed

This draft European Standard is submitted to CENELEC members for enquiry. Deadline for CENELEC: 2019-04-26.

It has been drawn up by CLC/TC 85X.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

This draft European Standard was established by CENELEC in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

Warning : This document is not a European Standard. It is distributed for review and comments. It is subject to change without notice and shall not be referred to as a European Standard.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

© 2019 CENELEC All rights of exploitation in any form and by any means reserved worldwide for CENELEC Members.

	ſS	
uropean	foreword	5
troductio	n	6
Scop	е	7
Norm	native references	7
Term	s and definitions	8
Requ	irements	11
Tests	5	11
5.1	General	11
5.1.1	General test conditions	11
5.1.2		
-		
		-
	•	
-		
5.6		
5.7	Confirmation of the compliance of the specifications for the protective measure	
5.8		
5.9	Confirmation of the operation of further protective measures	36
5.10	Confirmation of the polarity of mains plug wiring	37
5.11	Functional test	37
Docu	mentation and evaluation of test	37
Meas	suring equipment	37
nnex A (nformative) General guidance and rationale	38
1 Inten	ded audience	38
2 Ratic	nale	39
nnex B (normative) Requirements for test instruments	42
1 Gene	eral	42
2 Prote	ctive bonding resistance	42
	-	
	-	
	matic test sequence for equipment of protective class I	
	troductic Scop Norm Term Requ Tests 5.1 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 5.1.5 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Meas 5.10 5.11 Meas 5.10 5.11 Meas 1 Inten 2 Ratio nex A (i 1 Inten 2 Ratio nex B (i 1 Gene 2 Prote 3 Insula 4 Leak 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 nex C (i 1 Sche	5.1.1 General test conditions 5.1.2 Visual inspection 5.1.3 Test of the protective measures against electric hazards 5.1.4 Confirmation of the compliance of additional protective measures 5.1.5 Documentation and evaluation of test 5.2 Visual inspection 5.3 Measurement of the insulation resistance 5.4 Measurement of the touch current 5.6 Measurement of the touch current 5.6 Measurement of the compliance of the specifications for the protective measure SELV/PELV Setting input with a rated input voltage above 50 V AC or 120 V DC 5.9 Confirmation of the operation of further protective measures 5.10 Confirmation of the operation of further protective measures 5.11 Functional test Documentation and evaluation of test Measuring equipment nnex A (informative) General guidance and rationale 1 Intended audience 2 Rationale nnex B (normative) Requirements for test instruments 1 General 2 Protective bonding resistance 3 Insulation resistance 4

Annex D (normative) Requirements for testing household and similar appliances in the scope	
of standard series EN 60335	46
Bibliography	17
	- '

Figures

Figure 1a — Example measuring circuit for the measurement of protective earth resistance in equipment that is disconnected from the supply mains	15
Figure 1b — Example measuring circuit for the measurement of protective earth resistance in equipment, which for functional reasons cannot be disconnected from supply mains, or in equipment or permanently connected to mains	16
Figure 1 — Example measuring circuits for the measurement of protective earth resistance	
Figure 2a — Example measuring circuit for the measurement of insulation resistance – equipment with protective earth connector and a plug	
Figure 2b — Example measuring circuit for the measurement of insulation resistance – equipment with protective earth connector fixed installed and accessible conductive parts not connected to protective earth	19
Figure 2c — Example measuring circuit for the measurement of insulation resistance – equipment with double insulation and a plug	20
Figure 2d — Example measuring circuit for the measurement of insulation resistance – equipment with SELV/PELV and a plug	21
Figure 2e — Example measuring circuit for the measurement of insulation resistance – equipment with protective earth connector and a plug and accessible conductive parts not connected to protective earth	22
Figure 2f — Example measuring circuit for the measurement of insulation resistance – equipment with protective isolation transformers, verifying the safe insulation	23
Figure 2 — Example measuring circuits for the measurement of insulation resistance	
Figure 3a — Example protective conductor current – direct method	25
Figure 3b — Example protective conductor current – residual current method	
Figure 3c — Example protective conductor current – alternative method	27
Figure 3d — Example protective conductor current – residual current method	28
Figure 3e — Example protective conductor current – direct method with clamp	29
Figure 3 — Example protective conductor current	29
Figure 4a — Example touch current – residual current method	31
Figure 4b — Example touch current – direct method	32
Figure 4c — Example touch current – alternative method	33
Figure 4d — Example touch current; direct method – on SELV/PELV connectors	34
Figure 4 — Example touch current – different measuring methods	34
Figure 5 — Example leakage current produced by a floating input with a rated input voltage	36
Figure C.1 — Schematic test sequence for equipment of protective class I	44
Figure C.2 — Schematic test sequence for equipment of protective class II	45

Tables

oSIST prEN 50678:2019

prEN 50678:2019

Table 1 — Limits (minimum values) for insulation resistance	17
Table 2 — Limits (maximum values) for protective conductor current	24
Table 3 — Limits (maximum values) for touch current	30
Table A.1 — Addressees and their possible interest in this standard	38
Table A.2 — Reasons for choosing different measuring methods for leakage current	40

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

SIST EN 50678:2020

1 European foreword

- This document [prEN 50678:2019] has been prepared by CLC/TC **85X** "*Measuring equipment for* electrical and electromagnetic quantities".
- 4 This document is currently submitted to the Enquiry.
- 5 The following dates are proposed:

6

•	latest date by which the existence of this document has to be announced at national level	(doa)	dor + 6 months
•	latest date by which this document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	dor + 12 months
•	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with this document have to be withdrawn	(dow)	dor + 36 months (to be confirmed or modified when voting)

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

SIST EN 50678:2020

7 Introduction

8 This standard intends to provide a general test procedure to verify the effectiveness of the basic 9 protective measures for electrical equipment after it has been repaired, thus ensuring the safety of 10 people using repaired equipment.

11 This standard may be considered to support compliance with the European Directive 2009/104/EG 12 concerning the minimum safety and health requirements for the use of work equipment by workers at 13 work.

In general, the test procedure for verification of products after repair is the responsibility of the related product technical committees. This document may be taken into consideration by product technical committees if they need to take into consideration modified or additional tests for verification after repairs for products falling within their scope.

18

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

SIST EN 50678:2020

19 **1 Scope**

This document specifies requirements for setting a uniform procedure to verify the effectiveness of the protective measures for current-using electrical equipment or appliances after they have been repaired.

This procedure is applicable to equipment or appliances that are pluggable equipment type A connected to final circuits via a plug or permanently connected equipment, with a rated voltage above 25 V AC and 60 V DC up to 1 000 V AC and 1 500 V DC, and currents up to 63A.

- 25 This standard does not cover:
- type tests, routine tests and acceptance tests for product safety requirements and product functional requirements.
- NOTE Product safety requirements and product functional requirements are specified in the related product
 standards.
- This document assumes that the electrical equipment under consideration complies with its related product standard, has been introduced on the market, has been in use, has failed, and has then been repaired.
- It intends to verify that operations for repairs have not jeopardized basic protective measures, for example to verify the continuity of the protective conductor, the withstand capability of the insulation or to verify that no metallic part is loose or is inadvertently inserted in the device.
- 36 This document does not apply to:
- devices and equipment that are part of the fix electrical installations. For these devices, tests for
 verification after repair are covered by IEC 60364-6;
- 39 audio/video, information and communication technology equipment;
- 40 uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS);
- 41 charging stations for electro-mobility;
- ittps://standards.iten.al/catalog/standards/sis/c5bbbc79-2de9-42f5-b7e4-e86c5c480706/sist-en-50678-2020
- 42 power supplies;
- 43 programmable Logic Controllers (PLC);
- 44 power Drives;
- 45 devices for EX-zones or for mining applications in general;
- 46 products already covered by standards addressing similar topics such as:
- 47 medical equipment covered by IEC 60601-1. For these devices, tests for verification after
 48 repair are covered by IEC 62353;
- 49 arc welding equipment covered by IEC 60974-1. For these devices, tests for verification after
 50 repair are covered by IEC 60974-4.

51 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

55 EN 60335, Household and similar electrical appliances

- 56 HD 60364-6, *Low-voltage electrical installations Part 6: Verification*
- 57 EN 61010-1:2010, Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and 58 laboratory use — Part 1: General requirements

59 EN 61010-2-030:2010, Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and 60 laboratory use — Part 2-030: Particular requirements for testing and measuring circuits

EN 61010-2-032, Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use — Part 2-032: Particular requirements for hand-held and hand-manipulated current sensors for electrical test and measurement

EN 61557-2, Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1 000 V a.c. and 1 500 V d.c. – Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures — Part 2: Insulation resistance

EN 61557-4, Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1 000 V a.c. and 1 500 V d.c. —
 Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures — Part 4: Resistance of earth
 connection and equipotential bonding

EN 61557-16, Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1 000 V a.c. and 1 500 V d.c
 — Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures — Part 16: Equipment for
 testing the effectiveness of the protective measures of electrical equipment and/or medical electrical
 equipment

EN 62353:2014, Medical electrical equipment — Recurrent test and test after repair of medical electrical equipment

https://standards.iteh.ai)

75 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:
 IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

- 79 ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp
- 80 Note 1 to entry: Some of the definitions are different from those in the product standards for type testing, as 81 different measuring methods are used.

82 **3.1**

83 electrical safety

84 protection within an equipment which limits the effects of electrical current on a user or other 85 individuals

- Note 1 to entry: Safety is defined as freedom from unacceptable risk (refer to ISO 14971:2007, definition 2.24).
- 88 **3.2**
- 89 testing
- visual control, measure and prove the electrical equipment after repair to assure that equipment remains safe to use

92 **3.3**

93 maintenance

combination of all technical and administrative means, including supervising means, to keep or restore

an equipment in working condition

- 96 **3.4**
- 97 repair
- means for restoration of the intended function of the equipment
- 99 **3.5**

100 (electrically) skilled person

- 101 person with relevant education and experience to enable him or her to perceive risks and to avoid 102 hazards which electricity can create
- 103 [SOURCE: IEC 60050-195:1998, 195-04-01]

104 **3.6**

105 (electrically) instructed person

- 106 person adequately advised or supervised by electrically skilled persons to enable him or her to 107 perceive risks and to avoid hazards which electricity can create
- 108 [SOURCE: IEC 60050-195:1998, 195-04-02]

109 **3.7**

110 electrical equipment

- single apparatus using electrical energy and connected by plug or permanently connected to a final
- 112 circuit of the distribution system
- 113 Note 1 to entry: Equipment includes those accessories as defined by the manufacturer that are necessary to
- 114 enable the normal use of the equipment.
- 115 **3.8**

116 final circuit (of buildings) tos://standards.iteh.ai

- electric circuit intended to supply directly electric current to current-using equipment or socket-outlets
- 118 [SOURCE: IEC 60050-826:2004, 826-14-03]
- 119 **3.9**

<u>SIST EN 50678:2020</u>

- leakage current
 current flowing from live parts of the equipment to earth
- [SOURCE: IEC 60050-442:1998, 442-01-24 modified the term has changed and a reference to the
 absence of an insulation fault has been removed]

124 **3.10**

125 touch-current

- 126 electric current passing through a human body or through an animal body when it touches one or more
- 127 accessible parts of electrical equipment not connected to protective earth
- 128 [SOURCE: IEC 60050-195:1998, 195-05-21 modified the wording of the definition has been 129 narrowed to electrical equipment not connected to protective earth]

130 **3.11**

131 protective conductor current

- electric current which flows in a protective conductor and is frequency weighted according to the characteristics of the human body
- 134 [SOURCE: IEC 60050-826:2004, 826-11-21, modified the wording of the definition has been 135 expanded.]
- 136 **3.12**

137 residual current

- vectorial sum of the currents flowing in the live conductors of the mains circuit of the equipment and
- 139 frequency weighted according to the characteristics of the human body

- 140 [SOURCE: IEC 60050-442:1998, 442-05-19 modified the wording of the definition has been 141 expanded]
- 142 **3.13**

143 insulation resistance

- resistance under specified conditions between two conductive elements separated by insulating materials
- 146 [SOURCE: IEC 60050-151:2001, 151-15-43]

147 **3.14**

- 148 protective bonding resistance
- resistance between any accessible conductive part, which has to be connected for safety purposes to the protective earth terminal, and the
- 151 protective terminal of the mains plug, or
- 152 protective terminal of the equipment inlet, or
- 153 protective terminal permanently connected to the supply mains,
- resistance between protective earth terminals at each end of a detachable power supply cord, extension leads and multi-way adapters
- 156 **3.15**
- 157 **SELV**

- iTeh Standards
- electric system in which the voltage cannot exceed the value of extra-low voltage:
- 159 under normal conditions and
- 160 under single fault conditions, including earth faults in other electric circuits
- 161 Note 1 to entry: SELV is the abbreviation for safety extra-low voltage.
- 162 [SOURCE: IEC 60050-826:2004, 826-12-31]
- 163 **3.16**
- 164 **PELV**
- electric system in which the voltage cannot exceed the value of extra-low voltage:
- 166 under normal conditions and
- 167 under single fault conditions, except earth faults in other electric circuits
- 168 Note 1 to entry: PELV is the abbreviation for protective extra-low voltage.
- 169 [SOURCE: IEC 60050-826:2004, 826-12-32]
- 170 **3.17**

171 permanently connected equipment

- equipment that can only be electrically connected to or disconnected from the mains by the use of a tool
- 174 **3.18**

175 pluggable equipment type A

- equipment that is intended for connection to the mains via a non-industrial plug and socket outlet or
- via a non-industrial appliance coupler, or both