

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD **SIST EN ISO 2431:2019**

01-september-2019

Nadomešča:

SIST EN ISO 2431:2012

Barve in laki - Ugotavljanje iztočnega časa z uporabo iztočnih čaš (ISO 2431:2019)

Paints and varnishes - Determination of flow time by use of flow cups (ISO 2431:2019)

Beschichtungsstoffe - Bestimmung der Auslaufzeit mit Auslaufbechern (ISO 2431:2019)

Peintures et vernis - Détermination du temps d'écoulement au moyen de coupes d'écoulement (ISO 2431:2019) (standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard/jeristoveten zbystan EN ISO 2431:2019

SIST EN ISO 2431:2019

SIST EN ISO 2431:2019

SIST EN ISO 2431:2019

Ta slovenski standard/jeristoveten zbystan EN ISO 2431:2019

983eb8fd4251/sist-en-iso-2431-2019

ICS:

87.040 Barve in laki Paints and varnishes

**SIST EN ISO 2431:2019** en,fr,de **SIST EN ISO 2431:2019** 

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 2431:2019

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d55 228f-9156-49ad-bbb7-983eb8fd4251/sist-en-iso-2431-2019

EUROPEAN STANDARD

**EN ISO 2431** 

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

July 2019

ICS 87.040

Supersedes EN ISO 2431:2011

#### **English Version**

### Paints and varnishes - Determination of flow time by use of flow cups (ISO 2431:2019)

Peintures et vernis - Détermination du temps d'écoulement au moyen de coupes d'écoulement (ISO 2431:2019) Beschichtungsstoffe - Bestimmung der Auslaufzeit mit Auslaufbechern (ISO 2431:2019)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 11 June 2019.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

983eb8fd4251/sist-en-iso-2431-2019



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

#### EN ISO 2431:2019 (E)

Contents	Page		
European foreword	3		

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 2431:2019 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d55228f-9156-49ad-bbb7-983eb8fid4251/sist-en-iso-2431-2019

EN ISO 2431:2019 (E)

### **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 2431:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35 "Paints and varnishes" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 139 "Paints and varnishes" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 2431:2011.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW Endorsement notice (standards.iteh.ai)

The text of ISO 2431:2019 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 2431:2019 without any modification.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d55228f-9156-49ad-bbb7-983eb8fd4251/sist-en-iso-2431-2019

**SIST EN ISO 2431:2019** 

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 2431:2019

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d55 228f-9156-49ad-bbb7-983eb8fd4251/sist-en-iso-2431-2019

**SIST EN ISO 2431:2019** 

## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 2431

Sixth edition 2019-06

### Paints and varnishes — Determination of flow time by use of flow cups

Peintures et vernis — Détermination du temps d'écoulement au moyen de coupes d'écoulement

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 2431:2019 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d55228f-9156-49ad-bbb7-983eb8fd4251/sist-en-iso-2431-2019



Reference number ISO 2431:2019(E)

ISO 2431:2019(E)

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 2431:2019 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d55228f-9156-49ad-bbb7-983eb8fd4251/sist-en-iso-2431-2019



#### **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2019

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Fax: +41 22 749 09 47 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org Published in Switzerland

ii

Contents			Page
Forev	word		iv
Intro	duction		<b>v</b>
1	Scope		1
2	-	ntive references	
3		and definitions	
_			
4	_	erature considerations	
6	5.1	Flow cups  5.1.1 Dimensions 5.1.2 Material  5.1.3 Construction 5.1.4 Finish 5.1.5 Measurement range 5.1.6 Marking 5.1.7 Care and checking of flow cups Supplementary apparatus  ing	
	-		
7	7.1 7.2	Preliminary check for Newtonian flow PREVIEW  Determination of flow time Lards item.ai  7.2.1 Choice of flow cup  7.2.2 Temperature adjustment  7.2.3 Preparation of the flow cup <sup>2431</sup> :2019  7.2.4 https://illing.the.flow.cupe/standards/sist/0d55228f-9156-49ad-bbb7-  7.2.5 Measurement of flow time n-iso-2431-2019  7.2.6 Repeat determinations	
8	Marki	ng of products tested	7
9	9.1	ion General Repeatability limit, r Reproducibility limit, R	8 8
10	Test re	eport	9
Anne	<b>x A</b> (nor	mative) Checking flow cups for wear and tear	10
		rmative) Conversion of flow times from one temperature to another	
	ogranhy		14

ISO 2431:2019(E)

#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>. (standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 9, *General test methods for paints and varnishes*. EN ISO 2431:2019

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d55228f-9156-49ad-bbb7-

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition (ISO42431:2011), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- a general reference to ISO 4618 has been added in <u>Clause 3</u>;
- the information in <u>Clause 4</u> on measuring at other temperatures and humidities specified in this document has been amended;
- Figure 1 has been corrected;
- information on conduction of measurements in a fume cupboard has been added to <u>Clause 4</u>.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

#### Introduction

The first edition of this document, ISO 2431, published in 1972, specified only one flow cup with an orifice diameter of 4 mm. The second edition specified three flow cups with an orifice diameter of 3 mm, 4 mm and 6 mm. The third edition corrected errors in Figures 2 and 4 and the formulae for those figures. The fourth edition specified four flow cups with an orifice diameter of 3 mm, 4 mm, 5 mm and 6 mm. In the fifth edition the curves in Figures 2 to 5 have been placed in a single figure (Figure 2) and the formulae for the conversion of flow time to kinematic viscosity and vice versa represented by the curves in these figures have been moved from the figures to a table (Table 1). The procedure for checking the flow cups for wear and tear has been revised to include two alternative methods (one using a certified reference material or secondary working standard, the other using a certified flow cup) and has been moved to an informative annex. The main changes made in this sixth edition are given in the foreword.

As is well known, many countries over the years have developed their own standard flow cups and the difficulty in correlation between them has led to considerable confusion in comparing values. The standardization of an improved design of flow cup has been recommended after careful consideration of the role of flow cups for the measurement of the flow time of paints, varnishes and related products.

Flow times are a measure for sample viscosity only for products with Newtonian or near-Newtonian flow properties. This effectively limits the practical use of flow cups. Nevertheless, for checking purposes, these flow cups do serve a useful purpose. Furthermore, the measurement of flow time is often used to confirm the application consistency.

Paints often contain thickening agents to ensure increased viscosity. Such paints exhibit non-Newtonian flow properties. Their viscosity during application can only be properly assessed using viscometers such as that described in ISO 3219 tandards. Iteh. al

Resins and varnishes can exhibit Newtonian or near-Newtonian flow at much higher viscosities than most paints and, where this applies, flow cups can provide a useful means of controlling the consistency. As a result, this document provides flow cups suitable for viscosities up to about 700 mm<sup>2</sup>/s.

With thixotropic materials, stirring or other such mechanical stress immediately before testing will reduce the flow time compared with that for an unstirred sample. With such materials, uncertain and variable flow time values are obtained with all the flow cups. The repeatability and reproducibility limits given in <u>Clause 9</u> cannot be achieved in the determination of the flow time of such materials.