



**SLOVENSKI STANDARD**  
**SIST EN ISO 16135:2006/oprA1:2018**  
**01-september-2018**

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**Industrijski ventili - Krogelni ventili iz plastomernih materialov - Dopnilo A1 (ISO 16135:2006/DAM 1:2018)**

Industrial valves - Ball valves of thermoplastics materials - Amendment 1 (ISO 16135:2006/DAM 1:2018)

Industriearmaturen - Kugelhähne aus Thermoplasten - Änderung 1 (ISO 16135:2006/DAM 1:2018)

Robinetterie industrielle - Robinets à tournant sphérique en matériaux thermoplastiques - Amendement 1 (ISO 16135:2006/DAM 1:2018)

**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 16135:2006/prA1**

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**ICS:**

23.060.20	Zapirni ventili (kroglasti in pipe)	Ball and plug valves
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**SIST EN ISO 16135:2006/oprA1:2018 en**



# DRAFT AMENDMENT

## ISO 16135:2006/DAM 1

ISO/TC 138/SC 7

Secretariat: UNI

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## Industrial valves — Ball valves of thermoplastics materials

### AMENDMENT 1

*Robinetterie industrielle — Robinets à tournant sphérique en matériaux thermoplastiques*  
*AMENDEMENT 1*

ICS: 23.060.20

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 138, *Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Valves and auxiliary equipment of plastics materials*.



# Industrial valves — Ball valves of thermoplastics materials

## AMENDMENT 1

### Clause 2

Date all the normative references.

Delete the reference to EN 736-1:1995 and EN 736-2:1997, to be moved to the bibliography.

Delete the following references:

ISO 12092:2000, *Fittings, valves and other piping system components made of unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U), chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C), acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS) and acrylonitrile-styrene-acrylester (ASA) for pipes under pressure — Resistance to internal pressure — Test method*

EN 558-1:1995, *Industrial valves — Face-to-face and centre-to-face dimensions of metal valves for use in flanged pipe systems — Part 1: PN-designated valves*

EN 558-2:1995, *Industrial valves — Face-to-face and centre-to-face dimensions of metal valves for use in flanged pipe systems — Part 2: Class-designated valves*

EN 736-3:1999, *Valves - Terminology - Part 3: Definition of terms*

Add the following reference:

ISO 1167-1:2006, *Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids — Determination of the resistance to internal pressure — Part 1: General method*

EN 558:2017, *Industrial valves — Face-to-face and centre-to-face dimensions of metal valves for use in flanged pipe systems — PN and Class designated valves*

EN 736-3:2008, *Valves - Terminology - Part 3: Definition of terms*

Replace the reference to ISO 898-1:1999 by the following:

ISO 898-1:2013, *Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel — Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs with specified property classes — Coarse thread and fine pitch thread*

Replace the reference to ISO 12162:1995 by the following:

ISO 12162:2009, *Thermoplastics materials for pipes and fittings for pressure applications — Classification, designation and design coefficient*

Replace the reference to ISO 15494:2004 by the following:

ISO 15494:2015, *Plastics piping systems for industrial applications — Polybutene (PB), polyethylene (PE), polyethylene of raised temperature resistance (PE-RT), crosslinked polyethylene (PE-X), polypropylene (PP) — Metric series for specifications for components and the system*

### Clause 3

Add the following text after the first paragraph:

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

## ISO 16135:2006/DAM 1:2018(E)

— IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

Convert all notes to "note of entry".

Replace the note of 3.4 by the following:

Note 1 to entry The European legislation for pressure equipment designates PS (maximum allowable pressure) irrespective of temperature. The values of PMA and PS are identical at 20 °C.

Replace the note of 3.5 by the following:

Note 1 to entry Adapted from EN 736-2.

Replace the note of 3.7 by the following:

Note 1 to entry Adapted from EN 12570.

## 4.1.2.2

Replace the subdivision c) of the list by the following:

c) In accordance with EN 736-3, the valve shall be

- either full bore, or
- reduced bore, in which case the manufacturer shall specify the pressure loss factor or the minimum passage diameter in mm (see [Table 2](#), item 9).

## 4.3 Table 1

Replace Table 1 with the table below.

**Table 1 — Minimum values for rating factor  $f_r$  for a lifetime up to 25 years**

Temperature °C	Minimum rating factor $f_r$ for body material					
	ABS	PE	PP	PVC-C	PVC-U	PVDF
-40	1,0	1,0	—	—	—	a
-30	1,0	1,0	—	—	—	a
-20	1,0	1,0	—	—	—	1,0
-10	1,0	1,0	—	—	—	1,0
0	1,0	1,0	a	a	a	1,0
+5	1,0	1,0	a	a	a	1,0
10	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0
20	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0
25	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0
30	0,8	0,76	0,85	0,85	0,80	0,9
40	0,6	0,53	0,70	0,65	0,60	0,8
50	0,4	0,35	0,55	0,50	0,35	0,71
60	0,2	0,24	0,40	0,35	0,15	0,63
70	—	—	0,27	0,25	—	0,54
80	—	—	0,15	0,15	—	0,47
90	—	—	0,08	a	—	0,36
100	—	—	a	a	—	0,25
110	—	—	—	—	—	0,17

NOTE These values do not coincide with the relevant factors for pipes and fittings

<sup>a</sup> A rating factor for this fluid temperature may be declared by the manufacturer.



Table 1 (continued)

Temperature °C	Minimum rating factor $f_T$ for body material					
	ABS	PE	PP	PVC-C	PVC-U	PVDF
120	—	—	—	—	—	0,12
130	—	—	—	—	—	a
140	—	—	—	—	—	a

NOTE These values do not coincide with the relevant factors for pipes and fittings

<sup>a</sup> A rating factor for this fluid temperature may be declared by the manufacturer.

## 4.4.1

Replace the text with the following:

## 4.4.1 Face-to-face dimensions

The face-to-face dimensions of valves for use in flanged pipe systems shall be selected from EN 558.

For all other types of end connection, the face-to-face dimensions shall be the responsibility of the manufacturer.

## 4.6.1

Replace the text with the following:

## 4.6.1 Design strength

For each valve body material, the shell design strength shall conform to ISO 9393-2:

- through the shell test;
- through the long-term behaviour test of the complete valve.

## 4.6.3

Replace the text with the following:

## 4.6.3 Seat and shell leaktightness

The seat and shell leaktightness shall be verifiable through seat and packing tests carried out in accordance with the requirements of ISO 9393-2.

The requirement for seat leaktightness is mandatory for two-way ball valves only.

## 4.6.5

Replace the text with the following:

## 4.6.5 Permissible manual forces

The lever and hand-wheel rim forces to open and fully close the valve shall not exceed the values given for the operating manual force  $F$  in EN 12570.

The maximum manual force  $F_s$  used to calculate the size of the operating element in EN 12570 may not be necessary.

All functional parts shall be serviceable after the application of the force  $F$ .

## 5.2.5

Replace the text with the following:

## 5.2.5 Long-term behaviour test of the complete valve