
Plastics — Biobased content —

Part 5:

**Declaration of biobased carbon
content, biobased synthetic polymer
content and biobased mass content**

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

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Plastiques — Teneur biosourcée —

*Partie 5: Déclaration de la teneur en carbone biosourcé, de la
teneur en polymère synthétique biosourcé et de la teneur en masse
biosourcée*

ISO 16620-5:2017

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <http://www.iso.org/directives>).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Physical-chemical properties*.

ISO 16620-5:2017

A list of all parts in the ISO 16620 series can be found on the ISO website.

www.iso.org/iso/16620-5-2017

Introduction

Increased use of biomass resources for manufacturing plastic products is effective for reducing global warming and the depletion of fossil resources.

Current plastic products are composed of biobased synthetic polymers, fossil-based synthetic polymers, natural polymers and additives that can include biobased materials.

“Biobased plastics” refers to plastics that contain materials wholly or partly of biogenic origin.

In the ISO 16620 series, the “biobased content” of biobased plastics refers to the amount of the biobased carbon content, the amount of the biobased synthetic polymer content or the amount of the biobased mass content only.

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Plastics — Biobased content —

Part 5:

Declaration of biobased carbon content, biobased synthetic polymer content and biobased mass content

1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements for the declarations and labels of the biobased carbon content, the biobased synthetic polymer content and the biobased mass content in plastic products.

This document is applicable to plastic products and plastic materials, polymer resins, monomers or additives, which are made from biobased or fossil-based constituents.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 14020, *Environmental labels and declarations — General principles*

ISO 14021, *Environmental labels and declarations — Self-declared environmental claims (Type II environmental labelling)*

ISO 16620-2, *Plastics — Biobased content — Part 2: Determination of biobased carbon content*

ISO 16620-3, *Plastics — Biobased content — Part 3: Determination of biobased synthetic polymer content*

ISO 16620-4, *Plastics — Biobased content — Part 4: Determination of the biobased mass content*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 16620-1 and ISO 16620-4 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

4 Symbols and abbreviated terms

4.1 Symbols

x_B^{TC} percent biobased carbon content to total carbon

x_B^{TOC} percent biobased carbon content to total organic carbon

m_{BSP} biobased synthetic polymer content

m_B biobased mass content

4.2 Abbreviated terms

TC total carbon

TOC total organic carbon

5 General principles

The general principles for the development and use of environmental labels and declarations established in ISO 14020 shall be followed with modest modifications for biobased plastics as follows:

- a) Principle 1: labels and declarations shall be accurate, verifiable, relevant and not misleading.
- b) Principle 2: procedures and requirements for labels and declarations shall not be prepared, adopted, or applied with a view to, or with the effect of, creating unnecessary obstacles to international trade.
- c) Principle 3: labels and declarations shall be based on scientific methodology that is sufficiently thorough and comprehensive to support the claim and that produces results that are accurate and reproducible.
- d) Principle 4: information concerning the procedure, methodology, and any criteria used to support labels and declarations shall be available and provided upon request to all interested parties.
- e) Principle 5: the development of labels and declarations shall take into consideration all relevant aspects of the claim they are intended for.
- f) Principle 6: labels and declarations shall not inhibit innovation which maintains or has the potential to improve environmental performance and sustainability.
- g) Principle 7: any administrative requirements or information demands related to labels and declarations shall be limited to those necessary to establish conformance with applicable criteria and standards of the labels and declarations.
- h) Principle 8: the process of developing labels and declarations should include an open, participatory consultation with interested parties. Reasonable efforts should be made to achieve a consensus throughout the process.
- i) Principle 9: information on the aspects of products and services relevant to a label or declaration shall be available to purchasers and potential purchasers from the party making the label or declaration.

The requirements for self-declared environmental claims, including statements, symbols and graphics, regarding products, specified in ISO 14021 shall be satisfied.

Examples of labelling systems are given in [Annex A](#).

6 Declarations of the biobased content

6.1 Principle

The declaration of the biobased content according to this document is applicable to plastic products and plastic materials, polymer resins, monomers or additives which are made from biobased and/or fossil-based constituents.

The biobased carbon content, the biobased synthetic polymer content or the biobased mass content determined by applying ISO 16620-2, ISO 16620-3 or ISO 16620-4, respectively, shall be declared only by using the format described in 6.2, 6.3, or 6.4, respectively.

The responsible party for placing biobased plastic products on the market should verify if the presence of the label could be erroneously considered as a proof of suitability to organic recovery (i.e. composting and anaerobic digestion according to ISO 18606 or equivalent specifications) by the consumers and, therefore, bring to unaware wrong waste separation behaviour. If there is a risk of misinterpretation, for example, for disposable single-use products placed on those markets where organic waste collection has been already implemented, then the responsible party should adopt further forms of communication to the consumers to make them aware of the recovery characteristics of the biobased product and, therefore, reduce the risks of waste misplacement caused by misinterpretation of the label and term “biobased”.

6.2 Declaration of the biobased carbon content

The declaration of the biobased carbon content, expressed as a percentage of the total organic carbon, x_B^{TOC} , shall consist of a statement, where x_B^{TOC} is the value determined according to ISO 16620-2, rounded to the nearest integer.

The declaration of the biobased carbon content, expressed as a percentage of the total carbon, x_B^{TC} , shall consist of a statement, where x_B^{TC} is the value determined according to ISO 16620-2, rounded to the nearest integer.

Information shall be provided as follows:

- a) product identification;
- b) biobased carbon content according to ISO 16620-2;
 - 1) expressed as a percentage of TOC: X %
 - and
 - 2) expressed as a percentage of TC: X %
- c) “this declaration is in agreement with ISO 16620-5”.

6.3 Declaration of the biobased synthetic polymer content

The declaration of the biobased synthetic polymer content, expressed as a percentage of mass, m_{BSP} , shall consist of a statement, where m_{BSP} is the value determined according to ISO 16620-3, rounded to the nearest integer.

Information shall be provided as follows:

- a) product identification;
- b) biobased synthetic polymer content according to ISO 16620-3, expressed as a percentage of the total mass: X %;