

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN ISO 8253-3:2021

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Akustika - Avdiometrijske preskusne metode - 3. del: Govorna avdiometrija (ISO/DIS 8253-3:2020)

Acoustics - Audiometric test methods - Part 3: Speech audiometry (ISO/DIS 8253-3:2020)

Akustik - Audiometrische Prüfverfahren - Teil 3: Sprachaudiometrie (ISO/DIS 8253-3:2020)

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Acoustique - Méthodes d'essais audiométriques - Partie 3. Audiométrie vocale (ISO/DIS 8253-3:2020)

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17.140.01 Akustična merjenja in Acoustic measurements and

blaženje hrupa na splošno noise abatement in general

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Part 3:

Speech audiometry

Acoustique — Méthodes d'essais audiométriques — Partie 3: Audiométrie vocale

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| Cor | ntents | Page |
|-------|---|---|
| Fore | word | v |
| Intro | oduction | vi |
| 1 | Scope | 1 |
| 2 | Normative references | |
| 3 | Terms and definitions | |
| 4 | Requirements for recording of speech material | |
| 4 | 4.1 General requirements 4.2 Calibration signal 4.3 Reference recording 4.4 Recording environment 4.5 Recording setup 4.6 Signals and levels 4.6.1 Calibration signals 4.6.2 Speech signals 4.6.3 Announcing signals 4.6.4 Competing sound signals | 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 |
| | 4.7 Phonemic equivalence across test lists4.8 Perceptual equivalence across test lists | 7 |
| 5 | Validation of speech material recordings. 5.1 General 5.2 Determination of reference speech recognition curve 5.3 Determination of perceptual equivalence of test lists 5.4 Determination of test-retest reliability. 5.5 Documentation oSIST pren ISO 8253-3:2021 https://standards.itch.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b50844b2-db8b-4cb0- | |
| 6 | Requirements for speech audiometry stypen is 8253-3-2021 6.1 Audiometric equipment 6.2 Ambient sound pressure levels in test room for speech audiometry 6.3 Sound field speech audiometry | |
| 7 | Preparation and instruction of test subject 7.1 General 7.2 Preparation of test subject 7.3 Instruction of test subject | |
| 8 | Subject's response mode | |
| 9 | Determination of speech detection threshold level | |
| 10 | Determination of speech recognition threshold level | |
| 11 | Determination of speech recognition scores | |
| 12 | Contralateral masking | |
| 13 | Speech audiometry with competing sound 13.1 Type of competing sound 13.2 Presentation of competing sound 13.3 Speech and competing sound levels 13.4 Test procedure 13.4.1 General 13.4.2 Speech recognition score at fixed SNR 13.4.3 Speech recognition threshold with a competing sound | |
| 14 | Format of speech audiogram | 16 |
| 15 | Measurement uncertainty | 16 |

oSIST prEN ISO 8253-3:2021

ISO/DIS 8253-3:2020(E)

| 16 M | aintenance and calibration of equipment | 17 |
|--------------|--|----|
| 16 | aintenance and calibration of equipment | 17 |
| | 5.2 Stage A: Routine checking and listening tests | 17 |
| 16 | 5.3 Stage B: Periodic electroacoustic tests | 17 |
| 16 | 5.4 Stage C: Basic calibration tests | 18 |
| 16 | 5.2 Stage A: Routine checking and listening tests 5.3 Stage B: Periodic electroacoustic tests 5.4 Stage C: Basic calibration tests 5.5 Intervals between tests | 18 |
| Annex A | (informative) Example of speech materials | 19 |
| Annex B | (informative) Examples of competing sound | 20 |
| Annex C | (informative) Typical results | 21 |
| Annex D | (informative) Optimization of perceptual equivalence of test lists | 25 |
| Annex E | (informative) Measurement uncertainty | 26 |
| Annex F | (informative) Determination of minimum number of subjects | 31 |
| Annex G | (informative) Determination of test-retest reliability | 33 |
| Bibliography | | |

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43, *Acoustics*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 8258 8:2012), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- The technical requirements for recording of speech material were adapted to recent equipment and technology.
- The determination of reference speech recognition curves was revised. An Annex that gives advices how to determine the minimum number of subjects was introduced.
- The determination of speech recognition threshold levels is described in a more general manner.
- Symbols for the graphical representation of speech audiometry results were introduced.

A list of all the parts in the ISO 8253 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

Speech audiometry is used for the assessment of hearing in connection with diagnostic evaluation and audiological rehabilitation.

The results of speech audiometry depend on the speech material and test method used. This document sets conditions for speech materials in order to ensure minimum requirements of precision and comparability between different tests using different speech materials including materials in different languages. It also specifies procedures to be used when testing speech recognition.

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Acoustics — Audiometric test methods —

Part 3:

Speech audiometry

1 Scope

This document specifies basic methods for speech recognition tests for audiological applications.

NOTE Examples of speech materials are given in Annex A.

In order to ensure minimum requirements of precision and comparability between different test procedures including speech recognition tests in different languages, this document specifies requirements for the composition, validation and evaluation of speech test materials, and the realization of speech recognition tests. This document does not specify the contents of the speech material because of the variety of languages.

Furthermore, this document also specifies the determination of reference values and requirements for the realization and manner of presentation. In addition, there are features of speech tests described which are important to be specified, but which are not understood as a requirement.

This document specifies procedures and requirements for speech audiometry with the recorded test material being presented by an audiometer through a transducer, e.g. an earphone, bone vibrator, or loudspeaker arrangement for sound field audiometry. Methods for using noise either for masking the non-test ear or as a competing sound are described. 53-3:2021

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Some test subjects, for example children, can require modified test procedures not specified in this document.

Specialized tests, such as those used for evaluating directional hearing and dichotic hearing, are outside the scope of this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 266, Acoustics — Preferred frequencies

ISO 8253-1, Acoustics — Audiometric test methods — Part 1: Pure-tone air and bone conduction audiometry

ISO 8253-2, Acoustics — Audiometric test methods — Part 2: Sound field audiometry with pure-tone and narrow-band test signals

ISO/IEC Guide 98-3, *Uncertainty of measurement — Part 3: Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement (GUM:1995)*

IEC 60645-1:2017, Electroacoustics — Audiometric equipment — Part 1 Equipment for pure-tone and speech audiometry

IEC 61672-1, Electroacoustics — Sound level meters — Part 1: Specifications

Terms and definitions 3

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8253-1 and ISO 8253-2 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

speech signal

acoustic signal which carries information in a given language

Note 1 to entry: A speech signal may be a voice signal or an acoustic signal simulating a voice signal.

3.2

test item

particular monosyllabic or polysyllabic word, or logatom, or spondee, or sentence, or time-limited segment of connected speech, used in accordance with defined rules of presentation and scoring in a speech audiometric procedure

Note 1 to entry: Scoring may be based on a complete test item or parts thereof being correctly recognized.

3.3

test list

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number of selected test items, presented and scored as a single unit (standards.iteh.ai)

3.4

set of test items

selected number of test items from a test list oSIST prEN ISO 8253-3:2021 selected number of test items from a test list oi/catalog/standards/sist/b50844b2-db8b-4cb0-9d45-76eb428e3509/osist-pren-iso-8253-3-2021

3.5

speech material

entire set of test items which is used for speech recognition tests

Note 1 to entry: Usually the speech material is subdivided into several test lists.

3.6

open-set test

test in which the number of alternative responses to each test item is unlimited

3.7

closed-set test

test in which the number of alternative responses to each test item is limited

3.8

phoneme

the smallest phonetic unit that distinguishes one word from another in a particular language

phoneme class

subdivision of phonemes that show characteristic similarities in vocal production mode as well as in acoustical signal properties

3.10

phoneme distribution

relative distribution of the various phonemes within a given speech material

3.11

syllable

segment of speech consisting of an (optional) onset, a nucleus, and an (optional) coda. The nucleus most often consists of a vowel sound. The onset and coda most often consist of one or more consonant sounds

3.12

logatom

syllabic unit that has no verbal meaning to the listener

Note 1 to entry: A logatom is sometimes called a "nonsense syllable".

3.13

carrier phrase

sentence or phrase in which a test item is embedded such that the correct recognition of the test item is not dependent upon the context or meaning of the sentence or phrase

3.14

connected speech

continuous speech with natural intonation, consisting of consecutive sentences with logical connections

reference recording of a speech material

master recording

well-defined recording that represents the speech material and that is used for validation and application of the speech material

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speech level

speech level (standards iteh.ai) sound pressure level of a specified speech material as measured in an appropriate acoustic coupler, ear simulator or in a sound field, with a specified frequency and time weighting according to IEC 61672-1

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speech detection threshold devel eb428e3509/osist-pren-iso-8253-3-2021

for a given test subject, for a specified speech material and a specified manner of signal presentation. the speech level at which it is detected as sound (not necessarily understood) in 50 % of the trials

Note 1 to entry: Is synonymous with the expression "speech awareness threshold".

3.18

speech recognition score

for a given test subject, for a specified speech material, a specified manner of signal presentation and at a specified speech level, the percentage of correctly recognized test items or scorable items if the scoring method is not based on whole test items

3.19

speech audiogram

graphical representation of the results of speech audiometry, where the speech recognition score is plotted as percentage along the ordinate and speech level, in dB, or hearing level for speech, in dB, or speech-to-noise level difference, in dB, along the abscissa

maximum speech recognition score

for a given test subject, for a specified speech material and a specified manner of signal presentation, the maximum speech recognition score obtained regardless of the speech level

3.21

speech recognition threshold level

for a given test subject, for a specified speech material and a specified manner of signal presentation, the lowest speech level at which the speech recognition score is equal to 50 % or another specified value

Note 1 to entry: Speech recognition threshold has been called "speech reception threshold".

3.22

reference speech recognition threshold level

for a specified speech material and a specified manner of signal presentation, the median value of the speech recognition threshold levels of a sufficiently large number of otologically normal persons, of both sexes, between 18 years and 25 years inclusive for whom the speech material is appropriate

3.23

hearing level for speech

for a specified speech material and a specified manner of signal presentation, the speech level minus the appropriate reference speech recognition threshold level

3.24

optimum speech level

for a given test subject, for a specified speech material and a specified manner of signal presentation, the speech level or range of speech levels at which maximum speech recognition score is obtained

3.25

half-optimum speech level

for a given test subject, for a specified speech material and a specified manner of signal presentation, the speech level at which half of the maximum speech recognition score is obtained

3.26

most comfortable level for speech

for a given test subject, a specific speech material and a specified manner of presentation, the speech level at which the loudness of the speech signal is judged by the test subject to be most comfortable

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3.27

speech recognition curve (standards.iteh.ai)

for a given test subject, for a specified speech material and a specified manner of signal presentation, a curve that describes the speech recognition score as a function of speech level

3.28 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b50844b2-db8b-4cb0-

reference speech recognition curve 5-76eb428e3509/osist-pren-iso-8253-3-2021

for a specified speech material and a specified manner of presentation, a curve that describes the speech recognition score as a function of speech level for a sufficiently large number of otologically normal persons of both sexes, aged between 18 years and 25 years inclusive and for whom the speech material is appropriate

3.29

competing sound

additional sound that is presented during speech recognition tests

3 30

competing sound level

sound pressure level of a competing sound as measured in an appropriate acoustic coupler, ear simulator or in a sound field, with a specified frequency and time weighting according to IEC 61672-1

3.31

Spech-to-noise level difference

speech-to-noise ratio

SNR

difference between the speech level and the competing sound level

3.32

effective masking level for speech

level of a specified masking sound equivalent to that hearing level for speech to which the speech recognition threshold level for a specified speech signal would be raised by the presence of that masking sound

4 Requirements for recording of speech material

4.1 General requirements

Each recording shall contain the following signals:

- a) the speech material;
- b) a signal for the calibration of the equipment for speech audiometry.

4.2 Calibration signal

The calibration signal shall meet the following requirements:

- a) A minimum duration of 60 s.
- b) The calibration signal for sound-field speech audiometry shall be a weighted random noise, e.g. as specified in IEC 60645-1:2017, 6.5.3, a band of noise centred at 1 kHz and having a bandwidth of one-third octave, or a frequency-modulated tone at 1 kHz having a bandwidth of at least one-third octave the modulating signal shall be either sinusoidal or triangular with a repetition rate in the range from 4 Hz to 20 Hz.
- c) The calibration signal for earphones or bone vibrators shall be as specified in b). Alternatively, a pure-tone signal may be used.

4.3 Reference recording STANDARD PREVIEW

The voice characteristics of the speaker influence the test results. For general-use tests, a suitable speaker, either male or female, shall have a normal and clear articulation and should speak with a generally well understood dialect. The speaker shall be instructed to maintain clarity, natural pace, and vocal effort and avoid emphasis on keywords standards/sist/b50844b2-db8b-4cb0-9d45-76eb428e3509/osist-pren-iso-8253-3-2021

NOTE 1 Tests with representative speech facilitate the comparison of results.

NOTE 2 For some applications, e.g. localized speech tests, a specific dialect may be required.

A reference recording mainly consists of the elements specified in 4.1. The reference recording shall not be modified. All speech materials used for testing shall be equivalent copies of the reference recording. Any changes of the reference recording (e.g. a new recording or changes of levels or frequency content) require a new validation (see <u>Clause 5</u>).

For speech audiometry intended to be performed in noise, the reference recording shall also include the associated competing sound or sounds, either on the same or on separate channels.

4.4 Recording environment

The room in which the speech is recorded shall be sufficiently quiet to provide a signal-to-noise ratio of at least 40 dB and should have a reverberation time of less than 0,5 s at any frequency in the range from 125 Hz to 8 000 Hz.

4.5 Recording setup

The frequency response of the recording setup including the microphone used at least in the frequency range from 125 Hz to 8 000 Hz, shall be documented along with the recording setup.

NOTE The quality of the recording and negligible loss of quality after repeated use make digital recordings superior.

The signal-to-noise ratio of the recording shall be at least 40 dB when measured using the same frequency weighting as for measuring the speech level.