

Designation: F1472 –  $08^{\epsilon 1}$ 

# StandardSpecification for Wrought Titanium-6Aluminum-4Vanadium Alloy for Surgical Implant Applications (UNS R56400)<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F1472; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

 $\varepsilon^1$  NOTE—Editorially corrected the ISO 5832–3 designation throughout in December 2008.

#### 1. Scope\*

- 1.1 This specification covers the chemical, mechanical, and metallurgical requirements for wrought annealed titanium-6aluminum-4vanadium alloy (UNS R56400) to be used in the manufacture of surgical implants.
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>
- E8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
- E290 Test Methods for Bend Testing of Material for Ductility
- E527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System (UNS)

  ASTM F14
- E1409 Test Method for Determination of Oxygen and Nitrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by the Inert Gas Fusion Technique
- E1447 Test Method for Determination of Hydrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by Inert Gas Fusion Thermal Conductivity/Infrared Detection Method
- E2371 Test Method for Analysis of Titanium and Titanium Alloys by Atomic Emission Plasma Spectrometry 2.2 ASQ Standard:<sup>3</sup>
- ASQ C1 Specifications of General Requirements for a Quality Program

2.3 Aerospace Material Specifications:<sup>4</sup>

AMS 2249 Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Titanium and Titanium Alloys

AMS 4911 Titanium Alloy Sheet, Strip, and Plate 6Al-4V Annealed

AMS 4928 Titanium Alloy Bars, Wire, Forgings, Rings, and Drawn Shapes 6Al-4V Annealed

AMS 4965 Titanium Alloy, Bars, Wire, Forgings, and Rings 6.0Al-4.0V Solution Heat Treated and Aged

2.4 ISO Standards:<sup>5</sup>

ISO 5832–3 Implants for Surgery—Metallic Materials—Part 3, Wrought Titanium-6Aluminum-4Vanadium Alloy ISO 9001 Quality Management Systems—Requirements 2.5 Society of Automotive Engineers Standard: 4,6

SAE J1086 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys (UNS)

# 3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 *lot*, *n*—the total number of mill products produced from one heat under the same conditions at essentially the same time.

#### 4. Product Classification

- 4.1 *Strip*—Any product under 0.188 in. (4.76 mm) in thickness and under 24 in. (610 mm) wide.
- 4.2 *Sheet*—Any product under 0.188 in. (4.76 mm) in thickness and 24 in. (610 mm) or more in width.
- 4.3 *Plate*—Any product 0.188 in. (4.76 mm) thick and over and 10 in. (254 mm) wide and over, with widths greater than five times thickness. Plate up to 4.00 in. (102 mm) thick, inclusive, is covered by this specification.
- 4.4 *Bar*—Round bars and flats from 0.188 in. (4.76 mm) to 4.00 in. (102 mm) in diameter or thickness (other sizes and shapes by special order).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F04 on Medical and Surgical Materials and Devices and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F04.12 on Metallurgical Materials.

Current edition approved Oct. 1, 2008. Published October 2008. Originally published in 1993. Last previous edition approved in 2002 as F1472 – 02a. DOI: 10.1520/F1472-08E01.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from American Society for Quality (ASQ), 600 N. Plankinton Ave., Milwaukee, WI 53203, http://www.asq.org.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Available from Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, http://www.sae.org.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> New designation established in accordance with E527 and SAE J1086.

- 4.5 Forging Bar—Bar as described in 4.4, used in the production of forgings. This product may be furnished in the hot worked condition.
- 4.6 *Wire*—Rounds, flats, or other shapes less than 0.188 in. (4.76 mm) in diameter or thickness.

### 5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Include with inquiries and orders for material under this specification the following information:
  - 5.1.1 Quantity,
  - 5.1.2 ASTM designation and date of issue,
  - 5.1.3 Form (strip, sheet, plate, bar, forging bar, or wire),
  - 5.1.4 Condition (see 6.3),
- 5.1.5 Mechanical properties (if applicable, for special conditions).
  - 5.1.6 Finish (see 6.2),
- 5.1.7 Applicable dimensions including size, thickness, width, length, or drawing number,
  - 5.1.8 Special tests, if any, and
  - 5.1.9 Other requirements.

### 6. Materials and Manufacture

- 6.1 The various titanium mill products covered in this specification normally are formed with the conventional forging and rolling equipment found in primary ferrous and nonferrous plants. The alloy is usually multiple melted in arc furnaces (including furnaces such as plasma arc and electron beam) of a type conventionally used for reactive metals.
- 6.2 Finish—The mill product may be furnished to the purchaser as mechanically descaled or pickled, sandblasted, chemically milled, ground, machined, peeled, polished, combinations of these operations, or as specified by the purchaser. On billets, bars, plates, and forgings, it is permissible to remove minor surface imperfections by grinding if the resultant area meets the dimensional and surface finish requirements of this specification.
- 6.3 *Condition*—Material shall be furnished in the annealed or cold-worked condition.

#### 7. Chemical Requirements

7.1 The heat analysis shall conform to the chemical composition of Table 1. Ingot analysis may be used for reporting all chemical requirements, except hydrogen. Samples for hydro-

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements<sup>A</sup>

Element	Composition, %
Nitrogen, max	0.05
Carbon, max	0.08
Hydrogen, max <sup>B</sup>	0.015
Iron, max	0.30
Oxygen, max	0.20
Aluminum	5.5-6.75
Vanadium	3.5-4.5
Yttrium, max	0.005
Titanium <sup>C</sup>	balance

A Refer to AMS 4928.

gen shall be taken from the finished mill product. Supplier shall not ship material with chemistry outside the requirements specified in Table 1.

7.1.1 Requirements for the major and minor elemental constituents are listed in Table 1. Also listed are important residual elements. Analysis for elements not listed in Table 1 is not required to verify compliance with this specification.

## 7.2 Product Analysis:

- 7.2.1 Product analysis tolerances do not broaden the specified heat analysis requirements but cover variations in the measurement of chemical content between laboratories. The product analysis tolerances shall conform to the product tolerances in Table 2.
- 7.2.2 The product analysis is either for the purpose of verifying the composition of a heat or manufacturing lot or for determining variations in the composition within the heat.
- 7.2.3 Acceptance or rejection of a heat or manufacturing lot of material may be made by the purchaser on the basis of this product analysis. Product analyses outside the tolerance limits allowed in Table 2 are cause for rejection of the product. A referee analysis may be used if agreed upon by supplier and purchaser.
- 7.2.4 For referee purposes, use Test Methods E1409, E1447, and E2371 or other analytical methods agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.
- 7.3 Samples for chemical analysis shall be representative of the material being tested. The utmost care must be used in sampling titanium for chemical analysis because of its affinity for elements such as oxygen, nitrogen, and hydrogen. In cutting samples for analysis, therefore, the operation should be carried out insofar as possible in a dust-free atmosphere. Cutting tools should be clean and sharp. Samples for analysis should be stored in suitable containers.

#### 8. Mechanical Requirements 50/astm-f1472-08e1

- 8.1 The material supplied under this specification shall conform to the mechanical property requirements in Table 3. Alternative properties may be agreed upon between the purchaser and supplier.
- 8.2 Specimens for tension tests shall be machined and tested in accordance with Test Methods E8. Tensile properties shall be determined using a strain rate of 0.003 to 0.007 in./in./min

TABLE 2 Product Analysis Tolerance<sup>A</sup>

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Element	Tolerance Under the Minimum or Over the Maximum Limit (Composition %) <sup>B</sup>
Nitrogen	0.02
Carbon	0.02
Hydrogen	0.002
Iron	0.10
Oxygen	0.02
Aluminum	0.40
Vanadium	0.15
Yttrium	0.0006

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> See AMS 2249.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Billets shall have a maximum of 0.01 % hydrogen content.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> The percentage of titanium is determined by difference and need not be determined or certified.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>it B}$  Under minimum limit not applicable for elements where only a minimum percentage is indicated.