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An American National Standard

Standard Specification for Wrought Carbon Steel Sleeve-Type Pipe Couplings¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F682; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers wrought carbon steel sleevetype pipe couplings suitable for joining carbon steel pipes.
- 1.2 Type I couplings are intended for use on all schedules of pipe in which the pipe wall thickness does not exceed the wall thickness of standard weight pipe. Type II couplings are intended for use on all schedules of pipe in which the pipe wall thickness does not exceed the wall thickness of extra strong pipe.
 - 1.3 This specification does not cover cast steel couplings.

Note 1—The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard.

Note 2—See Appendix X1 for rationale used to develop this specification.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A53/A53M Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless

A106/A106M Specification for Seamless Carbon Steel Pipe for High-Temperature Service

A234/A234M Specification for Piping Fittings of Wrought Carbon Steel and Alloy Steel for Moderate and High Temperature Service

A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

E59 Practice for Sampling Steel and Iron for Determination of Chemical Composition (Withdrawn 1996)³

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F25 on Ships and Marine Technology and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F25.11 on Machinery and Piping Systems.

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2.2 Manufacturer's Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry Standard:

MSS SP-25 Standard Marking System for Valves, Fittings, Flanges and Unions⁴

2.3 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII Unfired Pressure Vessels⁵

Section IX Welding Qualifications⁵

2.4 Federal Regulations:

Title 46, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Shipping, Parts 41 to 69⁶

2.5 ANSI Standards:

B16.5 Pipe Flanges and Flange Fittings⁷

3. Classification

- 3.1 Couplings are furnished in two types as follows:
- 3.1.1 *Type I*—Couplings (see 1.2).
- 3.1.2 Type II—Couplings (see 1.2).

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information:
 - 4.1.1 Quantity (number of couplings of each size and type),
 - 4.1.2 Name of material (sleeve-type pipe couplings),
 - 4.1.3 Size (nominal, see Table 1 and Table 2 and Fig. 1),
 - 4.1.4 Type (see 3.1),
 - 4.1.5 ASTM designation and date of issue.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁴ Available from Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry (MSS), 127 Park St., NE, Vienna, VA 22180-4602, http://www.mss-hq.org.

⁵ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Two Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, http:// www.asme.org.

⁶ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098, http://dodssp.daps.dla.mil.

⁷ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

TABLE 1 Dimensions for Type I Couplings (See Fig. 1)

Nominal Size, in.	Dimension A, Inside Diameter, in. (mm) ^A	Dimension B, Outside Diameter, in. $(mm)^B$	Dimension C, Thickness, min, in. (mm)	Dimension D, Length, in. (mm) ^c
1/4	0.589 (15.0)	0.875 (22.2)	0.143 (3.6)	1 (25)
3/8	0.724 (18.4)	0.992 (25.2)	0.134 (3.4)	11/4 (32)
1/2	0.889 (22.6)	1.201 (30.5)	0.156 (4.0)	11/4 (32)
3/4	1.099 (27.9)	1.401 (35.6)	0.151 (3.8)	1½ (38)
1	1.364 (34.6)	1.710 (43.4)	0.173 (4.4)	1½ (38)
11/4	1.709 (43.4)	2.057 (52.2)	0.174 (4.4)	1½ (38)
11/2	1.949 (49.5)	2.306 (58.6)	0.179 (4.5)	1½ (38)
2	2.424 (61.6)	2.807 (71.3)	0.192 (4.9)	1½ (38)
21/2	2.924 (74.3)	3.444 (87.5)	0.260 (6.6)	1½ (38)
3	3.545 (90.0)	4.105 (104.3)	0.280 (7.1)	1½ (38)
31/2	4.070 (103.4)	4.633 (117.7)	0.282 (7.2)	2 (51)
4	4.570 (116.1)	5.164 (131.2)	0.297 (7.5)	2 (51)
5	5.660 (143.8)	6.286 (159.7)	0.313 (8.0)	2 (51)
6	6.720 (170.7)	7.409 (188.2)	0.345 (8.8)	2 (51)
8	8.720 (221.5)	9.527 (242.0)	0.404 (10.3)	2½ (64)
10	10.880 (276.4)	11.875 (301.6)	0.498 (12.6)	2½ (64)
12	12.880 (327.2)	13.800 (350.5)	0.460 (11.7)	21/2 (64)
14	14.140 (359.2)	15.050 (382.3)	0.455 (11.6)	21/2 (64)
16	16.160 (410.5)	17.050 (433.1)	0.445 (11.3)	21/2 (64)
18	18.180 (461.8)	19.050 (483.9)	0.435 (11.0)	21/2 (64)

A Tolerances shall be (1) Sizes through 3 in. incl: +0.000, -0.010 in. (+0.000, -0.254 mm); (2) Sizes 3½ through 10 in. incl: +0.030, -0.000 in. (+0.762, -0.000 mm); and (3) Sizes above 10 in.: +0.060, -0.000 in. (+1.524, -0.000 mm).

TABLE 2 Dimensions for Type II Couplings (See Fig. 1)

Nominal Size, in.	Dimension Diameter, i			B, Outside in. (mm) ^B			n C, Thick- n, in. (mm)	Dimension D, gth , in. $(mm)^C$
1/4	0.589 (15.0)	1.055	(26.8)).233	(5.9)	1 (25)
3/8	0.724 (18.4)	0 0 / 0 1.156	(29.4)	rdg ita	.216	(5.5)	11/4 (32)
1/2	0.889 (22.6)	1.369	(34.8)	I (12.11C)	.240	(6.1)	11/4 (32)
3/4	1.099 (27.9)	1.557	(39.5)	().229	(5.8)	11/2 (38)
1	1.364 (34.6)	1.876	(47.7)†		.256	(6.5)†	11/2 (38)
11/4	1.709 (43.4)	2.221	(56.4)†		.256	(6.5)†	11/2 (38)
11/2	1.949 (49.5)	2.469	(62.7)†	(0.260	(6.6)†	11/2 (38)
2	2.424 6	61.6)	2.986	(75.8)†	().281	(7.1)†	11/2 (38)
21/2	2.924 (74.3)	3.648	(92.7)†	(.362	(9.2)†	11/2 (38)
3	3.545 (90.0)	AS 4.340	(110.2)†	a(2008) c	.398	(10.1)†	11/2 (38)
31/2	4.070 (103.4)	4.891	(124.2)†	0 40 10 1 20	0.411	(10.4)†	2 (51)
ittps:/ ₄ standard	4.570 (116.1)	dards/sist/e9 _{5.444}	(138.3)	13-42a3-be39	.437	(11.1)	2 (51)
5	5.660 (143.8)	6.613	(168.0)	().477	(12.1)	2 (51)
6	6.720 (170.7)	7.875	(200.0)	().578	(14.7)	2 (51)
8	8.720 (221.5)	10.125	(257.2)	(0.703	(17.8)	21/2 (64)
10	10.880 (276.4)	12.150	(308.6)	(0.635	(16.1)	21/2 (64)
12	12.880 (327.2)	14.150	(359.4)	(0.635	(16.1)	21/2 (64)
14	14.140 (359.2)	15.400	(391.2)	(0.630	(16.0)	21/2 (64)
16	16.160 (410.5)	17.400	(442.0)			(15.7)	21/2 (64)
18	18.180 (,		(492.8)			(15.5)	21/2 (64)

^A Tolerances shall be (1) Sizes through 3 in. incl: +0.000, -0.010 in. (+0.000, -0.254 mm); (2) Sizes $3\frac{1}{2}$ through 10 in. incl: +0.030, -0.000 in. (+0.762, -0.000 mm); and (3) Sizes above 10 in.: +0.060, -0.000 in. (+1.524, -0.000 mm).

5. Materials and Manufacture

- 5.1 Materials—The couplings shall be manufactured from material having a chemical composition conforming to the requirements of 7.1 and with the mechanical properties of Section 9.
- 5.2 Manufacture—The initial form of the raw material shall be at the discretion of the manufacturer except couplings shall not be machined from unformed plate. The material shall be
- such that the finished couplings conform to all of the specified requirements (see Appendix X2).
- 5.3 Couplings fabricated by welding shall be (a) made by welders, welding operators, and welding procedures qualified under the provisions of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX; (b) heat treated in accordance with Section 6 of this specification; and (c) nondestructively tested as follows:

Tolerances shall be (1) Sizes through 10 in. incl: +0.125, -0.000 in. (+3.175, -0.000 mm) and (2) Sizes above 10 in.: +1.000, -0.000 in. (+25.4, -0.000 mm).

 $^{^{}C}$ Tolerances for all sizes shall be +0.250, -0.000 in. (+6.4, -0.000 mm).

Tolerances shall be (1) Sizes through 10 in. incl: +0.125, -0.000 in. (+3.175, -0.000 mm) and (2) Sizes above 10 in.: +1.000, -0.000 in. (+25.4, -0.000 mm).

 $^{^{}C}$ Tolerances for all sizes shall be +0.250, -0.000 in. (+6.4, -0.000 mm).

[†] Editorially corrected.

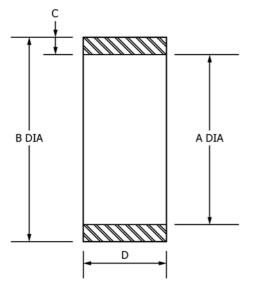


FIG. 1 Sleeve-Type Pipe Coupling

TABLE 3 Chemical Requirements

	Composition, max, %
Carbon	0.30
Manganese	1.20
Phosphorus	0.05
Sulfur	0.06

TABLE 4 Tension Requirements

Tensile strength, min, ksi (MPa)	60 (414)
Yield Point, min, ksi (MPa)	35 (241)
Elongation in 2 in. or 50.8 mm, min, %	23

- 5.3.1 Sizes 3-in. NPS and Below—Radiographically examined throughout the entire length of each fabricated weld in accordance with Paragraph UW-51 of ASME Code, Section VIII.
- 5.3.2 Sizes 3½-in. NPS Through 16-in. NPS— No nondestructive tests required, and
- 5.3.3 Sizes 18-in. NPS and Above—Any method of nondestructive testing may be used provided the tests are conducted in accordance with the applicable parts of ASME Code, Section VIII.

6. Heat Treatment

- 6.1 Couplings Made from Plate or Tubular Products:
- 6.1.1 Couplings machined from tubular products need not be heat treated.
- 6.1.2 Hot-formed couplings upon which the final forming operation is completed at a temperature above 1150°F (621°C) and below 1800°F (982°C) need not be heat treated provided they are cooled in still air. If the manufacturer elects to heat treat such couplings it shall be by one of the procedures described in 6.3.
- 6.1.3 Hot-formed couplings finished at a temperature in excess of 1800°F (982°C) shall subsequently be annealed, normalized, or normalized and tempered.

- 6.1.4 Cold-formed couplings upon which the final forming operation is completed at a temperature below 1150°F (621°C) shall be normalized or shall be stress-relieved at 1100 to 1250°F (593 to 677°C) for 1 h/in. of thickness.
- 6.1.5 Couplings produced by fusion welding shall be postweld heat treated at 1100 to $1250^{\circ}F$ (593 to 677°C), when the nominal wall thickness at the welded joint is $\frac{3}{4}$ in. or greater.
- 6.2 Carbon Steel Couplings Made from Forgings—Couplings made from forgings shall subsequently be annealed, normalized, or normalized and tempered.
- 6.3 Heat Treatment Procedures—Couplings after forming at an elevated temperature shall be cooled to a temperature below the critical range under suitable conditions to prevent injuries by too rapid cooling, but in no case more rapidly than the cooling rate in still air. Couplings that are to be heat treated shall be treated as follows:
- 6.3.1 *Full Annealing*—Couplings shall be uniformly reheated to a temperature above the transformation range and, after being held for a sufficient time at this temperature, cooled slowly to a temperature below the transformation range.
- 6.3.2 *Normalizing*—Couplings shall be uniformly reheated to a temperature above the transformation range and subsequently cooled in air at room temperature.
- 6.3.3 Tempering and Postweld Heat Treatment—Couplings shall be reheated to the prescribed temperature below the transformation range, held at temperature for not less than 1 h/in. of thickness at the thickest section, and cooled in the furnace or in still air.

7. Chemical Requirements

- 7.1 The couplings shall conform to the requirements as to chemical composition prescribed in Table 3.
- 7.2 Weld metal used in the construction of the couplings shall be mild steel analysis No. Al of Table QW-442, Section IX of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

8. Product Analysis

- 8.1 Product analyses may be made by the purchaser from finished products representing each lot. The chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 3.
- 8.2 In the event the couplings do not conform to the requirements specified in Table 3, referee analyses shall be made on additional couplings from the same lot in accordance with Practice E59.

9. Mechanical Properties

- 9.1 The steel shall conform to the requirements as to tensile properties prescribed in Table 4.
- $9.2\,$ The yield strength corresponding to a permanent offset of $0.2\,\%$ of the gage length of the specimen under load shall be determined.
- 9.3 Tension tests shall be made on material representative of and in the same condition of heat treatment as the finished coupling.