

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 15349-2:2021

01-oktober-2021

Nadomešča:

SIST EN ISO 15349-2:2003

Nelegirana jekla - Določevanje ogljika v majhnih količinah - 2. del: Metoda z infrardečo absorpcijo po zgorevanju v indukcijski peči (s predgrevanjem) (ISO 15349-2:2021)

Unalloyed steel - Determination of low carbon content - Part 2: Infrared absorption method after combustion in an induction furnace (with preheating) (ISO 15349-2:2021)

Unlegierter Stahl - Bestimmung niedriger Kohlenstoffgehalte - Teil 2: Verfahren mit Infrarotabsorption nach Verbrennung im Induktionsofen (mit Vorwärmung) (ISO 15349-2:2021)

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 15349-2:2021

ICS:

77.040.30 Kemijska analiza kovin Chemical analysis of metals

77.140.45 Nelegirana jekla Non-alloyed steels

SIST EN ISO 15349-2:2021 en,fr,de SIST EN ISO 15349-2:2021

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM EN ISO 15349-2

July 2021

ICS 77.080.20

Supersedes EN ISO 15349-2:2003

### **English Version**

Unalloyed steel - Determination of low carbon content - Part 2: Infrared absorption method after combustion in an induction furnace (with preheating) (ISO 15349-2:2021)

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# **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 15349-2:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17 "Steel" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 459/SC 2 "Methods of chemical analysis for iron and steel" the secretariat of which is held by SIS.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2022, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2022.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 15349-2:2003.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN websites.

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 15349-2

Second edition 2021-07

# **Unalloyed steel** — **Determination of low carbon content** —

Part 2:

Infrared absorption method after combustion in an induction furnace (with preheating)

Teh STANDARD PREVIEW

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Published in Switzerland

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### ISO 15349-2:2021(E)

### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>. (Standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, Steel, Subcommittee SC 1, Methods of determination of chemical composition, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 459/SC 2, Methods of chemical analysis for iron and steel, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 15349-2:1999), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- normative references have been revised;
- the precision data has been updated;
- the former Table B.3 has been deleted;
- the text has been improved editorially.

A list of all parts in the ISO 15349 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

# Unalloyed steel — Determination of low carbon content —

# Part 2:

# Infrared absorption method after combustion in an induction furnace (with preheating)

## 1 Scope

This document specifies an infrared absorption method after combustion in an induction furnace for the determination of the low carbon content in unalloyed steel.

The method is applicable to carbon contents between  $0,000\ 3\ \%$  (mass fraction) and  $0,009\ \%$  (mass fraction).

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 648, Laboratory glassware — Single-Volume pipettes h.ai)

ISO 1042, Laboratory glassware — One-mark volumetric flasks

ISO 3696, Water for analytical laboratory use - Specification and test methods

ISO 14284, Steel and iron — Sampling and preparation of samples for the determination of chemical composition

#### 3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>

### 4 Principle

Pre-heating of a test portion at low temperature followed by its combustion in presence of an accelerator at a high temperature in an induction furnace in a current of pure oxygen.

Transformation of carbon into carbon dioxide and/or carbon monoxide.

Measurement by infrared absorption of the carbon dioxide and/or carbon monoxide evolved from the sample and carried by a current of pure oxygen.

The calibration is carried out using sucrose or calcium carbonate.