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Part 2: High efficiency video coding

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*Technologies de l'information — Codage à haute efficacité et livraison
des médias dans des environnements hétérogènes —*

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Introduction

Replace the text of 0.2 with the following:

As the costs for both processing power and memory have reduced, network support for coded video data has diversified, and advances in video coding technology have progressed, the need has arisen for an industry standard for compressed video representation with substantially increased coding efficiency and enhanced robustness to network environments. Toward these ends the ITU-T Video Coding Experts Group (VCEG) and the ISO/IEC Moving Picture Experts Group (MPEG) formed a Joint Collaborative Team on Video Coding (JCT-VC) in 2010 and a Joint Collaborative Team on 3D Video Coding Extension Development (JCT-3V) in 2012 for development of a new Recommendation | International Standard. This Recommendation | International Standard was developed in the JCT-VC and the JCT-3V.

In 0.3 add the following sentence to the end of the clause:

Support for 3D enables joint representation of video content and depth information with multiple camera views.

In 0.5 add the following paragraph to the end of the clause:

Rec. ITU-T H.265 | ISO/IEC 23008-2 version 3 refers to the integrated text containing 3D extensions, additional supplement enhancement information, and corrections to various minor defects in the prior content of the specification.

In 0.8, replace "Annexes A through H" with "Annexes A through I".

In 0.8, add the following sentence after the sentence that starts with "Annex H":

Annex I contains support for 3D coding.

Sequence parameter set RBSP

In 7.3.2.2.1 and F.7.3.2.2.1 replace the row containing "if(sps_extension_present_flag)" and all following rows in the syntax table by the following:

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if(sps_extension_present_flag) {	
sps_range_extension_flag	u(1)
sps_multilayer_extension_flag	u(1)
sps_3d_extension_flag	u(1)
sps_extension_5bits	u(5)
}	
if(sps_range_extension_flag)	
sps_range_extension()	
if(sps_multilayer_extension_flag)	
sps_multilayer_extension() /* specified in Annex F */	
if(sps_3d_extension_flag)	
sps_3d_extension() /* specified in Annex I */	
if(sps_extension_5bits)	
while(more_rbsp_data())	
sps_extension_data_flag	u(1)
rbsp_trailing_bits()	
}	

In 7.4.3.2.1 replace the semantics of sps_extension_present_flag with the following semantics:

sps_extension_present_flag equal to 1 specifies that the syntax elements sps_range_extension_flag, sps_multilayer_extension_flag, sps_3d_extension_flag, and sps_extension_5bits are present in the SPS RBSP syntax structure. sps_extension_present_flag equal to 0 specifies that these syntax elements are not present.

In 7.4.3.2.1 add the following semantics after semantics of sps_multilayer_extension_flag:

sps_3d_extension_flag equal to 1 specifies that the sps_3d_extension() syntax structure (specified in Annex I) is present in the SPS RBSP syntax structure. sps_3d_extension_flag equal to 0 specifies that the sps_3d_extension() syntax structure is not present. When not present, the value of sps_3d_extension_flag is inferred to be equal to 0.

In 7.4.3.2.1 replace all occurrences of "sps_extension_6bits" with "sps_extension_5bits".

Picture parameter set RBSP

In 7.3.2.3.1 replace the row containing "if(pps_extension_present_flag)" and all following rows in the syntax table with the following:

if(pps_extension_present_flag) {	
pps_range_extension_flag	u(1)
pps_multilayer_extension_flag	u(1)
pps_3d_extension_flag	u(1)
pps_extension_5bits	u(5)
}	
if(pps_range_extension_flag)	
pps_range_extension()	
if(pps_multilayer_extension_flag)	
pps_multilayer_extension() /* specified in Annex F */	
if(pps_3d_extension_flag)	
pps_3d_extension() /* specified in Annex I */	
if(pps_extension_5bits)	
while(more_rbsp_data())	
pps_extension_data_flag	u(1)
rbsp_trailing_bits()	
}	

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In 7.4.3.3.1 replace the semantics of pps_extension_present_flag with the following semantics:

pps_extension_present_flag equal to 1 specifies that the syntax elements pps_range_extension_flag, pps_multilayer_extension_flag, pps_3d_extension_flag, and pps_extension_5bits are present in the picture parameter set RBSP syntax structure. pps_extension_present_flag equal to 0 specifies that these syntax elements are not present.

In 7.4.3.3.1 add the following semantics after semantics of pps_multilayer_extension_flag:

pps_3d_extension_flag equal to 1 specifies that the pps_3d_extension() syntax structure (specified in Annex I) is present in the PPS RBSP syntax structure. pps_3d_extension_flag equal to 0 specifies that the pps_3d_extension() syntax structure is not present. When not present, the value of pps_3d_extension_flag is inferred to be equal to 0.

In 7.4.3.3.1 replace all occurrences of "pps_extension_6bits" with "pps_extension_5bits".

General SEI message syntax

In D.2.1 add the following rows to the syntax table after the row containing "multiview_view_position(payloadSize) /* specified in Annex G */":

else if(payloadType == 181)	
alternative_depth_info(payloadSize) /* specified in Annex I */	

Common decoding process for a coded picture

In F.8.1.3 add the following paragraph before the paragraph starting with "After all slices of the current picture have been decoded,":

- Otherwise, general_profile_idc in the profile_tier_level() syntax structure VpsProfileTierLevel[profile_tier_level_idx[TargetOlsIdx][lIdx]] is equal to 8, the decoding process for the current picture takes as inputs the syntax elements and upper-case variables from clause I.7 and the decoding process of clause I.8.1.2 is invoked.

Video parameter set RBSP semantics

In F.7.4.3.1 replace the semantics of `vps_extension2_flag` with the following semantics:

`vps_extension2_flag` equal to 0 specifies that no `vps_extension_data_flag` syntax elements are present in the VPS RBSP syntax structure. `vps_extension2_flag` equal to 1 specifies `vps_extension_data_flag` syntax elements are present in the VPS RBSP syntax structure. Decoders conforming to a profile specified in Annexes A, G, or H shall ignore all data that follow the value 1 for `vps_extension2_flag` in a VPS NAL unit.

In F.7.4.3.1 add the following semantics:

`vps_extension_data_flag` may have any value. Its presence and value do not affect decoder conformance to profiles specified in Annexes A, G, or H. Decoders conforming to a profile specified in Annexes A, G, or H shall ignore all `vps_extension_data_flag` syntax elements.

In F.7.4.3.1.1 replace Table F.1 with the following table:

Table F.1 – Mapping of ScalabilityId to scalability dimensions

scalability mask index	Scalability dimension	ScalabilityId mapping
0	Texture or depth	DepthLayerFlag
1	Multiview	ViewOrderIdx
2	Spatial/quality scalability	DependencyId
3	Auxiliary	AuxId
4-15	Reserved	

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In F.7.4.3.1.1 remove Note 2.

In F.7.4.3.1.1 replace the paragraph starting with "The variable `ScalabilityId[i][smIdx]` specifying the identifier" and the following equation (F-2), with the following:

The variable `ScalabilityId[i][smIdx]` specifying the identifier of the `smIdx`-th scalability dimension type of the `i`-th layer, and the variables `DepthLayerFlag[lId]`, `ViewOrderIdx[lId]`, `DependencyId[lId]`, and `AuxId[lId]` specifying the depth flag, view order index, the spatial/quality scalability identifier, and the auxiliary identifier, respectively, of the layer with `nuh_layer_id` equal to `lId` are derived as follows:

```

NumViews = 1
for( i = 0; i <= MaxLayersMinus1; i++ ) {
    lId = layer_id_in_nuh[ i ]
    for( smIdx = 0, j = 0; smIdx < 16; smIdx++ ) {
        if( scalability_mask_flag[ smIdx ] )
            ScalabilityId[ i ][ smIdx ] = dimension_id[ i ][ j++ ]
        else
            ScalabilityId[ i ][ smIdx ] = 0
    }
    DepthLayerFlag[ lId ] = ScalabilityId[ i ][ 0 ]
    ViewOrderIdx[ lId ] = ScalabilityId[ i ][ 1 ]
    DependencyId[ lId ] = ScalabilityId[ i ][ 2 ]
    AuxId[ lId ] = ScalabilityId[ i ][ 3 ]
    if( i > 0 ) {
        newViewFlag = 1
        for( j = 0; j < i; j++ )
            if( ViewOrderIdx[ lId ] == ViewOrderIdx[ layer_id_in_nuh[ j ] ] )
                newViewFlag = 0
        NumViews += newViewFlag
    }
}

```

(F-2)

In F.7.4.3.1.1 replace the semantics of `direct_dep_type_len_minus2` with the following:

`direct_dep_type_len_minus2` plus 2 specifies the number of bits of the `direct_dependency_type[i][j]` and the `direct_dependency_all_layers_type` syntax elements. In bitstreams conforming to this version of this Specification the

value of `direct_dep_type_len_minus2` shall be equal 0 or 1. Although the value of `direct_dep_type_len_minus2` shall be equal to 0 or 1 in this version of this Specification, decoders shall allow other values of `direct_dep_type_len_minus2` in the range of 0 to 30, inclusive, to appear in the syntax.

In F.7.4.3.1.1 replace the semantics of `direct_dependency_all_layers_type` with the following:

`direct_dependency_all_layers_type`, when present, specifies the inferred value of `direct_dependency_type[i][j]` for all combinations of *i*-th and *j*-th layers. The length of the `direct_dependency_all_layers_type` syntax element is `direct_dep_type_len_minus2 + 2` bits. Although the value of `direct_dependency_all_layers_type` is required to be in the range of 0 to 6, inclusive, in this version of this Specification, decoders shall allow values of `direct_dependency_all_layers_type` in the range of 0 to $2^{32} - 2$, inclusive, to appear in the syntax.

In F.7.4.3.1.1 replace the semantics of `direct_dependency_type` with the following:

`direct_dependency_type[i][j]` indicates the type of dependency between the layer with `nuh_layer_id` equal `layer_id_in_nuh[i]` and the layer with `nuh_layer_id` equal to `layer_id_in_nuh[j]`. `direct_dependency_type[i][j]` equal to 0 specifies that the layer with `nuh_layer_id` equal to `layer_id_in_nuh[j]` may be used for inter-layer sample prediction but is not used for inter-layer motion prediction of the layer with `nuh_layer_id` equal `layer_id_in_nuh[i]`. `direct_dependency_type[i][j]` equal to 1 specifies that the layer with `nuh_layer_id` equal to `layer_id_in_nuh[j]` may be used for inter-layer motion prediction but is not used for inter-layer sample prediction of the layer with `nuh_layer_id` equal `layer_id_in_nuh[i]`. `direct_dependency_type[i][j]` equal to 2 specifies that the layer with `nuh_layer_id` equal to `layer_id_in_nuh[j]` may be used for both inter-layer motion prediction and inter-layer sample prediction of the layer with `nuh_layer_id` equal `layer_id_in_nuh[i]`. The length of the `direct_dependency_type[i][j]` syntax element is `direct_dep_type_len_minus2 + 2` bits. Although the value of `direct_dependency_type[i][j]` shall be in the range of 0 to 2, inclusive, when the layer with `nuh_layer_id` equal to `layer_id_in_nuh[i]` conforms to a profile specified in Annexes A, G, or H, and in the range of 0 to 6, inclusive, when the layer with `nuh_layer_id` equal to `layer_id_in_nuh[i]` conforms to a profile specified in Annex I, decoders shall allow values of `direct_dependency_type[i][j]` in the range of 0 to $2^{32} - 2$, inclusive, to appear in the syntax.

Profiles, tiers, and levels

In F.11.2 add the following row to the end of Table F.3:

3D Main	3D Main, Multiview Main, Main, Main Still Picture
---------	---

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In G.11.1.1 and H.11.1.1 remove " and `sps_extension_6bits` equal to 0 only".

In G.11.1.1 and H.11.1.1 remove " and `pps_extension_6bits` equal to 0 only".

Add a new Annex I as follows:

Annex I

3D high efficiency video coding

(This annex forms an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard.)

I.1 Scope

This annex specifies syntax, semantics, and decoding processes for 3D high efficiency video coding that use the syntax, semantics, and decoding processes specified in clauses 2-10 and Annexes A-G. This annex also specifies profiles, tiers, and levels for 3D high efficiency video coding.

I.2 Normative references

The list of normative references in clause G.2 apply.

I.3 Definitions

For the purpose of this annex, the following definitions apply in addition to the definitions in clause G.3. These definitions are either not present in clause G.3 or replace definitions in clause G.3.

- I.3.1 depth intra contour prediction:** A prediction of a partition pattern for a prediction block in a picture of a depth layer derived from samples of a picture included in the same access unit and in the texture layer of the same view.
- I.3.2 depth layer:** A layer with a nuh_layer_id value equal to i, such that DepthLayerFlag[i] is equal to 1 and DependencyId[i] and AuxId[i] are equal to 0.
- I.3.3 depth look-up table:** A list containing depth values.
- I.3.4 depth value:** A sample value of a decoded picture of a depth layer.
- I.3.5 disparity vector:** A motion vector used for inter-view prediction.
- I.3.6 inter-component prediction:** An inter-layer prediction where the reference pictures are associated with a DepthFlag value different from the DepthFlag value of the current picture.
- I.3.7 inter-view prediction:** An inter-layer prediction where the reference pictures are associated with reference view order index values different from the ViewIdx value of the current picture.
- I.3.8 intra prediction:** A prediction derived from only data elements (e.g., sample values) of the same decoded slice and additionally may be using depth intra contour prediction.
- I.3.9 partition pattern:** An MxM (M-column by M-row) array of flags defining two sub-block partitions of an MxM prediction block.
- I.3.10 prediction block:** A rectangular MxN block of samples on which either the same prediction or partitioning in sub-block partitions is applied.
- I.3.11 reference view order index:** A ViewIdx value associated with a reference picture used for inter-view prediction.
- I.3.12 sub-block partition:** A subset of samples of a prediction block on which the same prediction is applied.
- I.3.13 texture layer:** A layer with a nuh_layer_id value equal to i, such that DepthLayerFlag[i], DependencyId[i], and AuxId[i] are equal to 0.

I.4 Abbreviations

The specifications in clause G.4 apply.

I.5 Conventions

The specifications in clause G.5 apply.

I.6 Bitstream and picture formats, partitionings, scanning processes, and neighbouring relationships

I.6.1 Bitstream formats

The specifications in clause 6.1 apply.

I.6.2 Source, decoded, and output picture formats

The specifications in clause 6.2 apply.

I.6.3 Partitioning of pictures, slices, slice segments, tiles, coding tree units, and coding tree blocks

The specifications in clause 6.3 and its subclauses apply.

I.6.4 Availability processes

The specifications in clause 6.4 apply.

I.6.5 Scanning processes

The specifications in clause 6.5 and its subclauses apply.

I.6.6 Derivation process for a wedgelet partition pattern table

NOTE – Tables and values resulting from this process are independent of any information contained in the bitstream.

The list `WedgePatternTable[log2BlkSize]` of partition patterns of size $(1 \ll \log2BlkSize) \times (1 \ll \log2BlkSize)$ and the variable `NumWedgePattern[log2BlkSize]` specifying the number of partition patterns in list `WedgePatternTable[log2BlkSize]` are derived as follows:

- For `log2BlkSize` in the range of 2 to 4, inclusive, the following applies:
 - `NumWedgePattern[log2BlkSize]` is set equal to 0.
 - The variable `resShift` is set equal to $(\log2BlkSize == 4) ? 0 : 1$.
 - The variable `wBlkSize` is set equal to $(1 \ll (\log2BlkSize + resShift))$.
 - For `wedgeOri` in the range of 0 to 5, inclusive, the following applies:
 - The variable `posEnd` is set equal to `NumWedgePattern[log2BlkSize]`.
 - If `wedgeOri` is equal to 0 or 4, the following applies:
 - The variables `sizeScaleS` and `sizeScaleE` are derived as follows:

$$\text{sizeScaleS} = (\log2BlkSize > 3) ? 2 : 1 \quad (I-1)$$

$$\text{sizeScaleE} = (\text{wedgeOri} < 4 \ \&\& \ \log2BlkSize > 3) ? 2 : 1 \quad (I-2)$$
 - For `m` in the range of 0 to $(wBlkSize / sizeScaleS - 1)$, inclusive, the following applies:
 - For `n` in the range of 0 to $(wBlkSize / sizeScaleE - 1)$, inclusive, the following applies:
 - The wedgelet partition pattern generation process as specified in clause I.6.6.1 is invoked with `patternSize` equal to $(1 \ll \log2BlkSize)$, the variable `resShift`, the variable `wedgeOri`, the variable (xS, yS) equal to $(m * sizeScaleS, 0)$, the variable (xE, yE) equal to $(\text{wedgeOri} == 0) ? (0, n * sizeScaleE) : (n * sizeScaleE, wBlkSize - 1)$ as inputs, and the output is the partition pattern `curWedgePattern`.
 - The wedgelet partition pattern table insertion process as specified in clause I.6.6.2 is invoked with the variable `log2BlkSize` and the partition pattern `curWedgePattern` as inputs.
 - Otherwise (`wedgeOri` is equal to 1, 2, 3, or 5), the following applies:
 - For `curPos` in the range of `posStart` to `posEnd - 1`, inclusive, the following applies:
 - The partition pattern `curWedgePattern[x][y]` is derived as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{for}(y = 0; y < (1 \ll \log2BlkSize); y++) \\ &\quad \text{for}(x = 0; x < (1 \ll \log2BlkSize); x++) \\ &\quad\quad \text{curWedgePattern}[x][y] = 1 - \\ &\quad\quad\quad \text{WedgePatternTable}[\log2BlkSize][\text{curPos}][y][(1 \ll \log2BlkSize) - 1 - x] \end{aligned} \quad (I-3)$$
 - The variable `posStart` is set equal to `posEnd`.

- NumWedgePattern[5] is set equal to NumWedgePattern[4].
- For $k = 0..NumWedgePattern[5] - 1$, the following applies:
 - For $x, y = 0..(1 \ll 5) - 1$, the following applies:

$$WedgePatternTable[5][k][x][y] = WedgePatternTable[4][k][x \gg 1][y \gg 1] \quad (I-4)$$

I.6.6.1 Wedgelet partition pattern generation process

Inputs to this process are:

- a variable patternSize specifying the partition pattern size,
- a variable resShift specifying the precision of the partition pattern start and end locations relative to patternSize,
- a variable wedgeOri specifying the orientation of the partition pattern,
- a location (xS, yS) specifying the boundary start of a sub-block partition,
- a location (xE, yE) specifying the boundary end of a sub-block partition.

Output of this process is the partition pattern wedgePattern[x][y] of size (patternSize)x(patternSize).

The values of the partition pattern wedgePattern[x][y] are derived as specified by the following ordered steps:

1. For $x, y = 0..patternSize - 1$, wedgePattern[x][y] is set equal to 0.
2. The samples of the partition pattern wedgePattern that form a line between (xS, yS) and (xE, yE) are set equal to 1 as follows:

```

(x0, y0) = ( xS, yS )
(x1, y1) = ( xE, yE )
if( abs( yE - yS ) > abs( xE - xS ) ) {
    ( x0, y0 ) = Swap( x0, y0 )
    ( x1, y1 ) = Swap( x1, y1 )
}
if( x0 > x1 ) {
    ( x0, x1 ) = Swap( x0, x1 )
    ( y0, y1 ) = Swap( y0, y1 )
}
sumErr = 0
posY = y0
for( posX = x0; posX <= x1; posX++ ) {
    if( abs( yE - yS ) > abs( xE - xS ) )
        wedgePattern[ posY >> resShift ][ posX >> resShift ] = 1
    else
        wedgePattern[ posX >> resShift ][ posY >> resShift ] = 1
    sumErr += ( abs( y1 - y0 ) << 1 )
    if( sumErr >= ( x1 - x0 ) ) {
        posY += ( y0 < y1 ) ? 1 : -1
        sumErr -= ( x1 - x0 ) << 1
    }
}
    
```

(I-5)

3. The samples of wedgePattern are modified as follows:

```

for( y = 0; y <= ( yE >> resShift ); y++ )
    for( x = 0; ( x <= patternSize - 1 ) && ( wedgePattern[ x ][ y ] == 0 ); x++ )
        wedgePattern[ x ][ y ] = 1
    
```

(I-6)

I.6.6.2 Wedgelet partition pattern table insertion process

Inputs to this process are:

- a variable log2BlkSize specifying the partition pattern size,
- a partition pattern wedgePattern[x][y], with $x, y = 0..(1 \ll log2BlkSize) - 1$.

The variable validPatternFlag is set equal to 0 and the following applies:

1. For $x, y = 0..(1 \ll log2BlkSize) - 1$, the following applies:

- When `wedgePattern[x][y]` is not equal to `wedgePattern[0][0]`, `validPatternFlag` is set equal to 1.
- 2. For $k = 0..NumWedgePattern[\log_2BlkSize] - 1$, the following applies:
 - The variable `patIdenticalFlag` is set equal to 1.
 - For $x, y = 0..(1 \ll \log_2BlkSize) - 1$, the following applies:
 - When `wedgePattern[x][y]` is not equal to `WedgePatternTable[\log_2BlkSize][k][x][y]`, `patIdenticalFlag` is set equal to 0.
 - When `patIdenticalFlag` is equal to 1, `validPatternFlag` is set equal to 0.
- 3. For $k = 0..NumWedgePattern[\log_2BlkSize] - 1$, the following applies:
 - The variable `patInvIdenticalFlag` is set equal to 1.
 - For $x, y = 0..(1 \ll \log_2BlkSize) - 1$, the following applies:
 - When `wedgePattern[x][y]` is equal to `WedgePatternTable[\log_2BlkSize][k][x][y]`, `patInvIdenticalFlag` is set equal to 0.
 - When `patInvIdenticalFlag` is equal to 1, `validPatternFlag` is set equal to 0.

When `validPatternFlag` is equal to 1, the following applies:

- The pattern `WedgePatternTable[\log_2BlkSize][NumWedgePattern[\log_2BlkSize]]` is set equal to `wedgePattern`.
- The value of `NumWedgePattern[\log_2BlkSize]` is incremented by one.

I.7 Syntax and semantics

I.7.1 Method of specifying syntax in tabular form

The specifications in clause F.7.1 apply.

I.7.2 Specification of syntax functions, categories, and descriptors

The specifications in clause F.7.2 apply.

I.7.3 Syntax in tabular form

<http://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/74523d36-5878-4565-9f89-23185387e92a/iso-iec-23008-2-2013-flamd-4>

I.7.3.1 NAL unit syntax

The specifications in clause F.7.3.1 and all its subclauses apply.

I.7.3.2 Raw byte sequence payloads and RBSP trailing bits syntax

I.7.3.2.1 Video parameter set RBSP

	Descriptor
<code>video_parameter_set_rbsp() {</code>	
<code> vps_video_parameter_set_id</code>	u(4)
<code> vps_base_layer_internal_flag</code>	u(1)
<code> vps_base_layer_available_flag</code>	u(1)
<code> vps_max_layers_minus1</code>	u(6)
<code> vps_max_sub_layers_minus1</code>	u(3)
<code> vps_temporal_id_nesting_flag</code>	u(1)
<code> vps_reserved_0xffff_16bits</code>	u(16)
<code> profile_tier_level(1, vps_max_sub_layers_minus1)</code>	
<code> vps_sub_layer_ordering_info_present_flag</code>	u(1)
<code> for(i = (vps_sub_layer_ordering_info_present_flag ? 0 : vps_max_sub_layers_minus1);</code> <code> i <= vps_max_sub_layers_minus1; i++) {</code>	
<code> vps_max_dec_pic_buffering_minus1[i]</code>	ue(v)
<code> vps_max_num_reorder_pics[i]</code>	ue(v)
<code> vps_max_latency_increase_plus1[i]</code>	ue(v)
<code> }</code>	

vps_max_layer_id	u(6)
vps_num_layer_sets_minus1	ue(v)
for(i = 1; i <= vps_num_layer_sets_minus1; i++)	
for(j = 0; j <= vps_max_layer_id; j++)	
layer_id_included_flag[i][j]	u(1)
vps_timing_info_present_flag	u(1)
if(vps_timing_info_present_flag) {	
vps_num_units_in_tick	u(32)
vps_time_scale	u(32)
vps_poc_proportional_to_timing_flag	u(1)
if(vps_poc_proportional_to_timing_flag)	
vps_num_ticks_poc_diff_one_minus1	ue(v)
vps_num_hrd_parameters	ue(v)
for(i = 0; i < vps_num_hrd_parameters; i++) {	
hrd_layer_set_idx[i]	ue(v)
if(i > 0)	
cprms_present_flag[i]	u(1)
hrd_parameters(cprms_present_flag[i], vps_max_sub_layers_minus1)	
}	
}	
vps_extension_flag	u(1)
if(vps_extension_flag)	
while(!byte_aligned())	
vps_extension_alignment_bit_equal_to_one	u(1)
vps_extension()	
vps_extension2_flag	u(1)
if(vps_extension2_flag) {	
vps_3d_extension_flag	u(1)
if(vps_3d_extension_flag) {	
while(!byte_aligned())	
vps_3d_extension_alignment_bit_equal_to_one	u(1)
vps_3d_extension()	
}	
}	
vps_extension3_flag	u(1)
if(vps_extension3_flag)	
while(more_rbsp_data())	
vps_extension_data_flag	u(1)
}	
}	
rbsp_trailing_bits()	
}	

I.7.3.2.1.1 Video parameter set extension syntax

The specifications in clause F.7.3.2.1.1 apply.

I.7.3.2.1.2 Representation format syntax

The specifications in clause F.7.3.2.1.2 apply.