



**5G;
NR;**

**User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception;
Part 2: Range 2 Standalone
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Contents

Intellectual Property Rights	2
Legal Notice	2
Modal verbs terminology.....	2
Foreword.....	10
1 Scope	12
2 References	12
3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations	13
3.1 Definitions	13
3.2 Symbols.....	14
3.3 Abbreviations	16
4 General	18
4.1 Relationship between minimum requirements and test requirements	18
4.2 Applicability of minimum requirements	18
4.3 Specification suffix information.....	18
5 Operating bands and channel arrangement.....	20
5.1 General	20
5.2 Operating bands.....	20
5.2A Operating bands for CA	20
5.2A.1 Intra-band CA	20
5.2A.2 Inter-band CA	21
5.2D Operating bands for UL MIMO	21
5.3 UE Channel bandwidth	21
5.3.1 General.....	21
5.3.2 Maximum transmission bandwidth configuration	22
5.3.3 Minimum guardband and transmission bandwidth configuration	22
5.3.4 RB alignment	23
5.3A UE channel bandwidth for CA	24
5.3A.1 General.....	24
5.3A.2 Minimum guardband and transmission bandwidth configuration for CA	24
5.3A.3 RB alignment with different numerologies for CA.....	26
5.3A.4 UE channel bandwidth per operating band for CA.....	26
5.3D Channel bandwidth for UL MIMO.....	27
5.4 Channel arrangement.....	28
5.4.1 Channel spacing.....	28
5.4.1.1 Channel spacing for adjacent NR carriers	28
5.4.2 Channel raster	28
5.4.2.1 NR-ARFCN and channel raster.....	28
5.4.2.2 Channel raster to resource element mapping.....	28
5.4.2.3 Channel raster entries for each operating band	29
5.4.3 Synchronization raster	29
5.4.3.1 Synchronization raster and numbering.....	29
5.4.3.2 Synchronization raster to synchronization block resource element mapping.....	30
5.4.3.3 Synchronization raster entries for each operating band.....	30
5.4A Channel arrangement for CA.....	30
5.4A.1 Channel spacing for CA.....	30
5.5 Configurations	32
5.5A Configurations for CA.....	32
5.5A.1 Configurations for intra-band contiguous CA.....	32
5.5A.2 Configurations for intra-band non-contiguous CA	37
5.5A.3 Configurations for inter-band CA.....	49
5.5D Configurations for UL MIMO.....	49
6 Transmitter characteristics	50

6.1	General	50
6.2	Transmitter power	50
6.2.1	UE maximum output power	50
6.2.1.0	General	50
6.2.1.1	UE maximum output power for power class 1	50
6.2.1.2	UE maximum output power for power class 2	51
6.2.1.3	UE maximum output power for power class 3	52
6.2.1.4	UE maximum output power for power class 4	53
6.2.2	UE maximum output power reduction	54
6.2.2.0	General	54
6.2.2.1	UE maximum output power reduction for power class 1	54
6.2.2.2	UE maximum output power reduction for power class 2	55
6.2.2.3	UE maximum output power reduction for power class 3	56
6.2.2.4	UE maximum output power reduction for power class 4	57
6.2.3	UE maximum output power with additional requirements	57
6.2.3.1	General	57
6.2.3.2	Void	58
6.2.3.2.1	Void	58
6.2.3.2.2	Void	58
6.2.3.2.3	Void	58
6.2.3.2.4	Void	58
6.2.3.3	A-MPR for NS_202	58
6.2.3.3.1	A-MPR for NS_202 for power class 1	58
6.2.3.3.2	A-MPR for NS_202 for power class 2	58
6.2.3.3.3	A-MPR for NS_202 for power class 3	58
6.2.3.3.4	A-MPR for NS_202 for power class 4	59
6.2.3.4	A-MPR for NS_203	59
6.2.3.4.1	A-MPR for NS_203 for power class 1	59
6.2.3.4.2	A-MPR for NS_203 for power class 2	59
6.2.3.4.3	A-MPR for NS_203 for power class 3	59
6.2.3.4.4	A-MPR for NS_203 for power class 4	59
6.2.4	Configured transmitted power	59
6.2A	Transmitter power for CA	60
6.2A.1	UE maximum output power for CA	60
6.2A.2	UE maximum output power reduction for CA	60
6.2A.2.1	General	60
6.2A.2.2	Maximum output power reduction for power class 1	61
6.2A.2.2.1	Maximum output power reduction for power class 1 intra-band contiguous UL CA	61
6.2A.2.2.2	Maximum output power reduction for power class 1 intra-band non-contiguous UL CA	62
6.2A.2.3	Maximum output power reduction for power class 2	62
6.2A.2.4	Maximum output power reduction for power class 3	62
6.2A.2.4.1	Maximum output power reduction for power class 3 intra-band contiguous CA	62
6.2A.2.4.2	Maximum output power reduction for power class 3 intra-band non-contiguous CA	63
6.2A.2.5	Maximum output power reduction for power class 4	64
6.2A.3	UE maximum output power with additional requirements for CA	64
6.2A.3.1	General	64
6.2A.3.2	Void	65
6.2A.3.2.1	Void	65
6.2A.3.2.2	Void	65
6.2A.3.2.3	Void	65
6.2A.3.2.4	Void	65
6.2A.3.3	A-MPR for CA_NS_202	65
6.2A.3.3.1	A-MPR for CA_NS_202 for power class 1	65
6.2A.3.3.2	A-MPR for CA_NS_202 for power class 2	65
6.2A.3.3.3	A-MPR for CA_NS_202 for power class 3	65
6.2A.3.3.4	A-MPR for CA_NS_202 for power class 4	65
6.2A.3.4	A-MPR for CA_NS_203	65
6.2A.3.4.1	A-MPR for CA_NS_203 for power class 1	65
6.2A.3.4.2	A-MPR for CA_NS_203 for power class 2	66
6.2A.3.4.3	A-MPR for CA_NS_203 for power class 3	66
6.2A.3.4.4	A-MPR for CA_NS_203 for power class 4	66
6.2A.4	Configured transmitted power for CA	66

6.2D	Transmitter power for UL MIMO	67
6.2D.1	UE maximum output power for UL MIMO	67
6.2D.1.0	General	67
6.2D.1.1	UE maximum output power for UL MIMO for power class 1	67
6.2D.1.2	UE maximum output power for UL MIMO for power class 2	68
6.2D.1.3	UE maximum output power for UL MIMO for power class 3	69
6.2D.1.4	UE maximum output power for UL MIMO for power class 4	70
6.2D.2	UE maximum output power reduction for modulation / channel bandwidth for UL MIMO	71
6.2D.2.1	UE maximum output power reduction for modulation / channel bandwidth for UL MIMO for power class 1	71
6.2D.2.2	UE maximum output power reduction for modulation / channel bandwidth for UL MIMO for power class 2	71
6.2D.2.3	UE maximum output power reduction for modulation / channel bandwidth for UL MIMO for power class 3	71
6.2D.2.4	UE maximum output power reduction for modulation / channel bandwidth for UL MIMO for power class 4	72
6.2D.3	UE maximum output power reduction with additional requirements for UL MIMO	72
6.2D.3.1	UE maximum output power reduction with additional requirements for UL MIMO for power class 1	72
6.2D.3.2	UE maximum output power reduction with additional requirements for UL MIMO for power class 2	72
6.2D.3.3	UE maximum output power reduction with additional requirements for UL MIMO for power class 3	72
6.2D.3.4	UE maximum output power reduction with additional requirements for UL MIMO for power class 4	72
6.2D.4	Configured transmitted power for UL MIMO	72
6.3	Output power dynamics	73
6.3.1	Minimum output power	73
6.3.1.0	General	73
6.3.1.1	Minimum output power for power class 1	73
6.3.1.2	Minimum output power for power class 2, 3, and 4	73
6.3.2	Transmit OFF power	73
6.3.3	Transmit ON/OFF time mask	74
6.3.3.1	General	74
6.3.3.2	General ON/OFF time mask	74
6.3.3.3	Transmit power time mask for slot and short or long subslot boundaries	74
6.3.3.4	PRACH time mask	75
6.3.3.5	Void	76
6.3.3.6	SRS time mask	76
6.3.3.7	PUSCH-PUCCH and PUSCH-SRS time masks	77
6.3.3.8	Transmit power time mask for consecutive slot or long subslot transmission and short subslot transmission boundaries	77
6.3.3.9	Transmit power time mask for consecutive short subslot transmissions boundaries	78
6.3.4	Power control	78
6.3.4.1	General	78
6.3.4.2	Absolute power tolerance	78
6.3.4.3	Relative power tolerance	79
6.3.4.4	Aggregate power tolerance	80
6.3A	Output power dynamics for CA	80
6.3A.1	Minimum output power for CA	80
6.3A.1.0	General	80
6.3A.1.1	Minimum output power for power class 1	81
6.3A.1.2	Minimum output power for power class 2, 3, and 4	81
6.3A.2	Transmit OFF power for CA	81
6.3A.3	Transmit ON/OFF time mask for CA	81
6.3A.4	Power control for CA	82
6.3A.4.1	General	82
6.3D	Output power dynamics for UL MIMO	83
6.3D.0	General	83
6.3D.1	Minimum output power for UL MIMO	83
6.3D.1.1	Minimum output power for UL MIMO for power class 1	83
6.3D.1.2	Minimum output power for UL MIMO for power class 2, 3 and 4	83

6.3D.2	Transmit OFF power for UL MIMO.....	83
6.3D.3	Transmit ON/OFF time mask for UL MIMO	83
6.4	Transmit signal quality	83
6.4.1	Frequency Error	83
6.4.2	Transmit modulation quality.....	83
6.4.2.0	General	83
6.4.2.1	Error vector magnitude	84
6.4.2.2	Carrier leakage	85
6.4.2.2.1	General	85
6.4.2.2.2	Carrier leakage for power class 1	85
6.4.2.2.3	Carrier leakage for power class 2	85
6.4.2.2.4	Carrier leakage for power class 3	85
6.4.2.2.5	Carrier leakage for power class 4	85
6.4.2.3	In-band emissions	86
6.4.2.3.1	General	86
6.4.2.3.2	In-band emissions for power class 1.....	86
6.4.2.3.3	In-band emissions for power class 2.....	87
6.4.2.3.4	In-band emissions for power class 3.....	88
6.4.2.3.5	In-band emissions for power class 4.....	89
6.4.2.4	EVM equalizer spectrum flatness	90
6.4.2.5	EVM spectral flatness for Pi/2 BPSK modulation	91
6.4A	Transmit signal quality for CA.....	92
6.4A.0	General.....	92
6.4A.1	Frequency error.....	92
6.4A.2	Transmit modulation quality.....	92
6.4A.2.0	General	92
6.4A.2.1	Error Vector magnitude.....	93
6.4A.2.2	Carrier leakage	93
6.4A.2.2.1	General	93
6.4A.2.2.2	Carrier leakage for power class 1	93
6.4A.2.2.3	Carrier leakage for power class 2	93
6.4A.2.2.4	Carrier leakage for power class 3	93
6.4A.2.2.5	Carrier leakage for power class 4	94
6.4A.2.3	Inband emissions.....	94
6.4A.2.3.1	General	94
6.4A.2.3.2	Inband emissions for power class 1.....	94
6.4A.2.3.3	Inband emissions for power class 2.....	95
6.4A.2.3.4	Inband emissions for power class 3.....	96
6.4A.2.3.5	Inband emissions for power class 4.....	97
6.4A.2.4	EVM equalizer spectrum flatness	98
6.4D	Transmit signal quality for UL MIMO.....	98
6.4D.0	General.....	98
6.4D.1	Frequency error for UL MIMO.....	98
6.4D.2	Transmit modulation quality for UL MIMO.....	98
6.4D.3	Time alignment error for UL MIMO	99
6.4D.4	Requirements for coherent UL MIMO	99
6.5	Output RF spectrum emissions.....	99
6.5.1	Occupied bandwidth	99
6.5.2	Out of band emissions.....	100
6.5.2.0	General	100
6.5.2.1	Spectrum emission mask	100
6.5.2.2	Void.....	100
6.5.2.3	Adjacent channel leakage ratio	100
6.5.3	Spurious emissions	101
6.5.3.1	Spurious emission band UE co-existence	102
6.5.3.2	Additional spurious emissions	102
6.5.3.2.1	General	102
6.5.3.2.2	Void.....	102
6.5.3.2.3	Additional spurious emission requirements for NS_202	102
6.5.3.2.4	Additional spurious emission requirements for NS_203.....	103
6.5A	Output RF spectrum emissions for CA.....	103
6.5A.1	Occupied bandwidth for CA	103

6.5A.1.0	General	103
6.5A.1.1	Occupied bandwidth for intra-band contiguous UL CA	103
6.5A.1.2	Occupied bandwidth for intra-band non-contiguous UL CA	103
6.5A.2	Out of band emissions.....	103
6.5A.2.1	Spectrum emission mask for CA.....	103
6.5A.2.1.0	General	103
6.5A.2.1.1	Spectrum emission mask for intra-band contiguous UL CA	104
6.5A.2.1.2	Spectrum emission mask for intra-band non-contiguous UL CA.....	104
6.5A.2.3	Adjacent channel leakage ratio for CA	104
6.5A.2.3.1	Adjacent channel leakage ratio for CA intra-band contiguous UL CA	104
6.5A.2.3.2	Adjacent channel leakage ratio for CA intra-band non-contiguous UL CA	105
6.5A.3	Spurious emissions for CA	105
6.5A.3.0	General spurious emissions for CA.....	105
6.5A.3.0.0	General	105
6.5A.3.0.1	Spurious emissions for intra-band contiguous UL CA	106
6.5A.3.0.2	Spurious emissions for intra-band non-contiguous UL CA.....	106
6.5A.3.1	Spurious emission band UE co-existence for UL CA	106
6.5A.3.2	Additional spurious emissions	106
6.5A.3.2.1	General	106
6.5A.3.2.2	Void.....	107
6.5A.3.2.3	Additional spurious emission requirements for CA_NS_202	107
6.5A.3.2.4	Additional spurious emission requirements for CA_NS_203	107
6.5D	Output RF spectrum emissions for UL MIMO.....	107
6.5D.1	Occupied bandwidth for UL MIMO	107
6.5D.2	Out of band emissions for UL MIMO	107
6.5D.3	Spurious emissions for UL MIMO	107
6.6	Beam correspondence.....	107
6.6.1	General.....	107
6.6.2	(Void).....	107
6.6.3	(Void).....	107
6.6.4	Beam correspondence for power class 3	107
6.6.4.1	General	107
6.6.4.2	Beam correspondence tolerance for power class 3.....	108
6.6.4.3	Side Conditions	109
6.6.4.3.1	Side Condition for beam correspondence based on SSB and CSI-RS.....	109
6.6.4.3.2	Side Condition for SSB based enhanced Beam Correspondence requirements.....	110
6.6.4.3.3	Side Condition for CSI-RS based enhanced Beam Correspondence requirements	110
6.6.4.4	Applicability.....	110
6.6.5	(Void).....	111
6.6A	Beam correspondence for CA	111
7	Receiver characteristics	112
7.1	General	112
7.2	Diversity characteristics	112
7.3	Reference sensitivity	112
7.3.1	General.....	112
7.3.2	Reference sensitivity power level	112
7.3.2.1	Reference sensitivity power level for power class 1	112
7.3.2.2	Reference sensitivity power level for power class 2	113
7.3.2.3	Reference sensitivity power level for power class 3	113
7.3.2.4	Reference sensitivity power level for power class 4	114
7.3.3	Void	114
7.3.4	EIS spherical coverage.....	114
7.3.4.3	EIS spherical coverage for power class 3.....	115
7.3A	Reference sensitivity for DL CA	116
7.3A.1	General.....	116
7.3A.2	Reference sensitivity power level for CA	116
7.3A.2.1	Intra-band contiguous CA	116
7.3A.2.3	Inter-band CA	117
7.3A.3	EIS spherical coverage for DL CA	117
7.3A.3.1	Void.....	117
7.3A.3.2	Void.....	117

7.3A.3.3	EIS spherical coverage for inter-band CA	117
7.3D	Reference sensitivity for UL MIMO	118
7.4	Maximum input level	118
7.4A	Maximum input level for DL CA	118
7.4A.1	Maximum input level for Intra-band contiguous CA	118
7.4A.2	Maximum input level for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	119
7.4A.3	Maximum input level for Inter-band CA	119
7.4D	Maximum input level for UL MIMO	119
7.5	Adjacent channel selectivity	119
7.5A	Adjacent channel selectivity for DL CA	121
7.5A.1	Adjacent channel selectivity for Intra-band contiguous CA	121
7.5A.2	Adjacent channel selectivity for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	122
7.5A.3	Adjacent channel selectivity for Inter-band CA	122
7.5D	Adjacent channel selectivity for UL MIMO	122
7.6	Blocking characteristics	123
7.6.1	General	123
7.6.2	In-band blocking	123
7.6.3	Void	124
7.6A	Blocking characteristics for DL CA	124
7.6A.1	General	124
7.6A.2	In-band blocking	124
7.6A.2.2	In-band blocking for Intra-band non-contiguous CA	125
7.6A.2.3	In-band blocking for Inter-band CA	125
7.6D	Blocking characteristics for UL MIMO	125
7.7	Void	125
7.8	Void	125
7.9	Spurious emissions	125
7.10	Void	126

Annex A (normative): Measurement channels.....127

A.1	General	127
A.2	UL reference measurement channels	127
A.2.1	General	127
A.2.2	Void	127
A.2.3	Reference measurement channels for TDD	128
A.2.3.1	DFT-s-OFDM Pi/2-BPSK	128
A.2.3.2	DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	129
A.2.3.3	DFT-s-OFDM 16QAM	129
A.2.3.4	DFT-s-OFDM 64QAM	130
A.2.3.5	CP-OFDM QPSK	130
A.2.3.6	CP-OFDM 16QAM	131
A.2.3.7	CP-OFDM 64QAM	131
A.3	DL reference measurement channels	132
A.3.1	General	132
A.3.2	Void	135
A.3.3	DL reference measurement channels for TDD	135
A.3.3.1	General	135
A.3.3.2	FRC for receiver requirements for QPSK	136
A.3.3.3	FRC for receiver requirements for 16QAM	137
A.3.3.4	FRC for receiver requirements for 64QAM	138
A.3.3.5	FRC for receiver requirements for 256QAM	140
A.4	Void	142
A.5	OFDMA Channel Noise Generator (OCNG)	142
A.5.1	OCNG Patterns for FDD	142
A.5.2	OCNG Patterns for TDD	142
A.5.2.1	OCNG TDD pattern 1: Generic OCNG TDD Pattern for all unused REs	142

Annex B (informative): Void143

Annex C (normative): Downlink physical channels.....144

C.1	General	144
C.2	Setup.....	144
C.3	Connection	144
C.3.1	Measurement of Receiver Characteristics	144
Annex D (normative):	Characteristics of the interfering signal	145
D.1	General	145
D.2	Interference signals.....	145
Annex E (normative):	Environmental conditions	146
E.1	General	146
E.2	Environmental	146
E.2.1	Temperature	146
E.2.2	Voltage	146
E.2.3	Void.....	147
Annex F (normative):	Transmit modulation.....	148
F.1	Measurement Point.....	148
F.2	Basic Error Vector Magnitude measurement	148
F.3	Basic in-band emissions measurement.....	148
F.4	Modified signal under test.....	149
F.5	Window length	151
F.5.1	Timing offset	151
F.5.2	Window length	151
F.5.3	Window length for normal CP	151
F.5.4	Window length for Extended CP.....	152
F.5.5	Window length for PRACH.....	152
F.6	Averaged EVM	153
F.7	Spectrum Flatness	154
Annex G (informative):	Void	155
Annex H (Normative):	Modified MPR behavior	156
H.1	Indication of modified MPR behavior.....	156
Annex I (informative):	Void	157
Annex J (normative):	UE coordinate system	158
J.1	Reference coordinate system.....	158
J.2	Test conditions and angle definitions.....	159
J.3	DUT positioning guidelines	163
Annex K (informative):	Void	165
Annex L (informative):	Change history	166
History		175

Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

In the present document, modal verbs have the following meanings:

- shall** indicates a mandatory requirement to do something
- shall not** indicates an interdiction (prohibition) to do something

The constructions "shall" and "shall not" are confined to the context of normative provisions, and do not appear in Technical Reports.

The constructions "must" and "must not" are not used as substitutes for "shall" and "shall not". Their use is avoided insofar as possible, and they are not used in a normative context except in a direct citation from an external, referenced, non-3GPP document, or so as to maintain continuity of style when extending or modifying the provisions of such a referenced document.

- should** indicates a recommendation to do something
- should not** indicates a recommendation not to do something
- may** indicates permission to do something
- need not** indicates permission not to do something

The construction "may not" is ambiguous and is not used in normative elements. The unambiguous constructions "might not" or "shall not" are used instead, depending upon the meaning intended.

- can** indicates that something is possible
- cannot** indicates that something is impossible

The constructions "can" and "cannot" are not substitutes for "may" and "need not".

- will** indicates that something is certain or expected to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document
- will not** indicates that something is certain or expected not to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document
- might** indicates a likelihood that something will happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might not indicates a likelihood that something will not happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

In addition:

is (or any other verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

is not (or any other negative verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

The constructions "is" and "is not" do not indicate requirements.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ETSI TS 138 101-2 V16.10.1 (2022-04).
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/fb0bcc60-f52d-4017-a11e-1808776529e1/etsi-ts-138-101-2-v16-10-1-2022-04>

1 Scope

The present document establishes the minimum RF requirements for NR User Equipment (UE) operating on frequency Range 2.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 38.101-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone"
- [3] 3GPP TS 38.101-3: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 3: Range 1 and Range 2 Interworking operation with other radios"
- [4] Void
- [5] 3GPP TS 38.521-2: "NR; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 2: Range 2 Standalone"
- [6] Recommendation ITU-R M.1545: "Measurement uncertainty as it applies to test limits for the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications-2000"
<https://standards-iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f52d-4017-a11e-1808776529e1/etsi-ts-138-101-2-v16-10-1-2022-04>
- [7] ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-10, "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain"
- [8] 47 CFR Part 30, "UPPER MICROWAVE FLEXIBLE USE SERVICE, §30.202 Power limits", FCC.
- [9] 3GPP TS 38.211: "NR; Physical channels and modulation".
- [10] 3GPP TS 38.213: "NR; Physical layer procedures for control".
- [11] 3GPP TS 38.215: "NR; Physical layer measurements".
- [12] 3GPP TS 38.133: "NR; Requirements for support of radio resource management".
- [13] 3GPP TS 38.331: "NR; Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol specification".
- [14] 3GPP TS 38.306: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio access capabilities".
- [15] IEEE Std 149: "IEEE Standard Test Procedures for Antennas", IEEE.

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

Aggregated Channel Bandwidth: The RF bandwidth in which a UE is configured to transmit and receive multiple contiguously aggregated carriers.

Bidirectional spectrum: UL/DL common spectrum in which the UE supports the configuration of uplink or downlink CCs.

Beam correspondence: the ability of the UE to select a suitable beam for UL transmission based on DL measurements with or without relying on UL beam sweeping.

Carrier aggregation: Aggregation of two or more component carriers in order to support wider transmission bandwidths.

Carrier aggregation band: A set of one or more operating bands across which multiple carriers are aggregated with a specific set of technical requirements.

Carrier aggregation bandwidth class: A class defined by the aggregated transmission bandwidth configuration and maximum number of component carriers supported by a UE.

Carrier aggregation configuration: A combination of CA operating band(s) and CA bandwidth class(es) supported by a UE.

NOTE: Carriers aggregated in each band can be contiguous or non-contiguous.

Cumulative aggregated channel bandwidth: The cumulative aggregated channel bandwidth is defined as the frequency band from the lowest edge of the lowest CC to the upper edge of the highest CC of all UL and DL configured CCs inside the bidirectional spectrum of the UE.

EIRP(Link=Link angle, Meas=Link angle): measurement of the UE such that the link angle is aligned with the measurement angle. EIRP (indicator to be measured) can be replaced by EIS, Frequency, EVM, carrier Leakage, In-band emission and OBW.

EIRP(Link=TX beam peak direction, Meas=Link angle): measurement of the EIRP of the UE such that the measurement angle is aligned with the beam peak direction within an acceptable measurement error uncertainty. EIRP (indicator to be measured) can be replaced by Frequency, EVM, carrier Leakage, In-band emission and OBW

EIRP(Link=Spherical coverage grid, Meas=Link angle): measurement of the EIRP spherical coverage of the UE such that the EIRP link and measurement angles are aligned with the directions along the spherical coverage grid within an acceptable measurement error uncertainty. Alternatively, the spherical coverage grid can be replaced by the beam peak search grid as the results from the beam peak search can be re-used for spherical coverage.

EIS (effective isotropic sensitivity): sensitivity for an isotropic directivity device equivalent to the sensitivity of the discussed device exposed to an incoming wave from a defined AoA

EIS(Link=RX beam peak direction, Meas=Link angle): measurement of the EIS of the UE such that the measurement angle is aligned with the RX beam peak direction within an acceptable measurement error uncertainty.

NOTE 1: The sensitivity is the minimum received power level at which specific requirement is met.

NOTE 2: Isotropic directivity is equal in all directions (i.e. 0 dBi).

Fallback group: Group of carrier aggregation bandwidth classes for which it is mandatory for a UE to be able to fallback to lower order CA bandwidth class configuration. It is not mandatory for a UE to be able to fallback to lower order CA bandwidth class configuration that belong to a different fallback group.

IBM(Independent Beam Management): A UE that supports inter-band CA with IBM selects its DL Rx beam(s) for all CCs in each configured band based on DL reference signals measurements made in that band.

Inter-band carrier aggregation: Carrier aggregation of component carriers in different operating bands.

NOTE: Carriers aggregated in each band can be contiguous or non-contiguous.

Intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation: Contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation: Non-contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Link angle: a DL-signal AoA from the view point of the UE, as described in Annex J. If the beam lock function is used to lock the UE beam(s), the link angle can become any arbitrary AoA once the beam lock has been activated.

Measurement angle: the angle of measurement of the desired metric from the view point of the UE, as described in Annex J

radiated interface boundary: operating band specific radiated requirements reference point where the radiated requirements apply

radiated requirements reference point: for the RF measurement setup, the radiated requirements reference point is located at the centre of the quiet zone. From the UE perspective the reference point is the input of the UE antenna array

RX beam peak direction: direction where the maximum total component of RSRP and thus best total component of EIS is found

Sub-block: This is one contiguous allocated block of spectrum for transmission and reception by the same UE. There may be multiple instances of sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth.

TX beam peak direction: direction where the maximum total component of EIRP is found

TRP(Link=TX beam peak direction, Meas=TRP grid): measurement of the TRP of the UE such that the measurement angles are aligned with the directions of the TRP grid points within an acceptable measurement uncertainty while the link angle is aligned with the TX beam peak direction

NOTE: For requirements based on EIRP/EIS, the radiated interface boundary is associated to the far-field region

UE transmission bandwidth configuration: Set of resource blocks located within the UE channel bandwidth which may be used for transmitting or receiving by the UE.

Vehicular UE: A UE embedded in a vehicle

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

$\Delta\text{EIRP}_{\text{BC}}$	The beam correspondence tolerance, where $\Delta\text{EIRP}_{\text{BC}} = \text{EIRP}_2 - \text{EIRP}_1$
$\Delta\text{F}_{\text{Global}}$	Granularity of the global frequency raster
$\Delta\text{F}_{\text{Raster}}$	Band dependent channel raster granularity
$\Delta\text{f}_{\text{OOB}}$	Δ Frequency of Out Of Band emission
ΔRB	The starting frequency offset between the allocated RB and the measured non-allocated RB
$\Delta\text{R}_{\text{IB}}$	Allowed reference sensitivity relaxation due to support for inter-band CA operation
$\Delta\text{R}_{\text{IB,P,n}}$	Allowed relaxation to each, minimum peak EIRP and reference sensitivity due to support for inter-band CA operation, per band in a combination of supported bands
$\Delta\text{R}_{\text{IB,S,n}}$	Allowed relaxation to each, EIRP spherical coverage and EIS spherical coverage due to support for inter-band CA operation, per band in a combination of supported bands
$\Delta\text{MB}_{\text{P,n}}$	Allowed relaxation to each, minimum peak EIRP and reference sensitivity due to support for multi-band operation, per band in a combination of supported bands
$\Delta\text{MB}_{\text{S,n}}$	Allowed relaxation to each, EIRP spherical coverage and EIS spherical coverage due to support for multi-band operation, per band in a combination of supported bands
$\text{BW}_{\text{Channel}}$	Channel bandwidth
$\text{BW}_{\text{Channel_CA}}$	Aggregated channel bandwidth, expressed in MHz
BW_{GB}	$\max(\text{BW}_{\text{GB}}, \text{Channel}(k))$
$\text{BW}_{\text{GB,Channel}(k)}$	Minimum guard band defined in sub-clause 5.3A.2 of carrier k