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Standard Specification for Thermoplastic Polyolefin Based Sheet Roofing¹

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^{ε1} NOTE—Subsection 7.13.2 was editorially corrected in January 2009.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers flexible sheet made from thermoplastic polyolefin (TPO) as the principal polymer, intended for use in single-ply roofing membranes exposed to the weather. The sheet shall contain reinforcing fabrics or scrim.

1.2 The tests and property limits used to characterize the sheet are values intended to ensure minimum quality for the intended purpose. In-place roof system design criteria, such as fire resistance, field seaming strength, material compatibility, and uplift resistance, among others, are factors which should be considered but are beyond the scope of this specification.

1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values stated in parentheses are for information only.

1.4 *This standard may involve hazardous materials, operations, and equipment. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory requirements prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D471 Test Method for Rubber Property—Effect of Liquids

D573 Test Method for Rubber—Deterioration in an Air Oven

D751 Test Methods for Coated Fabrics

D1149 Test Methods for Rubber Deterioration—Cracking in an Ozone Controlled Environment

D1204 Test Method for Linear Dimensional Changes of

Nonrigid Thermoplastic Sheeting or Film at Elevated Temperature

D2137 Test Methods for Rubber Property—Brittleness Point of Flexible Polymers and Coated Fabrics

D5538 Practice for Thermoplastic Elastomers—Terminology and Abbreviations

G151 Practice for Exposing Nonmetallic Materials in Accelerated Test Devices that Use Laboratory Light Sources

G155 Practice for Operating Xenon Arc Light Apparatus for Exposure of Non-Metallic Materials

3. Materials and Manufacture

3.1 The sheet shall be formulated from ethylene and higher alpha-olefin polymers, copolymers, and mixtures thereof, in amounts greater than 50 %, by weight of the total polymer content suitably compounded to satisfy the physical requirements in the specification (see Practice D5538).

3.2 The sheet shall be capable of being heat welded, fused, or adhesively bonded to itself for making watertight field splices and repairs, and the supplier or fabricator shall recommend suitable methods and materials.

3.3 Sheet shall be reinforced with fabric or scrim.

4. Physical Properties and Tolerances

4.1 Each sheet specimen shall meet or exceed the physical requirements prescribed in Table 1.

4.2 The tolerance for time conditions (aging, weathering, and so forth) is ± 15 min or ± 1 % of the period, whichever is greater, unless otherwise specified.

4.3 The tolerance for temperature conditions (aging, weathering, and so forth) is $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ($\pm 4^\circ\text{F}$) of the specified temperature, unless otherwise specified.

5. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

5.1 The width and length of the sheet shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

5.1.1 The width and length tolerance shall be +3 %, –0 %.

5.1.2 The thickness tolerance shall be +15 %, –10 % of thickness agreed upon by the purchaser and supplier, but in no case shall it be less than the minimum in Table 1.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D08 on Roofing and Waterproofing and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D08.18 on Nonbituminous Organic Roof Coverings.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

TABLE 1 Physical Requirements for TPO Sheet

Thickness, min, mm (in.)	
Sheet-overall	1.0 (0.039)
Coating over fabric or scrim, weathering side only	0.305 (0.012)
Breaking strength, min, N (lbf)	976 (220)
Elongation at reinforcement break, min, %	15
Tearing strength, min, N (lbf)	245 (55)
Brittleness point, max, °C (°F)	-40 (-40)
Ozone resistance, no cracks	Pass
Properties after heat aging: (retained values)	
Breaking strength, % min	90
Elongation at reinforcement break, % min	90
Tearing strength, % min	60
Weight change (mass), max %	±1
Linear dimensional change, max, %	±1
Water absorption, max, mass %	±3.0 ^A
Factory seam strength, min, N (lbf)	290 (66)
Weather resistance:	
Visual inspection	Pass

^A Test performed on top coating material only. (Use Test Method **D471**, Procedure for Change in Mass.)

6. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

6.1 The sheet, including factory seams, if present, shall be watertight and free of pinholes, particles of foreign matter, protruding fibers or reinforcement, undispersed raw material, nicks and cuts, voids, thin areas, delaminations or other manufacturing defects that might adversely affect serviceability.

6.2 Edges of the sheets shall be capable of being sealed to one another without fishmouthing.

7. Test Methods

7.1 *Dimensions*—Test Methods **D751**, after permitting the sheet to relax at 23°C (73°F) for 1 h.

7.2 *Thickness, Sheet Overall*—Refer to Test Methods **D751** for Type I.

7.3 *Thickness of Coating Over Scrim (Reinforcing Fabric)*—Optical Method described in **Annex A1**.

7.4 *Breaking Strength*—Test Methods **D751**, Grab Method.

7.5 *Elongation at Break*—Test Methods **D751**, Grab Method.

7.6 *Tearing Strength*—Test Methods **D751**, 2 in./min jaw speed. (8 by 8 in. sample size).

7.7 *Brittleness Point*—Test Methods **D2137**, Method B.

7.8 *Ozone Resistance*—Test Method **D1149**. Inspect at 7× magnification on specimens exposed to 100 mPa (1 × 10⁻⁵ psi) ozone in air at 40°C (104°F). Specimens shall be wrapped around a 75-mm (3-in.) diameter mandrel for 166 h exposure. Specimen shall be wrapped around the same size mandrel for inspection. The required specimen width is 25 mm (1.0 in.).

7.9 *Heat Aging*—Test Method **D573**. Age sheet specimens for 670 h at 116°C (240°F). Specimens are then cut from the aged sheet for testing of breaking strength, elongation, and so forth.

7.10 *Linear Dimensional Change*—Test Method **D1204**. Age specimen for 6 h at 70°C (158°F) or 1 h at 100°C (212°F).

7.11 *Water Absorption*—Test Method **D471** for 166 h at 70°C (158°F). Test performed on top coating material only. (Use Test Method **D471**, Procedure for Change in Mass.)

7.12 *Factory Seam Strength*—Test Methods **D751**, Grab Method. Modify procedure by cutting a 25 mm (1.0 in.) wide

by 300 mm (12 in.) long sample across the lap seam. Place in jaws approximately 50 mm (2.0 in.) from edges of the overlap area and test at a jaw separation rate of 5 cm/min (2 in./min).

7.13 *Weather Resistance*—Accelerated weathering tests shall be performed using Practice **G155**.

7.13.1 *Practice G151 and G155*—Xenon-arc apparatus shall be operated in accordance with the following conditions:

Filter Type	Daylight
Irradiance	0.35 to 0.70 W/(m ² ·nm) at 340 nm. The maximum allowable operational fluctuation of the irradiance setting is ±0.02 W/(m ² ·nm).
Cycle	690 min light, 30 min light plus water spray on the front surface
Uninsulated Black Panel Temperature	80°C. The maximum allowable operational fluctuation is ±2.5°C.
Relative Humidity	50 %. The maximum allowable operational fluctuation is ±5 %.
Spray Water	Refer to Practice G155 , section 6.6.1. Typical water temperature used for specimen spray is 21 ± 5°C, but if ambient temperature is low and a holding tank is not used to store purified water, the water temperature can be below the typical range.
Specimen Repositioning	Refer to Practice G155 , section 9.5
Radiant Exposure	10 080 kJ/(m ² ·nm) at 340 nm (1209.6 MJ/m ² at 300 to 400 nm) Inspect at 7× magnification for aging.
Chamber Air Temperature (where applicable)	50°C. The maximum allowable operational fluctuation is ±2°C.

Note—If the operational fluctuations are greater than the maximum allowable after the equipment has stabilized, discontinue the test and correct the cause of the problem before continuing.

7.13.2 Perform the weathering tests on the intact sheet with the weathering side facing the lamps. Mount specimens for exposure under no strain. After exposure, the specimens shall be removed, wrapped around a 75 mm (3 in.) mandrel, and inspected for cracks and crazing. A specimen is rated “pass” if no cracks or crazing is observed.

8. Inspection

8.1 Inspection of the material shall be agreed upon between involved parties.

9. Rejection and Resubmittal

9.1 Failure to conform to any one of the requirements prescribed in this specification shall constitute grounds for rejection. Rejection shall be reported to the supplier promptly and in writing. The seller shall have the right to reinspect the rejected shipment and resubmit the lot after removal of those packages not conforming to the specified requirements.

10. Product Marking

10.1 The sheet shall be identified on the side intended to be exposed to the weather with this ASTM designation and either the name of the manufacturer or supplier or TPO. The type of identification is at the manufacturer’s option. Such identification shall occur at intervals not to exceed 3 m (9 ft, 10 in.) in the long direction. The identification shall be applied in such a manner as to be legible five years from installation. Identification shall not be required when so specified by the purchaser.