

Edition 7.2 2011-02

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD





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Edition 7.2 2011-02

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

GROUP SAFETY PUBLICATION

PUBLICATION GROUPÉE DE SÉCURITÉ

Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus - Safety requirements

Appareils audio, vidéo et appareils électroniques analogues – Exigences de sécurité

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ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

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CONTENTS

	General	10
	1.1 Scope	10
	1.2 Normative references	12
2	Definitions	15
3	General requirements	
4	General test conditions	25
5	Marking and instructions	31
6		
7	Hazardous radiations	38
8	Constructional requirements with regard to the protection against electric shock	42
9	Electric shock hazard under normal operating conditions	51
0	Insulation requirements	55
1	Fault conditions	58
2	Insulation requirements Fault conditions Mechanical strength CLEARANCES and CREEPAGE DISTANCES	62
3	CLEARANCES and CREEPAGE DISTANCES. Components TERMINALS External flexible cords	66
4	Components	79
5	TERMINALS	96
6	External flexible cords of	102
•	External nexible cords.	102
7	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings	102
7	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings	104
7 8 9	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings. Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards	104 107 108
7 8 9	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings. Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards	104 107 108
7 8 9	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings	104 107 108
7 8 9 0	Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards	104 107 108
7 8 9 0	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings. Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards	104 107 108 110
7 8 9 0 .nı	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards Resistance to fire nex A (normative) Additional requirements for apparatus	104 107 108 110
7 8 9 0 .nı	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards Resistance to fire nex A (normative) Additional requirements for apparatus in protection against splashing water	104 107 108 110
7 8 9 0 ini ini	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings. Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards	104 107 108 110 126 129
7 8 9 0 ini ini ini	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards Resistance to fire nex A (normative) Additional requirements for apparatus h protection against splashing water nex B (normative) Apparatus to be connected to the TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS nex C (normative) Band-pass filter for wide-band noise measurement	104 107 108 110 126 127 130
7 8 9 0 ini ini ini	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards Resistance to fire nex A (normative) Additional requirements for apparatus in protection against splashing water nex B (normative) Apparatus to be connected to the TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS nex C (normative) Band-pass filter for wide-band noise measurement nex D (normative) Measuring network for TOUCH CURRENTS	104 107 108 110 127 129 130
7 8 9 (itl (in) (in) (in)	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards Resistance to fire nex A (normative) Additional requirements for apparatus n protection against splashing water nex B (normative) Apparatus to be connected to the TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS nex C (normative) Band-pass filter for wide-band noise measurement nex D (normative) Measuring network for TOUCH CURRENTS nex E (normative) Measurement of CLEARANCES and CREEPAGE DISTANCES	104 107 108 110 126 129 131 131
7 8 9 0 	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards Resistance to fire nex A (normative) Additional requirements for apparatus in protection against splashing water nex B (normative) Apparatus to be connected to the TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS nex C (normative) Band-pass filter for wide-band noise measurement nex D (normative) Measuring network for TOUCH CURRENTS. nex E (normative) Measurement of CLEARANCES and CREEPAGE DISTANCES. nex F (normative) Table of electrochemical potentials	104 107 108 126 129 131 135
7 8 9 0 ini ini ini ini ini	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards Resistance to fire nex A (normative) Additional requirements for apparatus in protection against splashing water nex B (normative) Apparatus to be connected to the TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS nex C (normative) Band-pass filter for wide-band noise measurement nex D (normative) Measuring network for TOUCH CURRENTS nex E (normative) Measurement of CLEARANCES and CREEPAGE DISTANCES nex F (normative) Table of electrochemical potentials nex G (normative) Flammability test methods	104 107 108 126 129 131 135 136
7 8 9 0 ini ini ini ini ini ini	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards Resistance to fire nex A (normative) Additional requirements for apparatus in protection against splashing water nex B (normative) Apparatus to be connected to the TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS nex C (normative) Band-pass filter for wide-band noise measurement nex D (normative) Measuring network for TOUCH CURRENTS nex E (normative) Measurement of CLEARANCES and CREEPAGE DISTANCES nex F (normative) Table of electrochemical potentials nex G (normative) Flammability test methods nex H (normative) Insulated winding wires for use without interleaved insulation nex J (normative) Alternative method for determining minimum CLEARANCES	104 107 108 126 129 130 135 138 138
7 8 9 0 	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings Mechanical strength of picture tubes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards Resistance to fire Mex A (normative) Additional requirements for apparatus In protection against splashing water Mex B (normative) Apparatus to be connected to the TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS Mex C (normative) Band-pass filter for wide-band noise measurement Mex D (normative) Measuring network for TOUCH CURRENTS Mex E (normative) Measurement of CLEARANCES and CREEPAGE DISTANCES Mex F (normative) Table of electrochemical potentials Mex G (normative) Flammability test methods Mex H (normative) Insulated winding wires for use without interleaved insulation	104 107 108 126 129 130 135 138 138
7 8 9 Notiti Ani Ani Ani Ani Ani Ani	Electrical connections and mechanical fixings Mechanical strength of picture tribes and protection against the effects of implosion Stability and mechanical hazards Resistance to fire nex A (normative) Additional requirements for apparatus in protection against splashing water nex B (normative) Apparatus to be connected to the TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS nex C (normative) Band-pass filter for wide-band noise measurement nex D (normative) Measuring network for TOUCH CURRENTS nex E (normative) Measurement of CLEARANCES and CREEPAGE DISTANCES nex F (normative) Table of electrochemical potentials nex G (normative) Flammability test methods nex H (normative) Insulated winding wires for use without interleaved insulation nex J (normative) Alternative method for determining minimum CLEARANCES nex K (normative) Impulse test generators	104 107 108 110 126 127 131 135 136 139 142

Figure 1 – Test circuit for fault conditions	114
Figure 2 – Example of an assessment of REINFORCED INSULATION	115
Figure 3 – Example of ACCESSIBLE parts	115
Figure 4 – Test hook	116
Figure 5a – Surge test – Test circuit	116
Figure 5b – Surge test – Example of a switch to be used in the test circuit	117
Figure 6 – Dielectric strength test instrument	118
Figure 7 – Test voltages	119
Figure 8 – Impact test using a steel ball	119
Figure 9 – Test plug for mechanical tests on antenna coaxial sockets	120
Figure 10 - Minimum CLEARANCES and CREEPAGE DISTANCES on PRINTED BOARDS	121
Figure 11 – Test apparatus for devices forming a part of the MAINS plug	122
Figure 12 – Scratch patterns for implosion test	123
Figure 13 – Distances from a POTENTIAL IGNITION SOURCE and an example for the design of barriers	100
Figure 14 – Mandrel	
Figure 17 – Position of metal foil on insulating material	125
Figure C.1 – Band-pass filter for wide-band noise measurement (amplitude/frequency response limits)	129
Figure D.1 – Measuring network for TOUCH CURRENTS according to IEC 60990	
Figure E.1 – Narrow groove	
Figure E.2 – Wide groove	132
Figure E.3 – V-shaped groove	132
Figure E.4 – Rib	132
Figure E.5 – Uncemented with narrow groove	
Figure E.6 – Uncemented joint with wide groove	
Figure E.7 – Uncemented joint with narrow and wide grooves	
Figure E.8 – Intervening, unconnected conductive part	
Figure E.9 – Narrow recess	
Figure E.10 - Wide recess	
Figure K1 Impulse generating circuit	
rigano i y i intra di gono anni	
Table 1 – Voltage ranges of TNV circuits	20
Table 2 – Test power supply	28
Table 3 – Permissible temperature rise of parts of the apparatus	40
Table 4 – Test temperature and testing time (in days) per cycle	48
Table 5 – Test voltages for dielectric strength test and values for insulation resistance	58
Table 6 – Impact test on the enclosure of apparatus	63
Table 7 – Torque values for end-piece test	66
Table 8 – Minimum CLEARANCES for insulation in circuits CONDUCTIVELY CONNECTED	
TO THE MAINS and between such circuits and circuits not CONDUCTIVELY CONNECTED	
TO THE MAINS	70

Table 9 – Additional CLEARANCES for insulation in circuits CONDUCTIVELY CONNECTED TO THE MAINS with peak WORKING VOLTAGES exceeding the peak value of the nominal a.c. MAINS voltage and between such circuits and circuits	
not CONDUCTIVELY CONNECTED TO THE MAINS	71
Table 10 - Minimum CLEARANCES in circuits not CONDUCTIVELY CONNECTED TO THE MAINS	73
Table 11 – Minimum CREEPAGE DISTANCES	76
Table 12 – Minimum CLEARANCES and CREEPAGE DISTANCES (enclosed, enveloped or hermetically sealed constructions)	78
Table 13 – Flammability category related to distance from POTENTIAL IGNITION SOURCES	82
Table 14 – Peak surge current	92
Table 15 – Nominal cross-sectional area to be accepted by TERMINALS	
Table 16 – Minimum nominal thread diameter	99
Table 17 – Pull force on pins	102
Table 18 – Nominal cross-sectional areas of external flexible cords	102
Table 19 – Mass and pulley diameter for stress test	103
Table 20 – Torque to be applied to screws	105
Table 21 – Distances from POTENTIAL IGNITION SOURCES and consequential flammability categories	113
Table B.1 – Separation of TNV circuits	128
Table E.1 – Value of X	131
Table H.1 – Mandrel diameter	139
Table H.2 – Oven temperature	140
Table J.1 – Mains transient voltages	143
Table J.2 – Minimum CLEARANCES	146
Table K.1 – Component values for impulse generating circuits	148
Table M.1 - Rules for sampling and inspection - Reduced CLEARANCES	154
Table N.1 – Test voltage	
A (V) 12/2 (A) (5/2 2001	

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

AUDIO, VIDEO AND SIMILAR ELECTRONIC APPARATUS – SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

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International Standard IEC 60065 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 92: Safety of audio, video and similar electronic equipment.

It has the status of a group safety publication in accordance with IEC Guide 104.

This consolidated version of IEC 60065 consists of the seventh edition (2001) [documents 92/85/FDIS and 92/89/RVD], its amendment 1 (2005) [documents 108/136/FDIS and 108/148A/RVD], its amendment 2 (2010) [documents 108/395/FDIS and 108/414/RVD] and its corrigendum of August 2002.

The technical content is therefore identical to the base edition and its amendments and has been prepared for user convenience.

It bears the edition number 7.2.

A vertical line in the margin shows where the base publication has been modified by amendments 1 and 2.

-6 -

In this standard, the following print types are used:

requirements proper: roman typetest specifications: italic type

- NOTES: smaller roman type

For terms defined in clause 2, SMALL CAPITALS are used.

Annexes A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, J, K and L form an integral part of this standard.

Annexes M and N are for information only.

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendments will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the NEO web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

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INTRODUCTION

Principles of safety

General

This introduction is intended to provide an appreciation of the principles on which the requirements of this standard are based. Such an understanding is essential in order that safe apparatus can be designed and manufactured.

The requirements of this standard are intended to provide protection to persons as well as to the surroundings of the apparatus.

Attention is drawn to the principle that the requirements, which are standardized, are the minimum considered necessary to establish a satisfactory level of safety.

Further development in techniques and technologies may entail the need for future modification of this standard.

NOTE The expression "protection to the surroundings of the apparatus" implies that this protection should also include protection of the natural environment in which the apparatus is intended to be used, taking into account the life cycle of the apparatus, i.e. manufacturing, use, maintenance disposal and possible end-of-life recycling of parts of the apparatus.

Hazards

The application of this standard is intended to prevent injury or damage due to the following hazards:

electric shock;

implosion:

- excessive temperatures;
- radiation;
- mechanical hazards;
- fire.

Electric shock

Electric shock is due to current passing through the human body. Currents of the order of a milliampere can cause a reaction in persons in good health and may cause secondary risks due to involuntary reaction. Higher currents can have more damaging effects. Voltages below certain limits are generally regarded as not dangerous under specified conditions. In order to provide protection against the possibility of higher voltages appearing on parts that may be touched or handled, such parts are either earthed or adequately insulated.

For parts which can be touched, two levels of protection are normally provided to prevent electric shock caused by a single fault. Thus a single fault and any consequential faults will not create a hazard. The provision of additional protective measures, such as SUPPLEMENTARY INSULATION or protective earthing, is not considered a substitute for, or a relief from, properly designed BASIC INSULATION.

Cause

Contacts with parts normally at hazardous voltage.

Breakdown of insulation between parts normally at hazardous voltage and accessible parts.

Breakdown of insulation between parts normally at hazardous voltage and circuits normally at non-hazardous voltages, thereby putting accessible parts and terminals at hazardous voltage.

Touch current from parts at hazardous voltage through the human body. (Touch current can include current due to RFI filter components connected between mains supply circuits and accessible parts or terminals.)

Prevention

Prevent access to parts at hazardous voltage by fixed or locked covers, interlocks, etc. Discharge capacitors at hazardous voltages.

Either use double or reinforced insulation between parts normally at hazardous voltages and accessible parts so that breakdown is not likely to occur, or connect accessible conductive parts to protective earth so that the voltage which can develop is limited to a safe value. The insulations shall have adequate mechanical and electrical strength.

Segregate hazardous and non-hazardous voltage circuits either by double or reinforced insulation so that breakdown is not likely to occur, or by a protective earthed screen, or connect the circuit normally at non-hazardous voltage to protective earth, so that the voltage which can develop is limited to a safe value.

Limit touch current to a safe value or provide a protective earthing connection to the accessible parts.

Excessive temperatures

Requirements are included to prevent injury due to excessive temperatures of accessible parts, to prevent damaging of insulation due to excessive internal temperatures, and to prevent mechanical instability due to excessive temperatures developed inside the apparatus.

Radiation

Requirements are included to prevent injury due to excessive energy levels of ionizing and laser radiation, for example by limiting the radiation to non-hazardous values.

Implosion

Requirements are included to prevent injury due to implosion of picture tubes.

Mechanical hazards

Requirements are included to ensure that the apparatus and its parts have adequate mechanical strength and stability, to avoid the presence of sharp edges and to provide guarding or interlocking of dangerous moving parts.

Fire

A fire can result from:

- heat:
- arcing;

caused by

- overloads;
- component failure;
- insulation breakdown;
- bad connections;
- conductor breakage.

Requirements are included that are intended to prevent fire originating within the apparatus from spreading beyond the immediate vicinity of the source of the fire or from causing damage to the surroundings of the apparatus.

The following preventive measures are recommended.

- the use of suitable components and subassemblies;
- the prevention of excessive temperature rise that might cause ignition under normal or fault conditions;
- the use of measures to eliminate POTENMAL IGNITION SOURCES such as inadequate contacts, bad connections, interruptions;
 - the limitation of the quantity of combustible material used;
 - the control of the position of combustible materials in relation to POTENTIAL IGNITION SOURCES.
 - the use of materials with high resistance to fire in the vicinity of POTENTIAL IGNITION SOURCES;
 - the use of encapsulation or barriers to limit the spread of fire within the apparatus;
 - the use of suitable fire retardant materials for the enclosure.

AUDIO, VIDEO AND SIMILAR ELECTRONIC APPARATUS – SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

1 General

1.1 Scope

1.1.1 This International Safety Standard applies to electronic apparatus designed to be fed from the MAINS, from a SUPPLY APPARATUS, from batteries or from REMOTE POWER FEEDING and intended for reception, generation, recording or reproduction respectively of audio, video and associated signals. It also applies to apparatus designed to be used exclusively in combination with the above-mentioned apparatus.

This standard primarily concerns apparatus intended for household and similar general use but which may also be used in places of public assembly such as schools, theatres, places of worship and the workplace. PROFESSIONAL APPARATUS intended for use as described above is also covered unless falling specifically within the scope of other standards.

This standard concerns only safety aspects of the above apparatus; it does not concern other matters, such as style or performance.

This standard applies to the above-mentioned apparatus, if designed to be connected to the TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORK or similar network, for example by means of an integrated modem.

Some examples of apparatus within the scope of this standard are:

- receiving apparatus and amplifiers for sound and/or vision;
- independent LOAD TRANSDUCERS and SOURCE TRANSDUCERS;
- SUPPLY APPARATUS intended to supply other apparatus covered by the scope of this standard:
- ELECTRONIC MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, and electronic accessories such as rhythm generators, tone generators music tuners and the like for use with electronic or non-electronic musical instruments;
- audio and/or video educational apparatus;
- video projectors;

NOTE 1 Film projectors, spide projectors, overhead projectors are covered by IEC 60335-2-56 [5]1

- video cameras and video monitors;
- video games and flipper games;
- juke boxes;
- electronic gaming and scoring machines;

NOTE 2 Video games, flipper games and gaming machines and other amusement games for commercial use are covered by IEC 60335-2-82 [6].

¹ Figures in square brackets refer to the bibliography.

- teletext equipment;
- record and optical disc players;
- tape and optical disc recorders;
- antenna signal converters and amplifiers;
- antenna positioners;
- Citizen's Band apparatus;
- apparatus for IMAGERY;
- electronic light effect apparatus;
- apparatus for use in alarm systems;
- intercommunication apparatus, using low voltage MAINS as the transmission medium;
- cable head-end receivers;
- multimedia apparatus;

NOTE 3 The requirements of IEC 60950 may also be used to meet the requirements for safety of multi media apparatus (see also IEC Guide 112 [16])

- professional general use amplifiers, record or disc players, tape players, recorders, and public address systems;
- professional sound/video systems;
- electronic flash apparatus for photographic purposes (see Annex L).
- 1.1.2 This standard applies to apparatus with a RATED SUPPLY VOLTAGE not exceeding
- 250 V a.c. single phase or d.c. supply;
- 433 V a.c. in the case of apparatus for connection to a supply other than single-phase.
- 1.1.3 This standard applies to apparatus for use at altitudes not exceeding 2 000 m above sea level, primarily in dry locations and in regions with moderate or tropical climates.

http:For apparatus with protection against splashing water, additional requirements are given in 001 annex A.

For apparatus to be connected to TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS, additional requirements are given in annex B.

For apparatus intended to be used in vehicles, ships or aircraft, or at altitudes exceeding 2 000 m above sea level, additional requirements may be necessary.

NOTE See Table A.2 of IEC 60664-1.

Requirements, additional to those specified in this standard, may be necessary for apparatus intended for special conditions of use.

1.1.4 For apparatus designed to be fed from the MAINS, this standard applies to apparatus intended to be connected to a MAINS supply with transient overvoltages not exceeding overvoltage category II according to IEC 60664-1.

For apparatus subject to transient overvoltages exceeding those for overvoltage category II, additional protection may be necessary in the MAINS supply of the apparatus.

1.2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

– 12 **–**

IEC 60027 (all parts), Letter symbols to be used in electrical technology

IEC 60038:1983, IEC standard voltages

Amendment 1 (1994)

Amendment 2 (1997)

IEC 60068-2-6:1995, Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests – Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)

IEC 60068-2-32:1975, Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests – Test Ed. Free fail (Procedure 2)

IEC 60068-2-75:1997, Environmental testing - Part 2-75: Tests - Test Eh; Hammer tests

IEC 60068-2-78:2001, Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests – Test Cab: Damp heat, steady state

IEC 60085:2004, Thermal evaluation and classification of electrical insulation

IEC 60086-4:2000, Primary batteries – Part 4: Safety of lithium batteries

IEC 60107-1:1997, Methods of measurement on receivers for television broadcast transmissions – Part 1: General considerations – Measurements at radio and video frequencies

IEC 60112:2003, Method for determining the comparative and the proof tracking indices of solid insulating materials under moist conditions

IEC 60127 (all parts), Miniature fuses

IEC 60167:1964, Methods of test for the determination of the insulation resistance of solid insulating materials

IEC 60216 (all parts). Guide for the determination of thermal endurance properties of electrical insulating materials.

IEC 60227 (all parts), Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V

IEC 60245 (all parts), Rubber insulated cables – Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V

IEC 60249-2 (all specifications), Base materials for printed circuits - Part 2: Specifications

IEC 60268-1:1985, Sound system equipment – Part 1: General

IEC 60317 (all parts), Specifications for particular types of winding wires

IEC 60320 (all parts), Appliance couplers for household and similar general purposes

IEC 60335-1:2001, Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 1: General requirements

Amendment 1 (2004)

IEC 60384-1:1999, Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment – Part 1: Generic specification