

Designation: D579-04 Designation: D579 - 09

Standard Specification for Greige Woven Glass Fabrics¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 579; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers greige fabrics woven from "E" electrical glass fiber yarns. This specification can also be applied to fabrics made of other glass fiber types as agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.
- 1.2 This specification specifies the terminology, definitions, general requirements and physical requirements for greige glass fiber fabrics. This specification permits the application of organic materials to the glass fiber yarn during manufacture that helps facilitate weaving.
- 1.3 This specification shows the values in both SI units and in inch-pound units. "SI units" is the technically correct name for the system of metric units known as the International System of Units. "Inch-pound units" is the technically correct name for the customary units used in the United States. The values in SI units are provided as information only; the values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard.
- 1.4 This specification is one of a series to provide a substitute for Military Specifications: MIL-Y-1140 Yarn, Cord, Sleeving, Cloth, and Tape-Glass; and MIL-C-9084 Cloth, Glass Finished for Resin Laminates.
- 1.5 Additional ASTM specifications in this series have been drafted and appear in current editions of the Annual Book of ASTM Standards. These include finished glass fabrics, unfinished glass fabrics, glass tapes, glass sleevings, glass cords, glass sewing threads, and finished laminates made from finished glass fabrics.
- 1.6 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents ²

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:
- D 123 Terminology Relating to Textiles
- D 578 Specification for Glass Fiber Strands
- D 1059 Test Method for Yarn Number Based on Short-Length Specimens Cd-ba92-038cea87b6fb/astm-d579-09
- D 1423 Test Method for Twist in Yarns by the Direct-Counting Method
- D 1776 Practice for Conditioning Textiles for Testing-Practice for Conditioning and Testing Textiles
- D 1777 Test Method for Measuring Thickness of Textile Materials
- D 3773 Test Methods for Length of Woven Fabric
- D 3774 Test Methods Method for Width of Textile Fabric
- D 3775 Test Method for Warp End Count (End) and Filling (Pick) Count of Woven Fabrics
- D 3776 Test Methods for Mass Per Unit Area (Weight) of Fabric
- D4029Specification for Finished Woven Glass Fabrics
- D 4963 Test Method for Ignition Loss of Glass Strands and Fabrics
- D5035Test Method for Breaking Force and Elongation of Textile Fabrics (Strip Method)
- D 5035 Test Method for Breaking Force and Elongation of Textile Fabrics (Strip Method)
- D 7018 Terminology Relating to Glass Fiber and Its Products
- 2.2 ANSI Standards:
- ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 Sampling Procedures for Inspection by Attributes³

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D13 on Textiles and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D13.18 on Glass Fiber and its Products. Current edition approved March 1, 2004. Published April 2004. Originally approved in 1940. Last previous edition approved in 1997 as D579–97.

Current edition approved Jan. 15, 2009. Published February 2009. Originally approved in 1940. Last previous edition approved in 2004 as D 579 – 04.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.



2.3 Military Standard and Specifications:

MIL-Y-1140H Yarn, Cord, Sleeving, Cloth and Tape-Glass⁴

MIL-C-9084C Cloth, Glass Finished for Resin Laminates⁴

2.4 Textile Institute Documents:

Textile Terms and Definitions 5

Woven Cloth Construction 5

2.4 Institute for Interconnecting and Packaging Circuits Standard:

IPC-4412Specification for Finished Fabric Woven from E Glass for Printed Boards

3. Terminology

- 3.1Definitions:
- 3.1.1 atmosphere for testing textiles, n—for glass, air maintained at a relative humidity of at least 48% and no greater than 67%, and at a temperature of at least 20°C (68°F) and no greater than 25°C (77°F).
- 3.1.1.1Discussion—Glass textiles are used in various products such as reinforced plastics, mat-like material, tire cords, electrical insulation, etc. Each of these materials require different testing atmospheres. It is the intent of this wide spread in testing atmosphere to allow testing of glass textiles in respective laboratories where end product test atmosphere requirements differ. The test atmospheres for respective products should be controlled as specified in Practice D1776. It is the opinion of Subcommittee D13.18 that the physical properties cited in respective specifications would not be affected by the range selected. In any event, the test atmosphere should be stated in the report.
 - 3.1.2continuous filament yarn, n—a yarn made of filaments that extend substantially throughout the length of the yarn.
- 3.1.3crowfoot weave, n—a broken-twill weave one-up and three-down or three-up and one-down with two ends to the right and two ends to the left, commonly referred to as four-harness satin or broken crow.
 - 3.1.3.1 Discussion—See Fig. A1.1 in Annex for the basic weave diagram.
- 3.1.4eight-harness satin, n—a warp-faced or filling-faced weave illustrating that the entire face of the fabric surface is covered with warp or filling yarn, respectively.
- 3.1.4.1Discussion—There are no distinguishable diagonal lines. In warp-faced fabrics warp yarns show on the face of the fabric seven out of eight adjacent yarns, and in filling-faced fabrics filling yarns show on the face of the fabric seven out of eight adjacent yarns. See Fig. A1.5 in Annex for the basic weave diagram.
- 3.1.5greige goods, n—textile fabries that have received no bleaching, dyeing, or finishing treatment after being produced by any textile process.
 - 3.1.6leno weave, n—a weave in which two adjacent warp yarns cross each other between the picks.
 - 3.1.6.1 Discussion—See Fig. A1.3 in Annex for the basic weave diagram.
- 3.1.7mock leno weave, n—a weave in which the warp yarns remain parallel but form open warp stripes by programmed interlacing of warp and filling yarns simulating a leno appearance.
 - 3.1.7.1Discussion—See Fig. A1.4 in Annex for the basic weave diagram. 4acd-ba92-038cea87b6
- 3.1.8twelve-harness satin, n—a weave similar to eight-harness satin except in warp-faced fabrics warp yarns show on the face of the fabric eleven out of twelve adjacent yarns and in filling-faced fabrics filling yarns show on the face eleven out of twelve adjacent yarns.
 - 3.1.8.1Discussion—See Fig. A1.6 in Annex for the basic weave diagram.
 - 3.2For definitions of other textile terms used in this specification, refer to Terminology D123Terminology
 - 3.1 For all terminology relating to D13.18, Glass Fibers and Its Products, refer to Terminology D 7018.
- 3.1.1 The following terms are relevant to this specification: atmosphere for testing textiles, continuous filament, crowfoot weave, eight-harness satin, greige goods, leno weave, mock leno weave, twelve-harness satin
 - 3.2 For all other terms related to textiles, see Terminology D 123.

CLASSIFICATION

4. Classification

4.1 The designation of a fabric shall be by style numbers that are standard throughout the industry. Generally used style numbers are listed in numerical order in Table 8.

REQUIREMENTS

5. Material

5.1 The yarn shall be continuous filament, unless otherwise specified, free of any free alkali metal salts, such as soda or potash, and foreign particles, dirt, and other impurities.

⁴ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

⁵ Available from the Textile Institute, 10 Blackfriars St., Manchester, M3 5DR England.

TABLE 1 Twist Tolerances

	Tolerances
Turns per Centimetre:	
From zero to 0.4, incl	±0.1 turn per centimetre
Over 0.4 and up to and including 4.0	±0.2 turn per centimetre
Over 4	±5.0 % of the specified average twist
Turns per Metre:	
From zero to 40, incl	±10 turns per metre
Over 40 and up to and including 400	±20 turns per metre
Over 400	±5.0 % of the specified average twist
Turns per Inch:	· · · · · ·
From zero to 1, incl	±0.25 turn per inch
Over 1 and up to and including 10	±0.5 turn per inch
Over 10	$\pm 5.0~\%$ of the specified average twist

TABLE 2 Tolerances—Mass/Unit Area

Nominal Mass/Unit Area, g/m² (oz/yd²)	Permissible Variation, %
136 (4.0) and under	±10
Over 136 (4.0)	±6

TABLE 3 Tolerances—Thickness

Nominal Thickness	Permissible Varia- tions
millimet	res
0.075 and under	±0.013
Over 0.075 to 0.250	±0.025
Over 0.250 to 0.380	±0.050
Over 0.380	±0.075
inche	s
0.0030 and under	D 1/±0.0005 7
Over 0.0030 to 0.0100	±0.0010
Over 0.0100 to 0.0150	±0.0020
Over 0.0150	±0.0030

ASTM D579-09

6. Fabric Count lards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/647bb231-f900-4acd-ba92-038cea87b6fb/astm-d579-09

6.1 For fabrics listed in Table 8, the nominal fabric count shall conform to the requirements of Table 8. For fabrics not listed in Table 8, the nominal fabric count shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier. The average count of warp ends shall be within two ends of the nominal count, and the average count of the filling picks shall be within two picks of the nominal count.

7. Yarn Designations

- 7.1 For fabrics listed in Table 8, the yarn designations shall conform to the requirements of Table 8. For fabrics not listed in Table 8, the yarn designations shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the seller.supplier. The requirements of the individual elements of the designation are specified in Sections 8-12.
- 7.1.1 In some cases ECE 225 yarn is specified in Table 8. ECD 225 may be substituted with no significant decrease in property performance.

8. Yarn Number

8.1 For fabrics listed in Table 8, the nominal size-free yarn numbers of the yarns designated shall conform to Specification D 578. For fabrics not listed in Table 8, the nominal size-free yarn number shall be agreed upon between purchaser and supplier.

9. Filament Diameter

9.1 The nominal filament diameter for yarns in the fabric shall conform to the nominal range for filament diameter average values specified in Table 1 of Specification D 578.

10. Strand Construction

10.1 The basis for specifying strand construction is given in Specification D 578. For fabrics listed in Table 8, the construction of the component strands shall conform to the requirements of Table 8. For fabrics not listed in Table 8, the construction of the component strands shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

TABLE 4 Classification of Defects^A

Defect	Description	Major	Minor
Bias or bowed filling	Pick line distortion from horizontal by more than 2.5 % for entire width	Х	
Baggy, ridged, or wavy cloth	Clearly noticeable	X	
Cut or tear	6.5 mm (0.25 in.) or more in any direction (body only)	X	
Hole	13 mm (0.5 in.) or more in diameter	X	
	Less than 13 mm (0.5 in.) in diameter		X
Spots, streaks, or stains, foreign inclusions	Clearly noticeable	X	
Tender or weak spot	Clearly noticeable 50 mm (2 in.) or more in combined directions	Χ	
	Clearly noticeable less than 50 mm (2 in.) but greater than 6.5 mm (0.25 in.) in combined directions		Χ
Smash	76 mm (3 in.) or more in combined directions	Χ	
	Less than 76 mm (3 in.) in combined directions		X
Broken, missing ends or picks	2 or more contiguous regardless of length	Χ	
Floats and skips	50 mm (2 in.) or more in combined directions	X	
·	Less than 50 mm (2 in.) in combined directions		X
Light marks	Greater than 6.5 mm (0.25 in.) in width	Χ	
_	2 picks less than nominal pick construction		X
Heavy marks	Puckering clearly noticeable	X	
	2 picks more than nominal pick construction		X
Crease	Hard embedded and folded over on self	X	
Waste	Clearly noticeable over 6.5 mm (0.25 in) in length	X	
	Clearly noticeable less than 6.5 mm (0.25 in.) in length		X
Weave separation	Clearly noticeable 3 mm (0.125 in.) or more	X	
Brittle or fused area	Any	X	
Selvage Defects	Curled or folded under		X
	Cut or torn less than 6.5 mm (0.25 in.) in length		X
	Cut or torn 6.5 mm (0.25 in.) and over in length	X	
Selvage leno ends out	Greater than 5 m (5 yd) missing (continuously)	X	
	Less than 5 m (5 yd) missing		X
Feather edge	Greater than 5 mm (0.1875 in.) running more than 5 m (5 yd)	X	
	Greater than 5 mm (0.1875 in.) but running less than 5 m (5 yd)		X

^A At a normal viewing distance of 1 m or 3 ft.

TABLE 5 Sample Size Determination for Construction, Mass, Width, and Physical Properties

Lot Size in Units, m or (yd)	Sample Size, Number of Units (Rolls)	
800 or less 801 up to and including 22 000 M D579-09 22 001 and over	2 3 4204 h 502 038	

11. Direction of Twist

11.1 Unless otherwise agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier, the primary twist in the singles strands shall be "Z" twist and the final twist in the plied yarns shall be "S" twist.

12. Twist Level

12.1 The nominal twist in the component strands and the finished yarns shall conform to the requirements of Table 8 in Specification D 578. The tolerances for the primary twist and the final twist shall conform to Table 1 of this document unless otherwise agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

13. Fabric Weave Type

13.1 For fabrics listed in Table 8, the fabric weave type shall conform to the requirements of Table 8. For fabrics not listed in Table 8, the fabric weave type shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

14. Mass Per Unit Area

14.1 For fabrics listed in Table 8, the nominal mass per unit area shall conform to the requirement of Table 8. For fabrics not listed in Table 8, the nominal mass per unit area shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier. The average mass per unit area for the lot shall conform to the requirements of Table 2.

15. Thickness

15.1 For fabrics listed in Table 8, the nominal thickness shall conform to the requirements of Table 8. For fabrics not listed in Table 8, the nominal thickness shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier. The average thickness of the fabric in the lot shall conform to the requirements of Table 3, unless specified otherwise.

TABLE 6 Values of b for Critical Differences in Defect Counts, a and b, for Two Test Results

Prol	Probability Level Probability Level		Probability Level			Probability Level					
r = a + b	90 %	95 %	r = a + b	90 %	95 %	r = a + b	90 %	95 %	r = a + b	90 %	95 %
1			26	8	7	51	19	18	76	30	28
2			27	8	7	52	19	18	77	30	29
3			28	9	8	53	20	18	78	31	29
4			29	9	8	54	20	19	79	31	30
5	0		30	10	9	55	20	19	80	32	30
6	0	0	31	10	9	56	21	20	81	32	31
7	0	0	32	10	9	57	21	20	82	33	31
8	1	0	33	11	10	58	22	21	83	33	32
9	1	1	34	11	10	59	22	21	84	33	32
10	1	1	35	12	11	60	23	21	85	34	32
11	2	1	36	12	11	61	23	22	86	34	33
12	2	2	37	13	12	62	24	22	87	35	33
13	3	2	38	13	12	63	24	23	88	35	34
14	3	2	39	13	12	64	24	23	89	36	34
15	3	3	40	14	13	65	25	24	90	36	35
16	4	3	41	14	13	66	25	24	91	37	35
17	4	4	42	15	14	67	26	25	92	37	36
18	5	4	43	15	14	68	26	25	93	38	36
19	5	4	44	16	15	69	27	25	94	38	37
20	5	5	45	16	15	70	27	26	95	38	37
21	6	5	46	16	15	71	28	26	96	39	37
22	6	5	47	17	16	72	28	27	97	39	38
23	7	6	48	17	16	73	28	27	98	40	38
24	7	6	49	18	17	74	29	28	99	40	39
25	7	7	50	18	17	75	29	28	100	41	39

Probability levels are for two-sided limits.

If the observed value of ILm the tabulated value, the two test results should be considered significantly different at the indicated probability level.

a = the larger of two defect counts, each of which is the total count for all specimens in a test result and each of which is based on the same number of specimens,

= the smaller of the two defect counts taken as specified for a, and

When r > 100, use the following approximation:

where:

b = calculated value of b, rounded to the nearest whole number, 000-4 acd 0000-4 acd 000-4 acd 0000-4 acd 0000-4 acd 0000-4 acd 0000-4 acd 0000-4 acd

c = r/2, and

k = 1.386 and 1.163 respectively for the 95 % and 90 % probability levels.

16. Breaking Strength

16.1 For fabrics listed in Table 8, the minimum breaking strength shall conform to the requirements of Table 8. For fabrics and/or breaking strength not listed in Table 8, the minimum breaking strength shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier. The average breaking strength for the lot shall exceed the specified breaking strength, and no individual break shall be less than 80 % of the specified minimum breaking strength.

17. Width

17.1 Fabric width shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier. The fabric width, including both selvages but excluding any feathered edges, shall be no narrower than the specified width and no more than 13 mm (0.5 in.) wider than the specified width.

Note 1—During the processing of glass fabrics, the selvages may be slit to minimize tension influences. This slit distance is generally excluded when measuring the fabric width.

18. Length

18.1 The fabric roll length, length between splices, and number of splices per roll shall be agreed upon between purchaser and supplier. All splices must be thermoset unless otherwise agreed upon between the purchaser and supplier.

19. Ignition Loss

19.1 The ignition loss of greige fabric shall be less than 4.0 % unless otherwise agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

TABLE 7 95 % Confidence Limits for Number of Defect Counts
per Test Result

	por root module	
Observed Count	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
0	0.0	3.7
5	1.6	11.7
10	4.8	18.4
15	8.4	24.7
20	12.2	30.9
25	16.2	36.9
30	20.2	42.8
35	24.4	48.7
40	28.6	54.5
45	32.8	60.2
50	37.1	65.9
60	45.8	77.2
70	54.6	88.4
80	63.4	99.6
90	72.4	110.6
100	81.4	121.6
120	99.5	143.5
140	117.8	165.2
160	136.2	186.8
180	154.7	208.3
200	173.2	229.7

Lower confidence limit for counts = $c[1 - (1/9c) - t(1/9c)) \cdot z]^3$ Upper confidence limit for count = $d[1 - (1/9d) + t(1/9d)) \cdot z]^3$

where:

c =observed number of counts,

d = c + 1, and

t = 1.960, the value of Student's t for infinite degrees of freedom, two-sided limits, and the 95 % probability level.

(https://standards.iteh.ai)

20. Fabric Appearance

20.1The woven greige fabric shall be generally uniform in quality and condition, clean, smooth, and free of foreign particles and defects detrimental to fabrication, appearance, or performance. Current industry practice for fabrics utilized in electronics applications is described in IPC-4412 in Section 4.4.1 Fabric Appearance.

- 20.1 The woven greige fabric shall be generally uniform in quality and condition, clean, smooth, and free of foreign particles and defects detrimental to fabrication, appearance, or performance.
- 20.2 The fabric in the laboratory sample for the fabric appearance shall be examined for the defects listed in Table 4 and the acceptable quality levels (AQLs) are 2.5 major and 6.5 total (major and minor combined) defects per hundred units of fabric unless otherwise agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.
- 20.3 When specified, the warp direction of the fabric shall be marked by blue direction-indicator yarns running warpwise in the cloth and spaced approximately 150 mm (6 in.) apart.
- 20.4Preservation and packaging for fabrics utilized in electronics applications are described in IPC-4412, Section 5.1.

21. Put-Up

21.1 Fabric shall be furnished in rolls and shall be wound on spiral tubes. The tube dimensions shall be shall be as agreed upon between the purchaser and supplier. The maximum number of pieces contained in any roll shall be as specified in 18.1.

22. Sampling

- 22.1 Lot Size—A lot shall consist of each 9000 m (10 000 yd) of a single fabric style unless otherwise agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.
- 22.1.1 When small multiple shipments are made from an inspected lot, the shipments may be made without additional inspection as agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.
- 22.2 Lot Sample—Take at random as a lot sample the number of rolls of fabric specified in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 and a single sampling plan, unless otherwise agreed upon.
 - 22.3 Laboratory Sample—As a laboratory sample, take the following samples:
- 22.3.1 For fabric appearance, fabric width, mass per unit area, and fabric length, the rolls in the lot sample serve as the laboratory sample.
- 22.3.2 For other properties, take at random from the rolls in the lot sample the number of rolls specified in Table 5. From each roll in the laboratory sample, take a 1 m (1 yd) full-width swatch from the end of the roll after first discarding a minimum of 1