

**SLOVENSKI STANDARD**  
**oSIST prEN ISO 3821:2019**  
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**Oprema za plamensko varjenje - Gumene cevi za varjenje, rezanje in sorodne tehnike (ISO/DIS 3821:2019)**

Gas welding equipment - Rubber hoses for welding, cutting and allied processes (ISO/DIS 3821:2019)

Gasschweißgeräte - Gummischläuche für Schweißen, Schneiden und verwandte Prozesse (ISO/DIS 3821:2019)

Matériel de soudage aux gaz - Tuyaux souples en caoutchouc pour le soudage, le coupage et les techniques connexes (ISO/DIS 3821:2019)

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83.140.40	Gumene cevi	Hoses

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## Gas welding equipment — Rubber hoses for welding, cutting and allied processes

*Matériel de soudage aux gaz — Tuyaux souples en caoutchouc pour le soudage, le coupage et les techniques connexes*

ICS: 83.140.40; 25.160.30

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 8, *Equipment for gas welding, cutting and allied processes*.

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- a) Definition of maximum working pressure added;
- b) [Clause 7](#) "Materials" revised;
- c) [Clause 8](#) "Dimensions and tolerances" revised;
- d) [Clause 9](#) "Requirements and type tests" revised;
- e) Requirements for marking revised;
- f) Standard editorially revised.

Requests for official interpretations of any aspect of this document should be directed to the Secretariat of ISO/TC 44/SC 8 via your national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org).





# Gas welding equipment — Rubber hoses for welding, cutting and allied processes

## 1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for rubber hoses (including twin hoses) for welding, cutting and allied processes.

This document specifies requirements for rubber hoses for normal duty of 2 MPa (20 bar) and light duty [limited to hoses for maximum working pressure of 1 MPa (10 bar) and with bore up to and including 6,3 mm].

This document applies to hoses operated at temperatures  $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+60\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and used in:

- gas welding and cutting;
- arc welding under the protection of an inert or active gas;
- processes allied to welding and cutting, in particular, heating, brazing, and metallization.

This standard does not specify requirements for hose assemblies; these are detailed in ISO 8207.

This document applies neither to thermoplastics hoses nor to hoses used for high pressure [ $> 0,15\text{ MPa}$  ( $> 1,5\text{ bar}$ )] acetylene.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 37, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of tensile stress-strain properties*

ISO 188, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Accelerated ageing and heat resistance tests*

ISO 1307:2006, *Rubber and plastics hoses — Hose sizes, minimum and maximum inside diameters, and tolerances on cut-to-length hoses*

ISO 1402, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Hydrostatic testing*

ISO 10619-1, *Rubber and plastics hoses and tubing — Measurement of flexibility and stiffness — Part 1: Bending tests at ambient temperature*

ISO 10619-2, *Rubber and plastics hoses and tubing — Measurement of flexibility and stiffness — Part 2: Bending tests at sub-ambient temperatures*

ISO 1817, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of the effect of liquids*

ISO 4080, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Determination of permeability to gas*

ISO 4671, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Methods of measurement of the dimensions of hoses and the lengths of hose assemblies*

ISO 7326:2006, *Rubber and plastics hoses — Assessment of ozone resistance under static conditions*

ISO 8033:2006, *Rubber and plastics hoses — Determination of adhesion between components*

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ISO 11114-3, *Gas cylinders — Compatibility of cylinder and valve materials with gas contents — Part 3: Autogenous ignition test for non-metallic materials in oxygen atmosphere*

ISO 23529, *Rubber — General procedures for preparing and conditioning test pieces for physical test methods*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8330 and ISO 15296 and the following apply.

#### 3.1 twin hose

two normal rubber hoses joined together longitudinally

#### 3.2 universal fuel gas hose

hose which can be used for all fuel gases except fluxed fuel gas

Note 1 to entry: Fuel gases are listed in Table 5.

#### 3.3 flux fuel gas hose

hose suitable for fuel gas containing a flux

#### 3.4 maximum working pressure

maximum pressure to which the equipment may be subjected in service

### 4 Abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the following abbreviations apply.

LPG liquefied petroleum gases

MPS methylacetylene-propadiene mixtures

### 5 Application

Hoses shall only be used for the gas service for which they are identified (see [10.2](#)).

### 6 Hose designation

The hoses covered by this document are designated using the following information:

- a) inside diameter, see Table 1;
- b) light or normal duty (pressure rating), see Table 4;
- c) colour and marking (gas service), see Table 5.

EXAMPLE 1 6,3 mm, light duty. Blue (Oxygen).

EXAMPLE 2 10 mm, normal duty. Red/Orange (Universal fuel gases).

EXAMPLE 3 6,3 mm, light duty, FLUX. Red (Fluxed fuel gases).

## 7 Materials

### 7.1 Construction

#### 7.1.1 Light and normal duty hoses

The hose shall consist of:

- a) a rubber lining of minimum thickness 1,3 mm for hoses with total wall thickness of 3,0 mm or less and 1,5 mm for hoses with total wall thickness greater than 3,0 mm;
- b) reinforcement applied by any suitable technique;
- c) a rubber cover of a minimum thickness of 1,0 mm.

#### 7.1.2 Flux fuel gas hose

The flux fuel gas hose shall consist of the following:

- a) a rubber lining with an additional inner plastic layer, which shall be of maximum thickness 0,5 mm, to give a minimum total thickness of a rubber lining of 1,3 mm for hoses with total wall thickness of 3,0 mm or less and 1,5 mm for hoses with total wall thickness greater than 3,0 mm;
- b) reinforcement applied by any suitable technique;
- c) a rubber cover of minimum thickness 1,0 mm.

#### 7.1.3 Twin hose

Each hose used for twin hose construction shall be as specified in [7.1.1](#) or [7.1.2](#). The two hoses shall be joined longitudinally during the extrusion and/or vulcanization process. They shall be capable of being separated free of damage to enable end fittings to be fitted. See [9.3.7](#).

### 7.2 Manufacture

The lining and cover shall be of uniform thickness and free from holes, porosity and other defects.

## 8 Dimensions and tolerances

### 8.1 Inside diameters

The inside diameters of the hoses shall be in accordance with the dimensions and tolerances shown in Table 1.