
Volumetrične naprave, delujoče na bat - 2. del: Pipete (ISO/DIS 8655-2:2020)

Piston-operated volumetric apparatus - Part 2: Pipettes (ISO/DIS 8655-2:2020)

Volumenmessgeräte mit Hubkolben - Teil 2: Pipetten (ISO/DIS 8655-2:2020)

Appareils volumétriques à piston - Partie 2: Pipettes (ISO/DIS 8655-2:2020)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN ISO 8655-2[oSIST prEN ISO 8655-2:2020](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/69acb5ef-967f-4fcf-a7c2-e6a6528dae36/osist-pren-iso-8655-2-2020)<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/69acb5ef-967f-4fcf-a7c2-e6a6528dae36/osist-pren-iso-8655-2-2020>**ICS:**

17.060	Merjenje prostornine, mase, gostote, viskoznosti	Measurement of volume, mass, density, viscosity
71.040.20	Laboratorijska posoda in aparati	Laboratory ware and related apparatus

oSIST prEN ISO 8655-2:2020**en,fr,de**

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DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO/DIS 8655-2

ISO/TC 48

Secretariat: DIN

Voting begins on:
2020-07-29Voting terminates on:
2020-10-21

Piston-operated volumetric apparatus —

Part 2: Pipettes

*Appareils volumétriques à piston —**Partie 2: Pipettes*

ICS: 17.060

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Reference number
ISO/DIS 8655-2:2020(E)

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Published in Switzerland

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ISO/DIS 8655-2:2020(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. (standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 48, *Laboratory Equipment*, Working Group WG 4, *Piston-operated instruments*. <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/69acb5ef-967f-4fcf-a7c2-65f8b1d730e0/iso-8655-2-2020>

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 8655-2:2002 and ISO 8655-2:2002/Cor 1:2008), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- ISO 8655-7, ISO 8655-8 and ISO 8655-9 have been added as normative references;
- Metrological Performance requirements for pipette tips have been further specified;
- [Tables 1](#) and [2](#) have been revised;
- A new [Table 3](#) has been introduced;
- A new informative [Annex C](#) for motorized pipettes has been introduced;
- [Annex A](#) has been revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO 8655 series can be found on the ISO website.

[Annex A](#) forms a normative part of this part of ISO 8655. [Annex B](#) and [Annex C](#) are for information only.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

ISO 8655 addresses the needs of:

- manufacturers, as a basis for quality control including, where appropriate, the issuance of manufacturers' declarations;
- calibration laboratories, test houses, users of the equipment and other bodies as a basis for independent calibration, verification and routine checking.

The tests specified in the ISO 8655 series are intended to be carried out by trained personnel.

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Piston-operated volumetric apparatus —

Part 2: Pipettes

1 Scope

This part of ISO 8655 specifies

- metrological requirements,
- maximum permissible errors,
- requirements for marking and
- information to be provided for users,

for air-displacement (type A) and positive displacement (type D) single-channel and multi-channel pipettes, complete with their selected tip(s) and any other essential, consumable parts, designed to deliver the selected volume (Ex).

NOTE General requirements and definitions of terms for piston-operated volumetric apparatus are given in ISO 8655-1. The gravimetric reference measurement procedure for the determination of volume is given in ISO 8655-6. The photometric reference measurement procedure for the determination of volume is given in ISO 8655-8. Alternative methods for the determination of volume are described in ISO 8655-7. For safety requirements of electrically powered pipettes, see regional or national safety standards.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3696:1991, *Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods*

ISO/DIS 8655-1:2020, *Piston-operated volumetric apparatus — Part 1: Terminology, general requirements and user recommendations*

ISO/DIS 8655-6:2020, *Piston-operated volumetric apparatus — Part 6: Gravimetric reference measurement procedure for the determination of volume*

ISO/DIS 8655-7:2020, *Piston operated volumetric apparatus — Part 7: Alternative test methods for the determination of volume*

ISO/DIS 8655-8:2020, *Piston-operated volumetric apparatus — Part 8: Photometric reference measurement procedure for the determination of volume*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/DIS 8655-1:2020 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

ISO/DIS 8655-2:2020(E)

— IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

4 Principle of operation

Pipettes are used to accurately handle preselected volumes. The tip is attached to the pipette. Pipettes are typically operated using forward pipetting. Using forward pipetting, with the piston positioned at the lower aspiration limit, the tip is dipped into the liquid to be dispensed. When moved to the upper aspiration limit, the piston aspirates the liquid. The liquid volume to be dispensed is then expelled by depressing or sliding the piston between the volume-defining limits. Some air-displacement pipettes (see 6.1, Type A) have an extra air volume which can be used to expel the last drop of liquid.

See also [Figure 1](#).

Manufacturers' instruction manuals should contain detailed and specific information about the proper operation of pipettes.

5 Adjustment

5.1 Basis of adjustment

A pipette shall be adjusted for the delivery (Ex) of its nominal volume (or selected volume, in the case of a variable-volume model).

For countries that have adopted the standard reference temperature of 20 °C, the adjustment shall be for the temperature 20 °C, a relative air humidity of 50 % and a barometric pressure of 101,3 kPa, when handling grade 3 water as specified in ISO 3696.

For those countries that have adopted a standard reference temperature of 27 °C, the adjustment shall be for the temperature 27 °C, a relative air humidity of 50 % and a barometric pressure of 101,3 kPa, when handling grade 3 water as specified in ISO 3696.

5.2 Initial adjustment

A pipette shall be provided with an initial adjustment.

5.3 Subsequent adjustment

Some pipettes have provision for adjustment when, for example, it is found in a routine check that the volume delivered is not within specification. Such adjustment shall be made according to the manufacturer's instructions and by reference to a measurement procedure according to ISO 8655-6, ISO 8655-7 or ISO 8655-8.

Any pipette so adjusted shall have clear, visible evidence that the initial adjustment has been modified. This information shall also be recorded.

5.4 Adjustment for other liquid properties

Some pipettes are designed to have their factory pre-set adjustment altered by the user so that they will dispense their specified volume when used with liquids with physical properties differing from those of water (see [Annex B](#) for details). In such cases, the design shall prevent unintentional readjustment. Such adjustment shall be made according to the manufacturer's instructions or by reference to the selected test procedure from ISO 8655-7 and the modifications made.

If the pipette is readjusted, it shall be clearly and unequivocally indicated on the outside of the pipette that readjustment has been affected. The outside of the pipette shall be marked with the name of the liquid and the adjusted volume range. This information shall be documented appropriately.

6 Design

6.1 Types of pipette

A pipette may be designed as follows:

- fixed volume, designed by the manufacturer to dispense only its nominal volume, e.g. 100 μl ;
- variable volume, designed by the manufacturer to dispense volumes selectable by the user within its specified useable volume range, e.g. between 10 μl and 100 μl .

The piston may

- either have a body of air contained between the piston and the surface of the liquid (air displacement – Type A); or
- be in direct contact with the surface of the liquid (positive or direct displacement – Type D).

In the case of the type D pipette, either the plunger or the capillary, or both may be reusable (Type D1) or disposable (Type D2). See [Figure 1](#) for details.

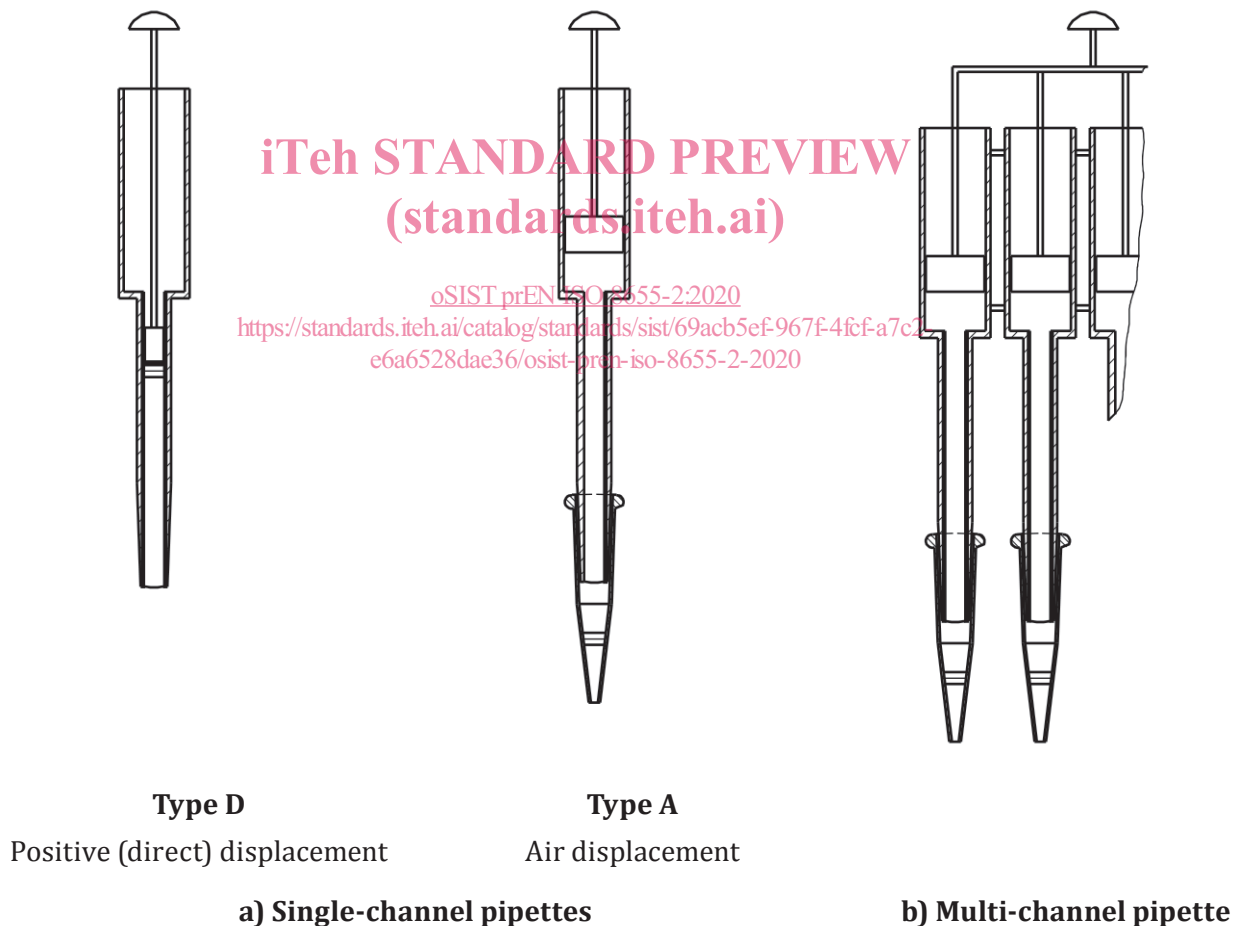


Figure 1 — Pipettes