

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD kSIST-TP FprCEN/TR 14560:2018

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Navodilo za izbor, uporabo, nego in vzdrževanje varovalne obleke pred učinki toplote in ognja
Guidance for selection, use, care and maintenance of protective clothing against heat and flame
Leitfaden für Auswahl, Gebrauch, Pflege und Instandhaltung von Schutzkleidung gegen Hitze und Flammen
Guide pour la sélection, l'utilisation, l'entretien et la maintenance des vêtements de protection contre la chaleur et la flamme 2d9ef3ect7d1/sist-tp-cen-tr-14560-2019
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13.340.10 Varovalna obleka

Protective clothing

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# TECHNICAL REPORT RAPPORT TECHNIQUE TECHNISCHER BERICHT

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**English Version** 

# Guidance for selection, use, care and maintenance of protective clothing against heat and flame

Guide pour la sélection, l'utilisation, l'entretien et la maintenance des vêtements de protection contre la chaleur et la flamme Leitfaden für Auswahl, Gebrauch, Pflege und Instandhaltung von Schutzkleidung gegen Hitze und Flammen

This draft Technical Report is submitted to CEN members for Vote. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 162.

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Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

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## kSIST-TP FprCEN/TR 14560:2018

# FprCEN/TR 14560:2018 (E)

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# **European foreword**

This document (FprCEN/TR 14560:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 162 "Protective clothing including hand and arm protection and lifejackets", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This document is currently submitted to the Vote on TR.

This document will supersede CEN/TR 14560:2003.

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# Introduction

For manufacturers and users of personal protective equipment the following European Regulation and Directive are important:

- Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Council of 9<sup>th</sup> March 2016 on personal protective equipment (replacing the Directive 89/686 EEC)
- Directive 89/656/EEC on use of personal protective equipment.

Regulation (EU) 2016/425 indicates that in order to place PPE on the market it shall meet essential health and safety requirements, and not necessarily the various relevant EN or EN ISO standards. Nevertheless nearly all PPE meet the essential requirements through standards, as harmonised standards give presumption of conformity with the requirements of the directive. This is the reason we will spend sometimes explaining certain standard and what information they provide on the heat and flame protective clothing. Requirements and test methods should be, as far as possible, representative of the risks against those that it is necessary to protect the user under the foreseeable conditions of use.

The reader will want to be aware that where PPE is intended for use in a place of work, national and Union legislation intended to ensure the safety of employees will usually apply. When one mentions PPE, it is essential that it meets the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/425. Directive 89/656/EEC (Use Directive) provides that the employer who fails to provide suitable PPE commits a criminal offence and an employee who suffers foreseeable injury can trigger liability. Conversely, if the employee, after proper training and instructions, fails to wear the suitable PPE; the employee can also be prosecuted and/or dismissed and if injured or suffers disease in consequence will probably lose right to all or certainly part of the damages.

The information in this technical report has been produced to assist users, employers and purchasers (or the person who advises the employer) in making the necessary decisions regarding the selection, use, care and maintenance of protective clothing, for employees exposed to risks related to heat and flame (e.g. industrial welding, fire-fighting, first response).

The purpose of this technical report is to establish a guidance document for protective clothing against heat and flames with the goal to evaluate and reduce the safety risks and potential health risks associated with poorly maintained, contaminated, determination, or damaged protective clothing. This selection use, care and maintenance guidance provides basic answers, criteria, and options for the persons that are selecting or using protective clothing through its life cycle with respect to protection it provides related to heat and flame or damaged protective clothing.

The main topics that an employer needs to consider are highlighted in this technical report. Many paragraphs of the document contain bullet-lists as thought provokers and options that may need to be considered. A number of flowcharts have been created to help understand the flow of this document and can be used as a process in the life cycle of heat and flame protective clothing from selection to disposal. These flowchart(s) may need to be reiterated a number of times to come to the optimum solution or to ensure continued adequate protection. The annexes are additional detail that would make the main body too complicated to read, but are necessary to describe hazards and risks, the value of the test methods for the end user, etc.,

Normative references are not provided in this report. All references are of an informative nature only.

Annex A gives details of the current European Standards relating to clothing designed to provide protection from heat and flame.

Please be aware and consider compatibility with other items of PPE, that both protect against heat and flame, but there should also be considering other risks.

Selection of protective clothing for heat flames should be based on your own risk assessment and should not be copied from other procurement documents.

For European legislation on PPE see Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and European Directive 89/656/EEC on use of personal protective equipment.

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# 1 Scope

This technical report provides guidance to the employers, users and purchasers with respect to selection, use, care, and maintenance requirements for protective clothing against heat and flame and is compliant with the European legislation.

This technical report is not exhaustive in addressing all the safety concerns associated with the use of compliant protective equipment for protection against heat and flames and other related risks.

It is essential not to construe this technical report as addressing all the safety concerns, if any, associated with the use of this technical report by testing or repair facilities. It is the responsibility of the persons and organizations that use this standard and any other standards related technical report to PPE:

- to conduct a risk assessment,
- to select the protective clothing and other PPE,
- as well as to ensure that these provide a holistic protection, only when the compatibility has been
  assessed including understanding the work place and the work environment to determine the
  properties of protective clothing against heat and flames to establish safety and health practices
- and to determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to using this technical report for any designing, manufacturing, and testing.

This guidance is meant for all end users that may be confronted with heat and flame risks although it will focus on the first four in the list below:

- petrochemical and chemical industry;
  - SIST-TP CEN/TR 14560:20
- welders and foundries; iteh ai/catalog/standards/sist/84a7441a-5343-4012-b5d9-
- utilities (electrical, gas, water);
- fire fighters and emergency response;
- sports (motor sports, boating, etc.);
- security forces (military, police and private).

It is essential that nothing herein restricts any jurisdiction from exceeding the minimum requirements as provided in the relevant standards.

### 2 Total process

#### 2.1 Introduction flow charts

The flowchart diagram below shows the complete SUCAM process. The process will be described in detail in the following clauses. All clauses correspond with the coloured blocks in the below diagram. Clause 3 describes the used terms and definitions. Clause 4 describes the selection process of the flame retardant (FR) clothing. Clause 5 describes the use of the FR clothing. Clause 6 describes the care process of FR clothing. Finally Clause 7 describes maintenance of FR clothing.

## 2.2 Flow chart diagram

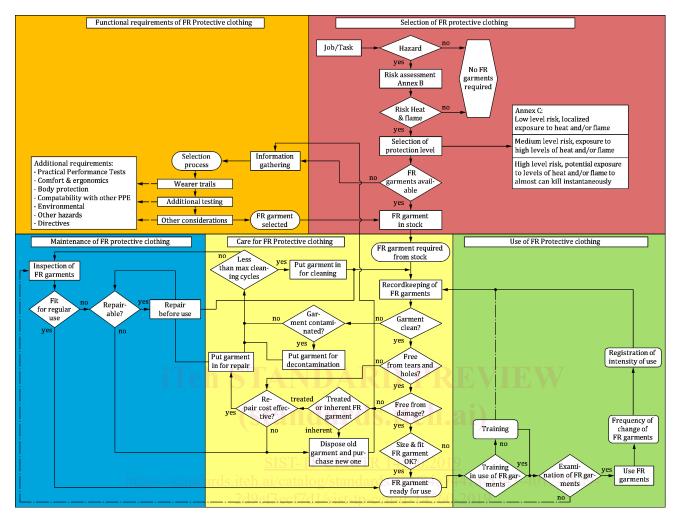


Figure 1

# 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="http://www.iso.org/obp">http://www.iso.org/obp</a>

#### 3.1

#### ageing

change of one or more initial properties of the materials during the passage of time

#### 3.2

#### assembly

combination of all materials of a multi-layer garment presented exactly as the finished garment construction

### 3.3

#### care

to keep protective clothing in good condition, including procedures for cleaning, decontamination, storage and registration

#### 3.4

#### char

formation of a brittle residue when material is exposed to thermal energy

#### 3.5

#### cleaning

act of removing soils and contaminants from ensembles and ensemble elements by mechanical, chemical, thermal, or combined processes

#### 3.6

#### coat

element of the protective ensemble that provides protection to the upper torso and arms, excluding the hands and head

#### 3.7

#### compatibility

ability of clothing (protective clothing and other clothing) to be used in conjunction with other parts of PPE

#### 3.8

# contamination/contaminated and areas iten ai)

process by which ensembles and ensemble elements are exposed to hazardous materials, body fluids, or CBRN (chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear) agents

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#### coverall 2d9ef3ecf7d1/sist-tp-cen-tr-14560-201

element of the protective ensemble that provides protection to the torso, arms, and legs, excluding the head, hands, and feet

#### 3.10

#### cross-contamination

transfer of contamination from one item to another or to the environment

#### 3.11

#### decontamination

act of removing contaminates from protective clothing and equipment by a physical, chemical, or combined process

Note 1 to entry: See also 3.5 cleaning.

#### 3.12

#### deterioration

downgrading of the effectiveness or physical characteristics of textile materials due to use, care, maintenance or storage conditions

#### 3.13

#### disinfectant

agent that destroys, neutralizes, or inhibits the growth of harmful biological agents

#### 3.14

#### ensemble

combination or assembly of multiple items that are individually compliant and provide protection to the head, upper torso together with arms and hands, the lower torso together with feet, and respiratory protection, and that together fulfil all the requirements

#### 3.15

#### ergonomics

scientific discipline concerned with the understanding of the interactions among human and other elements of a system, and the profession that applies theory, principles, data and methods to design in order to optimize human well-being and overall system performance

#### 3.16

#### field evaluation

non-laboratory assessment of an ensemble, ensemble element, or item

#### 3.17

#### fit

quality, state, and manner in which clothing, when worn, relate to the individual human body or other PPE

#### 3.18

#### flame resistance

cprotective clothing and equipment> property of a material whereby combustion is prevented, terminated, or inhibited following the application of a flaming or non-flaming source of ignition, with or without subsequent removal of the ignition source

#### 3.19

functional

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ability of an ensemble element or component of an ensemble element to continue to be utilized for its intended purpose

#### 3.20

#### garment

single item of clothing which may consist of single or multiple layers

#### 3.21

#### hardware

non-fabric items used in protective clothing including those made of metal or plastic

Note 1 to entry: Examples for hardware are fasteners, rank markings, buttons.

#### 3.22

#### hazard

situation which can be the cause of harm or damage to the health of the human body

#### 3.23

#### hazardous substance

substance (solid, liquid, or gas) that when released is capable of creating harm to people, the environment, and property

#### 3.24

#### hygiene

any practice or activity that you do to keep protective clothing healthy and clean

# 3.25

#### inherent flame resistance

flame resistance that is derived from the essential characteristics of the fibre or polymer

### 3.26

#### integrity

construction of the protective clothing that guarantees the proper functioning of the protective clothing

Note 1 to entry: Seams, zippers and other closures should provide solid barriers to provide suitable protection as well as be constructed in a manner which provides some flexibility.

#### 3.27

#### levels of care and maintenance

four levels of care and maintenance are recognized, level one is inspection by the user before use, level two is care after use, level three is regular periodically maintenance by trained personnel and level four is professional maintenance by specialists

#### 3.28

#### liner

optional component layer that provides added protection, e.g. against rain or chemicals and/or against cold

#### 3.29

# maintenance iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

to preserve from loss or deterioration to include procedures for inspection, repair and ultimate removal from service

#### 3.30

#### protective clothing

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clothing which covers or replaces personal clothing and which is designed to provide protection against one or more hazards 2d9e(3ec(7d1/sist-tp-cen-tr-14560-2019

#### 3.31

#### rapid deterioration

unexpected loss of the essential requirements listed in the PPE regulation

#### 3.32

#### risk

probability of a specific undesired event occurring so that a hazard is realized

#### 3.33

#### risk assessment

overall process that identifies hazards, estimates the potential severity of injury or damage to health, estimates the likelihood of occurrence of injury or danger to health determines the protective clothing against heat and flame risks and other protection measures required

#### 3.34

#### selection

process of determining the type of protective equipment (garments) that is necessary for the required protection

#### 3.35

#### tensile strength

force at which a fibre or fabric will break when pulled in one dimension either in cross direction or in machine direction

#### 3.36

#### textile fabric

planar structure consisting of yarns or fibres

#### 3.37

#### thermal barrier

component of an ensemble element or item that principally provides thermal protection

#### 3.38

#### toxic industrial chemical

toxic solid, liquid, or gaseous chemical from an industrial origin that has been identified as mass casualty threats that could be used to inflict casualties, generally on a civilian population, e.g. during a terrorist attack

#### 3.39

#### trouser

element of the protective ensemble that provides protection to the lower torso and legs, excluding the ankles and feet

#### 3.40

#### universal precautions

approach to infection control in which human blood and certain human body fluids are treated as if known to be infectious for HIV, HBV, and other blood borne pathogens

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### use 2d9ef3ecf7d1/sist-tp-cen-tr-1

application of protective clothing including its limitations

#### 3.42

# verified independent service provider

#### verified ISP

independent service provider verified by a third-party certification organization to conduct any one or a combination of advanced inspection, advanced cleaning, basic repair, or advanced repair service

#### 3.43

#### visibility

retro-reflective and fluorescent conspicuity enhancements

Note 1 to entry: Retro-reflective enhancements improve night-time conspicuity, and fluorescent enhancements improvement daytime conspicuity.

#### 3.44

#### wristlet

interface component of the protective element or item that provides limited protection to the coat/glove interface area

# 4 Selection

### 4.1 General

The employer shall develop and implement a program for the selection, use, care, and maintenance of protective clothing against heat and flames used by the employees. Subject to requirements, the process of selecting protective clothing can be divided into a number steps described in the flowchart below. This program shall have the goal of providing protective clothing against heat and flame and related risks that are suitable and appropriate for the intended use (Job/Task) and fulfil the requirements of the European legislation.

Selection is the starting point when determining the need for protective clothing. The selection should not be limited to their section as a decision may be broader based on use, cleaning, maintenance, etc.

It is the obligation of the manufacturer to give clear instructions about use, care and maintenance of the clothing which has to be followed up by the employee and employer. These instructions shall specify the clean and drying methods and means.

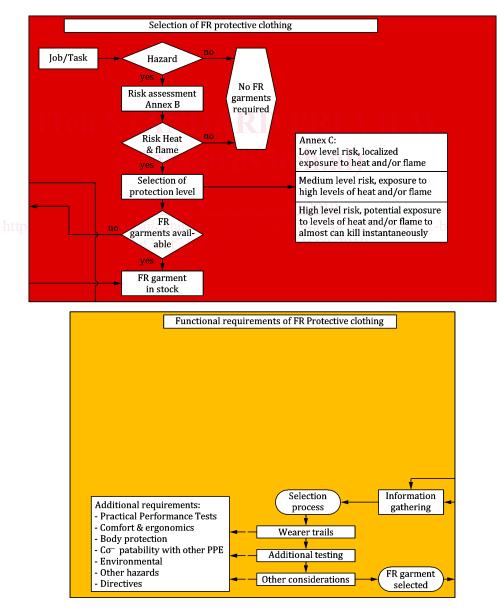


Figure 2