

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 13141-8:2022

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Nadomešča:

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Prezračevanje stavb - Preskušanje lastnosti sestavnih delov/izdelkov za prezračevanje stanovanjskih stavb - 8. del: Preskušanje lastnosti mehanskih brezkanalnih dovodnih in odvodnih prezračevalnih enot (vključno z enotami za vračanje toplote)

Ventilation for buildings - Performance testing of components/products for residential ventilation - Part 8: Performance testing of non-ducted mechanical supply and exhaust ventilation units (including heat recovery)

Lüftung von Gebäuden - Leistungsprüfung von Bauteilen/Produkten für die Lüftung von Wohnungen - Teil 8: Leistungsprüfung von mechanischen Zuluft□ und Ablufteinheiten ohne Luftführung (einschließlich Wärmerückgewinnung)

Ventilation des bâtiments - Essais de performance des composants/produits pour la ventilation des logements - Partie 8 : Essais de performance des unités de ventilation double flux décentralisées (y compris la récupération de chaleur)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 13141-8:2022

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91.140.30 Prezračevalni in klimatski

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Ventilation and airconditioning systems

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This European Standard was approved by CEN on 10 January 2022.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN 13141-8:2022) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 156 "Ventilation for buildings", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2023, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2023.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 13141-8:2014.

In addition to a number of editorial revisions, the following main changes have been made with respect to EN 13141-8:2014:

- scope has been changed, and concerns now also non-ducted units which ventilate more than one single room;
- terms and definitions as well as symbols and abbreviations have been updated in accordance with the parameters used in the document;
- new categories of heat exchanger have been added;
- designations in 7.2.1.4 and the Formulae (1) to (4) have been changed;
- reference of the internal and external leakage rates has been changes to the reference air volume flow;
- extrapolation of the leakage rates has been added; --en-13141-8-2022
- 7.2.1.3.2 concerning exhaust air transfer ratio has been added;
- 7.2.4 concerning air flow measurement has been revised;
- requirements to convert the measured values to standard conditions have been added in 7.2.4 and
 7.3.2;
- 7.3.3 has been divided into two separate subclauses 7.3.3.1 for standard tests and 7.3.3.2 for cold climate tests;
- formulae to calculate the temperature ratios have been changed;
- wet bulb temperature for the cold climate test has been changed;
- the order of the specific test for alternating units including storage heat exchanges has been changed;
- deviating aspects for alternating units to determine the air flow correction, thermal performance and the exhaust air transfer ratio have been revised;
- Table 10 concerning the temperature conditions for the cooling performance test has been moved in EN 13142.

A list of all parts in the EN 13141 series, published under the general title *Ventilation for buildings* — *Performance testing of components/products for residential ventilation* can be found on the CEN website.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

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Introduction

This document specifies methods for the performance testing of components used in residential ventilation systems to establish the performance characteristics as identified in EN 13142.

This document incorporates many references to other European and International Standards, especially on characteristics other than the aerodynamic characteristics, for instance on acoustic characteristics.

In most cases some additional tests or some additional conditions are given for the specific use in residential ventilation systems.

This document can be used for the following applications:

- laboratory testing;
- attestation purposes.

The position of this document in the field of standards for the mechanical building services is shown in Figure 1.

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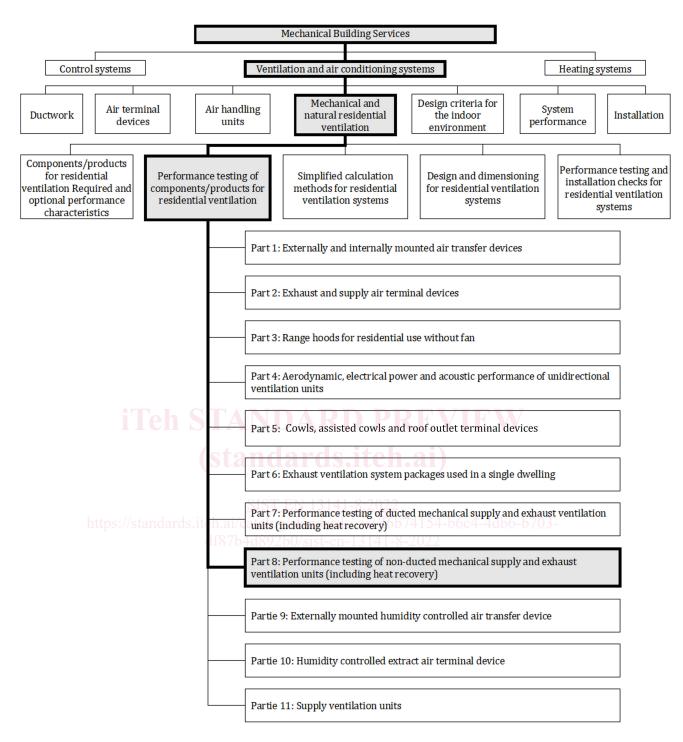


Figure 1 — Position of EN 13141-8 in the field of the mechanical building services

1 Scope

This document specifies the laboratory test methods and test requirements for the testing of aerodynamic, thermal, acoustic and the electrical performance characteristics of non-ducted mechanical supply and exhaust residential ventilation units used in single dwellings.

The purpose of this document is not to consider the quality of ventilation but to test the performance of the equipment.

This document is applicable to ventilation units, the latter:

- a) containing either:
 - fans for mechanical supply and exhaust;
 - air filters:
 - air-to-air heat exchanger for heat and possibly humidity recovery;
 - control system;
 - inlet and outlet grilles; or
 - alternating heat exchangers which provide separate supply and exhaust air flows;
- b) provided either:
 - in one assembly; orStandards.
 - in more than one assembly, the separate assemblies of which are designed to be used together.

This document does not deal with ducted units which are covered by EN 13141-7 or units with heat pumps.

Safety requirements are given in EN 60335-2-40 and EN 60335-2-80.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 12792:2003, Ventilation for buildings - Symbols, terminology and graphical symbols

EN ISO 717-1, Acoustics - Rating of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements — Part 1: Airborne sound insulation (ISO 717-1)

EN ISO 5801, Fans - Performance testing using standardized airways (ISO 5801)

EN ISO 10140-1, Acoustics - Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 1: Application rules for specific products (ISO 10140-1)

EN ISO 10140-2, Acoustics - Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 2: Measurement of airborne sound insulation (ISO 10140-2)

EN ISO 10140-4, Acoustics - Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 4: Measurement procedures and requirements (ISO 10140-4)

EN ISO 10140-5, Acoustics - Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 5: Requirements for test facilities and equipment (ISO 10140-5)

EN ISO 16890 (all parts), Air filters for general ventilation (ISO 16890 (all parts))

ISO 13347-2, Industrial fans - Determination of fan sound power levels under standardized laboratory conditions - Part 2: Reverberant room method

ISO 13347-3, Industrial fans - Determination of fan sound power levels under standardized laboratory conditions - Part 3: Enveloping surface methods

ISO 13347-4, Industrial fans - Determination of fan sound power levels under standardized laboratory conditions - Part 4: Sound intensity method

EN ISO/IEC 17025:2017, General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories (ISO/IEC 17025:2017)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 12792:2003 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for the use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

external leakage

 $q_{\rm ve}$

leakage to or from the air flowing inside the casing of the ventilation unit to or from the surrounding air

[SOURCE: EN 13141-4:2021, 3.11]

3.2

internal leakage

 $q_{\rm vi}$

leakage inside the unit between the exhaust and the supply air flows

[SOURCE: EN 13141-7:2021, 3.2]

3.3

filter bypass leakage

air bypass around filter cells

[SOURCE: EN 13141-7:2021, 3.4]

3.4

indoor/outdoor airtightness

 q_{vic}

maximum air volume flow between the indoor and the outdoor environments at static pressure difference of –20 Pa and +20 Pa when the fans are "OFF" and all shutters are closed

Note 1 to entry: Indoor/outdoor airtightness is not the external leakage.

[SOURCE: EN 13141-4:2021, 3.13, modified – Removal of "through a non-ducted ventilation unit", "corresponding to the setting" and "additional", adding of "between the indoor and the outdoor environments"]

3.5

exhaust air transfer ratio

R

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mass transfer of the discharged air to a zone from extract to supply that is actually recirculated air from the same zone, due to internal leakage and external casing leakage

3.6

outdoor mixing

 $R_{\rm max}$

mixing of the two air flows external to the equipment under test between discharge and intake ports at outdoor terminal points caused by short circuiting

3.7

indoor mixing

 $R_{\rm mi}$

mixing of the two air flows external to the equipment under test between discharge and intake ports at indoor terminal points caused by short circuiting

3.8

declared maximum air volume flow

$q_{\rm vmax\,d}$

declared maximum air volume flow of the unit at 0 Pa static pressure difference, between indoor and outdoor

[SOURCE: EN 13141-4:2021, 3.6, modified – "at 0 Pa static pressure difference, between indoor and outdoor" has been added]

3.9

maximum air volume flow

 $q_{\rm vmax}$

air volume flow corresponding to the maximum achievable fan curve setting of the unit at 0 Pa static pressure difference between indoor and outdoor, either declared or measured

Note 1 to entry: If the supply and exhaust air volume flows are different, then the maximum air volume flow is equal to the smaller of the two air volume flows.

[SOURCE: EN 13141-4:2021, 3.7, modified – Note 1 to entry has been replaced by "If the supply and exhaust air volume flows are different, then the maximum air volume flow is equal to the smaller of the two air volume flows."]

3.10

declared minimum air volume flow

 q_{vmin}

minimum air volume flow of the unit declared at 0 Pa static pressure difference between indoor and outdoor

Note 1 to entry: If the supply and exhaust air volume flows are different, then the minimum air volume flow is equal to the higher of the two air volume flows.

[SOURCE: EN 13141-7:2021, 3.8, modified – "at the reference pressure declared" has been replaced by "at 0 Pa static pressure difference between indoor and outdoor"]

3.11

reference air volume flow

 q_{vro}

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air volume flow at 70 % of the maximum air volume flow 16b74154-b6c4-4db6-b703-

Note 1 to entry: If the air volume flow at 70% of the maximum air volume flow cannot be adjusted on the product itself, the closest value above is selected.

[SOURCE: EN 13141-4:2021, 3.8, modified – Note 1 to entry "To determine reference air volume flow, see 5.2.3.4, Table 6." has been replaced by the one above]

3.12

unit static pressure

 $p_{\rm us}$

pressure increase induced by the ventilation unit given as difference between the static pressure at the unit outlet and the total pressure at the unit inlet

Note 1 to entry: The parameter $p_{\rm us}$ for a ventilation unit is defined as the parameter $p_{\rm fs}$ described in EN ISO 5801 for a stand alone fan.

[SOURCE: EN 13141-4:2021, 3.2]

3.13

external static pressure difference

 $p_{\rm s.ext}$

pressure increase induced by the ventilation unit given as difference between the static pressures at the unit outlet and the unit inlet

Note 1 to entry: The external static pressure difference, $p_{s,ext}$, is used to determine the maximum air volume flow, the reference air volume flow and the minimum air volume flow.

[SOURCE: EN~13141-4:2021, 3.3, modified-``and~the~minimum~air~volume~flow"~has~been~added~in~Note~1~to~entry]

3.14

air flow sensitivity

ν

maximum relative deviation of the maximum air volume flow $q_{\rm vmax}$ due to a static pressure difference of +20 Pa and – 20Pa

Note 1 to entry: Unbalanced (unequal) supply and exhaust air streams influence the thermal efficiency of the ventilation unit and its air exchange capacity.

[SOURCE: EN 13141-4:2021, 3.12, modified – "of a non-ducted ventilation unit" has been removed from the definition, Note 1 to entry has been added]

3.15

temperature ratio

 η_{θ}

temperature difference between inlet and outlet of one of the air flows divided by the temperature difference between the inlets of both air flows

[SOURCE: EN 13141-7:2021, 3.15]

3.16

humidity ratio

 $\eta_{_{\mathrm{X}}}$

difference of vapour mixing ratio between inlet and outlet of one of the air flows divided by the difference of vapour mixing ratio between the inlets of both air flows

[SOURCE: EN 13141-7:2021, 3.16]

3.17

electrical power input

$P_{\rm E}$

average overall electrical power input to the equipment within a defined interval of time for standard air conditions obtained from:

- the power input of the fans;
- controller(s), compressor(s), safety devices of the equipment(s) excluding additional electrical heating devices not used for defrosting

Note 1 to entry: Electrical power consumption includes the consumption of the heating device for defrosting during the cold climate test.

[SOURCE: EN 13141-4:2021, 3.15, modified – Note 1 to entry has been added]

3.18

maximum electrical power input

$\textit{\textbf{P}}_{\text{E,max}}$

electrical power input at maximum air volume flow, q_{vmax}

[SOURCE: EN 13141-4:2021, 3.17, modified – ", and its corresponding pressure, p_{qvmax} " has been removed]

3.19

electrical power input at the reference air volume flow

 $P_{\rm res}$

electrical power input at reference air volume flow q_{vref} $\frac{1}{41-8-2022}$

[SOURCE: EN 13141-4:2021, 3.16, modified – ", and reference pressure, p_{ref} " has been removed]

3.20

supply air transfer ratio

 $R_{\scriptscriptstyle P}$

mass fraction of the discharged air to a zone from outdoor to exhaust that is actually recirculated air from the same zone, due to internal leakage, external casing leakage and short circuiting

3.21

alternating ventilation unit

pair of mechanical ventilation devices using storage heat exchangers operating in opposite, synchronized periodically changing air flow direction incorporated in common or two separate casing(s)

3.22

alternating mode

operating mode in which a ventilation unit periodically changes from exhausting air to supplying air and vice versa