

Designation: D5927-03

Standard Specification for Designation: D 5927 - 09

<u>Standard Classification System for</u> Thermoplastic Polyester (TPES) Injection and Extrusion Materials Based on ISO Test Methods¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 5927; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (\$\epsilon\$) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

INTRODUCTION

This material specification is intended to provide a callout system for thermoplastic polyester materials based on ISO test methods.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers thermoplastic polyester materials suitable for molding or extrusion.
- 1.2 This specification allows for the use of recycled thermoplastic polyester materials provided that the requirements as stated in this specification are met. The proportions of recycled material used, as well as the nature and amount of any contaminant, however, cannot be covered practically in this specification.
- 1.3 The properties included in this specification are those required to identify the compositions covered. There may be other requirements necessary to identify particular characteristics important to specialized applications. These may be specified by using the suffixes as given in Section 5.
- 1.4 This classification system and subsequent line callout (specification) are intended to provide a means of calling out plastic materials used in the fabrication of end items or parts. It is not intended for the selection of materials. Material selection should be made by those having expertise in the plastic field after careful consideration of the design and performance required of the part, the environment to which it will be exposed, the fabrication process to be used, the costs involved, and the inherent properties of the material other than those covered by this specification.
 - 1.5 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.
- 1.6 The following hazards caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 11, of this specification: This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

Note 1—This specification is similar to ISO 7792-1:1995 and ISO 7792-2:1988, although the technical content is significantly different.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D 883 Terminology Relating to Plastics

D 1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics

D 3892 Practice for Packaging/Packing of Plastics

D 4000 Classification System for Specifying Plastic Materials

E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

2.2 IEC and ISO Standards:³

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D20 on Plastics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D20.15 on Thermoplastic Materials

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards Vol 08.01-volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.02.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.



IEC 112 Recommended Method for Determining the Comparative Tracking Index of Solid Insulation Materials

IEC 243 Recommended Methods of Test for Electrical Strength of Solid Insulating Materials at Power Frequencies

ISO 62 Plastics—Determination of Water Absorption

ISO 75-1:1993 Plastics—Determination of Temperature of Deflection Under Load—Part 1: General Test Methods

ISO 75-2:1993 Plastics—Determination of Temperature of Deflection Under Load—Part 2: Plastics and Ebonite

ISO 179-1:1993 Plastics—Determination of Charpy Impact Strength

ISO 291:1997 Plastics—Standard Atmospheres for Conditioning and Testing

ISO 294-1:1996 Plastics—Injection Moulding of Test Specimens of Thermoplastic Materials—Part 1: General Principles, Multipurpose-Test Specimens (ISO Mould Type A) and Bars (ISO Mould Type B)

ISO 527-1:1993 Plastics—Determination of Tensile Properties—Part 1: General Principles

ISO 527-2:1993 Plastics—Determination of Tensile Properties—Part 2: Testing Conditions

ISO 604 Plastics—Determination of Compressive Properties

ISO 1133:1997 Plastics—Determination of the Melt Mass-Flow Rate (MFR) and the Melt Volume-Flow Rate (MVR) of Thermoplastics

ISO 1183:1987 Plastics—Methods for Determining the Density and Relative Density of Non-Cellular Plastics ISO 3451-2:1984

ISO 3451-4 Plastics—Determination of Ash—Part 2: Polyalkylene Terephthalates

ISO 7792-1:1995 Plastics—Saturated Polyester (SP) Moulding and Extrusion Materials—Part 1: Designation System and Basis for Specification

ISO 7792-2:1988 Plastics—Polyalkylene Terephthalates—Part 2: Preparation of Test Specimens and Determination of Properties

2.3 Underwriters Laboratories (UL):4

UL 94 Test for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances

2.4 National Technical Information Service (NTIS):⁵

AD297457 Procedure and Analytical Method for Determining Toxic Gases Produced by Synthetic Compounds

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions—The terminology used in this specification is in accordance with Terminologies D 883 and D 1600.

4 Classification

4.1 Thermoplastic polyester materials are classified into groups according to their composition. These groups are subdivided into classes and grades, as indicated in the basic property table (Table TPES).

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Note 2—An example of this classification system is as follows. The designation TPES 0113 would indicate:

TPES = thermoplastic polyester as found in Terminology D 1600, 01 (group) = PBT, 1 (class) = general purpose, and 3 (grade) = requirements given in Table TPES.

4.1.1 Grades of reinforced or filled versions, or both, of the basic materials are identified by a single letter that indicates the reinforcement or filler used and two digits, in multiples of five, that indicate the nominal quantity in percent by weight. Thus, a letter designation G for glass reinforced and 35 for percent or reinforcement, G35, specifies a material with a nominal glass level of 35 %. The reinforcement letter designations and associated tolerance levels are shown as tabulated as follows:

Symbol	Material	Tolerance
С	carbon- and graphite-fiber- reinforced	±2 %
G	glass-reinforced	±2 %
L	lubricants (such as PTFE, graphite, silicone, and mo- lybdenum disulfide)	depends on material and pro- cess—to be specified
M	mineral-reinforced	±2 %
R	combinations of reinforce- ments or fillers, or both	±3 %

Note 3—An example of this classification system for reinforced thermoplastic polyester is given as follows. The designation TPES 021G30 indicates the following:

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⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

⁴ Available from Underwriters Laboratories (UL), 333 Pfingsten Rd., Northbrook, IL 60062-2096, http://www.ul.com.

Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

⁵ Available from National Technical Information Service (NTIS), 5285 Port Royal Rd., Springfield, VA 22161, http://www.ntis.gov.



TPES = thermoplastic polyester as found in Terminology D 1600,
02 (group) = PET,
1 (class) = unmodified, and
G30 (grade) = nominal 30 % glass with the requirements given in Table TPES.

Note 4—This part of the classification system uses the percent of reinforcements or fillers, or both, in the callout of the modified base material. The types and percentages of reinforcements and fillers should be shown on the supplier's technical data sheet unless they are proprietary in nature. If necessary, additional callout of these reinforcements and additives can be accomplished by use of the suffix part of the system (see Section 5).

Note 5—Materials containing reinforcements or fillers, or both, at nominal levels not in multiples of five are included in the nearest TPES designation. For example, a material with a nominal glass content of 28 % is included with Grade G30.

Note 6—The ash content of filled or reinforced materials may be determined using ISO 3451-2:19843451-4.

- 4.2 Variations of thermoplastic polyester materials that are not included in Table TPES are classified in accordance with Table TPES and Table A or B. Table TPES is used to specify the group of thermoplastic polyester, and Table A or B is used to specify property requirements.
- 4.2.1 Specific requirements for variations of thermoplastic polyester materials shall be indicated by a six-character designator. The designation will consist of the letter "A" or "B" and the five digits comprising the cell numbers for the property requirements in the order as they appear in Table A or B.
- 4.2.1.1 Although the values listed are necessary to include the range of properties available in existing material, users should not infer that every possible combination of the properties exists or can be obtained.
- 4.2.2 When the grade of the basic material is not known or is not important, the use of "0" grade classification shall be used for materials in this system (see Note 7).

Note 7—An example of a reinforced thermoplastic polyester of this classification system is as follows. The designation TPES 0310G30A22450 would indicate the following material requirements from Table A:



If no properties are specified, the designation would be TPES 0310G30A00000.

4.3 Table B has been incorporated into this specification to facilitate the classification of special materials for which Table TPES or Table A do not reflect the required properties. Table B shall be used in the same manner as Table A.

Note 8—The mechanical properties of pigmented or colored thermoplastic polyester materials can differ from the mechanical properties of natural thermoplastic polyester material, depending on the choice of colorants and the concentration. The main property affected is ductility, as illustrated by a reduction in Izod impact strength and tensile elongation values. If specific properties of pigmented thermoplastic polyester materials are necessary, prior

TABLE A Detailed Requirements:^A Reinforced or Filled Thermoplastic Polyesters

Designation	D 1	Cell Limits									
Order Number	Property	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Tensile strength, ISO 527-1:1993 and ISO 527-2:1993, min, MPa ^B	unspecified	35	50	70	95	115	140	175	210	specify value ^C
2	Tensile modulus, ISO 527-1:1993 and ISO 527-2:1993, min, MPa ^D	unspecified	1 400	2 700	4 100	5 500	6 900	8 000	10 000	12 500	specify value ^C
3	Charpy impact, ISO 179:1993, min, kJ/m ² E	unspecified	1.5	3.0	4.5	6.0	8.5	11.0	13.5	17.5	specify value ^C
4	Deflection temperature under load at 1.8 MPa, ISO 75-1:1993 and ISO 75-2:1993, min, °C ^F	unspecified	50	100	120	150	185	205	220	235	specify value ^C
5	To be determined										

Alt is recognized that detailed test values, particularly Charpy impact, may not predict nor even correlate with the performance of parts molded of these materials.

^B Tensile strength shall be determined using a Type 1A tensile specimen as described in ISO 527-2:1993. Crosshead speed shall be 5 mm/min± 20 %.

^C If a specific value is required, it must appear on the drawing or contract, or both.

^D Tensile modulus shall be determined using a Type 1A tensile specimen as described in ISO 527-2:1993 at a test speed of 1 mm/min ± 20 %.

 $^{^{}E}$ The test specimen shall be 80 \pm 2 by 10 \pm 0.2 by 4 \pm 0.2 mm, cut from the center of the Type 1A tensile specimen and tested as described in ISO 179:1993, Method 1eA.

 $^{^{}F}$ The test specimen size shall be 80 \pm 2 by 10 \pm 0.2 by 4 \pm 0.2 mm, cut from the center of the Type 1A tensile specimen. The requirements are based on unannealed test specimens.

TABLE B Detailed Requirements: A Special Thermoplastic Polyesters

Designation	Duranti	Cell Limits										
Order Number	Property	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Tensile strength, ISO 527-1:1993 and ISO 527-2:1993, min, MPa ^B	unspecified	10	30	35	40	45	50	60	80	specify value $^{\mathcal{C}}$	
2	Tensile modulus, ISO 527-1:1993 and ISO 527-2:1993, min, MPa ^D	unspecified	100	350	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	4000	specify value ^C	
3	Charpy impact, ISO 179:1993, min, kJ/m ^{2E}	unspecified	2.0	3.5	5.0	8.0	13.0	18.0	25.0	50.0	specify value ^C	
4	Deflection temperature under load at 1.8 MPa, ISO 75-1:1993 and ISO 75-2:1993, min, ° C ^F	unspecified	30	45	60	70	80	90	100	115	specify value ^C	
5	To be determined											

Alt is recognized that detailed test values, particularly Charpy impact, may not predict nor even correlate with the performance of parts molded of these materials.

TABLE 1 Recommended Processing Conditions

			•		
Material	Melt Temperature, °C	Mold Temperature, °C	Average Injection Velocity, mm/s	Hold Pressure Time, s	Total Cycle Time, s
PBT, unfilled semicrystalline	260 ± 3	80 ± 5	200 ± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5
PBT, filled semicrystalline	260 ± 3	80 ± 5	200 ± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5
PET, unfilled amorphous	285 ± 3	20 ± 5	200 ± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5
PET, unfilled semicrystalline	275 ± 3	135 ± 5	200± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5
PET, filled semicrystalline	285 ± 3	135 ± 5	200± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5
PET, filled semicrystalline, nucleated	285 ± 3	110 ± 5	200± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5
PET, filled semicrystalline, flame-retarded	275± 3	135 ± 5	200± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5
PET, filled semicrystalline, flame-retarded, nucleated	275 ± 3	110 ± 5	200± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5
PCT, unfilled amorphous	300 ± 3	20 ± 3	200 ± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5
PCT, unfilled semicrystalline	300 ± 3	120 ± 5	200± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5
PCT, filled semicrystalline	300 ± 3	120 ± 5	200± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5
PEN, unfilled amorphous	300 ± 3	20 ± 3	200 ± 100	20 ± 5	40 ± 5

testing between the materials supplier and end user should be initiated. Once these agreements are reached, a classification using Table B should be used to ensure properly compliance.

Note 9—An example of a special material using this classification system is as follows. The designation TPES0210B54220 would indicate the following material requirements from Table B:

TPES0210	=	PET, unmodified, from Table TPES,
В	=	Table B for property requirements,
5	=	tensile strength, 45 MPa, min,
4	=	tensile modulus, 1500 MPa, min,
2	=	Charpy impact, 3.5 kJ/m ² , min,
2	=	deflection temperature, 45°C, at 1.8 MPa, min,
		and
0	=	unspecified.

TABLE TPES Detail Requirements for Thermoplastic Polyesters^A

Group Description	Class	Description	Grade	Description ^B	Flow Rate, ISO 1133:1997, g/10 min	Density, ISO 1183:1987, g/cm ³	Tensile Strength, ISO 527-1:1993 and ISO 527-2: 1993, min, MPa	Tensile Modulus, ISO 527-1:1993 and ISO 527-2:1993, ^D min, MPa	Charpy Impact ISO 179:1993, ^E min, kJ/m ²	Deflection Temperature at 1.8 MPa, ISO 75-1: 1993 and ISO 75-2:1993,F min, °C
01 Polybutylene terephthalate (PBT)	1	general purpose	1 2 3 4 5 6 G10 G15 G20	10 % glass 15 % glass 20 % glass	<6 250/2.16 ^G <12 250/2.16 ^G <20 250/2.16 ^G <35 250/2.16 ^G <60 250/2.16 ^G <100 250/2.16 ^G	1.28 to 1.34 1.28 to 1.34 1.28 to 1.34 1.28 to 1.34 1.28 to 1.34 1.28 to 1.34 1.28 to 1.34 1.34 to 1.38 1.36 to 1.47	45 45 45 45 45 45 70 75 80	1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 1 800 4 000 4 500 6 000	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 4.5	::- ::- ::- ::- ::- ::- ::- 145 160

^B Tensile strength shall be determined using a Type 1A tensile specimen as described in ISO 527-2:1993. Crosshead speed shall be 50 mm/min± 10 %.

^C If a specific value is required, it must appear on the drawing or contract, or both.

^D Tensile modulus shall be determined using a Type 1A tensile specimen as described in ISO 527-2:1993 at a test speed of 1 mm/min ± 20 %.

 $^{^{}E}$ The test specimen shall be 80 \pm 2 by 10 \pm 0.2 by 4 \pm 0.2 mm, cut from the center of the Type 1A tensile specimen and tested as described in ISO 179:1993, Method 1eA.

 $[^]F$ The test specimen size shall be 80 \pm 2 by 10 \pm 0.2 by 4 \pm 0.2 mm, cut from the center of the Type 1A tensile specimen. The requirements are based on unannealed test specimens.



TABLE Continued

Group	Description	Class	Description	Grade	Description ^B	Flow Rate, ISO 1133:1997, g/10 min	Density, ISO 1183:1987, g/cm ³	Tensile Strength, ISO 527-1:1993 and ISO 527-2: 1993, min, MPa	Tensile Modulus, ISO 527-1:1993 and ISO 527-2:1993, ^D min, MPa	Charpy Impact ISO 179:1993, ^E min, kJ/m ²	Deflection Temperature at 1.8 MPa, ISO 75-1: 1993 and ISO 75-2:1993, F min, °C
				G30 G40 R40 0	30 % glass 40 % glass 40 % filler other	== == ==	1.50 to 1.59 1.58 to 1.65 1.54 to 1.64	85 115 85	7 000 10 000 9 000	6.0 6.0 3.0	190 190 180
		2	impact modified	1 G05 G10 G15 G30 R40	5 % glass 10 % glass 15 % glass 30 % glass 40 % filler other	<u><20 250/5.0^G</u>	1.16 to 1.32 1.26 to 1.36 1.25 to 1.35 1.31 to 1.37 1.42 to 1.53 1.49 to 1.59	20 35 35 45 70 60	1 000 2 300 3 500 3 000 7 000 5 000	45 7.0 3.3 7.0 7.0 7.0	55 85 130 145 150
		3	flame-	<u>0</u> <u>1</u>	unfilled		1.38 to 1.52	_40	2 000	0.7	40
		<u>4</u>	retarded	G10 G15 G30 R30 R35 0 1	10 % glass 15 % glass 30 % glass 30 % filler 35 % filler other	::- ::- ::- ::-	1.45 to 1.55 1.48 to 1.60 1.58 to 1.75 1.71 to 1.77 1.60 to 1.77	60 62 85 80 60	5 000 7 000 8 000 8 000	3.0 4.0 4.0 2.0	130 180 165 185 175 45
			retarded, impact- modified	<u>0</u>	other						
		<u>0</u>	other	<u>0</u>	other	ı Stan	dard	S			
	Polyethylene terephthalate	<u>1</u>	unmodified	1 1		<20.0 285/2.16 ^H	1.26 to 1.43	_50			_60
	(PET)			G15 G20 G30 G40 G45 G55 R15 R35 R40 R45 S1	15 % glass 20 % glass 30 % glass 40 % glass 45 % glass 55 % glass 15 % filler 40 % filler 45 % filler other	ment ASTN D592	1.26 to 1.52 1.43 to 1.60 1.46 to 1.65 1.59 to 1.75 1.64 to 1.85 1.76 to 1.86 1.35 to 1.45 1.53 to 1.65 1.54 to 1.70 1.65 to 1.76	75 80 115 120 120 160 70 70 85 85 90 70	7 500 11 000 12 000 15 000 4 000 8 500 10 000 13 000	7.0 5.0 7.0 5.0 1.0 3.0 4.0 3.0	160 190 200 200 210 220 90 165 185 7-0 200
		2	impact- modified	G15 G30 G35	15 % glass 30 % glass 35 % glass	<u></u> 	1.35 to 1.45 1.46 to 1.56 1.49 to 1.59	60 100 85	3 000 7 000 6 000	5.0 9.0 15.0	170 205 200
		<u>3</u>	flame-	<u>0</u> <u>G15</u>	other 15 % glass	<u></u>	1.50 to 1.67	70	5 000	3.5	175
			<u>retarded</u>	G20 G30 G40 G45 R45 0	20 % glass 30 % glass 40 % glass 45 % glass 45 % filler other	# # # # #	1.56 to 1.70 1.62 to 1.78 1.71 to 1.83 1.75 to 1.85 1.70 to 1.91	80 95 100 140 80	8 000 12 000 11 000	4.0 8.0 3.0	190 200 200 215 180
		<u>0</u>	other	<u>0</u>	other						
	PET copolymer	<u>1</u> <u>0</u>	PETG [/]	1 0 0	other other	<u></u>	1.20 to 1.35	40			_50
	PBT copolymer	1	general	<u>0</u>	other			==			
	соронутпет	2	purpose	<u>G30</u> <u>0</u>	30 % glass other		1.55 to 1.75	90	9 000	2.0	<u>150</u>
		<u>0</u>	other	<u>0</u>	other	<u></u>					
_	Blend PBT and polycarbonate	1	general purpose	1 G10 G30 0	10 % glass 30 % glass other	<28 265/5 ^G	1.20-1.24 1.25-1.36 1.46-1.54	58 50 80	2 500 2 700 7 000	13 2.0 6.0	90 90 125



TABLE	Continued

						IADEL O	minucu				
Group	Description	Class	Description	<u>Grade</u>	Description ^B	Flow Rate, ISO 1133:1997, g/10 min	Density, ISO 1183:1987, g/cm ³	Tensile Strength, ISO 527-1:1993 and ISO 527-2: 1993, c min, MPa	Tensile Modulus, ISO 527-1:1993 and ISO 527-2:1993, ^D min, MPa	Charpy Impact ISO 179:1993, ^E min, kJ/m ²	Deflection Temperature at 1.8 MPa, ISO 75-1: 1993 and ISO 75-2:1993,F min, °C
((PBT + PC)	<u>2</u> <u>0</u>	impact- modified	1 2 G10 0 0	10 % glass other other	<17 250/5 ^G <13 265/5 ^G 	1.17-1.21 1.17-1.21 1.27-1.31	47 45 50	1 500 1 200 2 700	44 35 6.0	73 77 89
	Blend (PBT + PET)	1	general purpose	1 G15 G30 G40 R30 R40 0	15 % glass 30 % glass 40 % glass 30 % filler 40 % filler other	# # # # #	1.36 to 1.48 1.47 to 1.60 1.58 to 1.70 1.50 to 1.60 1.52 to 1.67	60 70 80 90 65	8 000 7 000 8 000	7.0 4.0 2.0	170 180 200 190 180
		2	impact- modified	R30 R40 0	30 % filler 40 % filler other	<u></u> 	1.49 to 1.67	70 60	6 500	3.0	145 150
		0	<u>other</u>	<u>0</u>	other						
	Blend PBT and thermoplastic	<u>1</u>	general purpose	1 2 3 0	other	<25 240/2.16 ^J <25 250/2.16 ^J <25 250/2.16 ^J	1.18 to 1.24 1.0 to 1.3 1.16 to 1.32	10 7 20	200 1 000	30 40	 40
	ether ester (PBT +										
-	TEEE)	0	othor	0							G,H,I,J
	Blend PCTG ^K	<u>0</u> <u>1</u>	other unmodified	<u>0</u>	other chemical and	stand	1.17 to 1.23	48	i)		
	and PC (PCTG + PC)			2	resistance chemical and low heat	ıment	1.18 to 1.24	/1 <u>e 45</u> /			_65
				<u>0</u>	resistance other						
		<u>0</u>	other	<u>0</u>	other						
<u>i</u>	Poly(1,4-cyclo- nexylene- dimethylene derephthalate) (PCT)	ingar	unmodified	G15 G20 G30 G40 R30 R40 0	unfilled 15 % glass 20 % glass 30 % glass 40 % glass 30 % filler 40 % filler other	######################################	1.18 to 1.33 1.25 to 1.40 1.30 to 1.45 1.37 to 1.52 1.46 to 1.60 1.37 to 1.52 1.49 to 1.63	55 70 85 100 115 80 90	5 000 7 000	5.5 6.0	60 210 235 240 240 235 240
		2	flame- retarded	G15 G20 G30 G40 R40 0	15 % glass 20 % glass 30 % glass 40 % glass 40 % filler other	::- ::- ::- ::-	1.44 to 1.58 1.47 to 1.61 1.54 to 1.68 1.63 to 1.77 1.65 to 1.80	70 80 95 100 80			185 200 220 225 210
		<u>0</u>	other	<u>0</u>	other						
	PCT copolymer	<u>1</u>	PCTA ^L	1 G15 G20 G30 0 1	unfilled 15 % glass 20 % glass 30 % glass other unfilled	 	1.20 to 1.30 1.27 to 1.37 1.37 to 1.41 1.38 to 1.48 1.16 to 1.30	50 55 60 60			60 190 220 250
		=	1010	G10 G20 G30 0	10 % glass 20 % glass 30 % glass other	== == == ==	1.22 to 1.36 1.28 to 1.42 1.38 to 1.52	40 65 85 95			60 70 70 70
		<u>0</u>	other	<u>0</u>	other						