

SLOVENSKI STANDARD
oSIST prEN ISO 179-2:2018
01-oktober-2018

Polimerni materiali - Določanje udarne žilavosti po Charpyju - 2. del: Preskus udarne žilavosti z instrumentalnim prikazom (ISO/DIS 179-2:2018)

Plastics - Determination of Charpy impact properties - Part 2: Instrumented impact test (ISO/DIS 179-2:2018)

Kunststoffe - Bestimmung der Charpy-Schlageigenschaften - Teil 2: Instrumentierte Schlagzähigkeitsprüfung (ISO/DIS 179-2:2018)

Plastiques - Détermination des caractéristiques au choc Charpy - Partie 2: Essai de choc instrumenté (ISO/DIS 179-2:2018)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN ISO 179-2

ICS:

83.080.01	Polimerni materiali na splošno	Plastics in general
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DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO/DIS 179-2

ISO/TC 61/SC 2

Secretariat: **KATS**Voting begins on:
2018-08-03Voting terminates on:
2018-10-26

Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact properties — Part 2: Instrumented impact test

*Plastiques — Détermination des caractéristiques au choc Charpy —
Partie 2: Essai de choc instrumenté*

ICS: 83.080.01

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Published in Switzerland

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ISO/DIS 179-2:2018(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Mechanical properties*.

ISO 179 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact properties*:

- *Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test*
- *Part 2: Instrumented impact test*

[Annexes A](#) to [C](#) of this part of ISO 179 are for information only.

Changes made relative to ISO 179-2:1997 are:

- Amendment 1:2011 has been included into this document as “[Annex D](#) Precision Statement”.
- Minor editorial changes.
- Revision of referrals to ISO 13802 according to the currently valid edition (2015) of this standard.
- Clarification of force calibration requirements (yet missing). A relative error of 1 % throughout the measuring range appears realistic. Discussion with manufacturers is ongoing.

Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact properties —

Part 2: Instrumented impact test

1 Scope

1.1 This part of ISO 179 specifies a method for determining Charpy impact properties of plastics from force-deflection diagrams. Different types of rod-shaped test specimens and test configurations, as well as test parameters depending on the type of material, the type of test specimen and the type of notch are defined in Part 1 of ISO 179.

Dynamic effects such as load-cell/striker resonance, test specimen resonance and initial-contact/inertia peaks are described (see [Figure 1](#), Curve b, and [Annex A](#)).

1.2 ISO 179-1 is suitable for characterizing the impact behaviour by the impact strength only and for using apparatus whose potential energy is matched approximately to the particular energy to break to be measured (see ISO 13802, Annex E). This part of ISO 179 is used if a force-deflection or force-time diagram is necessary for detailed characterization of the impact behaviour, and for developing automatic apparatus, i.e. avoiding the need, mentioned above, to match energy.

1.3 For the range of materials which may be tested by this method, see ISO 179-1, Clause 1.

1.4 For the general comparability of test results, see ISO 179-1, Clause 1.

1.5 The method may not be used as a source of data for design calculations on components. However, the possible use of data is not the subject of this part of ISO 179. Any application of data obtained using this part of ISO 179 should be specified by a referring standard or agreed upon by the interested parties.

Information on the typical behaviour of materials can be obtained by testing at different temperatures, by varying the notch radius and/or specimen thickness and by testing specimens prepared under different conditions.

It is not the purpose of this part of ISO 179 to give an interpretation of the mechanism occurring at every point on the force-deflection diagram. These interpretations are a task for on-going scientific research.

1.6 The test results are comparable only if the conditions of test specimen preparation, as well as the test conditions, are the same. Comprehensive evaluation of the reaction to impact stress requires that determinations be made as a function of deformation rate and temperature for different material variables such as crystallinity and moisture content. The impact behaviour of finished products cannot, therefore, be predicted directly from this test, but test specimens may be taken from finished products for testing by this method.

1.7 Impact strengths determined by this method may replace those determined using ISO 179-1 if comparability has been established by previous tests.

ISO/DIS 179-2:2018(E)

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 179-1, *Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact properties — Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test*

ISO 13802, *Plastics — Verification of pendulum impact-testing machines — Charpy, Izod and tensile impact-testing*

ISO 16012, *Plastics — Determination of linear dimensions of test specimens*

ISO 2602, *Statistical interpretation of test results — Estimation of the mean — Confidence interval*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 179, the definitions given in Part 1 apply, together with the following.

3.1

impact velocity

v_0

the velocity of the striker relative to the test specimen supports at the moment of impact

Note 1 to entry: It is expressed in metres per second (m/s).

3.2

inertial peak

the first peak in a force-time or force-deflection diagram

It arises from the inertia of that part of the test specimen accelerated after the first contact with the striker (see [Figure 1](#), Curve b, and [Annex A](#)).

3.3

impact force

F

the force exerted by the striking edge on the test specimen in the direction of impact

Note 1 to entry: It is expressed in newtons (N).

3.4

deflection

s

the displacement of the striker relative to the test specimen supports after impact, starting at first contact between striker and test specimen

Note 1 to entry: It is expressed in millimetres (mm).

3.5

impact energy

W

the energy expended in accelerating, deforming and breaking the test specimen during the deflection s

Note 1 to entry: It is expressed in joules (J).

Note 2 to entry: It is measured by integrating the area under the force-deflection curve from the point of impact to the deflection s .

3.6**maximum impact force** F_M

the maximum value of the impact force in a force-time or force-deflection diagram (see [Figure 1](#))

Note 1 to entry: It is expressed in newtons (N).

3.7**deflection at maximum impact force** s_M

the deflection at which the maximum impact force F_M occurs (see [Figure 1](#))

Note 1 to entry: It is expressed in millimetres (mm).

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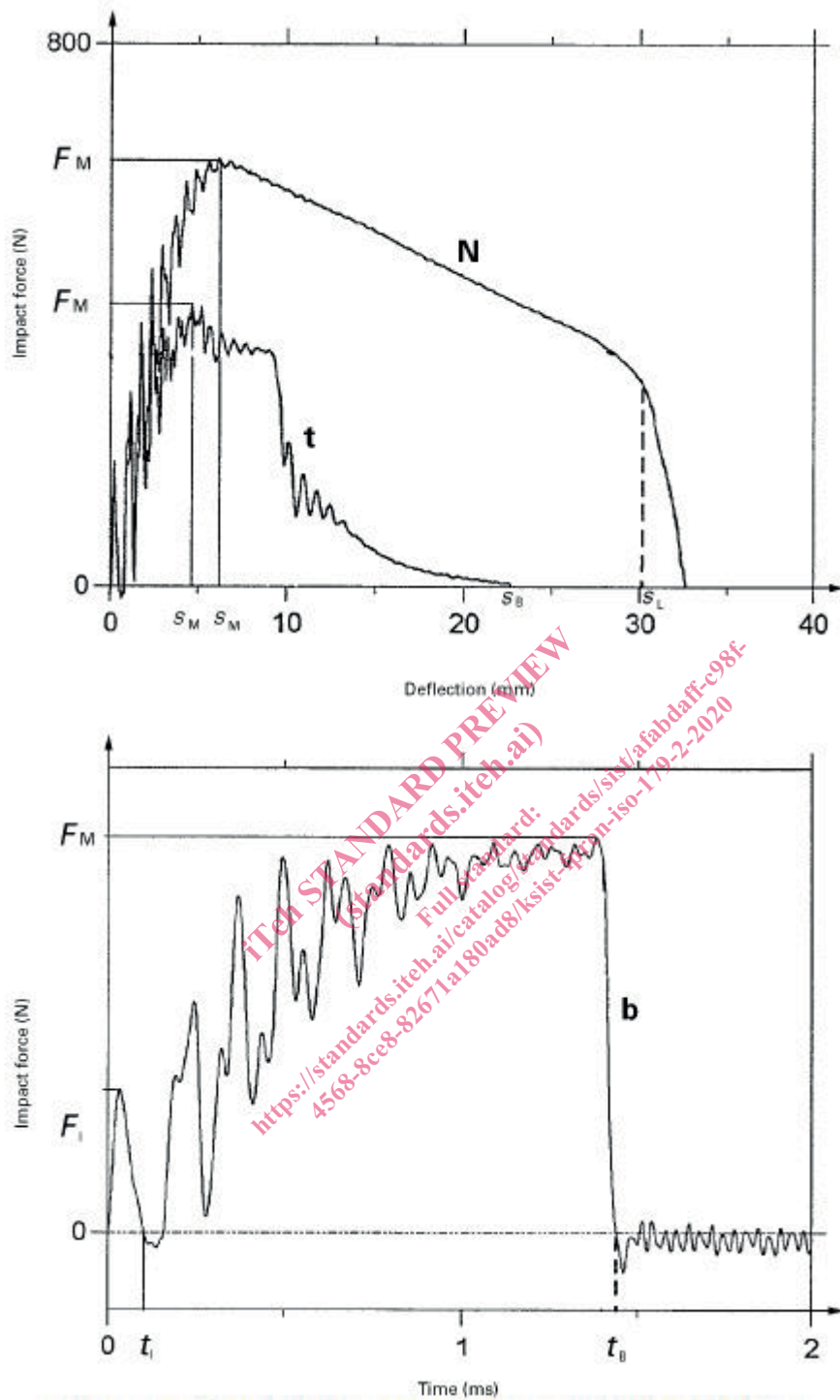


Figure 1 — Typical force-deflection (top: N and t) and force-time (bottom: b) curves
(for the types of failure, see [Figure 2](#))