

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 20136:2020

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Nadomešča:

SIST EN ISO 20136:2017

### Usnje - Ugotavljanje razgradljivosti z mikroorganizmi (ISO 20136:2020)

Leather - Determination of degradability by micro-organisms (ISO 20136:2020)

Leder - Bestimmung der Abbaubarkeit durch Mikroorganismen (ISO 20136:2020)

cuir - Détermination de la dégradabilité par les micro-organismes (ISO 20136:2020) (standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten za ENJSO 20136:2020

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/60fcacda-aab8-4e38-81ce-

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ICS:

59.140.30 Usnje in krzno Leather and furs

SIST EN ISO 20136:2020 en,fr,de

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE **EN ISO 20136** 

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

July 2020

ICS 59.140.30

Supersedes EN ISO 20136:2017

### **English Version**

### Leather - Determination of degradability by microorganisms (ISO 20136:2020)

Cuir - Détermination de la dégradabilité par les microorganismes (ISO 20136:2020)

Leder - Bestimmung der Abbaubarkeit durch Mikroorganismen (ISO 20136:2020)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 8 June 2020.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

### EN ISO 20136:2020 (E)

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## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

EN ISO 20136:2020 (E)

### **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 20136:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/IULTCS "International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 289 "Leather" the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 20136:2017.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW Endorsement notice (standards.iteh.ai)

The text of ISO 20136:2020 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 20136:2020 without any modification.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

# INTERNATIONAL ISO STANDARD 20136 IULTCS/IUC 37

Second edition 2020-06

### Leather — Determination of degradability by micro-organisms

Cuir — Détermination de la dégradabilité par les micro-organismes

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)



ISO 20136:2020(E) IULTCS/IUC 37:2020(E)

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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>. (Standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by the Chemical Tests Commission of the International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies (IUC Commission, TULTCS) in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 289, Leather, the secretariat of which is held by UNI, in accordance with the agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

IULTCS, originally formed in 1897, is a world-wide organization of professional leather societies to further the advancement of leather science and technology. IULTCS has three Commissions, which are responsible for establishing international methods for the sampling and testing of leather. ISO recognizes IULTCS as an international standardizing body for the preparation of test methods for leather.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 20136:2017), which has been technically revised. The main changes to the previous edition are as follows:

- Method B in the first edition described a closed  $\mathrm{O}_2$  circuit system. This system had the inconvenience that, over time, the  $\mathrm{O}_2$  concentration decreased and, therefore, so did the activity of the microorganism. Now an open  $\mathrm{O}_2$  circuit system has been developed where there is no  $\mathrm{O}_2$  limitation and, therefore, the activity of the microorganism is always optimal.
- An explanation about the results calculation method has been added to method B. The  $\rm CO_2$  accumulated in the test (area under the  $\rm CO_2$  moles curve vs time) is calculated.
- The possibility of using municipal wastewater instead of tannery wastewater as an inoculum has been included.
- A new <u>Annex C</u> has been added which compares the biodegradability with different inoculum sources.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

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### Introduction

One of the main issues faced by the footwear industry is waste treatment. Such wastes, and especially leather, even though they are considered non-hazardous by the regulations in force, are generated in vast quantities and mostly end up in landfills, where natural degradation time is much longer than the product's useful life.

Faced with this problem, there is a growing search for alternative tanning agents that confer the same properties on leather as those provided by the agents currently employed, but which in turn reduce the time to biodegrade in nature.

This document allows the measurement of leather biodegradability in a liquid system by using aerobic microorganisms as an inoculum. The test is considered valid when collagen (positive control) degrades by at least 70 % in a maximum period of 50 days. In order to determine how biodegradable a leather sample (test material) is, its percentage degradability value is compared with the percentage degradability value obtained in collagen, in the same test and period of time. The closer the percentage degradability values, the shorter the time to biodegrade in nature. Therefore, those test materials showing percentage degradability values well below the collagen value will require a longer time for biodegradation in nature.

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