

ETSI TS 103 120 v1.12.1 (2022-12)



Lawful Interception (LI); Interface for warrant information (standards.iteh.ai)

[ETSI TS 103 120 V1.12.1 \(2022-12\)](#)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/162f2dc8-b8f1-4efd-9c7f-94405f60f833/etsi-ts-103-120-v1-12-1-2022-12>



Reference
RTS/LI-00232

Keywords
eWarrant, lawful disclosure, lawful interception, warrant, warranty

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles
F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - APE 7112B
Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la
Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° w061004871

Important notice

The present document can be downloaded from:
<http://www.etsi.org/standards-search>

The present document may be made available in electronic versions and/or in print. The content of any electronic and/or print versions of the present document shall not be modified without the prior written authorization of ETSI. In case of any existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions and/or in print, the prevailing version of an ETSI deliverable is the one made publicly available in PDF format at www.etsi.org/deliver.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at
<https://portal.etsi.org/TB/ETSIDeliverableStatus.aspx>

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comment to one of the following services:

<https://portal.etsi.org/People/CommitteeSupportStaff.aspx>

If you find a security vulnerability in the present document, please report it through our
Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure Program:
<https://www.etsi.org/standards/coordinated-vulnerability-disclosure>

Notice of disclaimer & limitation of liability

The information provided in the present deliverable is directed solely to professionals who have the appropriate degree of experience to understand and interpret its content in accordance with generally accepted engineering or other professional standard and applicable regulations.

No recommendation as to products and services or vendors is made or should be implied.

No representation or warranty is made that this deliverable is technically accurate or sufficient or conforms to any law and/or governmental rule and/or regulation and further, no representation or warranty is made of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose or against infringement of intellectual property rights.

In no event shall ETSI be held liable for loss of profits or any other incidental or consequential damages.

Any software contained in this deliverable is provided "AS IS" with no warranties, express or implied, including but not limited to, the warranties of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose and non-infringement of intellectual property rights and ETSI shall not be held liable in any event for any damages whatsoever (including, without limitation, damages for loss of profits, business interruption, loss of information, or any other pecuniary loss) arising out of or related to the use or inability to use the software.

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm except as authorized by written permission of ETSI.

The content of the PDF version shall not be modified without the written authorization of ETSI.

The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© ETSI 2022.
All rights reserved.

Contents

Intellectual Property Rights	8
Foreword.....	8
Modal verbs terminology.....	8
Executive summary	8
Introduction	9
1 Scope	10
2 References	10
2.1 Normative references	10
2.2 Informative references.....	11
3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations.....	12
3.1 Terms.....	12
3.2 Symbols.....	12
3.3 Abbreviations	12
4 Structure and model.....	13
4.1 Structure of the standard.....	13
4.2 Structure of the present document.....	14
4.3 Reference model.....	14
5 Message Exchange	15
6 Message Structure	15
6.1 Overview	15
6.2 MessageHeader	16
6.2.1 Overview	16
6.2.2 Structure.....	16
6.2.3 Version.....	17
6.2.4 EndpointID	17
6.2.5 Transaction Identifiers	18
6.3 Message Payload	18
6.3.1 Overview	18
6.3.2 Request Payload.....	18
6.3.3 Response Payload	19
6.4 Action Request and Responses.....	19
6.4.1 Overview	19
6.4.2 Action Requests	19
6.4.3 Action Responses.....	19
6.4.4 Action Identifiers	20
6.4.5 GET	20
6.4.6 CREATE.....	20
6.4.7 UPDATE	21
6.4.8 LIST	21
6.4.9 Action Unsuccessful Information	23
6.4.10 DELIVER	23
7 Data Definitions	24
7.1 HI1Object	24
7.1.1 Overview	24
7.1.2 ObjectIdentifier.....	24
7.1.3 Generation.....	24
7.1.4 AssociatedObjects.....	25
7.1.5 LastChanged	25
7.1.6 NationalHandlingParameters	25
7.2 AuthorisationObject	25
7.2.1 Overview	25

7.2.2	AuthorisationReference	26
7.2.3	AuthorisationLegalType	26
7.2.4	AuthorisationPriority	27
7.2.5	AuthorisationStatus.....	27
7.2.6	AuthorisationDesiredStatus	27
7.2.7	AuthorisationTimespan.....	28
7.2.8	AuthorisationCSPID	28
7.2.9	AuthorisationCreationTimestamp.....	28
7.2.10	AuthorisationServedTimestamp	28
7.2.11	AuthorisationApprovalDetails	28
7.2.12	AuthorisationFlags.....	28
7.2.13	AuthorisationJurisdiction.....	29
7.2.14	AuthorisationTypeOfCase	29
7.2.15	AuthorisationLegalEntity.....	29
7.3	DocumentObject.....	30
7.3.1	Overview	30
7.3.2	DocumentReference.....	30
7.3.3	DocumentName	30
7.3.4	DocumentStatus	31
7.3.5	DocumentDesiredStatus.....	31
7.3.6	DocumentTimespan.....	31
7.3.7	DocumentType	32
7.3.8	DocumentProperties.....	32
7.3.9	DocumentBody	32
7.3.10	DocumentSignature	32
7.4	NotificationObject	33
7.4.1	Overview	33
7.4.2	NotificationDetails.....	33
7.4.3	NotificationType.....	33
7.4.4	NewNotification	34
7.4.5	NotificationTimestamp	34
7.4.6	NationalNotificationParameters.....	34
7.5	TrafficPolicyObject.....	34
7.5.1	https://ifcb.ai/catalog/standards/sist/162f2dch-h8t1-4cf3-9c7e-94405fb00833/etsi-ts-103-120-v1.12.1-(2022-12).zip	34
7.5.2	Overview	34
7.6	Order	35
7.6.1	TrafficRuleObject.....	35
7.6.2	Overview	35
7.6.2.1	TrafficCriteria.....	35
7.6.2.2	Overview	35
7.6.2.2.1	IPPolicyCriteria.....	35
7.6.2.2.2	Overview	35
7.6.2.2.3	BothDirections.....	36
7.6.3	Action	36
8	Task Objects	37
8.1	Overview	37
8.2	LITaskObject.....	37
8.2.1	Overview	37
8.2.2	Reference	38
8.2.3	Status	38
8.2.4	DesiredStatus	38
8.2.5	TimeSpan	39
8.2.6	TargetIdentifier	39
8.2.6.1	Overview	39
8.2.6.2	TargetIdentifierValues Field	39
8.2.6.3	FormatType.....	40
8.2.6.4	Task Service Type.....	40
8.2.7	DeliveryType	41
8.2.8	TaskDeliveryDetails	41
8.2.8.1	Overview	41
8.2.8.2	DeliveryDestination	41
8.2.8.3	DeliveryAddress.....	42

8.2.8.4	HandoverFormat	42
8.2.9	ApprovalDetails	42
8.2.10	CSPID	42
8.2.11	HandlingProfile	42
8.2.12	Flags	43
8.2.13	ListOfTrafficPolicyReferences	43
8.2.13.1	Overview	43
8.2.13.2	Order	43
8.3	LDTaskObject	43
8.3.1	Overview	43
8.3.2	Reference	44
8.3.3	Status	44
8.3.4	DesiredStatus	45
8.3.5	RequestDetails	45
8.3.5.1	Overview	45
8.3.5.2	RequestType	46
8.3.5.3	RequestValues	46
8.3.5.4	FormatType	47
8.3.5.5	Subtype	47
8.3.6	DeliveryDetails	48
8.3.6.1	Overview	48
8.3.6.2	LDDeliveryDestination	48
8.3.6.3	HandoverFormat	48
8.3.7	Flags	48
9	Transport and Encoding	49
9.1	Overview	49
9.2	Encoding	49
9.2.1	XML Schema	49
9.2.2	Error conditions	49
9.2.3	Message signing and encryption	49
9.3	HTTP Transport	49
9.3.1	Use of HTTP	49
9.3.2	Client/Server architecture	50
9.3.3	HTTP Configuration	50
9.3.4	Transport security	50
9.4	Nationally-defined Transport	50
10	Delivery Object	50
10.1	Overview	50
10.2	DeliveryObject	50
10.2.1	Overview	50
10.2.2	Manifest	51
10.2.3	Delivery	52
Annex A (informative):	Example usage scenarios for HI-1	53
A.1	Overview	53
A.2	Direct communication	53
A.3	Single "Central Authority"	53
A.4	Multiple Approving Authorities	54
A.4.1	Overview	54
A.4.2	"Serial" interaction	55
A.4.3	"Parallel" interaction	55
Annex B (informative):	Example Template National Profile	57
B.1	Introduction	57
B.1.1	Overview	57
B.1.2	Structure of this annex	57
B.1.3	Checklist for National Profile authors	57
B.1.4	Details of the fictional national jurisdiction	59

B.2 Example National Profile	59
B.2.1 Approach and reference model.....	59
B.2.1.1 Overview	59
B.2.1.2 Warrants.....	59
B.2.1.3 Tasking Instructions.....	60
B.2.1.4 Representation by HI-1 Objects.....	60
B.2.2 Message Structure	60
B.2.2.1 Overview	60
B.2.2.2 Version information.....	60
B.2.2.3 Sender and Receiver Identifiers	61
B.2.2.4 LIST semantics	61
B.2.3 Data Definitions	61
B.2.3.1 Overview	61
B.2.3.2 Object Identifiers	61
B.2.3.3 Generic Object Fields	61
B.2.3.4 Authorisation Objects	61
B.2.3.5 Document Objects	62
B.2.3.6 Notification Objects.....	64
B.2.3.7 LITaskObjects.....	64
B.2.4 Transport and Encoding	65
B.2.5 Example XML.....	65
B.2.5.1 Introduction.....	65
B.2.5.2 Void	66
B.2.5.3 Void	66
B.2.5.4 Void	66
B.2.5.5 Void	66
B.2.5.6 Void	66
B.2.5.7 Void	66
Annex C (normative): ETSI Target Identifier and Request Value Format Definitions	67
C.1 Overview	67
C.2 Definitions	67
Annex D (normative): Error Codes	69
D.1 Detailed error codes.....	69
Annex E (normative): Approval Details	70
E.1 Overview	70
E.2 ApprovalType.....	70
E.3 ApprovalDescription	70
E.4 ApprovalReference.....	70
E.5 ApproverDetails	71
E.5.1 Overview	71
E.5.2 ApproverIdentity	71
E.5.3 ApproverContactDetails	71
E.6 ApprovalTimestamp	71
E.7 ApprovalIsEmergency.....	72
E.8 ApprovalDigitalSignature	72
E.8.1 Overview	72
Annex F (normative): Dictionaries.....	73
F.1 Overview	73
F.2 DictionaryEntry type	73

F.3	Definition and use of dictionaries	73
F.3.1	Overview	73
F.3.2	Owner	74
F.3.3	Name	74
F.3.4	Use of dictionaries.....	74
F.3.5	Machine-readable dictionary definitions	74
Annex G (normative):	Drafting conventions for National Parameters	75
G.1	Overview	75
G.2	Drafting conventions	75
Annex H (normative):	Workflow Profiles	76
H.1	Basic information about Workflow Profiles.....	76
H.2	Simple disclosure request Workflow Profile.....	76
H.2.1	Definition	76
H.2.2	Constraints on structure of objects	76
H.2.3	Constraints on the contents of objects	76
H.2.3.1	Authorisation Object contents.....	76
H.2.3.2	Task Object contents.....	76
H.2.3.3	Document Object contents.....	76
H.2.4	Constraints on flow of messages	77
Annex I (informative):	Bibliography	78
Annex J (informative):	Change Request history.....	79
History	80

(standards.iteh.ai)

ETSI TS 103 120 V1.12.1 (2022-12)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/162f2dc8-b8f1-4efd-9c7f-94405f60f833/etsi-ts-103-120-v1-12-1-2022-12>

Intellectual Property Rights

Essential patents

IPRs essential or potentially essential to normative deliverables may have been declared to ETSI. The declarations pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, are publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: *"Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards"*, which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (<https://ipr.etsi.org/>).

Pursuant to the ETSI Directives including the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation regarding the essentiality of IPRs, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Trademarks

The present document may include trademarks and/or tradenames which are asserted and/or registered by their owners. ETSI claims no ownership of these except for any which are indicated as being the property of ETSI, and conveys no right to use or reproduce any trademark and/or tradename. Mention of those trademarks in the present document does not constitute an endorsement by ETSI of products, services or organizations associated with those trademarks.

DECT™, PLUGTESTS™, UMTS™ and the ETSI logo are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members. **3GPP™** and **LTE™** are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners. **oneM2M™** logo is a trademark of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the oneM2M Partners. **GSM®** and the **GSM** logo are trademarks registered and owned by the **GSM Association**.

Foreword

(standards.iteh.ai)

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Lawful Interception (LI).

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/162f2dc8-b8f1-4efd-9c7f-94405f60f833/etsi-ts-103-120-v1.12.1-2022-12>

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"**must**" and "**must not**" are **NOT** allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

Executive summary

The present document defines a protocol for the electronic exchange of legal and technical information for the purposes of establishing and managing lawfully required actions (e.g. Lawful Interception). In this phase, the present document is intended to provide the underlying functionality for HI-1, as defined in the ETSI LI Reference Model, and it has been designed for applicability beyond LI in future phases.

Introduction

The present document was constructed in multiple phases. The first phase of the present document consisted of a reference architecture. It was created by investigating current practices and procedures across TC LI. It makes clear the distinction between the process of communicating with the Communication Service Provider to inform them about the interception details (commonly called "tasking") and also communication among government/law enforcement/judiciary to establish the warrant (commonly called "warranty"). The second phase of the present document provided a standardized detailed interface based on the architecture in the first phase, in particular for LI. The present document anticipates that future phases will add other requests for legal action.

i T h A N D A R D P R E V I (s t a n d a r d s . i t e h)

E T S I T S 1 0 3 . 1 2 0 V 1 .
h t t p s : / / s t a n d a r d s . i t e h . a i / c a t a g o r i e s - 1 0 3 - 1 2 0 - v 1 - 1 2 - 1 -

1 Scope

The present document defines an electronic interface between two systems for the exchange of information relating to the establishment and management of lawful required action, typically Lawful Interception. Typically this interface would be used between: on one side, a Communications Service Provider; and, on the other side, a Government or Law Enforcement Agency who is entitled to request a lawful action. The present document is a specific and detailed example of one particular Warrantly interface for eWarrants [i.1].

The ETSI reference model for LI (ETSI TS 102 232-1 [i.11]) defines three interfaces between law enforcement and CSPs, called HI-1, HI-2 and HI-3. The protocol defined in the present document is designed to provide a large part of the functionality for HI-1. It is not designed to be used for HI-2 (delivery of intercept related information) or HI-3 (delivery of communications content). The protocol designed in the present document may also be used for interfaces which require structured exchange of information relating to the establishment and management of Lawful Interception. The general view is that the HI-1 concept can also be used for other legal actions than LI. For that reason the present document could, besides LI, also be applied for retained data requests, seized data requests, data preservation orders and other similar legal requests.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/>.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] Void.
- [2] Void.
- [3] IETF RFC 4122: "A Universally Unique IDentifier (UUID) URN Namespace".
- [4] W3C® Recommendation 26 November 2008: "Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0".
- [5] IETF RFC 2818: "HTTP over TLS".
- [6] IETF RFC 4279: "Pre-Shared Key Ciphersuites for Transport Layer Security (TLS)".
- [7] ETSI TS 103 280: "Lawful Interception (LI); Dictionary for common parameters".
- [8] IETF RFC 1738: "Uniform Resource Locators (URL)".

NOTE: Obsoleted by IETF RFC 4248 and IETF RFC 4266.

- [9] IETF RFC 2045: "Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part One: Format of Internet Message Bodies".
- [10] IETF RFC 2046: "Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Two: Media Types".
- [11] IETF RFC 1321: "The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm".
- [12] W3C® Recommendation 14 December 2017: "HTML 5.2".

- [13] IEEE POSIX 1003.1TM-2017: "IEEE Standard for Information Technology -- Portable Operating System Interface (POSIXTM) Base Specifications, Issue 7".
 - [14] ISO 3166-1: "Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions -- Part 1: Country code".
 - [15] ETSI TS 102 232-2: "Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service-Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 2: Service-specific details for messaging services".
 - [16] ETSI TS 102 232-3: "Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service-Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 3: Service-specific details for internet access services".
 - [17] ETSI TS 102 232-4: "Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service-Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 4: Service-specific details for Layer 2 services".
 - [18] ETSI TS 102 232-5: "Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service-Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 5: Service-specific details for IP Multimedia Services".
 - [19] ETSI TS 102 232-6: "Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service-Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 6: Service-specific details for PSTN/ISDN services".
 - [20] ETSI TS 102 232-7: "Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service-Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 7: Service-specific details for Mobile Services".
 - [21] ETSI TS 123 501: "5G; System architecture for the 5G System (5GS) (3GPP TS 23.501)".
 - [22] ETSI TS 102 657: "Lawful Interception (LI); Retained data handling; Handover interface for the request and delivery of retained data".
 - [23] IETF RFC 6234: "US Secure Hash Algorithms (SHA and SHA-based HMAC and HKDF)".
 - [24] ETSI TS 103 707: "Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface for HTTP delivery".
 - [25] IETF RFC 6530: "Overview and Framework for Internationalized Email".
 - [26] IANA: "Hash Function Textual Names".
[https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/162f2dc8-b8f1-4efd-9c7f-94405f60f833/etsi-ts-103-120-v1.12.1-\(2022-12\).xml](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/162f2dc8-b8f1-4efd-9c7f-94405f60f833/etsi-ts-103-120-v1.12.1-(2022-12).xml)
- NOTE: Available at <https://www.iana.org/assignments/hash-function-text-names/hash-function-text-names.xhtml>.

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] ETSI TR 103 690: "Lawful Interception (LI); eWarrant Interface".
- [i.2] IETF RFC 3261: "SIP: Session Initiation Protocol".
- [i.3] IETF RFC 3966: "The tel URI for Telephone Numbers".
- [i.4] IETF RFC 3508: "H.323 Uniform Resource Locator (URL) Scheme Registration".
- [i.5] IETF RFC 4282: "The Network Access Identifier".
- [i.6] ETSI TS 123 003: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; 5G; Numbering, addressing and identification (3GPP TS 23.003)".

- [i.7] ETSI TS 124 229: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); LTE; 5G; IP multimedia call control protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP); Stage 3 (3GPP TS 24.229)".
- [i.8] IEEE Std 802™-2001: "IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture".
- [i.9] Recommendation ITU-T E.164: "The international public telecommunication numbering plan".
- [i.10] Recommendation ITU-T E.212: "The international identification plan for public networks and subscriptions".
- [i.11] ETSI TS 102 232-1: "Lawful Interception (LI); Handover Interface and Service-Specific Details (SSD) for IP delivery; Part 1: Handover specification for IP delivery".

3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms apply:

Communications Service Provider (CSP): Network Operator (NWO) or Access Provider (AP) who is obliged by law to perform a lawful action in response to a Warrant (e.g. perform Lawful Interception)

Law Enforcement Agency (LEA): government or Law Enforcement Agency who is entitled to request a lawful action

warrant: legal authorisation to perform an action or set of actions

3.2 Symbols

[ETSI TS 103 120 V1.12.1 \(2022-12\)](#)

Void. <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/162f2dc8-b8f1-4efd-9c7f-94405f60f833/etsi-ts-103-120-v1-12-1-2022-12>

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AP	Access Provider
ASN	Abstract Syntax Notation
CC	Content of Communication
CGI	Cell Global ID
CIDR	Classless InterDomain Routing
CSP	Communication Service Provider
CSPID	Communication Service Provider Identifier
CYBER	Cybersecurity Technical Committee (ETSI)
ECGI	E-UTRAN Cell Global ID
ERE	Extended Regular Expression
FQDN	Fully Qualified Domain Name
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
HI	Handover Interface
HI-1	Handover Interface 1
HI-2	Handover Interface 2
HI-3	Handover Interface 3
HI-B	Handover Interface B
HTML	Hypertext Markup Language
HTTP	HyperText Transfer Protocol
HTTPS	HyperText Transfer Protocol Secure
IANA	Internet Assigned Number Association
ICCID	Integrated Circuit Card ID

ID	Identifier
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
IMEI	International Mobile station Equipment Identity
IMEISV	International Mobile station Equipment Identity Software Version
IMPI	IP Multimedia Private Identity
IMPU	IP Multimedia PUblic identity
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
IPv4	Internet Protocol Version 4
IPv6	Internet Protocol Version 6
IRI	Intercept Related Information
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
JPEG	Joint Photographic Experts Group
LD	Lawful Disclosure
LDID	Lawful Disclosure IDentifier
LEA	Law Enforcement Agency
LI	Lawful Intercept
LIID	Lawful Intercept IDentifier
MAC	Media Access Control
MD5	Message Digest 5
MIME	Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions
MSISDN	Mobile Station International Subscriber Directory Number
NAI	Network Access Identifier
NCGI	NR Cell Global Identifier
NR	New Radio
NWO	Network Operator
POSIX	Portable Operating System Interface
RFC	Request For Comments
SHA	Secure Hash Function
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
SV	Software Version
TC	Technical Committee
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
TIFF	Tagged Image File Format
TLS	Transport Layer Security
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
UTF	Unicode Transformation Format
UTRAN	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network
UUID	Universally Unique IDentifier
WI	Warrant Information
XML	eXtensible Markup Language
XSD	XML Schema Definition

4 Structure and model

4.1 Structure of the standard

The present document defines an interface and data structures that can be used to enable electronic warrant and tasking information to be exchanged. The processes for creating, approving and implementing a warrant are national matters. The present document does not attempt to dictate or define these processes, but provides an interface and data structures on which such processes can be built. Likewise, the present document assumes that a suitable physical network infrastructure is available. Figure 4.1 shows the conceptual structure of the standard.

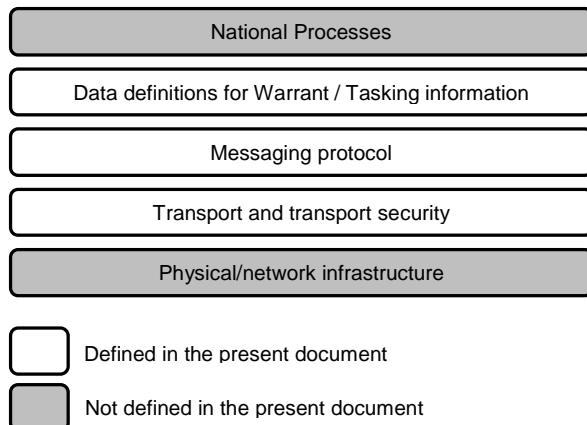


Figure 4.1: Conceptual structure of the standard

4.2 Structure of the present document

Clause 5 defines the how messages are exchanged in the messaging protocol.

Clause 6 defines the format of the messages exchanged in the messaging protocol.

Clause 7 describes the data definitions and structures for HI-1 Objects that are exchanged and used as part of the warrant and tasking processes.

Clause 8 describes the data definitions and structures for HI-1 Task Objects.

Clause 9 describes the transport mechanism(s) used by the messaging protocol.

4.3 Reference model [TS 103 120 V1.12.1 \(2022-12\)](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/162f2dc8-b8f1-4efd-9c7f-94405f60f833/etsi-ts-103-120-v1.12.1-2022-12)

The present document defines an interface between two participants.

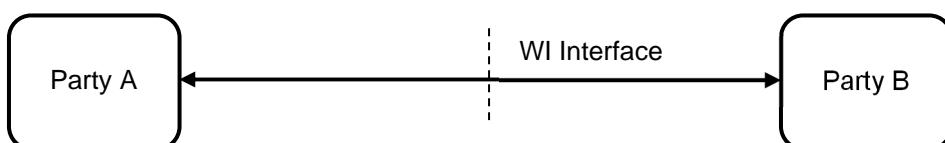


Figure 4.2: Reference model for WI interface

The process of approving or enacting a warrant will often involve more than two participants. Multi-party or multi-step interactions can, by national agreement, be composed of multiple two-party interactions. For example:

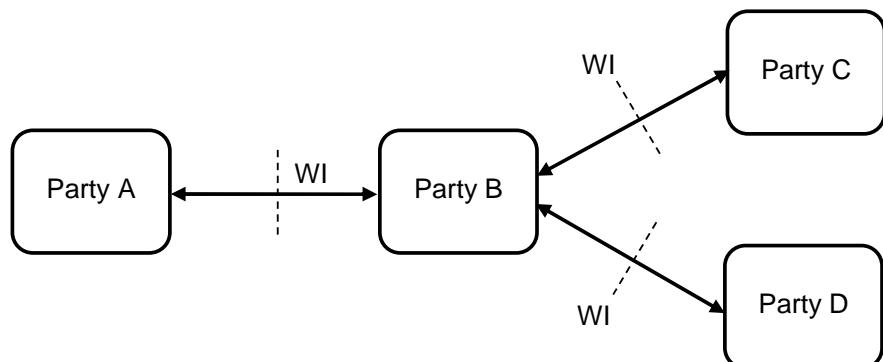


Figure 4.3: Example national process composed of WI interactions

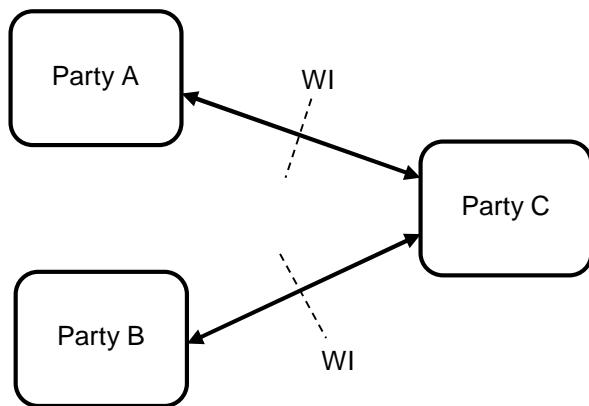


Figure 4.4: Further example national process composed of WI interactions

The nature of these "higher-level" multi-party processes will be dictated by national legislation, and as such are not defined in the present document.

5 Message Exchange

HI-1 defines two roles in an HI-1 communication:

- The Sender generates a Request Message and transmits it.
- The Receiver receives the Request Message, processes it, and returns a Response Message to the Sender.

HI-1 message exchange therefore follows a simple Request-Response pattern between Sender and Receiver.

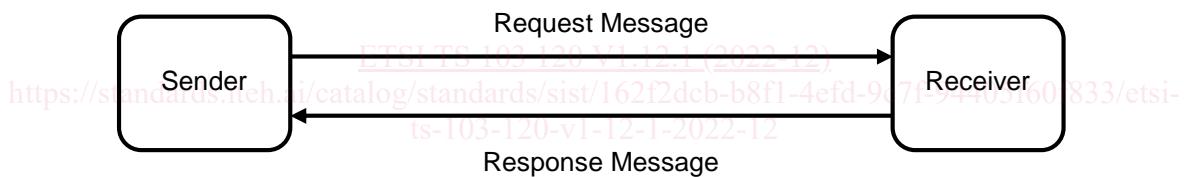


Figure 5.1

Note that the roles of Sender and Receiver are logical ones. A given node may act as both a Sender and Receiver for different exchanges, depending on the specifics of the relevant national processes, network configuration and implementation details.

Clause 6 describes the structure of Request and Response messages.

6 Message Structure

6.1 Overview

The high-level structure for HI-1 Request and Response messages is shown in figure 6.1.