Draft ETSI EN 303 883-2 V2.1.0 (2024-01)

**Short Range Devices (SRD)
and Ultra Wide Band (UWB);
Part 2: Measurement techniques
for receiver requirements**

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ETSI EN 303 883-2 V2.1.0 (2024-01)
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Contents

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview
ETSI EN 303 883-2 V2.1.0 (2024-01)
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/...-303-883-2-v2.1.0-2024-01

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview
ETSI EN 303 883-2 V2.1.0 (2024-01)
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/etsi/5e167038-aac4-43e9-806d-2f52faac21cf/etsi-en-303-883-2-v2-1-0-2024-01

iTeh Standards
(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview
ETSI EN 303 883-2 V2.1.0 (2024-01)
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/...-303-883-2-v2.1.0-2024-01

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Foreword

This draft European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI EN Approval Procedure.

ETSI EN 303 883-2 V2.1.0 (2024-01)
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/...-2-v2.1.0-2024-01

The present document is part 2 of a multi-part deliverable covering Short Range Devices (SRD) and Ultra Wide Band (UWB), as identified below:

Part 1: "Measurement techniques for transmitter requirements";

Part 2: "Measurement techniques for receiver requirements".

Proposed national transposition dates	
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	3 months after ETSI publication
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	6 months after doa
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	6 months after doa

Modal verbs terminology

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Introduction

The present document provides measurement procedures for receiver requirements to address the spectrum efficiency requirements set out in article 3.2 of the RED [i.7].

The basis for this RX concept was developed by ETSI during two Special Task Forces.

First Special Task Force: ETSI STF 494; Update of the UWB related Harmonised Standards covering the essential requirements set out in article 3.2 of the RED [i.7].

The STF 494:

- Started: 2015-05-25
- Ended: 2016-03-31

Outcome:

- ETSI TS 103 361 [i.4]

The second Special Task Force: ETSI STF 541; Signal interferer handling, a new RX requirement to cover the essential requirements set out in article 3.2 of the RED [i.7], was a continuation to implement and consider comments received after the publication of the ETSI TS 103 361 [i.4].

The STF 541:

- Started: 2017-10-06
- Ended: 2019-05-31

Outcome:

- ETSI TR 103 566 [i.2]
- ETSI TS 103 567 [i.3]

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There is no specification of receiver parameter values within the present document. These values will be derived from technical specification defined by the responsible ETSI Technical Committees and/or the findings of regulatory studies conducted by the relevant bodies like CEPT/ECC WG SE. The limits/values for the baseline RX-conformance requirements will be specified in the related standard.

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In addition to two receiver baseline requirements, it can be necessary that the RX spurious emission requirement could be a further RX requirement in the related standard. This could be necessary if the EUT has a receive only mode or if it is not co-located to the transmitter. The present document specifies the receiver spurious emission requirement and the corresponding test and measurement procedure in clause 5.2.

The present document provides practical information and guidance for the compliance receiver tests of UWB and Short Range technology and related devices.

It is recommended that, in drafting the related standards, a thorough analysis is conducted on all possible applicable receiver parameters (see annex C), selecting the most appropriate RX-requirements and having a robust reasoning for those that are disregarded.

1 Scope

The present document provides measurement procedures for receiver requirements to address the spectrum efficiency requirements set out in article 3.2 of the RED [i.7].

The baseline receiver concept is a set of two parameters given in clause 5 of the present document providing guidance for HS development, which can be further refined by the responsible TB.

Baseline receiver concept comprises the following parameters:

- Receiver Baseline Sensitivity (RBS); and
- Receiver Baseline Resilience (RBR).

The Baseline receiver concept is a further development of the signal interferer handling concept, see ETSI TS 103 361 [i.4].

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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Document Preview

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[1] ETSI EN 303 883-1 (V2.1.0): "Short Range Devices (SRD) and Ultra Wide Band (UWB); Part 1: Measurement techniques for transmitter requirements".

2.2 Informative references

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

[i.1] ETSI EG 203 336 (V1.2.1) (05-2020): "Guide for the selection of technical parameters for the production of Harmonised Standards covering article 3.1(b) and article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU".

[i.2] ETSI TR 103 566 (V1.1.1) (10-2018): "Evaluation status on receiver requirement on Signal interferer handling".

[i.3] ETSI TS 103 567 (V1.1.1) (09-2019): "Requirements on signal interferer handling".

[i.4] ETSI TS 103 361 (V1.1.1) (03-2016): "Short Range Devices (SRD) using Ultra Wide Band technology (UWB); Receiver technical requirements, parameters and measurement procedures to fulfil the requirements of the Directive 2014/53/EU".

[i.5] ERC Recommendation 74-01: "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain", approved 1998, corrected May 2022.

[i.6] ETSI TR 103 181-2 (V1.1.1) (06-2014): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Short Range Devices (SRD) using Ultra Wide Band (UWB);Transmission characteristics Part 2: UWB mitigation techniques".

[i.7] Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC (RED).

[i.8] European Communications Office: "EFIS: ECO Frequency Information System".

[i.9] ETSI TR 103 181-1 (V1.1.1) (07-2015): "Short Range Devices (SRD) using Ultra Wide Band (UWB); Technical Report Part 1: UWB signal characteristics and overview CEPT/ECC and EC regulation".

[i.10] ETSI TS 103 788 (V1.1.1) (09-2022): "Short Range Devices (SRD) and Ultra Wide Band (UWB); Measurement techniques and specification for RX conformance tests with target simulator".

[i.11] ETSI TS 103 789 (V1.1.1) (05-2023): "Short Range Devices (SRD) and Ultra Wide Band (UWB); Radar related parameters and physical test setup for object detection, identification and RCS measurement".

[i.12] ETSI TS 103 941 (V.0.1.1): "Ultra Wide Band (ERM); Radiated tests for UWB technology-based devices under extreme environmental conditions".

iTeh Standards
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Document Preview

3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in ETSI EN 303 883-1 [1] and the following apply:

event failure rate: ratio of failed tests compared to total number of tests

ETSI EN 303 883-2 V2.1.0 (2024-01)
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/etsi/5e167038-aaad-43e9-80bd-2f52faa21cfb/etsi-en-303-883-2-v2-1-0-2024-01

received power at the EUT ($P_{@EUT}$): received signal with a specified power level the EUT is able to detect

NOTE 1: $P_{@EUT}$ is similar to the specified sensitivity level for the EUT as specified in the related standard (kind of power (e.g. dBm or dBm/MHz) and limit, see note 2.

NOTE 2: $Sensitivity\ @\ EUT = P_{@EUT}$.

Receiver Baseline Resilience (RBR): capability to maintain a pre-determined minimum acceptable level of performance in the presence of unwanted signals over the frequency band of operation, applicable adjacent and remote frequency bands

Receiver Baseline Sensitivity (RBS): capability to receive a wanted signal at application related defined input signal levels while providing a pre-determined minimum acceptable level of technical performance

NOTE 1: The pre-determined minimum acceptable level of technical performance is the basis for all other receiver parameters.

NOTE 2: The purpose of the sensitivity requirement is to assure a basic measure of efficient use of spectrum that strikes balance between sensitivity and the need to avoid being sensitive to interference.

Wanted Technical Performance Criteria (WTPC): specified technical behaviour of the EUT (e.g. information via use-interface) or specified measurable specified output signal to demonstrate that the EUT operates as intended

NOTE: The wanted technical performance will be specified in the rates standard and the requirement is closely linked with the use-case of the EUT.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

σ	Radar Cross Section
ΔD	degradation of the distance from RBR test
Δf	additional frequency range to increase the range (ORF_{RBR}) for the RBR interferer assessment
A	size of the antenna aperture
A_{eff}	effective area of the antenna [m^2]
att	attenuation of the "Variable Attenuator" in [dB]
c	the velocity of light [m/s]
ca	cable attenuation
cf	coupling factor of the coupler in [dB]
d_g	degradation of the sensitivity in [dB]
dB	decibel
dBi	gain in decibels relative to an isotropic antenna
dBm	gain in decibels relative to one milliwatt
dl	attenuation of the "Delay Line" in [dB]
D	measurement distance
D_{int}	distance between interfering antenna and EUT
D_{min}	minimum distance from EUT to a specified object the EUT is able to detect
D_{real}	real distance between EUT and target simulator in [m]
D_{sens}	minimum range from an ideal/companion source to the EUT (RX) value in [m]
D_{scal}	scaled distance for the RBS tests
D_{sim}	simulated target distance within target simulator in [m]
f	test frequency in [GHz]
f_C	centre frequency of the EUT OFR
F_{LOWER}	lowest frequency of receiver spurious emission test
F_{UPPER}	highest frequency of receiver spurious emission test
$g_{measure}$	measurement antenna gain in [dBi] at test frequency f
g_t	measurement test antenna gain in [dBi] at test frequency f
g_e	EUT antenna gain in [dBi]
g_{rt}	measurement receiving test antenna gain in [dBi] at test frequency f
G_{int}	interfering transmit antenna
g_{int}	antenna gain of test antenna to transmit interfering signal [dBi]
G_{RX}	gain of the receiving antenna
G_{TX}	gain of the transmitting antenna
il	insertion loss of the coupler in [dB]
$IP_{@EUT}$	interfering Power@EUT
IP_{out}	output power of the interference signal source (generator)
ORF_{RBR}	Frequency range for the RBR interferer assessment
$P_{@EUT}$	Sensitivity @ EUT
P_{EUT}	measured transmitted power of the EUT [e.g. dBm/MHz] or in [W]
P_{meas}	measured received power with the spectrum analyser
P_{out}	output power of the signal generator A
P_{reg}	maximum regulated radiated emission for ideal TX/companion device
P_{RX}	power received back from the object by the EUT [W]
P_{trans}	measured transmitted power from the EUT in [dB]
P_{TX}	transmitter power [W]
$RBR_{in\text{-}band}$	frequency range for the RBR interferer assessment ($ORF_{RBR} + 2\Delta f$)
RX_{ref}	sensitivity limit at antenna port
$RX_{refsense}$	scaled sensitivity limit for the RBS test
SCP	Scaling factor (absolute value)
X_{VALUE}	symbol for a value/limit specified in the related standard

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Document Preview
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/...-aac4-43e9-80bd-2f52faac21cf/etsi-en-303-883-2-v2-1-0-2024-01

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ACS	Adjacent Channel Selectivity
ADM	Accuracy in Distance Measurement
BER	Bit Error Rate
CATR	Compliant And TRansportable far-field
CEPT	European Conference of Postal and Telecommunications administrations
CW	Continuous Wave
DAA	Detect And Avoid
ECC	Electronic Communications Committee
ECO	European Communications Office
EFIS	ECO Frequency Information System
EFR	Event Failure Ratio
EN	European Norm
ENAP	EN Approval Process
ERM	Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters
EUT	Equipment Under Test
EUT-RX	Receiver of the Equipment Under Test
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FMCW	Frequency Modulated Continuous Wave
HH	Horizontal - Horizontal
LAES	Location tracking Applications for Emergency Services
LBT	Listen Before Talk
LT1	Location Tracking type 1
LT2	Location Tracking type 2
MIMO	Multiple Input Multiple Output
NA	Not Applicable
ODP	Object Detection Probability
OFR	Operating Frequency Range
OOB	Out Of Band
OTA	Over The Air
PER	Packet Error Rate
RBR	Receiver Baseline Resilience
RBS	Receiver Baseline Sensitivity
RBW	Resolution BandWidth
RC	Remote Consensus
RCS	Radar Cross Section
RED	Radio Equipment Directive
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root Mean of Squares
RP	Radiated Power
RX	Receiver
SE	Spectrum Engineering
SRD	Short Range Device
STF	Special Task Force of ETSI
TB	Technical Body
TG	Technical Group
TPC	Total Power Control
TX	Transmitter
UWB	Ultra Wide Band
VBW	Video BandWidth
VV	Vertical - Vertical
WG	Working Group
WTPC	Wanted Technical Performance Criteria

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4 General

The present document provides practical information and guidance for the compliance receiver tests of UWB and Short Range technology and devices.

The baseline receiver requirements were developed based on the findings of ETSI TR 103 566 [i.2] and ETSI TS 103 567 [i.3], where the signal interferer handling concept from ETSI TS 103 361 [i.4] has been analysed on its applicability for the RED [i.7].

The baseline receiver concept is a set of two parameters given in clause 5 of the present document providing guidance for harmonised standard development, which can be further refined by the responsible TB.

Baseline receiver concept comprises the following parameters:

- Receiver Baseline Sensitivity (RBS); see clause 5.4; and
- Receiver Baseline Resilience (RBR); see clause 5.5.

The baseline receiver concept is a further development of the signal interferer handling concept, see ETSI TS 103 361 [i.4].

In annex C these two parameters are put in relation to existing receiver parameters given in ETSI EG 203 336 [i.1] and the assessments prepared by ETSI STF 494 and 541. Annex C additionally provides the summary assessment/justification for this new baseline receiver concept described in the present document.

5 Receiver Requirements

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5.1 General Guidance on RX measurement

Complementary information to the conformance tests in the clauses below are provided in annex A and B of ETSI EN 303 883-1 [1], for example:

- test conditions, power supply and ambient temperatures (see clause A.5 of ETSI EN 303 883-1 [1]);
- measurement uncertainty and the interpretation of the measurement results (see clause A.8 of ETSI EN 303 883-1 [1]);
- test setups and radiated measurements (see annex B of ETSI EN 303 883-1 [1]).

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/etsi/5e167038-aac4-43e9-80bd-2f52faac21cf/etsi-en-303-883-2-v2-1-0-2024-01

5.2 Receiver Spurious Emissions

5.2.1 Description

The RX spurious emissions shall be measured within the frequency range defined in table 2.

The receiver spurious emission requirement is applicable for communication and tracking EUT if the EUT is a receive only device (TX not implemented) or for EUT which has a receive only mode (TX off, standby, idle).

For radiodetermination and sensor applications (e.g. radar sensor) the receiver spurious emission requirement is applicable for EUT if it is a receive only device (receiver is separated from the transmitter within a separate housing) or for EUT which has a receive only mode (TX off, standby, idle). The receive only mode shall be specified in the related standard based on the intended-use and the EUT device categories. For EUT without a receive only mode than the spurious emissions are covered by provisions of clause 5.5 of ETSI EN 303 883-1 [1] on TX unwanted emissions.

5.2.2 Limits

The limit for RX spurious emissions could be provided in the applicable related standard.

If no limits for RX spurious emissions are provided in the related standard, then the limits in table 1 shall apply.

Table 1: Receiver spurious emission limits in line with ERC REC 74-01 [i.5]

Frequency range	Limit values
F_{LOWER} to 1 000 MHz (see note)	-57 dBm
1 GHz < f ≤ F_{UPPER} (see note)	-47 dBm
NOTE: F_{UPPER} and F_{LOWER} are linked with the OFR of the EUT, see table 2.	

Table 2: Frequency range for the RX spurious emission test, linked with EUT OFR in line with ERC REC 74-01 [i.5]

Fundamental frequency range defined by f_L and f_H (see note 2)	Frequency range for measurements	
	Lower frequency (F_{LOWER}) (see note 3)	Upper frequency (F_{UPPER})
300 to 600 MHz	30 MHz	3 GHz
600 MHz to 5,2 GHz	30 MHz	5th harmonic (see note 1)
5,2 to 13 GHz	30 MHz	26 GHz
13 to 150 GHz	30 MHz	2nd harmonic (see note 1)
150 to 300 GHz	30 MHz	300 GHz
NOTE 1: F_{UPPER} is the stated harmonic of f_H (the upper edge of the OFR, which is measured in ETSI EN 303 883-1 [1], clause 5.2).		
NOTE 2: F_{LOWER} has to be selected based on f_L and F_{UPPER} based on f_H (f_L and f_H can be measured according to ETSI EN 303 883-1 [1], clause 5.2); for receive only devices f_H and f_L of the related EUT/companion device shall be used.		
NOTE 3: For EUT operating below 300 MHz the spurious emissions limits below 30 MHz shall be specified in the related standard.		

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5.2.3 Conformance

5.2.3.1 General

The following conformance test shall be used for RX unwanted emissions (OOB and spurious emissions) if not otherwise specified in the related standard.

ETSI EN 303 883-2 V2.1.0 (2024-01)
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/...-v2-1-0-2024-01

In case of integral antenna equipment with no antenna connector the measurement shall be radiated, otherwise equipment with antenna connectors, the measurement shall be at the antenna port (conducted). Therefore, the related standard need to specify the test setup (see for guidance ETSI EN 303 883-1 [1], clause B.1 for radiated or annex B.3 for conducted). The conformance test for TX unwanted emission need to be used to measure/asses the emission in each direction around the EUT as specified in the related standard (see for guidance ETSI EN 303 883-1 [1], clause B.1 and clause B.4 for radiated or clause B.3 for conducted).

The conformance test shall be performed in two steps:

- step 1: pre-scan with peak detector (see clause 5.2.3.2);
- step 2: if necessary, measurement with peak detector and calculate the RMS over 1 s, if not otherwise specified in the related standard (see clause 5.2.3.3).

NOTE: The split in two steps is done because: a complete scan with RMS could take a long time. The measurement with peak detector is an "overestimation" of the emission and is only to find the frequencies with the highest emissions that will be verified in step 2.

5.2.3.2 Step 1: Measurement with Peak Detector

The following spectrum analyser settings shall be used:

- Start frequency: F_{LOWER}
- Stop frequency: F_{UPPER}

NOTE 1: There could be a need to split the measurement into different frequency ranges depending on the measurement set-up (e.g. external mixers, bandwidth of antennas and waveguides, RBW).

- Resolution BandWidth (RBW):
  - ≥ 100 kHz between 30 MHz and 1 GHz
  - ≥ 1 MHz above 1 GHz
- Video BandWidth (VBW): ≥ RBW
- Detector mode: peak
- Trace mode: max hold
- Sweep time: wait until the reading in the display is stable

Number of measurement points: At least equal to frequency span divided by RBW.

NOTE 2: The peak detector is sensitive to corruption by events occurring only once or for a very small amount of time and/or caused by different devices than the EUT.

NOTE 3: If the signal repetition of the EUT is known the measurement time per measurement point is equal or larger of the signal repetition time.

Assessment of step 1: Compare the measurement results with the limit (see related standard and table 1) and record the frequencies and direction of the emission (for radiated measurement) where the limit is exceeded. For these frequencies go to step 2 (clause 5.2.3.3).

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5.2.3.3 Step 2: Measurement with Peak Detector and calculation RMS Value

- Set the spectrum analyser to zero span mode
- Resolution BandWidth (RBW):
  - 100 kHz between 30 MHz and 1 GHz
  - 1 MHz above 1 GHz

ETSI EN 303 883-2 V2.1.0 (2024-01)
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- Video BandWidth (VBW): ≥ RBW
- Detector mode: peak
- Trace mode: clear write
- Sweep time: 1 s; if not otherwise specified in the related standard:

a) Set the spectrum analyser to the first recorded frequency (and direction) from step 1 (clause 5.2.3.2).

b) Measure and record the spurious emission value over the sweep time.

c) Calculate the RMS value over the sweep time, using the post processing capability function of the spectrum analyser.

d) Record the calculated RMS value and compare it against the limit (see related standard and table 1).

e) Repeat b) - d) for all frequencies from step 1.