# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

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Road vehicles — Connection interface for pyrotechnic devices, two-way and three-way connections —

Part 5:

Pyrotechnic device and harness iTeh STANDARD PREVIOUS type 3 (only

two-way) (standards.iteh.ai)

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 32, *Electrical and electronic components and general system aspects*.

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## Introduction

Road vehicles integrate an increasing number of pyrotechnic devices contributing to occupant safety in vehicles (for example frontal and side airbag, safety belt pre-tensioner, etc.).

Building the complete system requires a supply of various components from several different equipment suppliers. There is a need for vehicle manufacturers to define a common specification to ensure that connectors designed and produced for the various equipment suppliers can be mated without any difficulty.

In the current design of this vehicle equipment, three areas of connection have been identified:

- connection between the pyrotechnic device (e.g. initiator) and the harness connector;
- connection between the tab holder and the clip holder of the harness connector; and
- connection between the harness connector and the electronic control module.

The connection between the pyrotechnic device and the harness connector is the only connection that can be standardised, and it forms the subject of this document. Due to the location of the safety device in the vehicle, the connector design could be right angle or straight.

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## Road vehicles — Connection interface for pyrotechnic devices, two-way and three-way connections —

## Part 5:

## Pyrotechnic device and harness connector assembly - type 3 (only two-way)

## 1 Scope

This document defines the general minimum specifications of a type 3 two-way connection interface, linking the pyrotechnic device and harness connector built into a road vehicle.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 8092-2, Road vehicles — Connections for on-board electrical wiring harnesses — Part 2: Definitions, test methods and general performance requirements item. at

ISO 19072-1, Road vehicles — Connection interface for pyrotechnic devices, two-way and three-way connections — Part 1: Pocket interface definition

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ISO 19072-2, Road vehicles — Connection interface for pyrotechnic devices, two-way and three-way connections — Part 2: Test methods and general performances requirements

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8092-2 and the following apply.

#### 3.1

#### connector

assembly used to connect several conductors together or a single conductor to an appliance

Note 1 to entry: A male (female) connector is a *housing* (3.2) containing male (female) contacts and accessory items. A male connector may be permanently fixed to a wiring harness or to an appliance [an electronic control unit (ECU) for example]. A female connector is generally permanently fixed to a wiring harness.

#### 3.2

#### housing

connector (3.1) without its contacts

#### 3.3

#### initiator

part of the pyrotechnical device with two male contacts

### 3.4

## pocket

*squib holder* (3.6) inner interface including male contacts

#### 3.5

#### retainer

ring holding an optional shorting clip (shunt) and providing coding and electrical insulation, generally made of plastic

Note 1 to entry: The shorting clip (shunt) may be omitted by decision between manufacturer and supplier.

#### 3.6

#### squib holder

part of the pyrotechnic device, holding the *initiator* (3.3) and the *retainer* (3.5)

## 4 Dimensional features and performance requirements

#### 4.1 General

The female connector shall be designed to avoid damage to male contacts and the initiator in the case of improper mating, see <u>Figure 1</u>.

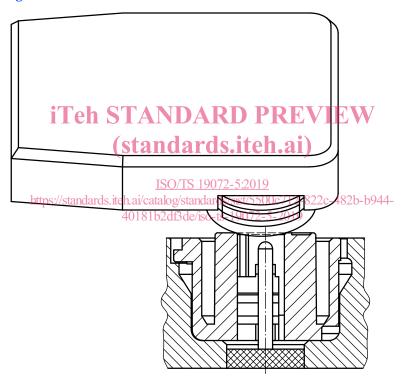
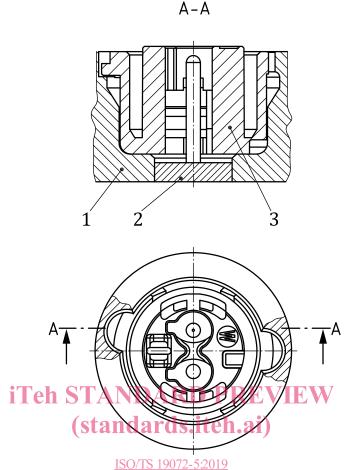


Figure 1 — Example of scoop proof design

Connector, retainer and squib holder assembly shall comply with requirements in ISO 19072-1 and ISO 19072-2.

### 4.2 Retainer and squib holder assembly

The dimensions of the retainer shall comply with <u>Figure 1</u>. The dimensions of the squib holder interface are defined in ISO 19072-1. For the retainer and squib holder assembly see <u>Figure 2</u>.



#### Key

- 1 squib holder
- 2 initiator
- 3 retainer

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Figure 2 — Retainer and squib holder assembly

## 4.3 Coding and polarisation

Coding and polarisation are determined by the dimensions and position of the coding keys, each of which has its own colour code (see <u>Figure 3</u> and <u>Table 1</u>).

The colour code is in accordance with RAL<sup>1)</sup>, however, there should be an agreement about the range between the customer and supplier.

<sup>1)</sup> RAL colour space system developed by Reichsausschuß für Lieferbedingungen und Gütesicherung (German Institute for Quality Assurance and Certification e. V.).