



Designation: D5661 – 95 (Reapproved 2001)

Standard Test Method for Relative Solvency of Petroleum Oils by the PKP Method¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D5661; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers a procedure for determining the relative solvency of petroleum oils used in ink formulations by a pentaerythritol ester of resin acids (PKP)² titration.

1.2 This test method is applicable to petroleum oils that have an initial boiling point over 90°C and a dry point under 500°C as determined by Test Method D86.

1.3 This test method, along with viscosity measurements as determined by Test Method D445, is used to ensure the compositional consistency of petroleum oils. It can also differentiate between hydrotreated and non-hydrotreated oils that have the same viscosity.

1.4 This test method includes the use of a U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)—designated flammable chemical, pentane. Consult the suppliers' material safety data sheet for specific hazard information and guidance relative to use.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* Specific hazard statements are given in 1.3.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*³

D86 Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products at Atmospheric Pressure

D445 Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (and Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity)

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D01 on Paint and Related Coatings, Materials, and Applications and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D01.37 on Ink Vehicles.

Current edition approved Feb. 15, 1995. Published April 1995. DOI: 10.1520/D5661-95R01.

² Pentalyn®K (PKP) is a pentaerythritol ester of dimeric resin acids and is available from Hercules Incorporated, Resins Group, Hercules Plaza, Wilmington, DE 19894.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

D611 Test Methods for Aniline Point and Mixed Aniline Point of Petroleum Products and Hydrocarbon Solvents
D841 Specification for Nitration Grade Toluene
E691 Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:*

3.1.1 *PKP value of a solvent*—the volume in millilitres, at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, of pentane required to produce a defined degree of turbidity of a mixture containing 10 g of the test oil and 5 g of a standard solution of a pentaerythritol ester of resin acids in toluene.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 A 40 % solution by weight of PKP in toluene is standardized in two steps by mixing with toluene and titrating with pentane, and also by mixing with a toluene-heptane solution and titrating with pentane until a turbidity end point is reached.

4.2 The standardized PKP solution is mixed with the test oil and titrated with pentane. The test result is expressed as millilitres of pentane.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 PKP values indicate high aromatic or high naphthenic content, or both, which contributes to high relative solvency of the oil.

6. Apparatus

6.1 *Magnetic Stirrer*, with stir bar.

6.2 *Erlenmeyer Flask*, 1000-mL capacity.

6.3 *Glass Beaker*, 250-mL capacity.

6.4 *Burette*, 50-mL capacity.

6.5 *Print Specimen*, such as a 152 by 152 mm sheet of newspaper with 10-point type.

6.6 *Analytical Balance*, 100-g capacity, with reproducibility of 0.01 g.

6.7 *Sieve Screen*, 10 mesh.

7. Reagents

7.1 *Purity of Reagents*—Reagent grade chemicals shall be used in all tests. Unless otherwise indicated, it is intended that all reagents conform to the specifications of the Committee on