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# Contents

Intellectual Property Rights .....	2
Legal Notice .....	2
Modal verbs terminology.....	2
Foreword.....	9
1 Scope .....	10
2 References .....	10
3 Abbreviations and Definitions.....	12
3.1 Abbreviations .....	12
3.2 Definitions.....	14
4 Overall Architecture and Functional Split.....	16
4.1 Overall Architecture .....	16
4.2 Functional Split .....	16
4.3 Network Interfaces .....	19
4.3.1 NG Interface .....	19
4.3.1.1 NG User Plane .....	19
4.3.1.2 NG Control Plane.....	19
4.3.2 Xn Interface .....	20
4.3.2.1 Xn User Plane .....	20
4.3.2.2 Xn Control Plane.....	20
4.4 Radio Protocol Architecture .....	21
4.4.1 User Plane.....	21
4.4.2 Control Plane .....	21
4.5 Multi-Radio Dual Connectivity .....	22
4.6 Radio Access Network Sharing .....	22
4.7 Integrated Access and Backhaul.....	22
4.7.1 https://standards.etsi.org/TS/TS_138_300_V16_11_0_(2023-01)/Architecture.htm#catalog/standards/sist/aef11ecd-ce42-41e9-88ee-229ded2b53b2/etsi-ts-138-300-v16-11-0-2023-01.....	22
4.7.2 Protocol Stacks .....	23
4.7.3 User-plane Aspects .....	25
4.7.3.1 Backhaul transport .....	25
4.7.3.2 Flow and Congestion Control .....	25
4.7.3.3 Uplink Scheduling Latency.....	26
4.7.4 Signalling procedures .....	26
4.7.4.1 IAB-node Integration .....	26
4.7.4.2 IAB-node Migration.....	26
4.7.4.3 Topological Redundancy .....	26
4.7.4.4 Backhaul RLF Recovery .....	27
4.7.4.5 OTA timing synchronization.....	27
4.7.4.6 Inter node discovery .....	27
4.8 Non-Public Networks .....	27
5 Physical Layer .....	27
5.1 Waveform, numerology and frame structure .....	27
5.2 Downlink .....	28
5.2.1 Downlink transmission scheme .....	28
5.2.2 Physical-layer processing for physical downlink shared channel .....	28
5.2.3 Physical downlink control channels.....	29
5.2.4 Synchronization signal and PBCH block.....	30
5.2.5 Physical layer procedures .....	31
5.2.5.1 Link adaptation .....	31
5.2.5.2 Power Control .....	31
5.2.5.3 Cell search.....	31
5.2.5.4 HARQ .....	31
5.2.5.5 Reception of SIB1 .....	31
5.2.6 Downlink Reference Signals and Measurements for Positioning .....	31

5.3	Uplink.....	31
5.3.1	Uplink transmission scheme .....	31
5.3.2	Physical-layer processing for physical uplink shared channel.....	32
5.3.3	Physical uplink control channel.....	32
5.3.4	Random access.....	34
5.3.5	Physical layer procedures .....	34
5.3.5.1	Link adaptation .....	34
5.3.5.2	Uplink Power control.....	34
5.3.5.3	Uplink timing control.....	34
5.3.5.4	HARQ .....	34
5.3.5.5	Prioritization of overlapping transmissions.....	35
5.3.6	Uplink Reference Signals and Measurements for Positioning.....	35
5.4	Carrier aggregation.....	35
5.4.1	Carrier aggregation .....	35
5.4.2	Supplementary Uplink .....	35
5.4.3	Uplink Tx switching .....	35
5.5	Transport Channels.....	35
5.6	Access to Shared Spectrum .....	37
5.6.1	Overview .....	37
5.6.2	Channel Access Priority Classes.....	37
5.7	Sidelink .....	38
5.7.1	General.....	38
5.7.2	Sidelink resource allocation modes .....	38
5.7.3	Physical sidelink channels and signals.....	38
5.7.4	Physical layer procedures for sidelink .....	38
5.7.4.1	HARQ feedback.....	38
5.7.4.2	Power Control .....	38
5.7.4.3	CSI report.....	38
5.7.5	Physical layer measurement definition .....	39
6	Layer 2.....	39
6.1	Overview .....	39
6.2	MAC Sublayer.....	43
6.2.1	Services and Functions .....	43
6.2.2	Logical Channels .....	44
6.2.3	Mapping to Transport Channels.....	44
6.2.4	HARQ .....	44
6.3	RLC Sublayer .....	44
6.3.1	Transmission Modes .....	44
6.3.2	Services and Functions .....	45
6.3.3	ARQ .....	45
6.4	PDCP Sublayer .....	45
6.4.1	Services and Functions .....	45
6.5	SDAP Sublayer .....	46
6.6	L2 Data Flow .....	46
6.7	Carrier Aggregation .....	46
6.8	Dual Connectivity .....	48
6.9	Supplementary Uplink .....	48
6.10	Bandwidth Adaptation .....	48
6.11	Backhaul Adaptation Protocol Sublayer .....	49
6.11.1	Services and Functions .....	49
6.11.2	Traffic Mapping from Upper Layers to Layer-2 .....	49
6.11.3	Routing and BH-RLC-channel mapping on BAP sublayer .....	50
6.12	Multiple Transmit/Receive Point Operation .....	51
7	RRC .....	51
7.1	Services and Functions .....	51
7.2	Protocol States .....	52
7.3	System Information Handling .....	53
7.3.1	Overview .....	53
7.3.2	Scheduling .....	54
7.3.3	SI Modification .....	54

7.4	Access Control .....	55
7.5	UE Capability Retrieval framework .....	55
7.6	Transport of NAS Messages.....	55
7.7	Carrier Aggregation.....	55
7.8	Bandwidth Adaptation.....	56
7.9	UE Assistance Information.....	56
7.10	Segmentation of RRC messages.....	56
8	NG Identities .....	57
8.1	UE Identities.....	57
8.2	Network Identities .....	58
8.3	User Data Transport on the CN-RAN Interface .....	58
8.4	NR sidelink communication and V2X sidelink communication related identities .....	58
9	Mobility and State Transitions .....	59
9.1	Overview .....	59
9.2	Intra-NR .....	60
9.2.1	Mobility in RRC_IDLE .....	60
9.2.1.1	Cell Selection .....	60
9.2.1.2	Cell Reselection .....	60
9.2.1.3	State Transitions.....	61
9.2.2	Mobility in RRC_INACTIVE.....	63
9.2.2.1	Overview .....	63
9.2.2.2	Cell Reselection .....	64
9.2.2.3	RAN-Based Notification Area .....	64
9.2.2.4	State Transitions.....	64
9.2.2.4.1	UE triggered transition from RRC_INACTIVE to RRC_CONNECTED .....	64
9.2.2.4.2	Network triggered transition from RRC_INACTIVE to RRC_CONNECTED .....	66
9.2.2.5	RNA update.....	67
9.2.2.6	Resume request responded with Release with Redirect, with UE context relocation .....	69
9.2.3	Mobility in RRC_CONNECTED .....	70
9.2.3.1	Overview .....	70
9.2.3.2	Handover .....	72
9.2.3.2.1	C-Plane Handling .....	72
9.2.3.2.2	U-Plane Handling .....	76
9.2.3.2.3	Data Forwarding.....	78
9.2.3.3	Re-establishment procedure .....	79
9.2.3.4	Conditional Handover .....	80
9.2.3.4.1	General .....	80
9.2.3.4.2	C-plane handling .....	81
9.2.3.4.3	U-plane handling .....	83
9.2.3.4.4	Data Forwarding.....	83
9.2.4	Measurements .....	83
9.2.5	Paging .....	86
9.2.6	Random Access Procedure .....	87
9.2.7	Radio Link Failure .....	89
9.2.8	Beam failure detection and recovery .....	90
9.2.9	Timing Advance .....	91
9.3	Inter RAT .....	91
9.3.1	NR-E-UTRA mobility: Intra 5GC .....	91
9.3.1.1	Cell Reselection .....	91
9.3.1.2	Handover.....	91
9.3.1.3	Measurements .....	92
9.3.2	NR-E-UTRA mobility: From 5GC to EPC.....	92
9.3.2.1	Cell Reselection .....	92
9.3.2.2	Handover and redirection.....	92
9.3.2.3	Measurements .....	92
9.3.2.4	Data Forwarding for the Control Plane .....	92
9.3.2.5	Data Forwarding for the User Plane.....	93
9.3.3	NR-E-UTRA mobility: From EPC to 5GC.....	93
9.3.3.1	Data Forwarding for the Control Plane .....	93
9.3.3.2	Data Forwarding for the User Plane.....	94

9.3.4	NR-UTRA mobility .....	95
9.3.4.1	Handover with SRVCC operation.....	95
9.3.4.2	Measurements .....	95
9.4	Roaming and Access Restrictions .....	95
10	Scheduling .....	96
10.1	Basic Scheduler Operation .....	96
10.2	Downlink Scheduling .....	96
10.3	Uplink Scheduling .....	97
10.4	Measurements to Support Scheduler Operation .....	98
10.5	Rate Control .....	98
10.5.1	Downlink .....	98
10.5.2	Uplink .....	98
10.6	Activation/Deactivation Mechanism .....	99
10.7	E-UTRA-NR Cell Resource Coordination .....	99
10.8	Cross Carrier Scheduling.....	99
10.9	IAB Resource Configuration.....	100
11	UE Power Saving .....	100
12	QoS.....	101
12.1	Overview .....	101
12.2	Explicit Congestion Notification .....	104
13	Security.....	104
13.1	Overview and Principles .....	104
13.2	Security Termination Points .....	106
13.3	State Transitions and Mobility .....	106
14	UE Capabilities .....	106
15	Self-Configuration and Self-Optimisation .....	108
15.1	Definitions .....	108
15.2	Void.....	108
15.3	Self-configuration.....	108
15.3.1	Dynamic configuration of the NG-C interface.....	108
15.3.1.1	Prerequisites .....	108
15.3.1.2	SCTP initialization.....	108
15.3.1.3	Application layer initialization.....	108
15.3.2	Dynamic Configuration of the Xn interface .....	109
15.3.2.1	Prerequisites .....	109
15.3.2.2	SCTP initialization .....	109
15.3.2.3	Application layer initialization .....	109
15.3.3	Automatic Neighbour Cell Relation Function .....	109
15.3.3.1	General .....	109
15.3.3.2	Intra-system Automatic Neighbour Cell Relation Function.....	110
15.3.3.3	Void.....	111
15.3.3.4	Void.....	111
15.3.3.5	Inter-system Automatic Neighbour Cell Relation Function.....	111
15.3.4	Xn-C TNL address discovery .....	112
15.4	Support for Energy Saving .....	113
15.4.1	General.....	113
15.4.2	Solution description .....	113
15.4.3	O&M requirements .....	113
15.5	Self-optimisation .....	114
15.5.1	Support for Mobility Load Balancing.....	114
15.5.1.1	General .....	114
15.5.1.2	Load reporting.....	114
15.5.1.4	Adapting handover and/or reselection configuration .....	114
15.5.2	Support for Mobility Robustness Optimization .....	115
15.5.2.1	General .....	115
15.5.2.2	Connection failure .....	115
15.5.2.2.1	General .....	115
15.5.2.2.2	Connection failure due to intra-system mobility .....	115

15.5.2.2.3	Connection failure due to inter-system mobility .....	116
15.5.2.3	Inter-system Unnecessary HO.....	117
15.5.2.4	Inter-system Ping-pong .....	118
15.5.2.5	O&M Requirements.....	118
15.5.3	Support for RACH Optimization .....	118
15.5.4	UE History Information from the UE .....	118
<b>16</b>	<b>Verticals Support.....</b>	<b>119</b>
16.1	URLLC.....	119
16.1.1	Overview .....	119
16.1.2	LCP Restrictions.....	119
16.1.3	Packet Duplication.....	119
16.1.4	CQI and MCS .....	120
16.1.5	DCI formats .....	120
16.1.6	Higher layer multi-connectivity.....	120
16.1.6.1	Redundant user plane paths based on dual connectivity .....	120
16.1.6.2	Redundant data transmission via single UPF and single RAN node.....	121
16.2	IMS Voice .....	121
16.2.0	Support for IMS voice .....	121
16.2.1	Support for MMTEL IMS voice and video enhancements .....	121
16.2.1.1	RAN-assisted codec adaptation.....	121
16.2.1.2	MMTEL voice quality/coverage enhancements.....	122
16.3	Network Slicing.....	122
16.3.1	General Principles and Requirements .....	122
16.3.2	AMF and NW Slice Selection.....	124
16.3.2.1	CN-RAN interaction and internal RAN aspects.....	124
16.3.2.2	Radio Interface Aspects .....	124
16.3.3	Resource Isolation and Management .....	124
16.3.4	Signalling Aspects .....	124
16.3.4.1	General .....	124
16.3.4.2	AMF and NW Slice Selection .....	124
16.3.4.3	UE Context Handling.....	125
16.3.4.4	PDU Session Setup Handling.....	125
16.3.4.5	Mobility.....	126
16.4	Public Warning System.....	127
16.5	Emergency Services .....	128
16.5.1	Overview .....	128
16.5.2	IMS Emergency call .....	128
16.5.3	eCall over IMS.....	128
16.5.4	Fallback .....	128
16.6	Stand-Alone NPN.....	128
16.6.1	General.....	128
16.6.2	Mobility .....	128
16.6.2.1	General .....	128
16.6.2.2	Inactive Mode .....	129
16.6.2.3	Connected Mode .....	129
16.7	Public Network Integrated NPN.....	129
16.7.1	General.....	129
16.7.2	Mobility .....	129
16.7.2.1	General .....	129
16.7.2.2	Inactive Mode .....	130
16.7.2.3	Connected Mode .....	130
16.7.3	Self-Configuration for PNI-NPN .....	130
16.7.4	Access Control.....	130
16.7.5	Paging .....	131
16.8	Support for Time Sensitive Communications.....	131
16.9	Sidelink .....	131
16.9.1	General.....	131
16.9.2	Radio Protocol Architecture for NR sidelink communication .....	132
16.9.2.1	Overview.....	132
16.9.2.2	MAC .....	133
16.9.2.3	RLC.....	134

16.9.2.4	PDCP.....	134
16.9.2.5	SDAP .....	134
16.9.2.6	RRC.....	134
16.9.3	Radio Resource Allocation .....	135
16.9.3.1	General.....	135
16.9.3.2	Scheduled Resource Allocation .....	135
16.9.3.3	UE Autonomous Resource Selection .....	136
16.9.4	Uu Control .....	136
16.9.4.1	General.....	136
16.9.4.2	Control of connected UEs .....	136
16.9.4.3	Control of idle/inactive UEs.....	137
17	Interference Management.....	137
17.1	Remote Interference Management .....	137
17.2	Cross-Link Interference Management .....	138
<b>Annex A (informative):</b>	<b>QoS Handling in RAN .....</b>	<b>139</b>
A.1	PDU Session Establishment .....	139
A.2	New QoS Flow with RQoS .....	139
A.3	New QoS Flow with Explicit RRC Signalling .....	140
A.4	New QoS Flow with Explicit NAS Signalling .....	141
A.5	Release of QoS Flow with Explicit Signalling.....	142
A.6	UE Initiated UL QoS Flow.....	142
<b>Annex B (informative):</b>	<b>Deployment Scenarios .....</b>	<b>144</b>
B.1	Supplementary Uplink.....	144
B.2	Multiple SSBs in a carrier .....	144
B.3	NR Operation with Shared Spectrum .....	145
<b>Annex C (informative):</b>	<b>I-RNTI Reference Profiles .....</b>	<b>146</b>
<b>Annex D (informative):</b>	<b>SPID ranges and mapping of SPID values to cell reselection and inter-RAT/inter frequency handover priorities .....</b>	<b>147</b>
<b>Annex E:</b>	<b>NG-RAN Architecture for Radio Access Network Sharing with multiple cell ID broadcast (informative).....</b>	<b>148</b>
<b>Annex F (informative):</b>	<b>Change history .....</b>	<b>149</b>
History .....		155

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## Foreword

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## 1 Scope

The present document provides an overview and overall description of the NG-RAN and focuses on the radio interface protocol architecture of NR connected to 5GC (E-UTRA connected to 5GC is covered in the 36 series). Details of the radio interface protocols are specified in companion specifications of the 38 series.

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## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

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- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 36.300: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); Overall description; Stage 2".
- [3] 3GPP TS 23.501: "System Architecture for the 5G System; Stage 2".
- [4] 3GPP TS 38.401: "NG-RAN; Architecture description".
- [5] 3GPP TS 33.501: "Security Architecture and Procedures for 5G System".
- [6] <https://standards.iteh.ai/TS/138.300-16-11.0-2023-01> 3GPP TS 38.321: "NR; Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification".
- [7] 3GPP TS 38.322: "NR; Radio Link Control (RLC) protocol specification".
- [8] 3GPP TS 38.323: "NR; Packet Data Convergence Protocol (PDCP) specification".
- [9] 3GPP TS 37.324: " E-UTRA and NR; Service Data Protocol (SDAP) specification".
- [10] 3GPP TS 38.304: "NR; User Equipment (UE) procedures in Idle mode and RRC Inactive state".
- [11] 3GPP TS 38.306: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio access capabilities".
- [12] 3GPP TS 38.331: "NR; Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol specification".
- [13] 3GPP TS 38.133: "NR; Requirements for support of radio resource management".
- [14] 3GPP TS 22.168: "Earthquake and Tsunami Warning System (ETWS) requirements; Stage 1".
- [15] 3GPP TS 22.268: "Public Warning System (PWS) Requirements".
- [16] 3GPP TS 38.410: "NG-RAN; NG general aspects and principles".
- [17] 3GPP TS 38.420: "NG-RAN; Xn general aspects and principles".
- [18] 3GPP TS 38.101-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone".
- [19] 3GPP TS 22.261: "Service requirements for next generation new services and markets".
- [20] 3GPP TS 38.202: "NR; Physical layer services provided by the physical layer"
- [21] 3GPP TS 37.340: "NR; Multi-connectivity; Overall description; Stage-2".

- [22] 3GPP TS 23.502: "Procedures for the 5G System; Stage 2".
- [23] IETF RFC 4960 (2007-09): "Stream Control Transmission Protocol".
- [24] 3GPP TS 26.114: "Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS); Multimedia Telephony; Media handling and interaction".
- [25] Void.
- [26] 3GPP TS 38.413: "NG-RAN; NG Application Protocol (NGAP)".
- [27] IETF RFC 3168 (09/2001): "The Addition of Explicit Congestion Notification (ECN) to IP".
- [28] 3GPP TS 24.501: "NR; Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for 5G System (5GS)".
- [29] 3GPP TS 36.331: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol specification".
- [30] 3GPP TS 38.415: "NG-RAN; PDU Session User Plane Protocol".
- [31] 3GPP TS 38.340: "NR; Backhaul Adaptation Protocol (BAP) specification".
- [32] 3GPP TS 38.470: "NG-RAN; F1 application protocol (F1AP) ".
- [33] 3GPP TS 38.425: "NG-RAN; NR user plane protocol".
- [34] 3GPP TS 23.216: "Single Radio Voice Call Continuity (SRVCC); Stage 2".
- [35] 3GPP TS 38.101-2: "User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 2: Range 2 Standalone".
- [36] 3GPP TS 38.101-3: "User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 3: Range 1 and Range 2 Interworking operation with other radios".
- [37] 3GPP TS 37.213: "Physical layer procedures for shared spectrum channel access".
- [38] 3GPP TS 38.213: "NR; Physical layer procedures for control".  
<https://standards.etsi.org/catalog/standards/standard/38.213>
- [39] 3GPP TS 22.104 "Service requirements for cyber-physical control applications in vertical domains".
- [40] 3GPP TS 23.287: "Architecture enhancements for 5G System (5GS) to support Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services".
- [41] 3GPP TS 23.285: "Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Architecture enhancements for V2X services".
- [42] 3GPP TS 38.305: "NG Radio Access Network (NG-RAN); Stage 2 functional specification of User Equipment (UE) positioning in NG-RAN".
- [43] 3GPP TS 37.355: "LTE Positioning Protocol (LPP)".
- [44] 3GPP TS 29.002: "Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification".
- [45] 3GPP TS 23.041: "Technical realization of Cell Broadcast Service (CBS)".

## 3 Abbreviations and Definitions

### 3.1 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1], in TS 36.300 [2] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1] and TS 36.300 [2].

5GC	5G Core Network
5GS	5G System
5QI	5G QoS Identifier
A-CSI	Aperiodic CSI
AKA	Authentication and Key Agreement
AMBR	Aggregate Maximum Bit Rate
AMC	Adaptive Modulation and Coding
AMF	Access and Mobility Management Function
ARP	Allocation and Retention Priority
BA	Bandwidth Adaptation
BCH	Broadcast Channel
BH	Backhaul
BL	Bandwidth reduced Low complexity
BPSK	Binary Phase Shift Keying
C-RNTI	Cell RNTI
CAG	Closed Access Group
CAPC	Channel Access Priority Class
CBRA	Contention Based Random Access
CCE	Control Channel Element
CD-SSB	Cell Defining SSB
CFRA	Contention Free Random Access
CHO	Conditional Handover
CIoT	Cellular Internet of Things
CLI	Cross Link interference
CMAS	Commercial Mobile Alert Service
CORESET	Control Resource Set
CP	Cyclic Prefix
CPC	Conditional PSCell Change
DAG	Directed Acyclic Graph
DAPS	Dual Active Protocol Stack
DFT	Discrete Fourier Transform
DCI	Downlink Control Information
DCP	DCI with CRC scrambled by PS-RNTI
DL-AoD	Downlink Angle-of-Departure
DL-SCH	Downlink Shared Channel
DL-TDOA	Downlink Time Difference Of Arrival
DMRS	Demodulation Reference Signal
DRX	Discontinuous Reception
E-CID	Enhanced Cell-ID (positioning method)
EHC	Ethernet Header Compression
ePWS	enhancements of Public Warning System
ETWS	Earthquake and Tsunami Warning System
FS	Feature Set
GFBR	Guaranteed Flow Bit Rate
HRNN	Human-Readable Network Name
IAB	Integrated Access and Backhaul
I-RNTI	Inactive RNTI
INT-RNTI	Interruption RNTI
KPAS	Korean Public Alarm System
LDPC	Low Density Parity Check
MDBV	Maximum Data Burst Volume
MIB	Master Information Block

MICO	Mobile Initiated Connection Only
MFBR	Maximum Flow Bit Rate
MMTEL	Multimedia telephony
MNO	Mobile Network Operator
MPE	Maximum Permissible Exposure
MT	Mobile Termination
MU-MIMO	Multi User MIMO
Multi-RTT	Multi-Round Trip Time
NB-IoT	Narrow Band Internet of Things
NCGI	NR Cell Global Identifier
NCR	Neighbour Cell Relation
NCRT	Neighbour Cell Relation Table
NGAP	NG Application Protocol
NID	Network Identifier
NPN	Non-Public Network
NR	NR Radio Access
P-MPR	Power Management Maximum Power Reduction
P-RNTI	Paging RNTI
PCH	Paging Channel
PCI	Physical Cell Identifier
PDCCH	Physical Downlink Control Channel
PDSCH	Physical Downlink Shared Channel
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
PNI-NPN	Public Network Integrated NPN
PO	Paging Occasion
PRACH	Physical Random Access Channel
PRB	Physical Resource Block
PRG	Precoding Resource block Group
PS-RNTI	Power Saving RNTI
PSS	Primary Synchronisation Signal
PUCCH	Physical Uplink Control Channel
PUSCH	Physical Uplink Shared Channel
PWS	Public Warning System
QAM	Quadrature Amplitude Modulation
QFI	QoS Flow ID
QPSK	Quadrature Phase Shift Keying
RA	Random Access
RA-RNTI	Random Access RNTI
RACH	Random Access Channel
RANAC	RAN-based Notification Area Code
REG	Resource Element Group
RIM	Remote Interference Management
RMSI	Remaining Minimum SI
RNA	RAN-based Notification Area
RNAU	RAN-based Notification Area Update
RNTI	Radio Network Temporary Identifier
RQA	Reflective QoS Attribute
RQoS	Reflective Quality of Service
RS	Reference Signal
RSRP	Reference Signal Received Power
RSRQ	Reference Signal Received Quality
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator
RSTD	Reference Signal Time Difference
SCS	SubCarrier Spacing
SD	Slice Differentiator
SDAP	Service Data Adaptation Protocol
SFI-RNTI	Slot Format Indication RNTI
SIB	System Information Block
SI-RNTI	System Information RNTI
SLA	Service Level Agreement
SMC	Security Mode Command
SMF	Session Management Function

S-NSSAI	Single Network Slice Selection Assistance Information
SNPN	Stand-alone Non-Public Network
SNPN ID	Stand-alone Non-Public Network Identity
SPS	Semi-Persistent Scheduling
SR	Scheduling Request
SRS	Sounding Reference Signal
SRVCC	Single Radio Voice Call Continuity
SS	Synchronization Signal
SSB	SS/PBCH block
SSS	Secondary Synchronisation Signal
SST	Slice/Service Type
SU-MIMO	Single User MIMO
SUL	Supplementary Uplink
TA	Timing Advance
TPC	Transmit Power Control
TRP	Transmit/Receive Point
UCI	Uplink Control Information
UL-AoA	Uplink Angles of Arrival
UL-RTOA	Uplink Relative Time of Arrival
UL-SCH	Uplink Shared Channel
UPF	User Plane Function
URLLC	Ultra-Reliable and Low Latency Communications
V2X	Vehicle-to-Everything
Xn-C	Xn-Control plane
Xn-U	Xn-User plane
XnAP	Xn Application Protocol

## iteh STANDARD PREVIEW

### 3.2 Definitions ([standards.iteh.ai](https://standards.iteh.ai))

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1], in TS 36.300 [2] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1] and TS 36.300 [2].

**BH RLC channel:** an RLC channel between two nodes, which is used to transport backhaul packets.

**CAG Cell:** a PLMN cell broadcasting at least one Closed Access Group identity.

**CAG Member Cell:** for a UE, a CAG cell broadcasting the identity of the selected PLMN, registered PLMN or equivalent PLMN, and for that PLMN, a CAG identifier belonging to the Allowed CAG list of the UE for that PLMN.

**CAG-only cell:** a CAG cell that is only available for normal service for CAG UEs.

**Cell-Defining SSB:** an SSB with an RMSI associated.

**Child node:** IAB-DU's and IAB-donor-DU's next hop neighbour node; the child node is also an IAB-node.

**Conditional Handover (CHO):** a handover procedure that is executed only when execution condition(s) are met.

**CORESET#0:** the control resource set for at least SIB1 scheduling, can be configured either via MIB or via dedicated RRC signalling.

**DAPS Handover:** a handover procedure that maintains the source gNB connection after reception of RRC message for handover and until releasing the source cell after successful random access to the target gNB.

**Downstream:** Direction toward child node or UE in IAB-topology.

**Early Data Forwarding:** data forwarding that is initiated before the UE executes the handover.

**gNB:** node providing NR user plane and control plane protocol terminations towards the UE, and connected via the NG interface to the 5GC.

**IAB-donor:** gNB that provides network access to UEs via a network of backhaul and access links.

**IAB-donor-CU:** as defined in TS 38.401 [4].