Draft ETSI EN 301 908-14 V17.1.0 (2024-11)



IMT cellular networks;
Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum;
Part 14: Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA)
Base Stations (BS)
Release 17

Reference

REN/MSG-TFES-1503

Keywords

3G, 3GPP, 5G, cellular, digital, E-UTRA, IMT, IMT-2020, IMT-Advanced, LTE, mobile, radio, regulation, UMTS

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - APE 7112B Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° w061004871

Important notice

The present document can be downloaded from the ETSI <u>Search & Browse Standards</u> application.

The present document may be made available in electronic versions and/or in print. The content of any electronic and/or print versions of the present document shall not be modified without the prior written authorization of ETSI. In case of any existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions and/or in print, the prevailing version of an ETSI deliverable is the one made publicly available in PDF format on ETSI deliver.

Users should be aware that the present document may be revised or have its status changed, this information is available in the Milestones listing.

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comments to the relevant service listed under Committee Support Staff.

If you find a security vulnerability in the present document, please report it through our Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure (CVD) program.

Notice of disclaimer & limitation of liability

The information provided in the present deliverable is directed solely to professionals who have the appropriate degree of experience to understand and interpret its content in accordance with generally accepted engineering or other professional standard and applicable regulations.

No recommendation as to products and services or vendors is made or should be implied. In no event shall ETSI be held liable for loss of profits or any other incidental or consequential damages.

Any software contained in this deliverable is provided "AS IS" with no warranties, express or implied, including but not limited to, the warranties of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose and non-infringement of intellectual property rights and ETSI shall not be held liable in any event for any damages whatsoever (including, without limitation, damages for loss of profits, business interruption, loss of information, or any other pecuniary loss) arising out of or related to the use of or inability to use the software.

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm except as authorized by written permission of ETSI.

The content of the PDF version shall not be modified without the written authorization of ETSI.

The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© ETSI 2024. All rights reserved.

Contents

Intelle	ctual Property Rights	7	
Foreword			
Modal verbs terminology			
Introduction			
1	Scope	9	
2	References	10	
2.1	Normative references	10	
2.2	Informative references		
3	Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations	13	
3.1	Terms		
3.2	Symbols		
3.3	Abbreviations		
	Technical requirements specifications		
4.1	Environmental profile		
4.2	Conformance requirements		
4.2.1	Introduction		
4.2.2	Operating band unwanted emissions		
4.2.2.1			
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2		29	
4.2.2.2		32	
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2	1		
4.2.2.2	1		
4.2.2.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2	.15 Additional limits for operation in bands 50 and 75 within 1 432 - 1 452 MHz, and in bands 51 and 76		
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2	1		
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.2			
4.2.2.3	<u>.</u> , ,		
4.2.3	Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)		
4.2.3.1	Definition and applicability		
4.2.3.1			
4.2.3.3			
4.2.3.4			
4.2.3.4			
4.2.3.4			
4.2.3.4			
4.2.3.3	Transmitter spurious emissions.		
4.2.4.1	•		
4.2.4.1	11 2		
4.2.4.2			
4.2.4.2			
4.4.4.4	.2 Co-catachec with other systems		

4.2.4.2.3	Protection of the BS receiver of own or different BS	58
4.2.4.2.4	Co-existence with Home BS operating in other bands	59
4.2.4.3	Conformance	
4.2.5	Base Station output power	
4.2.5.1	Definition and applicability	
4.2.5.2	Limit	
4.2.5.3	Conformance	
4.2.6	Transmitter intermodulation	
4.2.6.1	Definition and applicability	
4.2.6.2	Limit	
4.2.6.3	Conformance	
4.2.7	Receiver spurious emissions	
4.2.7.1	Definition and applicability	
4.2.7.2	Limit	
4.2.7.3	Conformance	
4.2.7.3	Blocking characteristics	
4.2.8.1	S .	
4.2.8.2	Definition and applicability Limit	
4.2.8.3	Conformance	
4.2.9	Receiver intermodulation characteristics	
4.2.9.1	Definition and applicability	
4.2.9.2	Limit	
4.2.9.3	Conformance	
4.2.10	Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) and narrow-band blocking	
4.2.10.1	Definition and applicability	
4.2.10.2	Limit	
4.2.10.3	Conformance	
4.2.11	Home BS output power for adjacent UTRA channel protection	
4.2.11.1	Definition and applicability	
4.2.11.2	LimitLimit	
4.2.11.3	Conformance	98
4.2.12	Home BS output power for adjacent E-UTRA channel protection	
4.2.12.1	Definition and applicability	
4.2.12.2	Limit	
4.2.12.3	Conformance <u>E181 EN 301 908-14 V17.1.0 (2024-11)</u>	
stan 4.2.13 ite		
4.2.13.1	Definition and applicability	
4.2.13.2	Limit	
4.2.13.3	Conformance	
4.2.14	Reference sensitivity level	
4.2.14.1	Definition and applicability	
4.2.14.2	Limits	101
4.2.14.3	Conformance	
4.2.15	Downlink channel access procedure (Listen Before Talk (LBT))	106
4.2.15.1	General	106
4.2.15.2	Limits	106
4.2.15.3	Conformance	106
4.2.16	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	106
4.2.16.1	General	
4.2.16.2	Limits	
4.2.16.3	Conformance	106
4.2.17	Base Station output power (band 46)	
4.2.17.1	General	
4.2.17.2	Limits	
4.2.17.3	Conformance	
	esting for compliance with technical requirements	
5.1	Environmental conditions for testing	
5.2	Void	
5.3	Essential radio test suites	107
5.3.0	Introduction	107
5 3 1	Operating hand unwanted emissions	108

5.3.1.0	General	108	
5.3.1.1	Initial conditions	108	
5.3.1.2	Procedure	108	
5.3.1.3	Test requirement	109	
5.3.2	Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)	109	
5.3.2.1	Initial conditions	109	
5.3.2.2	Procedure	110	
5.3.2.3	Test requirement	110	
5.3.3	Transmitter spurious emissions		
5.3.3.0	General		
5.3.3.1	Initial conditions		
5.3.3.2	Procedure	111	
5.3.3.3	Test requirements	111	
5.3.4	Base Station output power		
5.3.4.0	General		
5.3.4.1	Initial conditions		
5.3.4.2	Procedure		
5.3.4.3	Test requirement		
5.3.5	Transmitter intermodulation		
5.3.5.0	General		
5.3.5.1	Initial conditions	-	
5.3.5.2	Procedures		
5.3.5.3	Test requirement		
5.3.6	Receiver spurious emissions		
5.3.6.0	General		
5.3.6.1	Initial conditions		
5.3.6.2	Procedure IIAh Standards		
5.3.6.3	Test requirement		
5.3.7	Blocking characteristics		
5.3.7.0	General	116	
5.3.7.0	Initial conditions		
5.3.7.2	Procedure		
5.3.7.3			
5.3.8	Test requirement		
5.3.8.0 5.3.8.1 teh.a	General		
	Procedures Procedures		
5.3.8.2			
5.3.8.3	Test requirement		
5.3.9 5.3.9.0	Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) and narrow-band blocking		
	General		
5.3.9.1	Initial conditions		
5.3.9.2	Procedure for Adjacent Channel Selectivity		
5.3.9.3	Procedure for narrow-band blocking.		
5.3.9.4	Test requirement		
5.3.10	Home BS output power for adjacent UTRA channel protection		
5.3.10.1	Initial conditions		
5.3.10.2	Procedure		
5.3.10.3	Test requirement		
5.3.11	Home BS output power for adjacent E-UTRA channel protection		
5.3.11.1	Initial conditions		
5.3.11.2	Procedure		
5.3.11.3	Test requirement		
5.3.12	Home BS output power for co-channel E-UTRA protection		
5.3.12.1	Initial conditions		
5.3.12.2	Procedure		
5.3.12.3	Test requirement		
5.3.13	Reference sensitivity level		
5.3.13.0	General		
5.3.13.1	Initial conditions		
5.3.13.2	Procedure		
5.3.13.3	Test requirement		
5.3.14	Downlink channel access procedure	127	

.1 General		127
.2 Initial condit	ions	128
Procedure		128
.4 Test requirer	nents	128
Dynamic Freque	ency Selection (DFS)	128
ex A (informative):	Relationship between the present document and the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU	130
ex B (normative):	Base Station configurations	132
Reception with multip	ple receiver antenna connectors, receiver diversity	132
Duplexers		132
Power supply options	5	132
Ancillary RF amplific	ers	132
General		133
Transmitter tests		134
Transmission with m	ultiple transmitter antenna connectors	134
BS with integrated Iu	ant BS modem	135
ex C (informative):	Maximum measurement uncertainty	136
ex D (informative):	Checklist	138
ex E (informative):	Bibliography	
,		
	Initial condit In Procedure	Initial conditions I.3 Procedure I.4 Test requirements I.5 Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS). I.6 Base Station output power (band 46) I.7 Relationship between the present document and the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU I.8 Reception with multiple receiver antenna connectors, receiver diversity I.8 Duplexers I.8 Power supply options I.8 Ancillary RF amplifiers I.8 BS using antenna arrays I.8 General I.8 Receiver tests I.8 Transmitter tests I.8 Transmission with multiple transmitter antenna connectors I.8 BS with integrated Iuant BS modem I.8 Integrated Ivant BS modem I.8 Integrated Iv

Intellectual Property Rights

Essential patents

IPRs essential or potentially essential to normative deliverables may have been declared to ETSI. The declarations pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, are publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (https://ipr.etsi.org/).

Pursuant to the ETSI Directives including the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation regarding the essentiality of IPRs, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Trademarks

The present document may include trademarks and/or tradenames which are asserted and/or registered by their owners. ETSI claims no ownership of these except for any which are indicated as being the property of ETSI, and conveys no right to use or reproduce any trademark and/or tradename. Mention of those trademarks in the present document does not constitute an endorsement by ETSI of products, services or organizations associated with those trademarks.

DECTTM, **PLUGTESTS**TM, **UMTS**TM and the ETSI logo are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members. **3GPP**TM and **LTE**TM are trademarks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners. **oneM2M**TM logo is a trademark of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the oneM2M Partners. **GSM**[®] and the GSM logo are trademarks registered and owned by the GSM Association.

Foreword

This draft European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Mobile Standards Group (MSG), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI Standardisation Request deliverable Approval Procedure.

For non-EU countries, the present document may be used for regulatory (Type Approval) purposes.

The present document has been prepared under the Commission's standardisation request C(2015) 5376 final [i.1] to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC [i.2].

Once the present document is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of the present document given in table A-1 confers, within the limits of the scope of the present document, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

The present document is part 14 of a multi-part deliverable. Full details of the entire series can be found in part 1 [i.7].

National transposition da	ntes
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	3 months after ETSI publication
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	6 months after doa
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	18 months after doa

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"must" and "must not" are NOT allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

Introduction

The present document is part of a set of standards developed by ETSI that are designed to fit in a modular structure to cover radio equipment within the scope of the Radio Equipment Directive [i.1]. The present document is produced following the guidance in ETSI EG 203 336 [i.3] as applicable.

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

<u>ETSLEN 301 908-14 V17.1.0 (2024-11)</u>

ttps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/etsi/4eb9752e-03e8-4287-b233-9ae036a971fb/etsi-en-301-908-14-v17-1-0-2024

1 Scope

The present document specifies technical characteristics and methods of measurements for the types of equipment:

- 1) Base Station for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA).
- 2) Base Station for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) with NB-IoT.
- 3) Base Station for NB-IoT standalone.

NOTE: UTRA TDD is not included in Release 17 of ETSI EN 301 908.

This radio equipment type is capable of operating in all or any part of the operating bands given in table 1-1. Unless stated otherwise, requirements specified for the TDD duplex mode apply for downlink and uplink operations in Frame Structure Type 2. NB-IoT is designed to operate in the E-UTRA operating bands 1, 3, 8, 20, 28, 31, 41, 42, 43, 65, 72, 87, 88 which are defined in table 1-1.

Table 1-1: E-UTRA Base Station operating bands

E-UTRA band	Direction of transmission	E-UTRA Base Station operating bands	Relevant EC/ECC decision
1	Transmit	2 110 MHz to 2 170 MHz	[i.24] and [i.28]
•	Receive	1 920 MHz to 1 980 MHz	[] []
3	Transmit	1 805 MHz to 1 880 MHz	[i.22] and [i.23]
-	Receive	1 710 MHz to 1 785 MHz	[]
7	Transmit	2 620 MHz to 2 690 MHz	[i.26] and [i.27]
	Receive	2 500 MHz to 2 570 MHz	
8	Transmit	925 MHz to 960 MHz	[i.22] and [i.23]
	Receive	880 MHz to 915 MHz	
20	Transmit	791 MHz to 821 MHz	[i.17] and [i.18]
	Receive	832 MHz to 862 MHz	•••
22	Transmit	3 510 MHz to 3 590 MHz	[i.12] and [i.29]
	Receive	3 410 MHz to 3 490 MHz	
28	Transmit	758 MHz to 803 MHz	[i.14] and [i.15]
(note 5)	Receive	703 MHz to 748 MHz	
24	Transmit TSI E	462,5 MHz to 467,5 MHz	[i.31]
31 ds iteh ai/cata	log/sta Receive_tsi/4eh	452,5 MHz to 457,5 MHz	971fb/etsi-en-301-908-14
32	Transmit	1 452 MHz to 1 496 MHz	[i.19], [i.20] and [i.21]
(note 1)	Receive	N/A	
34	Transmit and Receive	2 010 MHz to 2 025 MHz	[i.24]
38	Transmit and Receive	2 570 MHz to 2 620 MHz	[i.27] and [i.28]
40	Transmit and Receive	2 300 MHz to 2 400 MHz	[i.26]
41 (note 6)	Transmit and Receive	2 496 MHz to 2 690 MHz	[i.27] and [i.28]
42	Transmit and Receive	3 400 MHz to 3 600 MHz	[i.12] and [i.29]
43	Transmit and Receive	3 600 MHz to 3 800 MHz	[i.12] and [i.29]
46 (notes 3 and 4)	Transmit and Receive	5 150 MHz to 5 925 MHz	[i.10] and [i.11]
50 (note 1)	Transmit	1 432 MHz to 1 517 MHz	[i.20]
,	Receive	1 432 MHz to 1 517 MHz	
51 (note 1)	Transmit	1 427 MHz to 1 432 MHz	[i.20]
,	Receive	1 427 MHz to 1 432 MHz	
65 (note 7)	Transmit	2 110 MHz to 2 200 MHz	[i.24], [i.28] and [i.30]
, ,	Receive	1 920 MHz to 2 010 MHz	
67	Transmit	738 MHz to 758 MHz	[i.14] and [i.15]
	Receive	N/A	
68	Transmit	753 MHz to 783 MHz	[i.14] and [i.15]
	Receive	698 MHz to 728 MHz	
69	Transmit	2 570 MHz to 2 620 MHz	[i.27] and [i.28]
(note 1)	Receive	N/A	
72	Transmit	461 MHz to 466 MHz	[i.31]
	Receive	451 MHz to 456 MHz	
75 (note 1)	Transmit	1 432 MHz to 1 517 MHz	[i.19], [i.20] and [i.21]
76 (note 1)	Transmit	1 427 MHz to 1 432 MHz	[i.20] and [i.21]
87	Transmit	420 MHz to 425 MHz	[i.31]

E-UTRA band	Direction of	E-UTRA Base Station	Relevant EC/ECC decision
	transmission	operating bands	
	Receive	410 MHz to 415 MHz	
88	Transmit	422 MHz to 427 MHz	[i.31]
	Receive	412 MHz to 417 MHz	

- NOTE 1: Restricted to E-UTRA DL operation when carrier aggregation is configured. The downlink operating band is paired with the uplink operating band (external) of the carrier aggregation configuration that is supporting the configured Pcell.
- NOTE 2: Void.
- NOTE 3: This band is an unlicensed band restricted to licensed-assisted operation using Frame Structure Type 3. In Europe according to [i.10] and [i.11], radio equipment in band 46 operates between 5 150 MHz and 5 725 MHz as in table 1-2.
- NOTE 4: In this version of the present document, restricted to E-UTRA DL operation when carrier aggregation is configured. Band 46 is divided into three sub-bands as in table 1-2.
- NOTE 5: In Europe according to [i.14] and [i.15], radio equipment in band 28 operates between 758 MHz to 791 MHz for the transmitter (F_{DL_low} = 758 MHz and F_{DL_high} = 791 MHz) and between 703 MHz to 736 MHz for the receiver (F_{UL_low} = 703 MHz and F_{UL_high} = 736 MHz).
- NOTE 6: In Europe according to [i.27] and [i.28], radio equipment in band 41 operates between 2 570 MHz and 2 620 MHz (F_{DL_low} = 2 570 MHz and F_{DL_high} = 2 620 MHz).
- NOTE 7: This band includes two frequency ranges that are harmonised in Europe:
 - (a) Based on [i.30], radio equipment in band 65 operates between 2 170 MHz to 2 200 MHz for the transmitter (F_{DL_low} = 2 170 MHz and F_{DL_high} = 2 200 MHz) and between 1 980 MHz to 2 010 MHz for the receiver (F_{DL_low} = 1 980 MHz and F_{DL_high} = 2 010 MHz) as the Complementary Ground Component (CGC) of a Mobile-satellite service by reference to the present Harmonised Standard.
 - (b) According to [i.24] and [i.28], radio equipment in band 65 operates between 2 110 MHz to 2 170 MHz for the transmitter (F_{DL_low} = 2 110 MHz and F_{DL_high} = 2 170 MHz), and between 1 920 MHz to 1 980 MHz for the receiver (F_{UL_low} = 1 920 MHz and F_{UL_high} = 1 980 MHz).

Table 1-2: Sub-bands for band 46

E-UTRA	Uplink (UL) operating band	Downlink (DL) operating band	Relevant EC/ECC decision
Operating	BS receive	BS transmit	
band	UE transmit	UE receive	
	Ful_low - Ful_high	F _{DL_low} - F _{DL_high}	
46a	5 150 MHz to 5 250 MHz	5 150 MHz to 5 250 MHz	[i.10] and [i.11]
46b	5 250 MHz to 5 350 MHz	5 250 MHz to 5 350 MHz	[i.10] and [i.11]
46ch ai	5 470 MHz to 5 725 MHz	5 2 470 MHz to 5 725 MHz	971 fb/a[i,10] and [i,11] 08-14-v

The present document covers the requirements for E-UTRA Base Stations for 3GPP Release 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17. Additionally, it includes the requirements for E-UTRA Base Station operating bands from 3GPP Release 18.

The RF requirements in the present document do not apply for multi-band operation supporting bands for both FDD and TDD.

NOTE: The relationship between the present document and essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.1] is given in annex A.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

[1]	ETSI TS 136 141 (V17.12.0) (05-2024): "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) conformance testing (3GPP TS 36.141 version 17.12.0 Release 17)".
[2]	ETSI TS 125 104 (V17.0.0) (04-2022): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.104 version 17.0.0 Release 17)".
[3]	Void.
[4]	ETSI TS 136 104 (V17.12.0) (05-2024): "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36.104 version 17.12.0 Release 17)".
[5]	ETSI TS 125 141 (V17.0.0) (04-2022): "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); Base Station (BS) conformance testing (FDD) (3GPP TS 25.141 version 17.0.0 Release 17)".
[6]	ETSI TS 136 211 (V17.4.0) (09-2023): "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical channels and modulation (3GPP TS 36.211 version 17.4.0 Release 17)".
[7]	ETSI EN 301 908-18 (V17.1.0) (11-2024): "IMT cellular networks; Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum; Part 18: NR, E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE Multi-Standard Radio (MSR) Base Station (BS) Release 17".
[8]	ETSI EN 301 893 (V2.2.1) (09-2024): "5 GHz WAS/RLAN; Harmonised Standard for access to

2.2 iteh ai Informative references 388-4287-b233-9ae036a971fb/etsi-en-301-908-14-v17-1-0-2024

radio spectrum".

version 17.13.0 Release 17)".

[9]

[10]

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

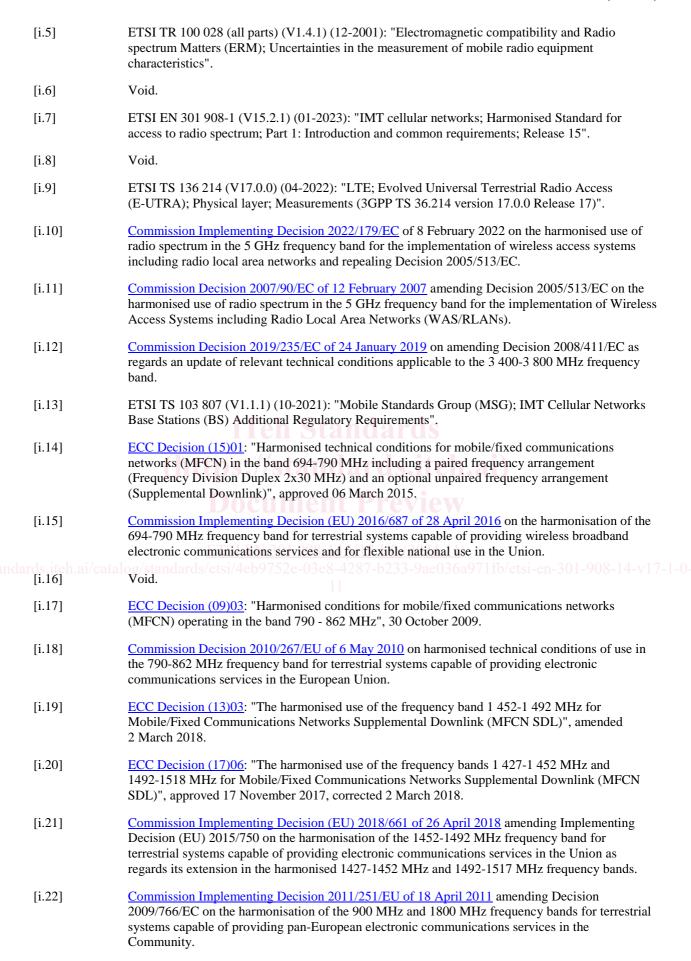
ETSI TS 136 213 (V17.6.0) (02-2024): "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical layer procedures (3GPP TS 36.213 version 17.6.0 Release 17)".

ETSI TS 136 101 (V17.13.0) (06-2024): "LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36.101

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

[i.1]	Commission implementing decision C(2015) 5376 final of 4.8.2015 on a standardisation request to the European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation and to the European Telecommunications Standards Institute as regards radio equipment in support of Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.
[i.2]	<u>Directive 2014/53/EU</u> of the European Parliament and of the council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC.
[i.3]	ETSI EG 203 336 (V1.2.1) (05-2020): "Guide for the selection of technical parameters for the production of Harmonised Standards covering article 3.1(b) and article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU".
[i.4]	Recommendation ITU-R SM.329-12 (09-2012): "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain".



[i.23]	ECC Decision (06)13: "Designation of the bands 880-915 MHz, 925-960 MHz, 1710-1785 MHz and 1805-1880 MHz for terrestrial UMTS, LTE, WiMAX and IoT cellular systems", approved 01 December 2006, amended 4 March 2022.
[i.24]	ECC Decision (06)01: "The harmonised utilisation of the bands1920-1980 MHz and 2110-2170 MHz for mobile/fixed communications networks (MFCN) including terrestrial IMT systems", approved 24 March 2006, amended 8 March 2019.
[i.25]	Void.
[i.26]	ECC Decision (14)02: "Harmonised technical and regulatory conditions for the use of the band 2 300-2 400 MHz for Mobile/Fixed Communications Networks (MFCN)", amended 10 March 2023.
[i.27]	ECC Decision (05)05: "Harmonised utilization of spectrum for Mobile/Fixed Communications Networks (MFCN) operating within the band 2 500-2 690 MHz", approved 18 March 2005, amended 05 July 2019, corrected 4 March 2022.
[i.28]	Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2020/636 of 8 May 2020 amending Decision 2008/477/EC as regards an update of relevant technical conditions applicable to the 2 500-2 690 MHz frequency band.
[i.29]	ECC Decision (11)06: "Harmonised frequency arrangements and least restrictive technical conditions (LRTC) for mobile/fixed communications networks (MFCN) operating in the band 3400-3800 MHz", approved 09 December 2011, amended 26 October 2018.
[i.30]	ECC Decision (06)09: "Designation of the bands 1980-2010 MHz and 2170-2200 MHz for use by systems in the Mobile-Satellite Service including those supplemented by a Complementary Ground Component (CGC)", approved 01 December 2006, amended 05 September 2007.
[i.31]	ECC Decision (19)02: "Land mobile systems in the frequency ranges 68-87.5 MHz, 146-174 MHz, 406.1-410 MHz, 410-430 MHz, 440-450 MHz and 450-470 MHz", approved 8 march 2019.
[i.32]	ETSI TR 103 877 (V1.1.1): "Task Force for European Standards for IMT-2000 (MSG); Technical Parameter selection in ETSI EN 301 908 Base Station (BS) Harmonised Standards".

3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms apply:

aggregated channel bandwidth: RF bandwidth in which a Base Station transmits and/or receives multiple contiguously aggregated carriers

NOTE: The Aggregated Channel Bandwidth is measured in MHz.

Base Station class: Wide Area Base Station, Medium Range Base Station, Local Area Base Station or Home Base Station, as declared by the manufacturer

Base Station RF bandwidth: RF bandwidth in which a Base Station transmits and/or receives single or multiple carrier(s) within a supported operating band

NOTE: In single E-UTRA carrier operation, the Base Station RF Bandwidth is equal to the channel bandwidth.

Base Station RF bandwidth edge: frequency of one of the edges of the Base Station RF Bandwidth

NOTE: Base Station RF Bandwidth edges are separated by the Base Station RF Bandwidth.

carrier: modulated waveform conveying the E-UTRA or UTRA (WCDMA) physical channels

carrier aggregation: aggregation of two or more component carriers in order to support wider transmission bandwidths

carrier aggregation band: set of one or more operating bands across which multiple carriers are aggregated with a specific set of technical requirements

NOTE: Carrier aggregation band(s) for an E-UTRA BS is declared by the manufacturer according to the designations in ETSI TS 136 101 [10].

channel bandwidth: RF bandwidth supporting a single E-UTRA RF carrier with the transmission bandwidth configured in the uplink or downlink of a cell

NOTE: The channel bandwidth is measured in MHz and is used as a reference for transmitter and receiver RF requirements.

channel edge: lowest or highest frequency of the E-UTRA carrier

NOTE: Channel edges are separated by the channel bandwidth.

clear channel assessment: mechanism used by an equipment to identify other transmissions in the channel

contiguous carriers: two or more carriers configured in a spectrum block where there are no RF requirements based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation within the spectrum block

contiguous spectrum: spectrum consisting of a contiguous block of spectrum with no sub-block gaps

downlink operating band: part of the operating band designated for downlink (BS transmit)

home Base Station: Base Station characterized by requirements derived from femtocell scenarios

inter-band carrier aggregation: carrier aggregation of component carriers in different operating bands

NOTE: Carriers aggregated in each band can be contiguous or non-contiguous.

inter-band gap: frequency gap between two supported consecutive operating bands

inter RF bandwidth gap: frequency gap between two consecutive Base Station RF Bandwidths that are placed within two supported operating bands

intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation: contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band

intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation: non-contiguous carriers aggregated in the same operating band

Listen Before Talk (LBT): mechanism by which an equipment applies Clear Channel Assessment (CCA) before using the channel

local area Base Station: Base Station characterized by requirements derived from picocell scenarios with a BS to UE minimum coupling loss equal to 45 dB

lower sub-block edge: frequency at the lower edge of one sub-block

NOTE: It is used as a frequency reference point for both transmitter and receiver requirements.

maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth: maximum RF bandwidth supported by a BS within each supported operating band

maximum output power: mean power level per carrier of the Base Station measured at the antenna connector in a specified reference condition

maximum radio bandwidth: maximum frequency difference between the upper edge of the highest used carrier and the lower edge of the lowest used carrier

maximum throughput: maximum achievable throughput for a reference measurement channel

mean power: when applied to E-UTRA transmission, power measured in the channel bandwidth of the carrier where the period of measurement is at least one subframe (1 ms), unless otherwise stated

medium range Base Station: Base Station characterized by requirements derived from micro cell scenarios with a BS to UE minimum coupling loss equal to 53 dB