



SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 4120:2021

01-julij-2021

Nadomešča:
SIST EN ISO 4120:2007

Senzorična analiza - Metodologija - Trikotni "triangel" preskus (ISO 4120:2021)

Sensory analysis - Methodology - Triangle test (ISO 4120:2021)

Sensorische Analyse - Prüfverfahren - Dreiecksprüfung (ISO 4120:2021)

Analyse sensorielle - Méthodologie - Essai triangulaire (ISO 4120:2021)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 4120:2021

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021>

ICS:

67.240 Senzorična analiza Sensory analysis

SIST EN ISO 4120:2021 **en**

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN ISO 4120:2021](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021>

EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 4120

March 2021

ICS 67.240

Supersedes EN ISO 4120:2007

English Version

Sensory analysis - Methodology - Triangle test (ISO 4120:2021)

Analyse sensorielle - Méthodologie - Essai triangulaire
(ISO 4120:2021)

Sensorische Analyse - Prüfverfahren - Dreiecksprüfung
(ISO 4120:2021)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 23 February 2021.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021>



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

Contents	Page
European foreword.....	3

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN ISO 4120:2021](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021)
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021>

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 4120:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34 "Food products" in collaboration with CCMC.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 4120:2007.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW Endorsement notice (standards.iteh.ai)

The text of ISO 4120:2021 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 4120:2021 without any modification.

[SIST EN ISO 4120:2021](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021>

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN ISO 4120:2021](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021>

INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD

ISO
4120

Third edition
2021-03

**Sensory analysis — Methodology —
Triangle test**

Analyse sensorielle — Méthodologie — Essai triangulaire

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN ISO 4120:2021](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021>



Reference number
ISO 4120:2021(E)

© ISO 2021

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

[SIST EN ISO 4120:2021](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021>



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2021

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents

Page

Foreword	iv
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Principle	2
5 General test conditions and requirements	2
6 Assessors	3
6.1 Qualification.....	3
6.2 Number of assessors.....	3
7 Procedure	4
8 Analysis and interpretation of results	4
8.1 When testing for a difference.....	4
8.2 When testing for similarity.....	5
9 Test report	5
10 Precision and bias	5
Annex A (normative) Tables	7
Annex B (informative) Examples	12
Bibliography	17

[SIST EN ISO 4120:2021](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021)
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/bdad5056-253b-4bb2-ac75-deb112a4b1a0/sist-en-iso-4120-2021>

ISO 4120:2021(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by ISO/TC 34, *Food products*, Subcommittee SC 12, *Sensory analysis*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/SS C01, *Food Products*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 4120:2004), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared with the previous edition are as follows:

- the document has been generalized beyond food and beverage applications;
- guidance on how to use the Thurstonian model in addition to the previously emphasized guessing model has been added.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Sensory analysis — Methodology — Triangle test

1 Scope

This document specifies a procedure for determining whether a perceptible sensory difference or similarity exists between samples of two products. The method is a forced-choice procedure. The method is applicable whether a difference exists in a single sensory attribute or in several attributes.

The method is statistically more efficient than the duo-trio test (described in ISO 10399), but has limited use with products that exhibit strong carryover and/or lingering flavours.

The method is applicable even when the nature of the difference is unknown [i.e. it determines neither the size nor the direction of difference between samples, nor is there any indication of the attribute(s) responsible for the difference]. The method is applicable only if the products are homogeneous.

The method is effective for:

- a) determining that:
 - 1) either a perceptible difference results (triangle testing for difference);
 - 2) a perceptible difference does not result (triangle testing for similarity), when, for example, a change is made in ingredients, processing, packaging, handling or storage;
- b) selecting, training and monitoring assessors.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5492, *Sensory analysis — Vocabulary*

ISO 8589, *Sensory analysis — General guidance for the design of test rooms*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5492 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

alpha-risk

α -risk

probability of concluding that a perceptible difference exists when one does not

Note 1 to entry: This is also known as Type I error, significance level or false positive rate.