

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 17396:2019

01-junij-2019

Netekstilne talne obloge - Kremenove vinilne ploščice - Specifikacija

Resilient floor coverings - Quartz vinyl tiles - Specification

Elastische Bodenbeläge - Quartzvinylplatten - Spezifikation

(standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN 17396

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b31f13a5-6252-47f3-8cb6-

2/fd9cc4363b/sist-en-1/396-2020

ICS:

97.150 Talne obloge Floor coverings

oSIST prEN 17396:2019 en

oSIST prEN 17396:2019

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 17396:2020

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b31f13a5-6252-47f3-8cb6-27fd9cc4363b/sist-en-17396-2020

### EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

### DRAFT prEN 17396

June 2019

ICS 97.150

#### **English Version**

#### Resilient floor coverings - Quartz vinyl tiles - Specification

Elastische Bodenbeläge - Quartzvinylplatten - Spezifikation

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 134.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

This draft European Standard was established by CEN in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

**Warning**: This document is not a European Standard. It is distributed for review and comments. It is subject to change without notice and shall not be referred to as a European Standard.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

Contents						
Eur	European foreword 3					
1	Scope	4				
2	Normative references	4				
3	Terms and definitions	4				
4	Requirements	5				
5	Classification	6				
6	Marking, labelling and packaging	8				
Ann	nex A (informative) Optional properties	9				
Rihl	liography	10				

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b31f13a5-6252-47f3-8cb6

#### **European foreword**

This document (prEN 17396:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 134 "Resilient, textile and laminate floor covering", the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN 17396:2020</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b31f13a5-6252-47f3-8cb6-27fd9cc4363b/sist-en-17396-2020

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies the characteristics of homogeneous quartz vinyl tiles based on polyvinyl chloride binder, quartz sand as a sole or partial filler and supplied in tile form. Products may contain a transparent, non-PVC factory finish.

To encourage the consumer to make an informed choice, this document includes a classification system (see EN ISO 10874) based on intensity of use, which shows where these floor coverings will give satisfactory service. It also specifies requirements for marking.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN ISO 105-B02:2014, Textiles - Tests for colour fastness - Part B02: Colour fastness to artificial light: Xenon arc fading lamp test (ISO 105-B02:2014)

EN ISO 10874, Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings - Classification (ISO 10874)

EN ISO 23997, Resilient floor coverings - Determination of mass per unit area (ISO 23997)

EN ISO 23999, Resilient floor coverings - Determination of dimensional stability and curling after exposure to heat (ISO 23999)

EN ISO 24342, Resilient and textile floor-coverings - Determination of side length, edge straightness and squareness of tiles (ISO 24342)

EN ISO 24343-1, Resilient and laminate floor coverings - Determination of indentation and residual indentation - Part 1: Residual indentation (ISO 24343-1)

EN ISO 24344:2012, Resilient floor coverings - Determination of flexibility and deflection (ISO 24344:2008)

EN ISO 24346, Resilient floor coverings - Determination of overall thickness (ISO 24346)

ISO 4918, Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings - Castor chair test

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>

#### 3.1

#### polyvinyl chloride floor covering

resilient floor covering produced using poly(vinyl chloride) as a binder

Note 1 to entry: The binder shall consist of one or more resins of poly(vinyl chloride) and/or copolymers of vinyl chloride compounded with suitable plasticizers and stabilizers. Other suitable polymeric resins may be incorporated as part of the binder.

#### 3.2

#### quartz vinyl tile

resilient floor covering composed of a poly(vinyl chloride) binder, quartz sand as a sole or partial filler, other fillers and pigments, where minimum 50 % of the filler system is quartz sand

#### 3.3

#### homogeneous quartz vinyl tile

quartz vinyl tile with one or more layers of the same composition and color throughout its thickness

Note 1 to entry: Tiles can be unicolor or patterned.

#### 3.4

#### binder content

portion of the flooring composition, consisting of poly(vinyl chloride) resin, plasticizers and stabilizers

Note 1 to entry: Binder content is expressed as a percentage mass fraction of the total composition.

#### 3.5

#### factory finish

transparent coating applied during the manufacture, usually not thicker than 0,03 mm

#### 4 Requirements

#### 4.1 Binder content STANDARD PREVIEW

The minimum binder content shall be  $\geq 30$  %.

#### 4.2 General requirements

Floor tiles described in this document shall conform to the appropriate general requirements specified in Table 2 when tested in accordance with the methods given therein. Appropriate methods to test optional properties (e.g. electrical resistance, electrical propensity, effect of stains, and reaction to fire) are given in Annex A.

**Table 2** — General requirements

Characteristic/Property	Requirement	Test method
Overall thickness Average mm individual results mm	Nominal value + 0,13 - 0,10 Average value ± 0,15	EN ISO 24346
Side length, squareness and straightness  side length mm  squareness and straightness for side length mm  ≤ 400 mm  ≥ 400 mm	Deviation ≤ 0,13 % of nominal length up to 0,5 mm maximum Deviation allowed at any point ≤ 0,25 ≤ 0,35	EN ISO 24342
Mass per unit area Average g/m²	Nominal value +13 % -10 %	EN ISO 23997
Dimensional stability after exposure to heat <sup>a</sup>	≤ 0,25 DARD PREVIE	EN ISO 23999
Flexibility Ø 80 mm mandrel	no cracking ards.iteh.ai)	EN ISO 24344:2012, Method A
Indentation SIS Residual indentation (average) mm	<b>S O</b> , <b>1</b> 17396:2020 g/standards/sist/b31f13a5-6252-47	EN ISO 24343-1  3-8cb6-
Effect of castor	After 25 000 cycles, no delamination shall occur. No disturbance to the surface other than slight change in appearance	ISO 4918
Colour fastness to artificial light	6 minimum	EN ISO 105-B02:2014, Method 3 <sup>b</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Tiles are intended for dry-joint laying and glued installation.

#### 5 Classification

The classification scheme for resilient floor coverings is described in EN ISO 10874. The requirements for use of quartz vinyl tile in accordance with this scheme are specified in Table 3.

b Expose a full size test specimen. Store a further test specimen in the dark, which will constitute the reference standard for assessment of colour changes.

 ${\bf Table~3-Classification~requirement~for~level~of~use}$ 

Class	Symbol	Intensity of use	Overall thickness, nominal value mm
			All types
		Domestic	
21		Moderate/Light	1,0
22		General/Medium	1,5
22+		General	1,5
23		Heavy	1,5
		Commonsial	
		Commercial	
31	iTeh	Moderate	1,5 PREVIEW
32		General General	s.iteh.ai)
33 h	ttps://standard	SIST EN 17 Heavy/catalog/standa 27fd9cc4363b/sist	396:2020 r <b>2,0</b> sist/b31f13a5-6252-47f3-8cb6-
34		Very heavy	2,0
		Light industrial	
41		Moderate	1,5
42		General	2,0
43		Heavy	2,0
Test method			EN ISO 24346

#### 6 Marking, labelling and packaging

Floor coverings covered by this document and/or their packaging shall bear the following marking:

- a) number and date of this document, i.e. prEN 17396;
- b) manufacturer or suppliers identification;
- c) product name;
- d) colour/pattern and batch number;
- e) classes/symbols appropriate for the product;
- f) the dimensions of a tile and the area, in square metres, contained in the package.

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN 17396:2020</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/b31f13a5-6252-47f3-8cb6