

Designation: B 111/B 111M - 09

Standard Specification for Copper and Copper-Alloy Seamless Condenser Tubes and Ferrule Stock¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 111/B 111M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification² establishes the requirements for seamless tube and ferrule stock of copper and various copper alloys up to 3½ in. [80 mm] inclusive, in diameter, for use in surface condensers, evaporators, and heat exchangers. The following coppers and copper alloys are specified:³ (Warning—Mercury is a definite health hazard in use and disposal. (See 12.1.))

Copper or		
Copper	Previously	
Alloy	Used	
UNS No.	Designation	Description
C10100	OFE	Oxygen-free electronic
C10200	OF^A	Oxygen-free without residual deoxidants
C10300	***	Oxygen-free, extra low phosphorus
C10800	•••	Oxygen-free, low phosphorus
C12000	DLP^A	Phosphorized, low residual phosphorus
C12200	DHP^{A}	Phosphorized, high residual phosphorus
C14200	DPA ^A C + on o o o	Phosphorized, arsenical
C19200	11611 Stanuarus	Phosphorized, 1 % iron
C23000	•••	Red Brass
C28000	(https://standards.it.	Muntz Metal
C44300	- (muos://standards.it/	Admiralty Metals, B, C, and D
C44400) () - ()
C44500		
C60800	Document Previe	Aluminum Bronze
C61300	Document 1 10 / 10	***
C61400		Aluminum Bronze, D
C68700		Aluminum Brass, B
C70400	ASTM B111/B111M-09	95-5 Copper-Nickel
C70600	<u> </u>	90-10 Copper-Nickel
		5 000/100 - / 17/20 / 1- 111 1- 1- 1

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B05 on Copper and Copper Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B05.04 on Pipe and Tube.

Current edition approved Oct. April 1, 2008. 2009. Published November 2008. May 2009. Originally approved in 1937. Last previous edition approved in 2008 as B 111/B 111M – 08a.

² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications, see related Specification SB-111 in Section II of the Code.

³ The UNS system for copper and copper alloys (see Practice E 527) is a simple expansion of the former standard designation system accomplished by the addition of a prefix "C" and a suffix "00." The suffix can be used to accommodate composition variations of the base alloy.



C70620	 90-10 Copper-Nickel-Welding Grade
C71000	 80-20 Copper-Nickel
C71500	 70-30 Copper-Nickel
C71520	 70-30 Copper-Nickel—Welding Grade
C71640	 Copper-nickel-iron-manganese
C72200	

^A Designations listed in Classification B 224.

- 1.2 *Units*—The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.
- 1.3 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 19, of this specification: This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 The following documents in the current issue of the *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:
 - 2.2 ASTM Standards:4
 - B 153 Test Method for Expansion (Pin Test) of Copper and Copper-Alloy Pipe and Tubing
 - B 154 Test Method for Mercurous Nitrate Test for Copper Alloys
 - B 170 Specification for Oxygen-Free Electrolytic CopperRefinery Shapes
 - B 224 Classification of Coppers
 - B 846 Terminology for Copper and Copper Alloys
 - B 858 Test Method for Ammonia Vapor Test for Determining Susceptibility to Stress Corrosion Cracking in Copper Alloys
 - E 8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
 - E 8M Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials [Metric]
 - E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
 - E 53 Test Method for Determination of Copper in Unalloyed Copper by Gravimetry
 - E 54 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Special Brasses and Bronzes
 - E 62 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper and Copper Alloys (Photometric Methods)
 - E 75 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper-Nickel and Copper-Nickel-Zinc Alloys
 - E 76 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Copper Alloys
 - E 112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size
 - E 243 Practice for Electromagnetic (Eddy-Current) Examination of Copper and Copper-Alloy Tubes
 - E 255 Practice for Sampling Copper and Copper Alloys for the Determination of Chemical Composition
 - E 478 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper Alloys
 - E 527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System (UNS)

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions:
- 3.1.1 For definitions of terms relating to copper and copper alloys, refer to Terminology B 846.
- 3.2 Definition of Term Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 *capable of*—the test need not be performed by the producer of the material. However, should subsequent testing by the purchaser establish that the material does not meet these requirements, the material shall be subject to rejection.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Include the following information when placing orders for product under this specification:
- 4.1.1 ASTM Designation and year of approval (for example, ASTM B 111/B 111M 04),
- 4.1.2 Copper or Copper Alloy UNS Designation (see Table 1),
- 4.1.3 Form (tube or ferrule stock),
- 4.1.4 Temper (see Temper section),
- 4.1.5 Dimensions, outside diameter, and wall thickness, whether minimum or nominal (Dimensions and Permissible Variations Section),
 - 4.1.6 Quantity—total weight or total length or number of pieces of each size, and
 - 4.1.7 If product is purchased for agencies of the U.S. Government (see the Supplementary Requirements Section).
 - 4.2 The following options are available and should be specified at the time of placing of the order when required:

⁴ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Copper or	r					Com	position, %						
Copper Alloy UNS No.	Copper ^A	Tin	Aluminum	Nickel, incl Cobalt	Lead, max	Iron	Zinc	Manganese	Arsenic	Antimony	Phosphorus	Chromium	Other Named Elements
C10100	99.99 min ^B	0.002 max		0.0010 max	0.0005 max	0.0010 max	0.0001 max	0.00005 max	(0.0005 max	0.0004 max	c 0.0003 max	0.0001 max	С
C10200 ^D	99.95 min												D
C10300	99.95 min ^E										0.001-0.005		
C10800	99.95 min ^E										0.005-0.012		
C12000	99.90 min										0.004-0.012		
C12200	99.9 min										0.015-0.040		
C14200	99.40 min								0.15-0.50		0.015-0.040		
C19200	98.5 min					0.8-1.2	0.20 max				0.01-0.04		
C23000	84.0-86.0				0.05	0.05 max	remainder						
C28000	59.0-63.0				0.09	0.07 max	remainder						
C44300	70.0-73.0	0.9-1.2			0.07	0.06 max	remainder		0.02-0.06				
C44400	70.0-73.0	0.9-1.2			0.07	0.06 max	remainder			0.02-0.10			
C44500	70.0-73.0	0.9-1.2			0.07	0.06 max	remainder				0.02-0.10		
C60800	remainder		5.0-6.5		0.10	0.10 max			0.02-0.35				
C61300	remainder	0.20-0.50	6.0-7.5	0.15 max	0.01	2.0-3.0	0.10 max	0.20 max			0.015 max		F,G
C61400	remainder		6.0-8.0		0.01	1.5-3.5	0.20 max	1.0 max			0.015 max		
C68700	76.0-79.0		1.8-2.5		0.07	0.06 max	remainder		0.02-0.06				
C70400	remainder			4.8-6.2	0.05	1.3-1.7	1.0 max	0.30-0.8					
C70600	remainder			9.0-11.0	0.05	1.0-1.8	1.0 max	1.0 max					
C70620	86.5 min			9.0-11.0	0.02	1.0-1.8	0.50 max	1.0 max			0.02 max		C.05 max
													S.02 max
C71000	remainder			19.0-23.0	0.05 ^H	0.50-1.0	1.0 max ^H	1.0 max			Н		Н
C71500	remainder			29.0-33.0	0.05	0.40-1.0	1.0 max	1.0 max					
C71520	65.0 min			29.0-33.0	0.02	0.40-1.0	0.50 max	1.0 max			0.02 max		C.05 max
													S.02 max
C71640	remainder			29.0-32.0	0.05 ^H	1.7-2.3	1.0 max ^H	1.5-2.5			Н		C.06 max
													S.03 max ^H
C72200	remainder			15.0–18.0	0.05 ^H	0.50-1.0	1.0 max ^H	1.0 max	S		Н	0.30-0.70	Si.03 max Ti.03 max

A Copper (including silver).

- 4.2.1 Tension Test required per ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Mechanical Properties section.
- 4.2.2 Pressure test as an alternative to eddy current test (Nondestructive Testing Section).
- 4.2.3 If the cut ends of the tubes do not need to be deburred (Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance section).
- 4.2.4 If the product is to be subsequently welded (Table 1, Footnotes G and H).
- 4.2.5 Residual Stress Test—Ammonia Vapor Test or Mercurous Nitrate Test (Performance Requirements Section).
- 4.2.6 For Ammonia Vapor Test, risk level (pH value) if other than 10.
- 4.2.7 Heat identification or traceability details (Number of tests and Retests section).
- 4.2.8 Certification (Certification Section).
- 4.2.9 Mill Test Report (Mill Test Report Section).
- 4.2.10 If a subsequent thermal treatment after straightening is required (Temper section).

5. Materials and Manufacture

- 5.1 *Materials*—The material shall be of such quality and purity that the finished product shall have the properties and characteristics prescribed in this specification.
- 5.2 *Manufacture*—The product shall be produced by processes such as casting, extrusion, drawing, annealing, straightening, trimming, and other processes which may produce a seamless tube in the specified condition.

6. Chemical Composition

- 6.1 The product shall conform to the chemical requirements specified in Table 1.
- 6.2 These composition limits do not preclude the presence of other elements. Limits for unnamed elements may be established by agreement between manufacturer or supplier and purchaser.
 - 6.2.1 Copper Alloy UNS No. C19200—Copper may be taken as the difference between the sum of all the elements analyzed

^B This value is exclusive of silver and shall be determined by difference of "impurity total" from 100 %. "Impurity total" is defined as the sum of sulfur, silver, lead, tin, bismuth, arsenic, antimony, iron, nickel, mercury, zinc, phosphorus, selenium, tellurium, manganese, cadmium, and oxygen present in the sample.

^C Impurity maximums in ppm for C10100 shall be: antimony 4, arsenic 5, bismuth 1, cadmium 1, iron 10, lead 5, manganese 0.5, mercury 1, nickel 10, oxygen 5, phosphorus 3, selenium 3, silver 25, sulfur 15, tellurium 2, tin 2, and zinc 1.

^D Oxygen in C10200 shall be 10 ppm max.

^E Copper plus sum of named elements shall be 99.95 % min.

F Silicon shall be 0.10 % max.

^G When the product is for subsequent welding applications and is so specified by the purchaser, chromium shall be 0.05 % max, cadmium 0.05 % max, zinc 0.05 % max, and zirconium 0.05 % max.

H When the product is for subsequent welding applications, and so specified by the purchaser, zinc shall be 0.50 % max, lead 0.02 % max, phosphorus 0.02 % max, sulfur 0.02 % max, and carbon 0.05 % max.



- and 100 %. When all the elements in Table 1 are analyzed, their sum shall be 99.8 % minimum.
- 6.2.2 For copper alloys in which copper is specified as the remainder, copper may be taken as the difference between the sum of all the elements analyzed and 100 %.
 - 6.2.2.1 When all the elements in Table 1 are analyzed, their sum shall be as shown in the following table:

Copper Alloy UNS No.	Copper Plus Named Elements, % min
C60800	99.5
C61300	99.8
C61400	99.5
C70400	99.5
C70600 & C70620	99.5
C71000	99.5
C71500 & C71520	99.5
C71640	99.5
C72200	99.8

- 6.2.3 For copper alloys in which zinc is specified as the remainder, either copper or zinc may be taken as the difference between the sum of all the elements analyzed and 100 %.
 - 6.2.3.1 When all the elements in Table 1 are analyzed, their sum shall be as shown in the following table:

Copper Alloy UNS No.	Copper Plus Named Elements, % min
C23000	99.8
C28000	99.7
C44300	99.6
C44400	99.6
C44500	99.6
C68700	99.5

7. Temper

- 7.1 Tubes of Copper Alloy UNS Nos. C23000, C28000, C44300, C44400, C44500, C60800, C61300, C61400, C68700, and C71000 shall be furnished in the annealed (O61) temper unless otherwise specified on the purchase order.
- 7.2 Tubes of Copper Alloy UNS Nos. C71500, C71520, and C71640 shall be supplied in one of the following tempers as specified: (1) annealed (O61) or (2) drawn, and stress-relieved (HR50).
- 7.3 Tubes of Copper Alloy UNS Nos. C10100, C10200, C10300, C10800, C12000, C12200, and C14200 shall be supplied in any one of the following tempers, one of which shall be specified: (1) light-drawn (H55), (2) hard-drawn (H80), or (3) hard drawn and end annealed (HE80).
- 7.4 Tubes of Copper Alloy UNS No. C19200 shall be supplied in any one of the following tempers, one of which shall be specified: (1) annealed (O61), (2) light-drawn (H55), (3) hard-drawn (H80), or (4) hard-drawn, and end-annealed (HE80).
- 7.5 Tubes of Copper Alloy UNS Nos. C70400, C70600, C70620, and C72200 may be supplied in either light-drawn (H55) or annealed (O61) temper.
 - 7.6 Tubes for ferrule stock shall be annealed sufficiently to be fully recrystallized.
- 7.7 Optional Post-Straightening Thermal Treatment —Some tubes, when subjected to aggressive environments, may have the potential for stress-corrosion cracking failure due to the residual stresses induced during straightening processing. For such applications, it is suggested that tubes of Copper Alloy UNS Nos. C23000, C28000, C44300, C44400, C44500, C60800, C61300, C61400, and C68700 be subjected to a stress-relieving thermal treatment subsequent to straightening. If required, this must be specified on the purchase order or contract. Tolerances for roundness and length, and the condition of straightness, for tube so ordered, shall be to the requirements agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

8. Mechanical Properties

8.1 Material specified to meet the requirements of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code shall have tensile properties as prescribed in Table 2 or Table 3.

9. Grain Size for Annealed Tempers

- 9.1 Grain size shall be a standard requirement for all product in the annealed (O61) temper.
- 9.1.1 Samples of annealed-temper tubes selected for test shall be subjected to microscopical examination per Test Methods E 112 at a magnification of 75 diameters and shall show uniform and complete recrystallization.
- 9.1.2 Products other than of Copper Alloy UNS Nos. C19200 and C28000 shall have an average grain size within the limits of 0.010 to 0.045 mm. These requirements do not apply to tubes of light-drawn (H55), hard-drawn (H80), hard-drawn and end-annealed (HE80), or drawn and stress-relieved tempers (HR50).

10. Expansion Test

10.1 Tube specimens selected for test shall withstand the expansion shown in Table 4 when expanded in accordance with Test

TABLE 2 Tensile Requirements—Inch-Pound Values

Note—See Table 3 for tensile requirements—SI values.

O O All LINIO NI-	Temper Designation		Tensile Strength,	Yield Strength, ^B	Elongation in 2 in.,	
Copper or Copper Alloy UNS No.	Standard	Former	min ksi ^A	min ksi ^A	min %	
C10100, C10200, C10300, C10800, C12000, C12200,	H55	light-drawn	36	30		
C14200 C10100, C10200, C10300, C10800, C12000, C12200, C14200	H80	hard-drawn	45	40		
C19200	H55	light-drawn	40	35		
C19200	H80	hard-drawn	48	43		
C19200	O61	annealed	38	12		
C23000	O61	annealed	40	12		
C28000	O61	annealed	50	20		
C44300, C44400, C44500	O61	annealed	45	15		
C60800	O61	annealed	50	19		
C61300, C61400	O61	annealed	70	30		
C68700	O61	annealed	50	18		
C70400	O61	annealed	38	12		
C70400	H55	light-drawn	40	30		
C70600, C70620	O61	annealed	40	15		
C70600, C70620	H55	light-drawn	45	35		
C71000	O61	annealed	45	16		
C71500, C70520	061	annealed	52	18		
C71500, C71520	O61	annealed	<u>52</u>	<u>18</u>	<u></u>	
C71500, C70520			_	_	_	
C71500, C71520						
Wall thicknesses up to 0.048 in., incl	HR50	drawn and stress-relieved	72	50	12	
Wall thicknesses over 0.048 in.	HR50	drawn and stress-relieved	72	50	15	
C71640	O61	annealed	63	25		
C71640	HR50	drawn and stress relieved	81	58		
C72200	O61	annealed	45	16		
C72200	H55	light-drawn	50	30		

^A ksi = 1000 psi.

JS.//Stanuarus.iten.ai

TABLE 3 Tensile Requirements—SI Values

Note—See Table 2 for tensile requirements—inch-pound values.

Occurry on Occurry Allew LINIO NI-	Te	mper Designation	Tensile Strength,	Yield Strength, ^A	Elongation in 50 mm,	
Copper or Copper Alloy UNS No.	Standard Former		min MPa	min MPa	min %	
C10100, C10200, C10300, C10800, C12000, C12200, C14200	H55 s/sist/8d1	light-drawn 71099-8091-4a6b-1	250 bc65-829488	205 c4d7f3/astm-l	b111-b111m-09	
C10100, C10200, C10300, C10800, C12000, C12200, C14200	H80	hard-drawn	310	275	• • •	
C19200	H55	light-drawn	275	240		
C19200	H80	hard-drawn	330	295		
C19200	O61	annealed	260	85		
C23000	O61	annealed	275	85		
C28000	O61	annealed	345	140		
C44300, C44400, C44500	O61	annealed	310	105		
C60800	O61	annealed	345	130		
C61300, C61400	O61	annealed	480	205		
C68700	O61	annealed	345	125		
C70400	O61	annealed	260	85		
C70400	H55	light-drawn	275	205		
C70600, C70620	O61	annealed	275	105		
C70600, C70620	H55	light-drawn	310	240		
C71000	O61	annealed	310	110		
C71500, C71520	O61	annealed	360	125		
C71500, C71520:						
Wall thicknesses up to 1.2 mm incl	HR50	drawn and stress-relieved	495	345	12	
Wall thicknesses over 1.2 mm.	HR50	drawn and stress-relieved	495	345	15	
C71640	O61	annealed	435	170		
C71640	HR50	drawn and stress relieved	560	400		
C72200	O61	annealed	310	110		
C72200	H55	light-drawn	345	310		

 $^{^{\}it A}$ At 0.5 % extension under load.

Method B 153. The expanded tube shall show no cracking or rupture visible to the unaided eye.

10.2 Hard-drawn tubes not end annealed are not subject to this test. When tubes are specified end annealed, this test is required and shall be performed on the annealed ends of the sampled tubes.

^B At 0.5 % extension under load.

TABLE 4 Expansion Requirements

Temper Designation		- Copper or Copper Alloy UNS No.	Expansion of Tube Outside Diameter, in Percent of		
Standard			Original Outside Diameter		
O61 annealed		C19200	30		
		C23000	20		
		C28000	15		
		C44300, C44400, C44500	20		
		C60800	20		
		C61300, C61400	20		
		C68700	20		
		C70400	30		
		C70600, C70620	30		
		C71000	30		
		C71500, C71520	30		
		C71640	30		
		C72200	30		
H55	light-drawn	C10100, C10200, C10300, C10800, C12000, C12200	20		
	-	C14200	20		
		C19200	20		
		C70400	20		
		C70600, C70620	20		
		C72200	20		
HR50	drawn and stress relieved	C71500, C71520	20		
		C71640	20		
	hard-drawn and end annealed	C10100, C10200, C10300, C10800, C12000, C12200, C14200	30		

10.3 Tubes for ferrule stock are not subject to the expansion test.

11. Flattening Test

- 11.1 Test Method—Each test specimen shall be flattened in a press at three (3) places along the length, each new place to be rotated on its axis approximately one third turn from the last flattened area. Each flattened area shall be at least 2 in. in length. A flattened test-specimen shall allow a micrometer caliper set at three (3) times the wall thickness to pass freely over the flattened area. The flattened areas of the test specimen shall be inspected for surface defects.
- 11.2 During inspection, the flattened areas of the test-specimen shall be free of defects, but blemishes of a nature that do not interfere with the intended application are acceptable.
 - 11.3 Tubes for ferrule stock are not subject to flattening test.

12. Residual Stress Test

- 12.1 A residual stress test, when specified in the purchase order, is required only for Copper Alloy UNS Nos. C23000, C28000, C44300, C44500, C44500, C60800, C61300, C61400, and C68700 and when not supplied in an annealed temper.
- 12.2 Unless otherwise specified, the producer shall have the option of testing the product to either the mercurous nitrate test, Test Method B 154, or the ammonia vapor test, Test Method B 858, as prescribed below.
 - 12.2.1 Mercurous Nitrate Test:
- 12.2.1.1 **Warning**—Mercury is a definite health hazard and therefore equipment for the detection and removal of mercury vapor produced in volatilization is recommended. The use of rubber gloves in testing is advisable.
- 12.2.1.2 The test specimens, cut 6 in. [150 mm] in length, shall withstand without cracking, an immersion in the standard mercurous nitrate solution prescribed in Test Method B 154. The test specimen shall include the finished tube end.
 - 12.2.2 Ammonia Vapor Test:
- 12.2.2.1 The test specimens, cut 6 in. [150 mm] in length, shall withstand without cracking ,the ammonia vapor test as prescribed in Test Method B 858. For the purposes of this specification, unless otherwise agreed between purchaser and supplier, the risk level identified in the Annex of Method B 858, shall be specified as risk level (pH value) of 10.

13. Nondestructive Testing

- 13.1 Each tube shall be subjected to the eddy-current test in 13.1.1. Tubes may be tested in the final drawn, annealed, or heat-treated temper or in the drawn temper before the final anneal or heat treatment unless otherwise agreed upon by the supplier and the purchaser. The purchaser may specify either of the tests in 13.1.2 or 13.1.3 as an alternative to the eddy-current test.
- 13.1.1 *Eddy-Current Test*—Each tube shall be passed through an eddy-current testing unit adjusted to provide information on the suitability of the tube for the intended application. Testing shall follow the procedures of Practice E 243.
- 13.1.1.1 The depth of the round-bottom transverse notches and the diameters of the drilled holes in the calibrating tube used to adjust the sensitivity of the test unit are shown in Tables 5 and 6, and Tables 7 and 8, respectively.
- 13.1.1.2 Tubes that do not actuate the signaling device of the eddy-current tester shall be considered to conform to the requirements of this test. Tubes causing irrelevant signals because of moisture, soil, and like effects may be reconditioned and