## ETSI TS 136 304 V16.8.0 (2023-04)



## LTE;

Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) procedures in idle mode (3GPP TS 36.304 version 16.8.0 Release 16)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f553e84b-5dd9-4da2-82fa-6005db34a57c/etsi-ts-136-304-v16-8-0-2023-04



# Reference RTS/TSGR-0236304vg80 Keywords LTE

#### **ETSI**

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - APE 7112B Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° w061004871

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## 1 Scope

The present document specifies the Access Stratum (AS) part of the Idle Mode procedures applicable to a UE. The non-access stratum (NAS) part of Idle mode procedures and processes is specified in TS 23.122 [5].

The present document specifies the model for the functional division between the NAS and AS in a UE.

The present document applies to all UEs that support at least E-UTRA, including multi-RAT UEs as described in 3GPP specifications, in the following cases:

- When the UE is camped on an E-UTRA cell;
- When the UE is searching for a cell to camp on;

NOTE: When the UE is camped on or searching for a cell to camp on belonging to other RATs, the UE behaviour is described in the specifications of the other RAT.

The Idle Mode procedures defined in this specification are also applicable for a UE in RRC\_INACTIVE state unless specified otherwise.

## 2 References

[15]

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- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
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[1]	3GPP TR 25.990: "Vocabulary for UTRAN".
[2]	3GPP TS 36.300: "E-UTRA and E-UTRAN Overall Description; Stage 2".
[3]	3GPP TS 36.331: "E-UTRA; Radio Resource Control (RRC) - Protocol Specification".
[4]	3GPP TS 22.011: "Service accessibility".
[5]	3GPP TS 23.122: "NAS functions related to Mobile Station (MS) in idle mode".
[6]	3GPP TS 36.213: "E-UTRA; Physical layer procedures".
[7]	3GPP TS 36.214: "E-UTRA; Physical layer; Measurements".
[8]	3GPP TS 25.304: "User Equipment (UE) procedures in idle mode and procedures for cell reselection in connected mode"
[9]	3GPP TS 43.022: "Functions related to Mobile Station in idle mode and group receive mode".
[10]	3GPP TS 36.133: "Requirements for Support of Radio Resource Management".
[11]	void
[12]	void
[13]	void
[14]	void

[16]	3GPP TS 24.301: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for Evolved Packet System (EPS); Stage 3"
[17]	3GPP2 C.S0024-C v2.0: "cdma2000 High Rate Packet Data Air Interface Specification".
[18]	3GPP2 C.S0005-F v1.0: "Upper Layer (Layer 3) Signalling Standard for cdma2000 Spread Spectrum Systems".
[19]	3GPP TS 25.304: "User Equipment (UE) procedures in idle mode and procedures for cell reselection in connected mode".
[20]	3GPP TS 24.008: "Mobile Radio Interface Layer 3 specification; Core Network Protocols; Stage 3"
[21]	3GPP TS 37.320: "Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (UTRA) and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio measurement collection for Minimization of Drive Tests (MDT); Overall description; Stage 2".
[22]	3GPP TS 26.346: "Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service (MBMS); Protocols and codecs".
[23]	3GPP TS 23.401: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) access".
[24]	3GPP TS 23.682: "Architecture enhancements to facilitate communications with packet data networks and applications".
[25]	3GPP TS 23.402: "Architecture enhancements for non-3GPP accesses".
[26]	IEEE 802.11, Part 11: "Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) specifications, IEEE Std.".
[27]	Wi-Fi Alliance Technical Committee, Hotspot 2.0 Technical Task Group: "Hotspot 2.0 (Release 2) Technical Specification".
[28]	3GPP TS 24.302: "Access to the 3GPP Evolved Packet Core (EPC) via non-3GPP access networks".  ETSLTS 136 304 V16.8.0 (2023-04)
[29]	http 3GPP TS 23.303: "Proximity-based services (ProSe); Stage 2". dd9-4da2-82fa-
[30]	3GPP TS 36.321: "E-UTRA; Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification".
[31]	3GPP TS 24.105: "Application specific Congestion control for Data Communication (ACDC) Management Object (MO)".
[32]	3GPP TS 31.102: "Characteristics of the Universal Subscriber Identity Module (USIM) application".
[33]	3GPP TS 36.101: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception".
[34]	Void
[35]	3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".
[36]	3GPP TS 23.285: "Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Architecture enhancements for V2X services".
[37]	3GPP TS 38.331: "NR; Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol specification".
[38]	3GPP TS 38.304: "New Generation Radio Access Network; User Equipment (UE) procedures in Idle mode and RRC Inactive state".
[39]	3GPP TS 23.501: "System Architecture for the 5G System; Stage 2".
[40]	3GPP TS 23.287: "Architecture enhancements for 5G System (5GS) to support Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services".
[41]	3GPP TS 22.261: "Service requirements for the 5G system".

### 3 Definitions and abbreviations

#### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

**Acceptable Cell:** A cell that satisfies certain conditions as specified in 4.3. A UE can always attempt emergency calls on an acceptable cell, but restriction as in 5.3.3 apply.

**Alternative cell reselection priority:** Cell reselection priority broadcast in the system information via *altCellReselectionPriority* and *altCellReselectionSubPriority*.

**CSG Whitelist**: A list provided by NAS containing all the CSG identities and their associated PLMN IDs of the CSGs to which the subscriber belongs.

NOTE: This list is known as Allowed CSG List in Rel-8 Access Stratum specifications.

**Available PLMN(s):** One or more PLMN(s) for which the UE has found at least one cell and read its PLMN identity(ies).

Barred Cell: A cell a UE is not allowed to camp on.

**Camped on a cell:** UE has completed the cell selection/reselection process and has chosen a cell. The UE monitors system information and (in most cases) paging information.

**Camped on any cell**: UE is in idle mode and has completed the cell selection/reselection process and has chosen a cell irrespective of PLMN identity.

**Closed Subscriber Group (CSG):** A Closed Subscriber Group identifies subscribers of an operator who are permitted to access one or more cells of the PLMN but which have restricted access (CSG cells).

CN type: The type of core network connectivity supported by an E-UTRA cell, either EPC or 5GC.

**Commercial Mobile Alert System:** Public Warning System that delivers *Warning Notifications* provided by *Warning Notification Providers* to CMAS capable UEs.

CSG cell: A cell broadcasting a CSG indication that is set to TRUE and a specific CSG identity.

**CSG identity:** An identifier broadcast by a CSG or hybrid cell/cells and used by the UE to facilitate access for authorised members of the associated Closed Subscriber Group.

**CSG member cell:** a cell broadcasting the identity of the selected PLMN, registered PLMN or equivalent PLMN and for which the CSG whitelist of the UE includes an entry comprising cell's CSG ID and the respective PLMN identity.

**DRX cycle:** Individual time interval between monitoring Paging Occasion for a specific UE.

**eDRX cycle:** Time interval between the first Paging Occasions occurring after successive extended DRX periods.

**eCall Only Mode:** A UE configuration option that allows the UE to attach at EPS and register in IMS to perform only eCall Over IMS, and a non-emergency IMS call for test and/or terminal reconfiguration services.

**EHPLMN:** Any of the PLMN entries contained in the Equivalent HPLMN list TS 23.122 [5].

**Equivalent PLMN list:** List of PLMNs considered as equivalent by the UE for cell selection, cell reselection, and handover according to the information provided by the NAS.

**EU-Alert:** Public Warning System that delivers Warning Notifications provided by Warning Notification Providers using the same AS mechanisms as defined for CMAS.

**Home PLMN:** A PLMN where the Mobile Country Code (MCC) and Mobile Network Code (MNC) of the PLMN identity are the same as the MCC and MNC of the IMSI.

**HNB Name**: The Home eNodeB Name is a broadcast string in free text format that provides a human readable name for the Home eNodeB CSG identity and any broadcasted PLMN identity.

**HSDN cell**: A cell that has higher priority than other cells for cell reselection for HSDN capable UE in a High-mobility state.

**Hybrid cell:** A cell broadcasting a CSG Indicator that is set to FALSE and a specific CSG identity.

Hyper SFN: Index broadcast in System Information that increments at every SFN wrap around (i.e every 10.24s).

**Korean Public Alert System (KPAS):** Public Warning System that delivers Warning Notifications provided by Warning Notification Providers using the same AS mechanisms as defined for CMAS.

**Location Registration (LR):** UE registers its presence in a registration area, for instance regularly or when entering a new tracking area.

MBMS-dedicated cell: cell dedicated to MBMS transmission.

MBMS/Unicast-mixed cell: cell supporting both unicast and MBMS transmissions.

FeMBMS/Unicast-mixed cell: cell supporting MBMS transmission and unicast transmission as SCell.

NB-IoT allows access to network services via E-UTRA with a channel bandwidth limited to 200 kHz.

**NR sidelink communication**: AS functionality enabling at least V2X Communication as defined in TS 23.287 [40], between two or more nearby UEs, using NR technology but not traversing any network node.

**Paging Time Window:** The period configured for a UE in extended DRX, during which the UE monitors Paging Occasions following DRX cycle.

**Power saving mode**: Mode allowing the UE to reduce its power consumption, as defined in TS 24.301 [16], TS 23.401 [23], TS 23.682 [24].

Process: A local action in the UE invoked by a RRC procedure or an Idle Mode or RRC\_INACTIVE state procedure.

**Radio Access Technology:** Type of technology used for radio access, for instance E-UTRA, UTRA, GSM, CDMA2000 1xEV-DO (HRPD) or CDMA2000 1x (1xRTT).

Registered PLMN: This is the PLMN on which certain Location Registration outcomes have occurred TS 23.122 [5].

**Registration Area**: (NAS) registration area is an area in which the UE may roam without a need to perform location registration, which is a NAS procedure.

**Reserved Cell**: A cell on which camping is not allowed, except for particular UEs, if so indicated in the system information.

**Restricted Cell**: A cell on which camping is allowed, but access attempts are disallowed for UEs whose access classes are indicated as barred.

**Selected PLMN:** This is the PLMN that has been selected by the NAS, either manually or automatically.

**Serving cell:** The cell on which the UE is camped.

**Sidelink**: UE to UE interface for sidelink communication, V2X sidelink communication and sidelink discovery. The Sidelink corresponds to the PC5 interface as defined in TS 23.303 [29].

**Sidelink communication**: AS functionality enabling ProSe Direct Communication as defined in TS 23.303 [29], between two or more nearby UEs, using E-UTRA technology but not traversing any network node. The terminology "sidelink communication" without "V2X" prefix only concerns PS unless specifically stated otherwise.

**Sidelink discovery**: AS functionality enabling ProSe Direct Discovery as defined in TS 23.303 [29], using E-UTRA technology but not traversing any network node.

**Strongest cell:** The cell on a particular carrier that is considered strongest according to the layer 1 cell search procedure TS 36.213 [6], TS 36.214 [7].

**Suitable Cell:** This is a cell on which an UE may camp. For a E-UTRA cell, the criteria are defined in clause 4.3, for a UTRA cell in TS 25.304[8], for a GSM cell in TS 43.022[9], and for a NR cell in TS 38.304 [38].

**V2X sidelink communication:** AS functionality enabling V2X Communication as defined in TS 23.285 [36], between nearby UEs, using E-UTRA technology but not traversing any network node.

## 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

<symbol> <Explanation>

#### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

1xRTT CDMA2000 1x Radio Transmission Technology

AS Access Stratum

AC Access Class (of the USIM)

ACDC Application specific Congestion control for Data Communication

BCCH Broadcast Control Channel

BL Bandwidth reduced Low complexity

BR-BCCH Bandwidth Reduced Broadcast Control Channel

BSS Basic Service Set

CMAS Commercial Mobile Altert System

CSG Closed Subscriber Group
DRX Discontinuous Reception
DL-SCH Downlink Shared Channel
EHPLMN Equivalent Home PLMN

EPC Evolved Packet Core

EPS Evolved Packet System

ETWS Earthquake and Tsunami Warning System

E-UTRA Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access
E-UTRAN Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

FDD Frequency Division Duplex

GERAN GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network ndards/sist/f553e84b-5dd9-4da2-82fa-

GWUS Group Wake Up Signal

HPLMN Home PLMN

HSDN High Speed Dedicated Network H-SFN Hyper System Frame Number HRPD High Rate Packet Data

IAB Integrated Access and Backhaul

IMSI International Mobile Subscriber Identity
MBMS Multimedia Broadcast-Multicast Service

MBSFN Multimedia Broadcast multicast service Single Frequency Network

MCC Mobile Country Code
MCCH Multicast Control Channel
MDT Minimization of Drive Tests
MM Mobility Management
MNC Mobile Network Code

MPDCCH MTC Physical Downlink Control Channel

MTCH Multicast Traffic Channel NAS Non-Access Stratum

NB-IoT NarrowBand Internet of Things

NR NR Radio Access

NRS Narrowband Reference Signal **PLMN** Public Land Mobile Network Proximity-based Services ProSe Power Saving Mode **PSM** Paging Time Window PTW **PWS** Public Warning System Radio Access Technology **RAT** RAN-based Notification Area **RNA RNAU** RAN-based Notification Area Update

RRC	Radio Resource Control
SAP	Service Access Point
SIBX	SystemInformationBlockTypeX
TDD	Time Division Duplex
UAC	Unified Access Control
UE	User Equipment
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module
UTRA	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access
UTRAN	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network
V2X	Vehicle-to-Everything
WUS	Wake Up Signal

## 4 General description of Idle mode

### 4.1 Overview

The idle mode tasks can be subdivided into four processes:

- PLMN selection:
- Cell selection and reselection;
- Location registration;
- Support for manual CSG selection.

The relationship between these processes is illustrated in Figure 4.1-1.

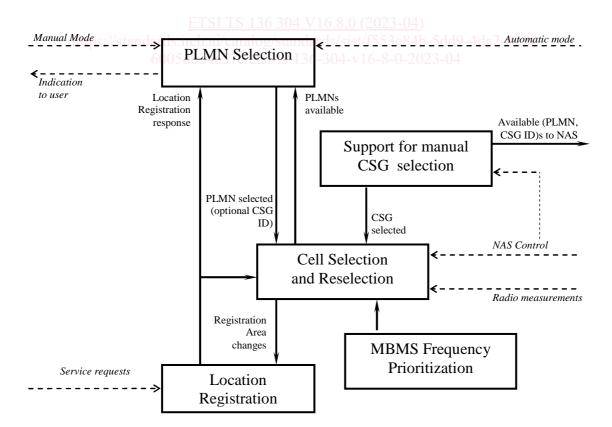


Figure 4.1-1: Overall Idle Mode process

When a UE is switched on, a public land mobile network (PLMN) is selected by NAS. For the selected PLMN, associated RAT(s) may be set TS 23.122 [5]. The NAS shall provide a list of equivalent PLMNs, if available, that the AS shall use for cell selection and cell reselection.

With the cell selection, the UE searches for a suitable cell of the selected PLMN and chooses that cell to provide available services, further the UE shall tune to its control channel. This choosing is known as "camping on the cell".

For E-UTRA a cell may be associated with more than one CN type (EPC and/or 5GC) and hence the selected cell can be suitable for more than one CN type. The CN type(s) for which the selected cell is suitable are reported to NAS which selects a CN type to be used for camping and for the NAS registration procedure (see below). Note that CN type selection is only applicable for UE supporting E-UTRA connected to 5GC.

The UE shall, if necessary, then register its presence, by means of a NAS registration procedure, in the tracking area of the chosen cell and as outcome of a successful Location Registration the selected PLMN becomes the registered PLMN TS 23.122 [5].

If the UE finds a more suitable cell, according to the cell reselection criteria, it reselects onto that cell and camps on it. Similar to cell selection procedure, if the reselected cell is an E-UTRA cell and the UE supports E-UTRA connected to 5GC, the CN type(s) for which the cell is suitable are reported to NAS which selects one of them. If the new cell does not belong to at least one tracking area to which the UE is registered, location registration is performed. In RRC\_INACTIVE state, if the new cell does not belong to the configured RNA, a RNA update procedure is performed.

If necessary, the UE shall search for higher priority PLMNs at regular time intervals as described in TS 22.011 [4] and search for a suitable cell if another PLMN has been selected by NAS.

Search of available CSGs may be triggered by NAS to support manual CSG selection.

If the UE loses coverage of the registered PLMN, either a new PLMN is selected automatically (automatic mode), or an indication of which PLMNs are available is given to the user, so that a manual selection can be made (manual mode).

Registration is not performed by UEs only capable of services that need no registration.

The UE may perform sidelink communication or V2X sidelink communication or sidelink discovery or NR sidelink communication while in-coverage or out-of-coverage for sidelink, as specified in clause 11.

The purpose of camping on a cell in idle mode is fivefold: dards/sist/f553e84b-5dd9-4da2-82fa-

- a) It enables the UE to receive system information from the PLMN.
- b) When registered and if the UE wishes to establish an RRC connection, it can do this by initially accessing the network on the control channel of the cell on which it is camped.
- c) If the PLMN receives a call for the registered UE, it knows (in most cases) the set of tracking areas (in RRC\_IDLE state) or RNAs (in RRC\_INACTIVE state) in which the UE is camped. It can then send a "paging" message for the UE on the control channels of all the cells in this set of tracking areas. The UE will then receive the paging message because it is tuned to the control channel of a cell in one of the registered tracking areas and the UE can respond on that control channel.
- d) It enables the UE to receive ETWS and CMAS notifications.
- e) It enables the UE to receive MBMS services.

If the UE is unable to find a suitable cell to camp on or if the location registration failed (except for LR rejected with cause #12, cause #14, cause #15 or cause #25, see TS 23.122 [5] and TS 24.301 [16]), it attempts to camp on a cell irrespective of the PLMN identity, and enters a "limited service" state.

When NAS indicates that PSM starts, the AS configuration (e.g. priorities provided by dedicated signalling and logged measurements) is kept, all running timers continue to run but the UE need not perform any idle mode tasks. If a timer expires while the UE is in PSM it is up to UE implementation whether it performs the corresponding action immediately or the latest when PSM ends. When NAS indicates that PSM ends, the UE shall perform all idle mode tasks.

## 4.2 Functional division between AS and NAS in Idle mode

Table 1 presents the functional division between UE non-access stratum (NAS) and UE access stratum (AS) in idle mode. The NAS part is specified in TS 23.122 [5] and the AS part in the present document.

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ETSI TS 136 304 V16.8.0 (2023-04)
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f553e84b-5dd9-4da2-82fa
6005db34a57c/etsi-ts-136-304-v16-8-0-2023-04

Idle Mode Process	UE Non-Access Stratum	UE Access Stratum
PLMN Selection	Maintain a list of PLMNs in priority order according to TS 23.122 [5]. Select a PLMN using automatic or manual mode as specified in TS 23.122 [5] and request AS to select a cell belonging to this PLMN. For each PLMN, associated RAT(s) may be set.	Search for available PLMNs.  If associated RAT(s) is (are) set for the PLMN, search in this (these) RAT(s) and other RAT(s) for that PLMN as specified in TS 23.122 [5].
	Evaluate reports of available PLMNs and, for E-UTRA if the UEs supports E-UTRA connected to 5GC, CN type(s) from AS for PLMN selection.	Perform measurements to support PLMN selection.
	Maintain a list of equivalent PLMN identities.	Synchronise to a broadcast channel to identify found PLMNs (and CN type(s).
		Report available PLMNs with associated RAT(s) and, for E-UTRA if the UE supports E-UTRA connected to 5GC, CN type(s) to NAS on request from NAS or autonomously.
Cell Selection	Control cell selection for example by indicating RAT(s) associated with the selected PLMN to be used initially in the search of a cell in the cell	Perform measurements needed to support cell selection.
	selection. NAS is also maintaining lists of forbidden registration areas and a list of CSG IDs and their associated PLMN ID on which the UE is allowed (CSG whitelist) and provide these lists to AS.	Detect and synchronise to a broadcast channel. Receive and handle broadcast information. Forward NAS system information to NAS.
	NAS may indicate whether the use of coverage enhancements is not authorized for the selected PLMN.	Search for a suitable cell. The cells broadcast one or more 'PLMN identity' in the system information. Respond to NAS whether such cell is found or not.
http	NAS may indicate whether the CE mode B is restricted for the UE supporting CE mode B.  For E-UTRA if the UE supports E-UTRA	If associated RATs is (are) set for the PLMN, perform the search in this (these) RAT(s) and other RATs for that PLMN as specified in TS 23.122 [5].
	connected to 5GC, NAS indicates the CN type to be used for the selected cell.	If such a cell is found, the cell is selected to camp on.
		For E-UTRA if the UE supports E-UTRA connected to 5GC, AS reports the CN type(s) for which the selected cell is suitable to NAS.
Cell Reselection	Control cell reselection by for example, maintaining lists of forbidden registration areas.	Perform measurements needed to support cell reselection.
	Maintain a list of equivalent PLMN identities and provide the list to AS.	Detect and synchronise to a broadcast channel. Receive and handle broadcast information. Forward NAS system
	Maintain a list of forbidden registration areas and provide the list to AS.	information to NAS.
	Maintain a list of CSG IDs and their associated PLMN ID on which the UE is allowed (CSG whitelist) to camp and provide the list to AS.	For E-UTRA if the UE supports E-UTRA connected to 5GC, the UE reports the CN
	For E-UTRA if the UE supports E-UTRA connected to 5GC, NAS indicates the CN type to be used for the selected cell.	type(s) for which the selected cell is suitable to NAS.