

Designation: A 858/A 858M - 09

Standard Specification for Heat-Treated Carbon Steel Fittings for Low-Temperature and Corrosive Service¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 858/A 858M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers heat-treated wrought carbon steel piping fittings with lowered carbon content of seamless and electric fusion-welded construction covered by the latest revisions in ASME B16.9, ASME B16.11, ASME B16.28, MSS-SP-75, MSS-SP-79, MSS-SP-83, or MSS-SP-95. Fittings differing from these ASME and MSS standards shall be furnished in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S58 of Specification A 960/A 960M. These fittings are for use in pressure components where inherent notch toughness and optimum sulfide-cracking resistance are required, such as oil and gas industry piping and distribution systems.
- 1.2 Optional supplementary requirements are provided for fittings when a greater degree of examination is desired. One or more of the supplementary requirements may be specified in the order.
 - 1.3 This specification does not cover cast-welding fittings or fittings machined from castings.
- 1.4 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with this specification. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Unless the other specifies the applicable "M" specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 In addition to those reference documents listed in Specification A 960/A 960M, the following list of standards apply to this specification.
 - 2.2 ASTM Standards:²

A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A 960/A 960M Specification for Common Requirements for Wrought Steel Piping Fittings

2.3 ASME Standards:³

B16.9 Steel Butt-Welding Fittings

B16.11Forged Steel Fittings, Socket Welding and Threaded

B16.28Wrought Steel Buttwelding Short Radius Elbows and Returns Forged Steel Fittings, Socket Welding and Threaded 2.4 MSS Standards:⁴

MSS-SP-25 The Standard Marking System of Valves, Fittings, Flanges and Unions

MSS-SP-75 Specification for High Test Wrought Butt-Welding Fittings

MSS-SP-79 Socket Welding Reducer Inserts

MSS-SP-83 Steel Pipe Unions, Socket-Welding and Threaded

MSS-SP-95 Swage(d) Nipples and Bull Plugs

2.5 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code:

Section V Nondestructive Examination⁵

Section VIII Division 1, Pressure Vessels⁵

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Three Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, http://www.asme.org.

⁴ Available from Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, 1815 N. Fort Myer Drive, Arlington, VA 22209.

⁴ Available from Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry (MSS), 127 Park St., NE, Vienna, VA 22180-4602, http://www.mss-hq.com.

⁵ Available from Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, http://www.sae.org.

Section IX Welding and Brazing Qualifications

2.6 American Society of Nondestructive Testing:⁶

SNT-TC-1A Recommended Practice for Nondestructive Testing Personnel Qualification and Certification

3. Ordering Information

3.1 In addition to the requirements of Specification A 960/A 960M, the following ordering information applies: requirements for certification of the test report.

4. General Requirements

4.1 Products furnished to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A 960/A 960M, including any supplementary requirements that are indicated in the purchase order. Failure to comply with the general requirements of Specification A 960/A 960M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between the requirements of this specification and Specification A 960/A 960M, this specification shall prevail.

5. Materials

- 5.1 The material for fittings shall be fully killed fine-grain material made by a melting process that is intended to produce rounded, well dispersed, fine sulfide inclusions, that promote good notch toughness, assists in the resistance to hydrogen induced cracking, and for weldability suitable for field-welding.
- 5.2 Starting materials shall consist of plate, sheet, forgings, forging quality bar and seamless or fusion welded tubular products with filler metal added. The chemical composition shall conform to Table 1.
- 5.3 A starting material that specifically requires the addition of any element beyond those listed in Table 1 is not permitted. This does not preclude the use of deoxidizers.
- 5.4 Starting materials shall not require a preheat for field welding provided that the restrictions of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII, Paragraph UW-30 are complied with.

6. Manufacture

- 6.1 Forging or shaping operations may be performed by hammering, pressing, piercing, extruding, upsetting, rolling, bending, fusion welding, machining, or by a combination of these operations.
 - 6.2 All welds including welds in tubular products from which the fittings are made shall be:
- 6.2.1 Made by welders, welding operators, and welding procedures qualified under the provisions of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX,
 - 6.2.2 Heat treated in accordance with Section 7 of this specification, and
- 6.2.3 Radiographically examined throughout the entire length of each weld in accordance with Articles 1 and 2 of *ASME Boiler* and *Pressure Vessel Code*, Section V with the acceptance limits in accordance with Paragraph UW-51 in Section VIII of that same code.
- 6.3 The welded joints of the fittings shall be furnished in accordance with the requirements of Paragraph UW-35(a) of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII.
- 6.4 All butt-weld tees manufactured by cold-forming methods shall be liquid-penetrant or magnetic-particle examined by one of the methods specified in Specification A 960/A 960M. This examination shall be performed in accordance with a written procedure and shall be performed after final heat treatment. Only the side wall area of the tees need be examined. This area is defined by a circle that covers the area from the weld bevel of the branch outlet to the center line of the body or run. Internal and

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

	Composition %	
	Heat Analysis	_
Carbon	0.20	
Manganese	0.90-1.35	All values are
Phosphorus	0.030	maximum unless a
Sulfur	0.010	range is shown
Silicon	0.15-0.40 ^A	
Nickel	0.50 ^B	
Chromium	0.30 ^B	
Molybdenum	0.20 ^B	
Copper	0.35 ^B	

 $^{^{\}rm A}$ When vacuum carbon deoxidation is used, the silicon shall be 0.10 % maximum, and on product analysis shall not exceed 0.12 %.

⁶ Available from The-American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT), P.O. Box 28518, 1711 Arlingate Ln., Columbus, OH 43228-0518, http://www.asnt.org.

 $^{^{\}it B}$ The combined total of nickel, chromium, molybdenum, and copper shall not exceed 1.0 %.